Labor Items of Interest From the Capital City

LABOR DAY AT OTTAWA.

Labor Day was fittingly observed in Ottawa when the biggest parade was held, added to the attraction of the Prince of Wales' visit in thronging the streets with crowds that lined the route of procession from the Upper Town market square down Laurier avenue to Cumberland and back Rideau street to Wellington. It is estimated that fully 5,000 labor men marched or rode in the parade, one local, the Laborers' Federal Union, itself having no less than 975 men in line.

The prize for the most attractive float was won by the International Union, No. 473, of Steam and Operating Engineers, which was designed by the president of the union, Bro. Frank Lafortune, and bore the illuminating placard "What the engineers would do with the profiteer." From the end of a crane, attached to a rope drawing up and down, dangled the effigy of a profiteer, still grasping in his hands his heavy money-bags.

The prize for largest turnout of members was won by the city firemen, who had 99 per cent. of their entire membership in line. The parade formed up at Lyon and Wellington streets and proceeding along Lyon to Laurier avenue west; across the canal into Laurier avenue east; turned into Cumberland and returned west on Rideau street to Wellington, where it waited until after the arrival of the Prince of Wales at Parliament Hill before it disbanded. The floats lined up on the north side of Wellington and the members of the different unions on the south side, the Prince and his party passing through the lines to the head of the procession, where he was saluted by Lieut. Blackler, chief marshal of the parade.

Four bands played and marched in different sections of the parade, the Governor-General's Foot Guards' band, which led the procession under the direction of Lieut. Brown, the Highland pipers, the 43rd Duke of Cornwall's Own Regiment band in charge of Lieut. Potts, and the Hull City brass band.

Among the attractive floats in the procession was that of the painters' and decorators' local union, which was decorated with flags of allied nations, the float surmounted by a palette and eagle, emblems of the international organization, and carrying four little girls dressed to represent the following nations: France, Dorothy Lancaster; America, Gladys Rudd; Britain, Vera Rudd; and Canada, Jessie Lancaster.

Interesting floats following the boilermakers' union bearing signs, "This is what we produce," represented the J. Powers and the Campbell Steel and Iron Companies. The boilermakers' and iron ship builders' union itself had an attractive float, carrying a boiler and forge, with boilermakers at work.

The following was the order of the procession:

Chief marshal, Lieut. S. B. Blackler.

Governor-General's Foot Guards' band, led by Lieut. Brown.

Allied Trades Council banner, carried by J. Guerard and J. Robillard.

Federal Union Building and Common Laborers, No. 428.

Scotch Highlanders' band.

International Protective Association of Retail Clerks.

Stone and Marble Masons, No. 7, and Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' Union, No. 14.

Float with block of polished marble and marble cutters at work.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Ottawa, No. 646, marching in fours; float with frame house in course of construction.

Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators, Local No. 290; float showing interior decorations of a home; also float emblematic of international union and carrying girls dressed to represent French, American, British and Canadian nationalities.

Hotel and Restaurant Employes, Local No. 419; girls on float dressed in costumes and colors of allied nationalities.

Federated Association of Letter Carriers, Local No. 2.

Hull City band.

Pulp, Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers, Local No. 70; women in carriages, men marching in uniforms of white shirts and blue trousers.

Chaudiere Falls Paper Makers, Local No. 34.

Hull Local No. 1169 of Carpenters and Joiners.

Teamsters and Chauffeurs' Union, John Heney and Son's teamsters and drivers in automobile.

43rd Regiment band, led by Lieut. Potts.

Association of Fire-fighters, No. 162, hand-drawn apparatus, ladders and hose-reels of Bytown brigade, 1840 to 1870; small engine drawn by one horse; water-barrel and ball, drawn by horse; old fire engine, "The Conqueror," and float of Bytown Volunteer Fire Brigade.

Engines and apparatus of period from 1890 to 1910; new fire apparatus of period from 1911 to 1919, aerial ladder equipment, motor hose wagon.

Civic Employes' Federal Union, No. 15; International Union of Bookbinders, No. 173; Stage and Theatrical Employes, Local No. 95; Federal Union from Pembroke, led by George Robinson and Frank Lafontaine.

Moving Picture Operators of America, Local No. 257.

"What engineers would do with the profiteers," Steam and Operating Engineers, Local No. 473.

Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders, No. 394; float showing boilermakers at work.

Electrical Workers, Local No. 724.

Machinists, Ottawa Lodge No. 412, and float.

Bakery Drivers, Local No. 493.

Amalgamated Sheet-metal Workers.

International Wood, Wire and Metal Lathers, No. 423.

Ottawa Gas Company Employes.

Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen, Local No. 625.

Barbers' International Union, No. 794.

F.W.C.A. Paper Scheme, decorated float.

A. L. Florence and Co., advertising float, carrying girls baling paper.

Sabourin and Henry, with float illustrating tree-planting, sodding and ornamental gardening.

Dunlop tire float, with girls dressed as clowns and Indian in costume.

Decorated delivery wagons and miscellaneous advertising floats.

The Hull unions represented in the parade turned out in full strength, and there were also delegations present from Pembroke and Brockville.

The general committee was composed of C. W. Lewis, J. Cameron, W. T. McDowell, A. Desjardins, S. Blackler, Geo. Patrick, M. Kavanagh, A. D. Dear, W. Jennings, E. J. Cockburn, A. Barnaby, H. Herbst, R. Patterson, Wm. Lodge, the representatives of the Hull Trades Council being S. Zuana, Dompierre and Paradis.

Following were the officers and the committees: Chairman, Wm. Lodge; secretary-treasurer, W. T. McDowell; invitation and press committee, E. R. Patterson, chairman, G. Gunderson, E. Peck, D. Holtby, W. Roeignol, G. Rowe, A. Beaudet.

Reception committee: J. Cameron, chairman; M. Ventina, J. Rossetter, A. Lauzon, J. J. Brennan.

Parade committee: S. Blackler, chairman; R. Reardon, C. Paradis, D. Bourassa, E. Messeck, S. K. Tannor, J. Delorme, J. J. Gibeault.

Prize committee: A. D. Dear, chairman; O. Paquette, R. Plant, A. Teamster, J. E. Maguire, H. Oxley, R. Steel.

Music committee: H. J. Cockburn, W. P. Jennings, C. Clarke, R. Lamb, H. E. Schroeder.

In the afternoon a very successful sports carnival was held at Lansdowne Park, where H.R.H. the Prince of Wales paid a short visit, and as elsewhere his winning smile was in evidence, and the "Soldier Prince" was fittingly acclaimed.

* * *

DELEGATES DOMINION TRADES CONGRESS CONVENTION.

Allied Trades and Labor Association: Pat. Green, Wm. Lodge and Chas. W. Lewis.

International Typographical Union, Local 102, P. M. Draper, Geo. W. Ross and Geo. Duncan.

Carpenters, Local No. 93, Tom Moore, J. B. Laundry, M. Kavanagh and J. Halpin.

Carpenters, Local 2628, D. Rankin.

Journeymen Barbers, A. A. Aubry alternate J. S. Macdonald.

Bricklayers, N. Beaven.

Musicians, E. J. Cockburn.

Hull Local, Pulp, Paper Mill and Sulphite Workers Union, C. Rowe.

International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, Chas. Hurst, (International Headquarters) and W. MacDowell, representing the local union.

Local 473, L. U. S. and O. E., F. Lafortune.

Motion Picture Operators, Local 257, Wm. Lane.

Carpenters, Local 1169, J. Dagenais.

Carpenters, Local 646, Bros. Drew, Fisher and H. Trembley.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers, G. Gunderson.

Firemen, Local 162, Donald D. Dear and N. Morrison.

Bakery Drivers, R. Plant.

International Alliance Theatrical Stage Employes, Local 95: R. R. Marcel; alternate, Gil. Graham.

Papermakers, Chaudiere Falls, Local 95: H. Caldwell.

Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators, Local 200: J. White and P. Leckie.

Street Railway Employes, Division 279: P. Jardin.

Federal Union No. 16,551, Bank Note Employes: Elzear Lamothe; alternate, Wm. Cox.

* * *

LABOR DAY ANNUAL.

The Ottawa Labor Day Annual lies before us and is a very neat and interesting issue. Mr. P. M. Draper is to be congratulated on the issue for it took considerable time and energy to produce such a book. The cover design represents a Canadian throwing off his military clothes with a factory in the background, which gives to one the idea that as the military conflict is over Canadians are busily engaged in the gigantic work of re-construction. The annual contains some very interesting and instructive reading from the pen of President Moore and Secretary Draper of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, Secretary Kerr of the Co-operative Union of Canada, and others. Some of the articles are reproduced in the Canadian Labor Press.

* * *

STRAIGHT TRADES UNIONISTS' DELEGATES IN MAJORITY.

Almost all the delegates so far elected to represent the Trade Unionists of Ottawa at the 35th annual convention of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress are straight trade unionists. However, there will be three delegates from Ottawa at the Ambitious City who are of the "red" or progressive type. They are Leckie of the Painters and Decorators Union; Williams, of the Stone Cutters' Union and Jardine of the Street Railway Employes' Union.

A list of the delegates elected to date appears elsewhere in this issue.

* * *

STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYES.

Division 279, (Ottawa) of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America will have no truck or trade with the One Big Union. At a meeting of the local on Tuesday night a communication from the O.B.U. headquarters was not even read to the local and when the "red" element called for it the members upheld the chair and it was disposed of properly and promptly.

Instructions were given to the delegate to the Trade and Labor Congress Convention at Hamilton. He was told that he must support only the straight trade union movement and was not on any account to support the O.B.U. or its adherents.

* * *

STAGE EMPLOYES.

At the Stage Employes meeting on Sunday last the fight with the Equality Association, in New York, was brought forceable home when the boys were called upon to pay an assessment of $1 each as the special assessment to help the stage hands who have gone out in sympathy with the actors. The communication calling for this was brought about through a unanimous decision of President Chas. C. Shay and the general executive board.

The local decided without question to have representation at the Hamilton convention. No instructions were given to the delegate save and except that only candidates should be endorsed who were members of the International Trade Union Movement. With the advent of the amusement season Business Agent Thibeault presented a [illegible] generally covering the situation. A try out is to be made at the Monument National for two weeks with a stock company with French plays. If successful in this direction this policy may be continued for the whole season. Bro. Herman Veau will be one of the boys on the job.

For the Dominion Trades Congress representation a close contest was in order, two nominees, Bro. R. R. Marcel and Tilly Graham facing the music. Secretary Marcel being declared elected with Bro. Graham the alternate delegate.

* * *

PRESIDENT GREEN VISITS CHAUDIERE LOCAL.

President Pat Green, of the Ottawa Trades Council, paid a fraternal visit to Chaudiere Falls Local of Paper Makers, on Sunday last. His presence was fully appreciated, addressing the members in the two languages which tickled their palates. He referred to the coming convention at Hamilton being of primary importance and appreciating the fact that they would have representation at the annual session of Labor's Parliament. After his address Bro. H. Caldwell was selected to represent the local at Hamilton.

PRESIDENT F. LAFORTUNE of Local Union No. 473, I. U. of S. and O. E., who designed the float which won first place in Ottawa's Labor Day parade.

* * *

NOTES.

One of the bands which took part in the Labor Day parade was supplied at the expense of the local union of Pulp, Paper Mill and Sulphite Workers and the Papermakers.

INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE AGENDA ISSUED.

A pamphlet containing the proposed agenda of the national industrial conference on the consideration of industrial relations, labor laws, and for the consideration of the labor features of the peace treaty, which will open in Ottawa on September 15, has just been issued by the Departmnt of Labor. In addition to the proposed agenda, which has already been made public, the pamphlet contains various memorandums which will prove of value to those participating in the conference as well as to all students of labor conditions. Statistics with regard to industrial relations in Canada are given in great detail from 1901 up to the end of June, in the present year. The pamphlet shows from 1901 to June 30, 1919, there have been 2,127 industrial disturbances in Canada involving 597,735 employes with a total loss of 14,127,229 working days.

The largest number of disputes in that period of time occurred in the building and construction industries. A total of 462 disputes occurred in the building trades involving 88,230 employes and causing a loss of 1,854,703 working days. There were 426 disputes in the metal trades, 232 in transportation, and 204 in clothing industries. Disputes in mines, smelters, quarries, etc., were responsible for the loss of 5,560,928 working days, although there were only 197 of such disputes during the period from 1901 to the present year.

Brief summaries of the industrial disputes are contained in the pamphlet comprising, provincial as well as legislation, federal enactment. Information with regard to the eight hour day and the minimum wage, both matters for consideration by the conference, are also given.

* * *

RINGS.

Men engaged in some occupations, for instance machinists, should not wear rings on their fingers at work. Rings have been responsible for the loss of fingers and for many minor mishaps.

LABOR CONGRESS DOES NOT FAVOR DAY OF PROTEST

President Tom Moore Makes the Announcement in Ottawa This Morning.

A week from next Wednesday is the time scheduled for the general stoppage of work in Canada for 24 hours as a protest against the refusal to grant bail to the strikers under arrest in Winnipeg who are awaiting trial for their parts in the general strike there.

The day is to be called "Protest holiday" and the Trades and Labor Congress and affiliated organizations in Canada are being asked by O.B.U. officials to observe it.

Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, this morning gave out a statement in which he made it plain that the general strike or "protest" holiday proposition is not in favor with the congress.

"The executive of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada," says the statement, "has already interceded in an effort to secure the fixing of bail for the strikers incarcerated in Winnipeg.

"The Minister of Justice, speaking for the Cabinet, has replied that the Government declines to interfere with the decision of the judge who heard the evidence, asserting that he is the only one who can grant bail.

"This Congress is opposed to strikes for political purposes, and also to the European syndicalist or O. B. U. idea of a general national strike, or, as it is explained in the press despatches, a stoppage of work, which, under these circumstances, is the same thing.

"The Congress being a legislative body, has no power to authorize a strike, has never recommended one, and will not do so in this case."

229 PRINTERS WERE KILLED IN WAR.

The annual report of the International Typographical Union just issued, shows the part taken by this organization in the war, and for the welfare of its members, thus designating unions in existence today.

During the war over 7,343 members of the Union fought under different flags for the Allies, 229 of these died on the battlefield, and of the number 83 were Canadians. Out of the funds $62,540 have been distributed to the dependents of deceased.

Apart from this the International Typographical Union bought $822,000 worth of war bonds, $10,000 worth of which were Canadian bonds. An amount of $111,000 was placed in municipal bonds, $63,000 being shares in Canadian municipalities.

The activity of the organization and the interest in the welfare of its members has still gone further since $386,346.70 was paid in death benefits. In the year 1918-1919 the union paid $337,330 in pensions.

A sum of $147,225.10 was spent for the care of members who are in ill-health and wish to retire to the Colorado Springs Hospital, which is exclusively reserved for members of the Union who are in need of medical attendance.

LOYALTY—DEVOTION—SERVICE.

Your employer may reasonably expect loyalty, devotion and service from you in return for the wages you receive.

You may reasonably expect loyalty, devotion and service from your employer in return for the work you perform.

Each has a duty towards his fellow-citizen.

Play The Game.

HERE'S TO WOMAN.

Once Our Superior Now Our Equal.

UNIVERSITY WOMEN WILL HAVE FEDERATION.

An organization to be known as the "Federation of University Women of Canada" was formally launched at the first annual convention of delegates representing the women's clubs in different parts of the Dominion at Winnipeg. The charter members are the university women's clubs of Toronto, Edmonton, Victoria and Winnipeg, while provisional membership has been accepted by Ottawa, Regina and McGill Alumnae, those latter having not fully accredited delegates there.

In discussing the aims and objects for which the federation shall work, it was decided to recommend that a travelling scholarship for women to the value of $1,000 a year shall be established tenable in a British university.

Thirteen delegates, representing six provinces, were in attendance, Mrs. R. F. McWilliams, was elected chairman of the convention and Miss F. Dykes, of Toronto, secretary.

* * *

THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF WORKING WOMEN.

The National Women's Trade Union League of America, representing 600,000 trade unionists, has issued a call to an International Congress of Working Women to be held in Washington, D.C., a week previous to the International Labor Congress.

The call voices the belief that women must at this time assume their new responsibilities and that fellowship and conference together can alone guarantee mutual faith and joint action which shall make for universal industrial justice.

Each country is entitled to 10 women delegates and 10 votes.

One delegate from each country shall be designated to act on the Executive Committee which shall meet just previous to its opening.

Each organization is urged to prepare material concerning the agenda as follows:—

Employment of women.

Before and after child-birth; during the night; in unhealthy processes.

Employment of children.

Minimum age of employment; during the night; in unhealthy processes.

Application of the principle of the 8-hour day or 48-hour week.

Question of preventing or providing against unemployment.

The British women trade unionists, through the Standing Joint Committee on Industrial Organizations, asked the National Women's Trade Union League of America to be the hostesses.

The delegation to the congress will be the guests of the National Women's Trade Union League of America. Reception and accommodation in Washington will be provided without expense to the delegates.

* * *

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING MORE EFFECTIVE.

Although the minimum wage has been effective in many places in improving the condition of unskilled and unorganized women workers, it is the opinion of Mrs. Sarah Green, an organizer of the Women's Trade Union League, that collective bargaining is on the whole more effective, and that the great need is a truthful presentation of economics in the schools.

"I feel that the present is the greatest time in history," said Mrs. Green. "When school teachers, actresses and professional people of all kinds are seeing the need for collective bargaining, great possibilities are being opened.

"If truthful economics were taught in the schools, particularly in the graded schools, it would apply the same to trade unionism as to anything else—that is, the facts would be impressed upon children at an age when their minds can receive impressions. They would know that trade union policies are right. The general public accepts trade unionism only as a means of self-betterment. Work with children would bring about a deeper realization of the justice of the labor programme and of its value as a means of helping others.

"School teachers now have seen the need of organization. They are not getting a living wage, although next to the parents they are the greatest molders of the coming generations. Underpaid as they are they are also refused the right to teach truth in economics; they are obliged to subsidize the children in a way to keep them in ignorance of their parents. If the workers were to elect school boards, placing workingmen among the trustees, the right of teachers to organize would be recognized, and they would also be permitted to teach the truth regarding present-day economics.

"Whatever else may be of value or not of value, I believe that education is the real basis of improvement. Education can hardly help the present generation, but it may help the future. We are not selfish; we want to benefit if we cannot ourselves benefit.

"The minimum wage brings an immediate gain. If it were followed by stimulation to thought on the part of the workers, if they would realize their responsibility for better conditions for future generations, it would represent a really greater accomplishment."

Labor News From the Busy City of Hamilton

Newspaperdom in Hamilton is still agog regarding the complex political situation. Gossip is rife in its daily columns respecting what the Independent Labor Party will do, when the Federal and Provincial Parliaments are dissolved and the respective Premiers place their political destinies in the hands of the electorate. All the newspapers are also taking a "dab" as to what the Laborites will do at the January civic elections. Apparently the "press" have it all fixed that Controller Harry Halford will carry the I.L.P. standard in the clash for the mayoralty. [illegible] say that the Labor Party won't contest the mayoralty, unless a Laborite and Mayor Booker are left to fight it out dually. So the members of the I.L.P. are reading the "dope" with amused reserve. The rank and file are non-committal. Regarding East Hamilton's legislative vacancy, the situation becomes more perplexing than ever. Last Friday rumor was current that even another soldier candidate would shortly announce himself to participate in the conglomerate and merry scramble. Controller (Labor) George G. Halcrow, finds favor with a big following of friends as a prospective Labor candidate. But as the Canadian Labor Press correspondent reported last week, "silence is golden," amid the Labor Party's fold. The electorate will only know who the standard bearers are in the "sweet by and by," viz., at the I.L.P. convention.

* * *

The Labor Day demonstration, held under the auspices of the Hamilton Trades and Labor Council, was not only an unqualified success but eclipsed all previous annual records. The affair, held in Victoria, Harvey and Dundurn Parks, last Monday, attracted over 10,000 adults and juveniles. The committee ably officiated by Chairman Ald. Charles I. Aitchison, Secretary Harry G. Fester and Treasurer William Cassaday, left nothing to be desired in its replete programme and entertainment. Soft ball games—open and union events—proved more popular and exciting than ever. The adults' and children's races afforded much enjoyment, each event providing a big field of competitors. The baby show—four classes—proved no easy task for the judges, but the verdicts rendered were all approved by the contestants' proud mothers. H. H. Halford's orchestra played pleasing, popular and the latest musical hits. The wind-up of the demonstration was the charity prize drawing contest, which took place in the Dundurn Park Pavilion at 9 p.m. The scene around the band stand, surrounded by a huge and expectant concourse, was unequalled in Labor Day history. But there was a missing link. The familiar figure of the late Allan Studholme, M.L.A., East Hamilton, who, Labor Day, in and out, rain or shine, labor's champion, was no longer on hand to officiate at the drawing wheel. There were 101 prizes drawn for and those who held the lucky winning tickets, were more than pleased with their prizes. Last, but not least, the affair was a financial success, much revenue being derived for charitable objects.

* * *

RELATED WINNIPEG STRIKE.

Mrs. Helen Armstrong, prominently identified with the Winnipeg Women's Labor League of that city, to a large and appreciative audience in the I.O.O.F. Temple last Thursday night related her side of the story concerning the "Peg" strike. Harry G. Fester, recording secretary Hamilton Trades and Labor Council, in the unavoidable absence of President, Ald. Thomas O'Heir, presided. W. H. Hoop, Winnipeg, organizer Wholesale and Retail Clerks' Association, also was a speaker. At the close of the speechmaking, a committee of five was appointed to organize a Defence Committee, with a view to securing the release of the arrested strike leaders.

Throughout her address Mrs. Armstrong, who by the way is out on bail, relative to the strike, while her husband, one of Canada's most prominent organized labor men, is still in prison, was repeatedly cheered to the echo by the sympathetic audience, which comprised many women. The speaker severely arraigned the Union Government, under whose instigation she claimed the arrests were carried out. Mrs. Armstrong said undoubtedly the "Peg" strike could be attributed to the high cost of living.

Before she closed her speech, Mrs. Armstrong said that the capitalists' god was gold. "Thou shalt have no other god but me," is their motto. Concluding she appealed to the workers of the east to render all the assistance possible, moral and financial, to effect the liberation of the Winnipeg "boys" now in jail.

* * *

LIVELY SESSION OF BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL.

A strenuous session of the Hamilton Building Trades Council was held in the Labor Hall last Monday night. Frank Dwyer presided. The "closed shop" question proved the evening's contentious feature. A resolution, presented to the big assembly of delegates called for October 1, being the date for the inception of the "closed shop." This date didn't meet with the approval of many of the delegates, so eventually a compromise was reached and on May 1, 1920, the "closed shop" will become effective.

Secretary Robert Towler, Sheet Metal Workers' delegate and Business Agent Arthur Dickeson, Carpenters' Union, both got somewhat "hot under the collar" during the debate, but things righted themselves when Delegate Pawson, intervened with his mediative oratory.

Secretary Towler announced that every one of the crafts affiliated with the council had signed for the operation of the "closed shop." The unions affected are as follows:—Carpenters and Joiners, Plumbers and Steam Fitters, Painters and Paperhangers, Plasterers, Electrical Workers, Lathers, Hoisting Engineers, Stonemasons, Sheet Metal Workers, Steam and Operating Engineers, Structural Engineers.

The Plasterers' and Lathers' delegates reported that effective Saturday, August 23, that the former union had served notice on the bosses that under no consideration would its members plaster after non-union lathers in the city and efforts to organize them have been futile.

The presentation of a meerschaum pipe in a case to Past President Edward J. Madden, who no longer is associated with the B.T.C., he having started in the plumbing business for himself. President Dwyer made the presentation and the recipient suitably responded.

During the past month it was stated the Sheet Metal Workers' Union had initiated 25 new members and it was reported prospects for added initiations were bright.

* * *

NEWSY HAMILTON BRIEFS.

James McIlwraith and George Bristol will represent the Hamilton Street Railway Employes' Association at the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada convention; J. Mitchell, the Electrical Workers' Union; R. Malcolmson, the Stage Employes' Union; Guy Potter, the Lathers' Union; R. Sibbel and G. Turner, the Sheet Metal Workers' Union; Samuel Lawrence, the Stone Cutters' Union, and Herbert Dilworth, the Letter Carriers' Union. By the way, Mr. Dilworth, who is the popular secretary of the local postmen's union, recently underwent an operation in St. Joseph's Hospital. Happily to report, "Herb" is now on the way to recovery, and it is hoped will be fit to take his seat at the convention.

* * *

After serving overseas with the Imperial Motor Transport Corps, Sergt.-Major Charles Ricketts, former business agent of the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Union, advertising manager of the Labor News, and member of the Ontario executive board Dominion Trades Congress, is back in the city. "Charlie" was gassed several times, besides figuring in a like number of motor smashes on the western front, while rushing troops to the front line. He was attending his sick wife in London, England, when war broke out, and soon joined the colors. He is glad to reach Canada again, and will soon be in labor harness. He wears a long string of military ribbons, including the 1914 Mons star. Sergt.-Major Ricketts, despite his Socialist beliefs, lost no time in donning khaki, when the Empire's S.O.S. call for help reached him.

* * *

Joseph Gibbons, business agent of the Toronto Street Railway Employes' Union, attended a special meeting of the Hamilton association, last Saturday night. There wasn't a vacant seat when President James McIlwraith started the meeting. The members discussed the proposition of the Hamilton Street Railway Company relative to conceding a four cents per hour increase, providing the employes would extend their agreement for one year. Unanimously the meeting declined the offer, and commissioned the union grievance committee to report accordingly to the company's officials. The union has requested the attendance in Hamilton of International Officer Fitzgerald, who, upon his arrival, will confer with General Manager E. P. Coleman and General Superintendent George E. Waller. The union agreement expires next April.

* * *

Employes of the Steel Company of Canada, members of the Steam and Operating Engineers' Union, Local No. 700, want a wage increase per hour averaging 16 and 22 cents. The men ask advances as follows: Stationary engineers, from 45 cents to 65 cents per hour; locomotive engineers from 65 cents to 80 cents per hour. Other concessions are an eight-hour day, and time and one-half for overtime. The men now work 12 hours daily, and seven days per week. The company have been averse to meeting the men's committee, but at last Monday's special meeting it was announced that a conference would take place. Harry G. Fester, recording secretary Trades and Labor Council, addressed the meeting. He concluded his talk by appealing for moral support in behalf of the striking cigarmakers. He exhorted his auditors to buy only cigars bearing the blue label. All Tuckett's cigars, he said, were made by unfair labor.

* * *

At last Thursday's meeting of the Hamilton Police Commissioners, it was decreed that the board should not be called upon to pay the costs of police officers defending cases instituted against them in the civil courts. The board was asked to "foot the bill" in the action brought against Inspector Cruickshank and Constable Smith by Mrs. Goldberg. Bringing evidence against her illegally is the basis of her suit. At the same session, the request of Constable Myers for $33 compensation hospital fees were asked for. The police claimant asked the board to defray his expenses occasioned through a fall sustained while carrying a stretcher. Judge Snider reiterated his statement made in years gone by that he would never give his consent to policemen claiming compensation when injured in the performance of their duty. Now the policemen know what to expect from an unsympathetic Police Commission. Perhaps the "cops" will think more seriously of trades unionism.

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OTTAWA AND HULL DIRECTORY OF LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

TRADES AND LABOR ASSOCIATION.

P. F. Green, president.

F. Lafortune, vice-president.

W. Lodge, corresponding secretary.

Dan McCann, treasurer.

C. Clarke, recording secretary.

J. M. Robertson, sergeant-at-arms.

Executive committee—C. Smith, Donald Dear, W. T. MacDowell and C. Lewis.

Municipal committee—Dan. McCann, O. Audet and J. D. Robertson.

Organizing committee—C. Lewis, John Cameron and F. Lafortune.

Trustees — J. Joleaud, P. M. Draper and John Cameron.

Auditors—J. Walsh and G. Rowe.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers International Union, No. 244.—Pres., Geo. Gunderson, 28 Centre street. Sec., Jas. McEwen, 422 Gloucester strete.

Bakery Drivers, Int. Teamsters. Pres., R. Plant, 141 Creighton street. Sec., J. Gillissie.

Barbers' International Union of America, No. 794, Journeymen. — Pres., Joseph Duchemin, 198½ Bank street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., A. A. Aubry, 48 Rideau street, Ottawa, Ont.

Bookbinders, No. 173, International Brotherhood of.—Pres., W. T. McDowell, 335 James street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., John A. Gibson, 556 Bay street, Ottawa, Ont.

Boilermakers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers, No. 394, International Brotherhood of. — Pres., Henry Bolleau, 32 Lowery street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec. Donald Holtby, 132 Concord street, Ottawa, Ont.

Bridge, Structural and Ornamental Ironworkers. — Sec., F. Tremblay, 27 Victoria street, Hull.

Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union, No. 14.—Pres., D. Millar, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., James S. Sandeman, 180 Drummond street, Ottawa, Ont.

Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union, No. 7 (Stone Masons).—Pres., J. Copeland, 22 Melrose avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec. Geo. Saunders, Westboro, Ottawa, Ont.

Carpenters and Joiners, No. 2628, United Brotherhood of (Amalgamated Section).—Pres., D. Rankin, 183 Concord street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., Geo. H. Woodruff, 45 Centre street, Ottawa, Ont.

Carpenters and Joiners of America, No. 93, United Brotherhood of.—Pres., Sec., J. B. Landry, 177 St. Patrick street, Ottawa, Ont.

Carpenters and Joiners, No. 646, United Brotherhood of (Mill Workers).—Pres., A. Beauregard, 105 Sherbrooke street. Sec., Edw. Sarault, 15 Anderson street, Ottawa, Ont.

Civic Employes' Federal Labor Union No. 15, (T. and L. C.). — Pres., E. Travers, 14 Poplar street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., C. Clarke, 2 Elizabeth street.

Electrical Workers, No. 724, International Brotherhood of.—Pres., M. Burks, 25 Empress avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., R. J. Desjardins, 13 Vaughan street, Ottawa, Ont.

Federal Union, A.F. of L. 15617, Gas Workers.—Sec., P. Paul, 200 Hawthorne avenue.

Federal Union A.F. of L., 16551, Bank Note Workers.—Pres., E. Lamothe, 207 Rochester street. Sec., E. B. Scobie, 112 Bell street.

Fire Fighters, No. 162, International Association of.—Pres., S. Blackler, 107 Blackburn avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., A. D. Dear, 469 Metcalfe street.

Hodcarriers, Building and Common Laborers, No. 428, International.—Pres., Arthur Perry, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., John Henderson, 1 Ontario avenue, O.R., Ottawa, Ont.

Letter Carriers, No. 2, Federated Association of.—Sec., Bernard J. Doyle, Ottawa Post Office, Ottawa, Ont.

Lithographers' Union of America, No. 40, Amalgamated.—Pres., Alex. Yessie, 134 Second avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., John B. Macdonald, care of 279 Arlington avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Ledger Keepers and Accountants' Federal Association, No. 6.— Pres., S. H. Bartlett, 75 Eccles street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., H. B. Spence, 12 Foster street, Ottawa, Ont.

Locomotive Engineers, No. 469, Brotherhood of.—Pres., P. Roy, 9 Second avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., I. Johnson, 137 Hawthorne avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Locomotive Engineers, No. 168, Brotherhood of.—Chief Engineer, John Smith, 661 McLaren street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., J. P. Chisholm, 603 Wellington street, Ottawa, Ont.

Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, No. 172, Brotherhood of.—Pres., Wm. I. Best, 576 McLeod street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., E. Creighton, Bayswater avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, No. 81, Brotherhood of.—Pres., R. J. Eno, 71 Gladstone avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., John Eldridge, 69 Frank street, Ottawa, Ont.

Machinists, No. 412, International Association of.—Pres., John Dion, Westboro, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., E. Patterson, 111 Bell street, Ottawa, Ont.

Machinists, No. 825, International Association of.—Sec., E. R. Farmer, 424 Bank street, Ottawa, Ont.

Maintenance-of-Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, No. 223, United Brotherhood of.—Sec., John Joseph O'Grady, 72 Oliver street, Ottawa, Ont.

Maintenance-of-Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, No. 93, United Brotherhood of.—Sec., A. Morrison, 2 Somerset street east, Ottawa, Ont.

Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, No. 626, Amalgamated.—Pres., G. McDanniel, 91 Baird street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., F. Abbinett, 179 Percy street, Ottawa, Ont.

Metal Workers' International Alliance, No. 47, Amalgamated Sheet. Pres., Wm. Morgan, 23 Rosemount avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., J. W. Kennedy, Westboro, Ottawa, Ont.

Moulders' Union of North America, No. 280, International.—Pres., Geo. MacCauley, 452 Parkdale avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., Wm. H. McBeven, Billing's Bridge, Ottawa, Ont.

Musicians, No. 180, American Federation of.—Pres., A. E. Powell, 579 King Edward avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., E. J. Cockburn, 433 Lisgar street, Ottawa, Ont.

Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, No. 200, Brotherhood of. — Sec., Harry Herbst, 40 Turner street, Ottawa, Ont.

Paper Makers, No. 35, International Brotherhood of.—Pres., Phillip Gronon, Hull, Que. Sec., Geo. P. Rowe, 6 Elm street, Ottawa, Ont.

Pattern Makers' League of North America.—Pres., W. P. Daly, 129 Waverley street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., John Mahagan, 160 Hawthorne avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Photo-Engravers' Union of North America, No. 44, International. — Pres., Henry G. Byrne, 128 Spruce street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., Gilbert H. Haworth, 625 Maclaren street, Ottawa, Ont.

Plasterers and Cement Finishers' International Association, No. 124. Pres., Mark Hasselden, Albert street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., W. R. Williamson, 248 Frank street, Ottawa, Ont.

Plumbers and Steam Fitters, No. 71, United Association of.—Sec., Wm. Fogarty, 378 Slater street, Ottawa, Ont.

Printing Pressmen's Union, No. 6, International. — Pres., Percy E. Watters, 84 Fairmount avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., A. J. Larden, 327 Bell street, Ottawa, Ont.

Pulp, Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers, International Brotherhood of, Local 70.—Sec., Miss E. Renand, 109 Booth street.

Railroad Employes, No. 93, Canadian Brotherhood of.—Sec., G. Needham, 82 Sutherland avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Railroad Employes, No. 77, Canadian Brotherhood of.—Pres., F. H. Davis, Laurentian View, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., J. J. Brennan, 170 Preston street, Ottawa.

Railroad Employes, No. 83, Canadian Brotherhood of.—Sec., L. P. Armstrong, 610 Gladstone avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Railroad Stationmen, International Brotherhood of.—Sec., Wm. Eamer, 69 Electric street, Ottawa, Ont.

Railroad Trainmen, No. 185, Brotherhood of.—Pres., John Maloney, 62 Henderson avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., H. H. Brown, 170 Arlington avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Railroad Trainmen, No. 130, Brotherhood of.—Pres., Ed. McCarthy, 43 Melrose avenue, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., H. A. Hyde Clarke, 109 Irving avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

Railroad Employes, No. 30, Canadian Brotherhood of.—Sec. A. J. Williamson, 19 James street, Ottawa, Ont.

Railway Carmen of America, No. 230, Brotherhood of.—Pres., Edwin Small, 174 Arthur street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., W. J. Reid, 253 Nicholas street, Ottawa, Ont.

Railway Carmen of America, No. 552, Brotherhood of. — Pres., Thomas A. Coulter, 52 Le Breton street, Ottawa, Ont. Sec., Hector Daoust, 336 Cumberland street, Ottawa, Ont