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TWELVE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING DECEMBER 23 1907—TWELVE PAGES

27TH YEAR

CARRY THE POWER BYLAW—THAT IS THE DUTY WHICH RESTS WITH TORONTO NOW

ANTI-POWER ORATORS FIND FEW SUPPORTERS AT WEST END MEETING

Big Gathering at Broadway Hall Enthusiastically Endorse the By-law in Spite of Obstructionist Tactics.
CITY, NOT POWER CO., PAYS FOR THE MEETINGS

Of the five power bylaw meetings held last week, that on Saturday night in Broadway Hall was certainly the largest and, in some respects, the most influential. The usual resolution in favor of the bylaw was carried almost unanimously, only six or seven Electric Light Company employes signifying dissent. Although the subject has been pretty well threshed out a number of new and cogent arguments were brought forward.

Ald. Lyons, Guelph, made a weighty and interesting speech on the operation of public ownership utilities in the province. The general feeling was that the Electric Light Company had overreached itself in the efforts made to bamboozle the electors, who declined to be caught with chaff. A list of speakers for the company was submitted, including James Pearson and James Cooper, associated with William Moore of the Street Railway in The Canadian Courier; ex-Ald. Ramsden and Mr. Callow. Messrs. Cooper and Ramsden did not appear when called upon.

Controller Hubard, in opening the meeting, stated that the bylaw was of the highest importance to the city on account of the street lighting, upon which a notable saving would be effected. When the city hall was built, the electric power and light required was taken from the Toronto Electric Light Company, but the charges were so high that a city plant was installed and has saved large amounts. Commissioner Harris, who presided, stated that the electric ring speakers were not called for. Mr. Cooper and Mr. Pearson had not yet arrived, Controller Hecken was called upon.

A Business Opposition. Controller Hecken submitted that the power policy was a plain business proposition for the citizens when divested of all technical phrases. The Ontario Government had promised to deliver power to the city at cost price. The citizens were being asked to vote enough money to distribute and increase at cost. The plan to be erected would be a better plan than the existing plant of the Toronto Electric Light Company, which cost no more, as \$2,500,000 of their capital represented experiments. It was silly therefore to talk about the city plant being partial. They would get power at cost and could get it no cheaper.

James Pearson, having arrived, was invited to speak. He complained that at other meetings no opportunity was given him to speak, and the previous evening only three speakers appeared against the bylaw for nine in favor. He had been laughed at because he stated that the city would have to pay more than \$5,000,000 for a power plant instead of the amount asked for. The citizens would have to pay for that. (Laughter.) He denied that the consumers would be able to pay for the plant. (Renewed laughter.) It was not fair to discourage capital that came into the country to build it up.

A Glasgow man rose to say that Mr. Pearson's statement, that old country cities take over the old plants and corporations when public utilities were installed, was a perfect absurdity. Mr. Pearson was only throwing dust in the eyes of the people.

Controller Hubard requested Mr. Pearson to withdraw his charge, that the meetings were unfair, and he had heard absolutely fair play the previous evening, but the audience had not had fair play from Mr. Pearson. When he descended the audience would no longer listen to him. Mr. Pearson suggested that the Electric Light Company would refuse to sell out—that the city would not come down. If that was so, after the bylaw was passed, the city would simply build its plant. The news said the bylaw should not be rushed, and asked what was the hurry. Mr. Whitney had answered that question. Now was the time when the cities of the province were voting for the power policy, and now was the time for Toronto to decide if it would co-operate with the government. If not, then the government would drop the matter.

Not Financed by Power Company. He had heard a suggestion made to-night by one McInosh, that he had heard it from the back benches the previous night. It was to the effect that the Ontario Power Company government financed the power campaign and paid for the present meetings. The man was not to be taken seriously. He did not intend to convey the truth, and he considered it a dastardly thing to insult the intelligence of his fellow citizens.

Another electric ring man asked who paid for the meetings if not the Ontario Power Company. He was informed by the chairman that the city council did.

Power Meetings

The following public meetings which will be addressed by Hon. Adam Beck and a representative of the Western Municipalities Power Union, have been arranged:
London—East End Hall, to-night.
Ingersoll—Thursday, 8 p.m.
Guelph—Friday, 4 p.m.
Waterloo—Friday, 8 p.m.
Toronto—Massey Hall, Saturday, 8 p.m.
New Hamburg—Jan. 2, 8 p.m.
Hespeler—Jan. 3, 4 p.m.
Caledon—Jan. 3, 8 p.m.
London—City Hall, Jan. 4, 8 p.m.

MAYORALTY NOMINATORS

Men Who Will To-Day Present Various Candidates Before the Electors.

They're off! The civic nominations for mayor, board of control and board of education will be received in the assembly room of the city hall to-day at 10 a.m. with City Clerk Littlejohn as presiding officer, while the aldermanic candidates will officially declare themselves to-night at separate nomination meetings to be held throughout the six wards.

A rumor about yesterday was that Mr. Vokes would withdraw, and would second Ald. Geary's nomination, but this was positively denied. The nominators and seconders of the candidates will be as follows:
Ald. Geary—Col. John I. Davidson and Harry Lovelock.
Joseph Oliver—James Ryrie and Alfred Coyte.
Miles Vokes—E. P. Pearson and Frank W. Winter (probably).
James Simpson—Phillips Thompson and James Lindala.
Beattie Nesbitt is keeping the names of his backers a secret.
All five candidates by the way are members of the Orange order.
The addition of E. S. Spence to the list of controllership candidates makes his intention of seeking election in the Fifth Ward, while R. R. Davis will try to regain his seat on the board of education. The number of candidates for seats in the city council is now about 60.

Dr. Nesbitt has arranged for the following campaign meetings: Thursday night, Brockton Hall; Saturday night, Prospect Hall, corner of Prospect place and Ontario-street; Monday night (Dec. 30), I.O.O.F. Hall, Broadview-avenue.
Dr. Nesbitt will have a meeting in I.O.O.F. Hall to-night.
Ald. Geary will hold three meetings during the week.

NEW TEACHERS.

Results of Model School Exams for City and County.

The following candidates passed the Model School examinations, but they will not receive their teachers' certificates until the regulations of the education department in reference to age and junior teachers' standing are fully complied with.

At Toronto: Misses L. M. Bolton, E. Carter, M. Hopper, G. M. Jackson, O. Keam.
Toronto Junction: Misses E. D. Munro, A. W. McLellan, E. Nattress, V. G. Peters, M. M. Rees, Mr. D. Elliott.

At Newmarket: Misses G. Johnson, M. W. Kidd, L. Madden, I. M. McClellan, E. S. Milne, M. J. Quantz, A. R. Mann, Mr. H. B. Spaulding.
The York County board of examiners met in the municipal building on Saturday last and considered the results of the late model school examinations. The following candidates will receive their certificates:
At Toronto: Misses G. Blahop, L. M. Bransby, W. E. Bransby, J. D. Billoch, G. DeFoe, M. G. Hamilton, E. Leane, R. M. Niven, V. Sheppard, O. Sproule, J. E. Smith, E. H. Wig-ham.

At Toronto Junction: Misses J. Lowe, H. J. Minto, E. Patterson, M. E. Sinclair, J. S. Sharp, R. Shaver.
At Newmarket: Misses M. Donnell, J. McMillan, M. A. Milligan, E. L. R. Schemer, B. Wylie, K. A. Marsh, J. McClellan, I. M. Oldham, A. M. Winch, Messrs. E. R. Cody, L. McDonald, E. Smith, S. A. Walker.

COSTLY FIRE.

ST. JOHNS, Que., Dec. 22.—The main buildings of the Standard Drain Pipe Company were totally destroyed by fire last night. One hundred or more men will be thrown out of employment in the meantime. The loss is probably \$125,000.

PORTUGAL MAY ESTABLISH A REPUBLIC

King's Prestige Shaken by Exposure of Corrupt Practices in the Royal House.

(Special Correspondence Associated Press.) LISBON, Tuesday, Dec. 10.—The result of the present political crisis here may not only determine whether a new and better order of public administration is to be established, but, remote as such a change appears to the ordinary observer, whether the whole monarchical regime shall not give way to a republican form of government.

The republicans, small as is the influence they exercise at present under the restricted suffrage which the people enjoy, sincerely believe that France by exposing the corrupt practices of the monarchist parties, has administered a blow to the prestige of the king and the monarchy, from which it can never recover, and a republic, which a year ago seemed a dream of the far distant future, a probability. Certainly France, by its revelations, has placed powerful weapons in the hands of the republican leaders, which they intend to use to the best advantage.

Plan to Push the Issue. Their plan is to push the issue as soon as the restoration of legality permits them to open a campaign in the newspapers and when the cortes again assemble, to play their trump card. This will mean a motion to impeach France for his action in liquidating the king's debts to the treasury, and as a logical corollary thereof, to demand the abdication of King Carlos for abetting this "crime" under a clause of the Portuguese constitution which compels the abdication of the monarch when he is adjudged "morally incapable" of governing.

But here in Portugal, where the percentage of illiteracy is the largest in Europe, and where the people are excluded from the ballot, it is difficult to be seen whether they can be aroused. The opinion of conservative foreigners who have resided long in the country is that outside of the professors, the masses, loyal to the Braganza dynasty, will remain absolutely indifferent to the general education which awakens them to demand broader political rights.

The fate of Joa Franco, the director, who, as a monarchist, professes to be seeking the political and financial regeneration of the country, will be well worth watching. His wealth excludes such motives, and he seems to have been the end and aim of things political in Portugal for years in his absence from the country, and were removed to the Rhode Island Hospital in a critical condition from exposure.

The canoe drifted too near the falls and was carried over. All the occupants were thrown into the water. Alfred Jackson was able to reach a rock submerged at the foot of the falls, and managed to grip his brother. Finally persons on shore threw life lines and rescued Arthur Jackson and Mathewson, who had floated down stream. Alfred Jackson, in the meantime, remained standing up to his waist in water close under the falls, and when the would-be rescuers threw a line to him, expecting to pull him to a place of safety, they found they were unable to move him. In the rear of the cataract his shouts could not be heard, but it was evident that one of his legs had become caught under a rock or some other object under water.

Several ineffectual attempts were made to rescue him in the next half hour, Jackson assisting until cold rendered him unconscious, or at least helpless. Dr. Clinton Westcott and Adolard Pavyin attempted to reach the perishing lad and almost lost their lives by a boat upsetting.

Nothing further could be done, and a large crowd of a bridge nearby was forced to stand idle and see Jackson freeze to death.

TRAVELERS DEMAND GOOD ACCOMMODATION

To Require Local Option Committees to Provide Suitable Eating and Lodging Houses.

LONDON, Ont., Dec. 22.—(Special.)—The Western Ontario Travelers' Association, which has joined with the Travelers' Club in urging the government to amend the local option clause of the License Act so as to provide suitable places for lodging, eating and sample rooms for the traveling public.

This action was taken at the annual meeting of the association, held in the Masonic Temple yesterday.

The following resolution was passed: "Resolved, that to amend the local option clause of the Liquor License Act, by which municipalities adopting local option to provide suitable places for lodging, eating and sample rooms for the traveling public; that such places be placed under proper supervision and charge of some body to be held responsible for their maintenance; that the license commissioners are the qualified persons to direct where such public houses shall be maintained, and that all such lodging and eating houses be placed under special license and a medical health certificate for cleanliness and sanitation accompany each request for such license; also that all hotels and public houses should be subjected to much more rigid inspection as to cleanliness and sanitation, and that if a provincial inspector were appointed for this special work."

A committee was also appointed to amplify this resolution as to the requirements, and also to arrange to present this to the local government by deputation and otherwise.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 22.—Because of the unreasonable rates charged, and the abnormal revenue resulting, the Pullman is so powerful that it now controls the sleeping car business of the United States, and is so arrogant that it denies the right and power of the government to engage into its earnings and regulate its business.

The foregoing statement is embodied in a complaint which James Manahan, attorney for George F. Loftus, yesterday prepared to file with the interstate commerce commission, as an amendment to the complaint which Mr. Loftus has entered against the Pullman Company in the case which was heard yesterday by Examiner Marble for the interstate commission. Fifty per cent. of the rates and charges enforced by the Pullman Company as a common carrier would yield that company a fair and reasonable rate on its investment on the value of its property and business according to Attorney Manahan.

A GOOD ROAD.



RATEPAYER: I see no reason for changing from the good road I traveled last year.

CROWD UNABLE TO HELP HIM WATCH MAN FREEZE TO DEATH

Young Clerk at Providence, R. I., Caught in Rocks Below Waterfalls and Perishes From Exposure.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 22.—In full view of 200 people who were on a bridge over a bridge nearby was forced to stand idle and see Jackson freeze to death.

Several ineffectual attempts were made to rescue him in the next half hour, Jackson assisting until cold rendered him unconscious, or at least helpless. Dr. Clinton Westcott and Adolard Pavyin attempted to reach the perishing lad and almost lost their lives by a boat upsetting.

Nothing further could be done, and a large crowd of a bridge nearby was forced to stand idle and see Jackson freeze to death.

TWO MEN WERE KILLED BY A BOILER EXPLOSION

Eighty Men Had to Remain All Night in Mine—No Steam to Hoist Them Out.

LONDON, Ont., Dec. 22.—(Special.)—As the result of a boiler explosion in No. 2 colliery yesterday morning, two men are dead, while three others are in a critical condition. The cause of the explosion remains a mystery. Besides demolishing No. 4 boiler, which now lies on the ground a complete wreck, two other boilers were put out of commission. The main steam pipe was also broken, and the east end of the boiler room was completely blown out. Iron work about the boilers was also twisted and torn, and there is a large hole in the roof of the boiler-room.

By the breaking of a steam pipe, the fan which supplies air to the harbor and phalanx seams was stopped. There were eighty men working in the phalanx on account of there being no steam in the hoisting cases, these men had to remain in the mine until about 9.30 this morning, when steam was procured and the men taken out uninjured.

DR. GRAHAM BELL HERE.

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell of Washington, D. C., who invented the telephone, and who is now directing his attention to the study of aerial navigation, arrived in this city yesterday. He and a son were here for a short time before he had been conducting some experiments with his famous kite. "The Signal" and after a short rest here will go to his home in Washington.

WANT TO HEAR BECK.

MONTREAL, Dec. 22.—(Special.)—The Canadian Club have invited Hon. Adam Beck to speak here Jan. 13.

LAST GUN FIRED FOR MALLAGE AT MARKHAM

R. L. Borden and R. R. Gamey Address Big Gathering—Candidate Will Be Independent.

MARKHAM, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—That Markham Village will roll a splendid majority for Capt. Tom Wallace on Monday was plainly evidenced by the warm reception given the Conservative candidate on Saturday night. The large hall was packed, and there was a remarkable demonstration of enthusiasm; indeed, it is safe to say that no political gathering in years has aroused the countryside so much. Many drove in from the surrounding country, the interest in the by-election being exceedingly keen all over the eastern section of the riding.

R. L. Borden, R. R. Gamey and the candidate occupied all the time, the there were other old campaigners, such as Dr. Reid, A. E. Kemp and M. S. McCarthy, members of parliament who would have been called upon if the time had permitted. The trio of speakers apparently clinched the argument for Capt. Tom, and the campaign closed with the brightest prospects of success.

Candidate Wallace's speech was a model for a man unskilled in public fireworks. He is developing rapidly; but if Capt. Tom were the veriest dull as a speaker, his evident sincerity, his unequivocal statement of his independence, and his firm support of progressive legislation along the lines of two-cent-a-mile railway, and proper regulation of the railways would win votes for him all along the route.

Capt. Tom's Creed. With R. L. Borden sitting behind him, Capt. Tom announced his creed: "I take R. L. Borden as my leader, and I take the platform laid down by him at Halifax as my platform; but I reserve to myself the right to withdraw support from my leader the moment he takes a position that I believe is not in the best interests of my constituents. In 1896, when I found myself not following the Tupper government I went out, and all I ask is that there be independence enough in both parties to refuse to accept a doctrine that is not in the best interests of the country. I don't think my leader will ask any more of me than that."

"Hear hear!" came from Mr. Borden. Capt. Wallace attacked the Laurier government for its policy of expediency, and showed that, according to the Liberal candidate's own statement, he would be an "out and out supporter" of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Capt. Wallace left immediately for Highland Creek, where he addressed his another meeting.

Mr. Gamey followed, and he found himself among friends.

The People's Servants. Mr. Gamey's speech was the plain truth that the men sent to parliament were the servants of the people, and that the opportunity was theirs to see that their representatives were in accord with their views. The party system was the best system of government the world ever had, but it would not serve a useful purpose unless the people themselves took an active part in political affairs and saw to it that their representatives in parliament carried out their wishes. The Manitoba man proceeded to contrast the dishonesty and indelicacy of Liberal government with the proved qualifications of the Whitney administration, holding up the discarded Liberal platform of 1898 and dealing with some of the planks about which they had made the most noise. Liberals voted in 1896 for senate reform. The only reform was in increasing the salaries of the senators from \$1000 to \$500. One plank after the other had been cast aside, and the federal premier had been allowed to become more and more the tool of men who had only their own personal ends to serve.

Decided the People. "What they say in 1904 what they proposed to do in creating the new province of Alberta and Saskatchewan? Yet in the first session of the new parliament they created the new provinces and took away from them the control of their lands and timber, and on top of that they saddled those people with separate schools. The Liberal government had deceived the electors in respect to prohibition, as well as in other matters of policy. To illustrate, Mr. Continued on Page 6.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS.

To H. P. Dwight, president Great Northern Telegraph Company, born at Belleville, Jefferson County, New York, Dec. 27, 1838, a resident of Toronto for 17 years, and prominent in telegraphic affairs of Canada for over 40 years.

DO YOUR SHOPPING EARLY.

With an eye to the convenience of their patrons, Dineen's, the furriers and hatters at Yonge and Temperance streets, take this means of suggesting that Christmas shopping be done as early as possible. Dineen's want their customers to be comfortable. Particularly on account of the discount of 25 per cent. in fur garments, the splendid store is more than busy. Everyone's Christmas list is better served there than anywhere else. Come in to-day and see it as early as you can. A special Christmas sale of the most beautiful American Christmas hats selling at the \$2.00 and \$3.00 prices which made Dineen's hats famous.