THE UNWRITTEN LAW ACQUITS HUSBAND OF SLAYING BLACKGUARD

Almost First Time in Annals of English Courts.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The "unwritten law," whereby a man may kill his wife's seducer, was recognized by an English jury today almost for the first time within the recollection of the English public.

"Justifiable homicide in self-defence," was the verdict rendered by a London coroner's jury in the case of Lieut. Douglas Malcolm, who shot and killed a foreigner, Anton Baumberg, styling himself "Count Deborch."

Lieut. Malcolm, who was a wealthy young merchant before the war, returned on leave from France, and found his wife with the so-called count. He attacked the "count," and afterwards challenged him to a duel, but the "count" ignored the challenge. Malcolm visited the "count's" London lodgings, and other lodgers testified to hearing a struggle, followed by a revolver shot. They found the "count" dead.

After leaving the premises Malcolm surrendered to the first policeman he met. He testified before the coroner's jury relative to Deborch's action, but did not suggest self-defence in killing the man. Malcolm's wife admitted her delinquency.

It developed that Deborch was for a brief period in service with the officers' training corps, but that he was under police suspicion of being an international spy, and was listed by the police as a professional spy.

60 OPERATORS ESCAPE FROM KNITTING MILLS

Only Few Burns Result When Alton Plant Destroyed.

ORANGEVILLE, Ont., Aug. 20.—The Alton Knitting Mills were destroyed by fire today, entailing a loss of about $11,000. Some thirty girls and thirty men were employed, but with the exception of a few slight burns all escaped safely.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CONQUERED

A New Yorker, of wide experience, has written a book telling how the tobacco or snuff habit may be easily and completely banished in three days with delightful benefit. The author, Edward J. Woods, 549Q, Station E, New York City, will mail his book free on request.

The health improves wonderfully after the nicotine poison is out of the system. Calmness, tranquil sleep, clear eyes, normal appetite, good digestion, manly vigor, strong memory and a general gain in efficiency are among the many benefits reported. Get rid of that nervous feeling; no more need of pipe, cigar, cigarette, snuff or chewing tobacco to pacify morbid desire. July17,Aug.21

HOW THIN PEOPLE CAN PUT ON FLESH

A New Discovery.

Thin men and women who would like to increase their weight with ten or fifteen pounds of healthy "stay there" fat should try eating a little Saltogyn with their meals for a while and note results. Here is a good test worth trying. First weigh yourself and measure yourself. Then take Saltogyn—one tablet with every meal for two weeks. Then weigh and measure again. It isn't a question of how you look or feel or what your friends say and think. The scales and the tape measure will tell their own story, and most any thin man or woman can easily add from five to eight pounds in the first fourteen days by following this simple direction. And best of all, the new flesh stays put.

Saltogyn is a highly concentrated flesh-making food, not a drug, which, added to your regular daily meals separates and extracts from them every ounce of fat-making material they contain and passes them to the blood in an easily assimilated form. Most of this nourishment now passes from your body as waste, but Saltogyn stops the waste, and does it quickly, and makes the fat producing contents of the very same meals you are eating now develop pounds and pounds of healthy flesh between your skin and bones. Saltogyn is safe, pleasant, easy to take and inexpensive and druggists everywhere sell it in large boxes—forty tablets to a package on a guarantee of weight increase or money back.

NOTE.—While Saltogyn is widely prescribed in the treatment of nervous indigestion, it should not because of its fat-producing power, be used more than five days at a time, by those who are not willing to increase in weight at least ten pounds. Standard Drug Company can supply you.

ACID STOMACHS ARE DANGEROUS

Nine-Tenths of All Stomach Trouble Said To Be Due To Acidity.

A Physician's Advice on Cause and Cure.

A famous physician whose successful researches into the cause and cure of stomach and intestinal diseases have earned for him an international reputation, said in the course of a recent lecture that nearly all intestinal troubles, as well as many diseases of the vital organs, were directly traceable to a deranged condition of the stomach which in turn was due nine times out of ten to excessive acidity, commonly termed sour stomach or heartburn, which not only irritated and inflamed the delicate lining of the stomach, but also set up gastritis and stomach ulcers. It is interesting to note that he condemns the use of patent medicines as well as of medical treatment for the stomach, stating that he and his colleagues have secured remarkable results by the use of ordinary bisurated magnesia, which, by neutralizing the acidity of the food, removes the source of the trouble. He contends that it is as foolish to treat the stomach itself as it would be for a man who stepped on a tack to rub liniment on the foot without first removing the tack. Remove the tack and the foot will heal itself—neutralize the acid and the stomach troubles will disappear. Irritating medicines and medical treatments are useless, so long as the contents of the stomach remain acid; remove the acidity, and there will be no need for medicine—the inflamed lining of the stomach will then heal itself. Sufferers from acidity, sour stomach or heartburn should get a small bottle of bisurated magnesia from their druggist, and take a teaspoonful in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after meals, repeating in fifteen minutes, if necessary. This being the dose which the doctor has found most efficacious in all cases.—Advt.

GERMAN STRONGHOLDS ONE AFTER ANOTHER FALL BEFORE TANKS

"Tank" Victory on Mile Front For Haig's Army.

ONLY FIFTEEN CASUALTIES

Germans Surrender in Droves Or Run For Their Lives.

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Aug. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—British tanks scored another triumph in the capture of important German positions yesterday morning in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Pool Capelle road, north of St. Julien. It was a tank show almost from start to finish, and the infantry in this case played the part of supernumeraries in support of the leading actors, while large numbers of the enemy troops added a final melodramatic touch by surrendering abjectly or fleeing in terror as the heavy heroes lumbered onto the stage and "reached forth shooting irons."

German defences along a mile front to a depth of 500 yards were captured. Among the strongholds occupied were the famous triangle, Hibau and Cockcroft farms, the sites of exceedingly strong concrete and steel machine-gun redoubts, which menaced the infantry advance.

Over the Top at Dawn.

It was dawn when the tanks lined up and waited for the signal to "go over the top." The British artillery, rendering no less of chivalry to the tanks than to the infantry in the past, poured a preliminary stream of shells into the German lines, then dropped a barrage ahead of the iron monitors, which started forward, looking for all the world like great dragons which had rolled out from out of Hans Andersen's conceptions into the grey morning light that shrouded this battlefield in the "cockpit of Europe."

Behind them came the infantry, ready to do the cleaning up of the remaining enemy after the tanks had finished their part. But there was little for the infantry to do except assemble and care for the prisoners as the tanks progressed.

Make It Brief.

There was heavy firing at several position, such as the three redoubts mentioned, but it was always brief. The tanks wheeled into position, and turned a heavy fire on the fortifications, and the Germans were either killed or surrendered. The German casualties were heavy. Great numbers of Germans were seen fleeing terror-stricken as the tanks appeared in the distance, and a considerable number threw down their arms and surrendered without offering resistance.

The tanks cleared the whole territory desired, and then trundled back home. They suffered no damage, and the casualties for the operation totalled fifteen. This has been the most striking incident of the latest fighting along this front.

Air Full of Planes.

There have been intense artillery bombardments, and the air services on both sides have been unusually active. Last night the air was full of British and German planes, which bombed their way into each other's territory amidst picturesque but awesome flashes from breaking shrapnel and long white rays from searchlights.

The French engineers have encountered considerable difficulties amid the marshes into which the French have advanced on their left, but work is proceeding with marvelous rapidity.

Up to date the French have captured about twenty-five German guns since this offensive began on July 31, and the machine guns taken are innumerable. Some of the captured redoubts were found to be veritable nests of machine guns, one field gun which a German artilleryman was about to blow up was taken near Les Lilas, the gunner being shot just as he was placing the explosive.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION

MOUNT BRYDGES.
Pte. C. E. Haddon.

WOUNDED

LONDON.
Pte. W. E. Kilbourne.
LUCKNOW.
Pte. S. Towle.
SALFORD.
Pte. W. V. Chambers.
INGERSOLL.
Pte. S. Pawes.
Gunner A. E. Parke.
Pte. Wray Chambers.
DRUMBO.
Pte. F. C. [illegible]
WOODSTOCK.
Pte. A. M. Mather.
WALSINGHAM.
Pte. C. Underhill.
BEACHVILLE.
Pte. A. Harris.
GALT.
Sapper Ernest S. Essig.
Pte. Charles W. Holden.
TILLSONBURG.
Corp. Roy Rouse.
STRATFORD.
Pte. Albert McDonald.
WOODSTOCK.
Lieut. W. F. Tobey.

ILL.

GUELPH.
Pte. J. Busby.
INGERSOLL.
Pte. V. E. Parke.

DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED

ST. THOMAS.
Pte. W. Peasley.

ONTARIO FIELD CROPS WORTH $300,000,000

50 Per Cent Better Than the Average, Is Estimate.

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—Ontario's field crops this summer will reach a value of more than $300,000,000, or 50 per cent better than the average crop of $200,000,000, according to the estimates of the Ontario department of agriculture. Hay represents about half the crop and oats about one-quarter. Wheat will be somewhat below the average, but prices are more than double the average.

4,000 FARM LABORERS LANDED IN WINNIPEG

Included Are 150 Soldiers From Valcartier.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 20.—Four thousand eastern farm laborers will be distributed over Western Canada's wheat area by tonight. Eight trains arrived in the city over the week-end, all loaded to capacity, and the greater portion of the men were dispatched to their destinations during the night. Included were 150 soldiers from Valcartier on six weeks' leave from the 149th and 236th Battalions.

PREMIER BORDEN DID NOT ASK ROGERS TO RECONSIDER QUITTING

Manitoba's Political Leader Criticises Government.

CONSERVATIVES GROWL

Do Not Like Outsiders Brought Into Cabinet—Reorganization Shaping Up.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—Government changes are at hand. Hon. Robert Rogers is out. A group of Liberals and grain-growers, who were called to Ottawa by Hon. Clifford Sifton, are in Ottawa considering the acceptance of portfolios in the proposed new ministry.

F. B. Carvell, who is in New Brunswick, has been telegraphed for and will be in Ottawa within two days. Until he arrives there is likely to be no decision reached.

Hon. Robert Rogers, it is stated on good authority, goes out on his own volition. This morning he was asked to reconsider his decision and an understanding was almost reached. Sir Clifford Sifton proved the stumbling block in reconciliation arrangements and the Rogers resignation was accepted.

It is not known just what Sir Clifford represents in the situation, but he is speaking with authority and decision.

Too Slow for Bob.

Hon. Robert Rogers tendered his resignation to Sir Robert Borden on Saturday. It was accepted by the prime minister Monday. The correspondence will be tabled in Parliament Tuesday afternoon.

It is learned that Mr. Rogers based his resignation upon two grounds:

1. A charge of delay on the part of the Government in bringing on conscription.

2. Alleged general inactivity of the administration.

He is understood to have advocated abandonment of negotiations for union government, immediate application of compulsion, the passage of a sweeping disfranchisement of aliens act, and an election along straight party lines.

Premier Points to Record.

The prime minister in his reply is understood to have directed Mr. Rogers' attention to the fact that since his return from the old land the Government has had introduced and translated into legislation six of the important bills—the military service act, the income tax bill, the soldiers' land settlement act, revision of the railway act, the soldiers' voting act, and the C.N.R. act—and observes that this legislation disproves the charge of Government inactivity.

In reply to Mr. Rogers' allegations of indecision and delay in bringing on conscription, the premier points out that upon his return from Britain last spring he came to the conclusion that united, vigorous prosecution of the war demanded the concentration of national effort by a union government, composed of men of all parties, classes and creeds, and that whatever delay there had been is due to his (the premier's) steadfast adhesion to the consummation of that end.

Not Asked to Reconsider.

In concluding his letter the prime minister stated that in view of the wide divergence of opinion between himself and Mr. Rogers, he would not ask the minister of public works to reconsidered his decision.

In the final analysis it is stated that Hon. Mr. Rogers favored a union government as long as the proposal was for the union of the leading men of the two political parties. When this failed he objected to the country being searched for new men to come in and make a ministry that would not properly be a union government, but a partly different government.

In the House membership of the Conservative party there are a good many men of the same view, and there are threats that the new government will not find it all plain sailing in Parliament, until the situation is cleared by the holding of an election.

Getting the Line-Up.

The following gentlemen this morning met Sir Clifford Sifton, and this afternoon responded to an invitation to meet Sir Robert Borden: Hon. A. L. Sifton, premier of Alberta; Hon. J. A. Calder, minister of public works of Saskatchewan; H. Woods, president of the United Farmers of Alberta; T. A. Crerar, president of the Grain Growers' Grain Company of Winnipeg; J. M. Godfrey of Toronto, Sir Clifford Sifton and J. G. Turriff, M.P.

There was no announcement of the result of the conference, beyond the fact that F. B. Carvell had been pressed to hurry to Ottawa to participate in the negotiations.

It is reported that the new men whom Sir Clifford Sifton desires to see brought into the Government are: Hon. A. L. Sifton and H. W. Wood, representing Alberta; T. A. Crerar and Isaac Pitblado, representing Manitoba; Hugh Guthrie and J. M. Godfrey, representing Ontario, and F. B. Carvell and A. K. MacLean, representing the Maritime Provinces.

PRINCE ALBERT'S HEALTH TAKES HIM FROM NAVY

Second Son of King George Has Gastric Trouble.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Prince Albert, second son of the King, has been obliged to leave his ship owing to gastric trouble, according to an announcement in the court circular tonight. A consultation of physicians has been held, as a result of which it was decided that the prince must submit to a course of treatment. This will prevent him from undertaking any duty afloat for several months.

Prince Albert has suffered from gastric disorders for several years. He was operated on for appendicitis in 1914 and on several occasions has been obliged to go on sick leave.

ENTENTE ALLIES CONFER ON POPE'S PEACE NOTE

Lord Cecil Says Reply Will Be Decided in Conference.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockade and under-secretary for foreign affairs, announced in the Commons this afternoon that the Entente Allied governments would hold a conference before a reply to the Pope's peace proposals would be sent to the Vatican.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH WHILE FLYING IN AIR

BUFFALO, Aug. 20.—Charles A. Wall, Jr., and Richard H. Meade were burned to death here late this afternoon, when an airplane in which they were experimenting with smoke bombs caught fire in the air. Both men were dead when the destroyed airplane fell to the ground. Wall was a civil engineer in training for the aviation service. Meade was an aviation instructor, who came to Buffalo recently from the training camp at Mineola, L.I.

DESPONDENT WOMEN

Constantly recurring suffering gives women "the blues." Comparatively few women realize that despondency, together with backache, headache, and that "dragging-down" feeling indicate some derangement of the feminine organs, for which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remedy.

It is said that this famous, old root and herb remedy has been the means of restoring more women to health and consequent happiness than any other remedy in the world.

Don't wait until your life is wrecked by neglect and suffering. Give the Compound a trial.

25 PER CENT OF PRISONERS ARE MERE GERMAN YOUTHS; DEMORALIZATION EXTENSIVE

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Aug. 20.—(By The Associated Press).—The examination of German prisoners taken by the British continues and out of 940 questioned, more than 25 per cent were found to belong to the 1918 class. Non-commissioned German officers relate how they are hampered by the demoralization of the younger recruits with whom they are supplied. They say they cannot rely upon these youngsters, and similar complaints are heard about the inefficiency of the young German officers in the battle of Flanders. The demoralization of certain German regiments at Langemarck and Polygon Wood, last Thursday, was complete, and this was due, according to captured non-commissioned officers, to the preponderance of eighteen-year-old youths in the ranks.

The 261st and 202nd Regiments of the 79th division, fled to the rear at Langemarck, and many were killed by the British artillery as they ran. Both these regiments were ordered to counter-attack later, but could not because they were so exhausted and nerve-racked.

At the Majestic Today.

Photoplay News

At the Majestic Today in "The Crystal Gazer."

Harold Jarvis, the famous tenor, who has been receiving such warm receptions from Majestic audiences for his splendid singing during the past two weeks will be here this week only. On Saturday night he closes his engagement at the Majestic, and will start on a tour then covering concert engagements that will take him over the larger portion of the United States and Canada. This week may be the last time for years to hear Mr. Jarvis, so Londoners are requested to bear in mind that this week is his last at the Majestic. Today and Wednesday he will continue to sing that famous vocal selection: "The Aria From the Death of Nelson."

The Majestic concert orchestra is playing the descriptive fantasie, "A Vision of Salome" all this week. In this overture the orchestra has surpassed all previous efforts not only in musical excellence, but in the highly realistic effects produced by special lighting apparatus and curtain drops representing the desert, the Egyptian sphinx and other Oriental scenes. This descriptive overture is without a doubt the best of the many selections the orchestra has played.

Fanny Ward in the Crystal Gazer" is the feature screen attraction. It is a play that provides adequate latitude for Miss Ward's accomplishments as an actress.

The following is a synopsis of the story:

Rose Jorgensen living in a squalid tenement house, hears that her husband is to be electrocuted for murder, and commits suicide, leaving two young daughters. One of the daughters, Rose, is adopted by Judge and Mrs. Keith, and brought up in luxury. The other, Norma, is adopted by a neighbor, and raised in the squalor of the tenements until she is engaged by Calistro, a charlatan hypnotist to act as an hypnotic subject.

Phil Mannering, a young society man, is an associate of Calistro, and through his influence Calistro is made a society fad. Dick Alden is Rose's lover. Dick is taken with Norma's resemblance to Rose, and finally, out of pity, offers to marry her. Calistro has also fallen in love with Norma, and one day makes advances to her, which arouses the jealousy of his wife, and she kills him. Norma is taken to the home of Mrs. Mannering. Phil Mannering's aunt, and there Rose finds them when she returns from her voyage. Dick explains to Rose that he has always loved her, and this is overheard by Norma. That night, as Norma is about to retire, a hot coal from the grate in her room catches the flimsy material, and the bed is soon in a blaze. Rose, who is awake, sees the smoke and rushes in, dragging the badly burned girl into safety. Norma, however, dies from the burns, and Rose and Dick have the clouds removed from their sky of happiness.

PATRICIA.

Douglas Fairbanks, the most popular and athletic motion picture actor in filmdom, in his first Artcraft picture, "In Again—Out Again," is the screen feature at the Patricia Theatre the first half of this week. In this particular play "Smiling Doug" is seen at his best. He is given every opportunity of displaying his ability as an actor, and an athlete. The admirers of "Doug" are numbered by millions. In the United States he is said to be even more popular than Mary Pickford. To see this popular star in "In Again—Out Again" is to see one of the most entertaining bits of motion photography ever presented, besides to witness "Doug" at his best.

The following is a synopsis of the picture:

Behind the majestic Hudson, in peaceful and non-militant New Jersey, lives Teddy Rutherford, a red-blooded youth of metropolitan ideas and a vigorous exponent of preparedness. Before the natives realize it, the community becomes the very hive of munition manufacturers, and behind many rural walls immense quantities of powder are being prepared for the nation's defence.

In due time Teddy falls in love with Pacifice Ford, who happens to be the daughter of an extreme pacifist. When Teddy's courtship is refused in favor of a youthful pacifist, the vigorous youth vows that he is through with the fair sex for all time and imbibes freely in spirits nectarial. On awakening the next morning he finds himself in jail, with a pretty girl nursing a discolored optic, the cause for which he does not seem to be able to remember.

After becoming acquainted with his fair nurse, Teddy decides that the world is not so bad after all, and when he learns that she is Janie Smith, the deputy sheriff's daughter, who is never allowed to venture outside the prison grounds by her watchful parent, he welcomes with joy the information that he is sentenced to thirty days in jail. The latter, finding that he is by no means a welcome caller at the jail, decides that he will get back and proceeds to live the life of an unlawful citizen with this end in view. He tries speeding, only to find that he has crossed the city line, and is sent to the wrong jail. Breaking up a pacifist meeting conducted by the father and fiancee of his former sweetheart, robbing a house and other disorderly acts fail to attain the desired results.

As a last resort, Teddy impersonates the mysterious stranger who has been sending the munition plants skyward, from a description of the culprit which has been spread broadcast.

Fate intervenes, however, at the last minute, just as Teddy is about to be lynched by the angry Jerseyites, and not only does he go free, but through a strange coincidence he catches the real criminal, thus winning the hand of his sweetheart.

A single comedy reel, "A Bonbon Riot," provides a riot of fun.

In vaudeville, Small and Jordan, high-class singers, render several operatic selections from the most difficult compositions. They are received with applause, which they well deserve.

"The Man Who Was Afraid" ESSANAY
At the Patricia Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Funnel of Water Rises From Water Far Into Skies

Natural Phenomenon at Bayfield Excites Summer Visitors.

BAYFIELD, Aug. 20.—A curious natural phenomenon created great interest in Bayfield for a short time. Casual observers called it a waterspout, while more learned souls insisted that a meteor had precipitated itself into the lake, even going so far as to suggest that the temperature of that body of water had been considerably increased by the presence of the fiery visitor. Some enthusiasts regret that they did not dive after the distinguished visitor.

Whatever the nature of the phenomenon, its appearance was most spectacular. A funnel stretched from the surface of the lake far up into a leaden sky, while the water below boiled and churned upward.

The Dean and Mrs. Davis of London are guests at Llandudno, Bayfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McMahen and little daughter of London spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Ketchin, The Terrace, Bayfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Sproat of New York are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ketchin, The Terrace, Bayfield.

Mr. Chapman and family of London are at their cottage, Lakeside, Bayfield.

Rev. Mr. Torrence and family of Detroit are spending the summer at Bayfield.

Mrs. Jackson and family of Clinton are holidaying on The Terrace, Bayfield.

Mrs. Kennedy of Thamesford and Miss Allene Hodgins of Kingston, who have been the guests of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Hodgins at their summer cottage, have returned home.

Mrs. Frank Glass, Roycroft cottage, Bayfield, entertained at the tea hour on Saturday.

Mrs. Beverly Ketchin of Hamilton, assisted by her mother, Mrs. McMahen, was the hostess of a very pretty tea held at their cottage on The Terrace, Bayfield, Mrs. Sproat of New York being the guest of honor. Tea was served in the pretty blue living-room, Japanese china and napery carrying out the color scheme of the room.

There is a rumor abroad that Mr. Baker of London has purchased the Queen's Hotel, Bayfield, with a view to erecting a clubhouse on that location.

A Red Cross dance held a short time ago under the supervision of the guests at Llandudno was a great success both as a social function and financially.

FOREST MEMORIAL.

FOREST, Aug. 20.—A memorial service was held in Christ Church Sunday evening in honor of Pte. Joseph Cole, who was killed at the battle of Lens, July 20. The dead soldier was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Cole of Forest, and went overseas with the 70th Battalion. Rev. Capt. Carlisle of Windsor, who was chaplain overseas for some time, assisted the rector, Rev. D. J. Cornish. Mr. Cornish's address was most fitting for the occasion. The choir rendered appropriate music.

Capt. Fred Brodie, R. A. M. C., recently returned from Macedonia, where he was surgeon in the Serbian camp, and at the base hospital at Malta, is spending a week with old friends in town. On Wednesday evening he will give an address in the Presbyterian Church, relating his experiences while overseas. He speaks under the auspices of the Red Cross Workers.

Wednesday Morning Specials at Young's

WOMEN'S WASH SKIRTS, $1.39

65 Wash Skirts in good quality beach cloth, in fawn and white ground with large patterns in spot, stripe and figures; made with large fancy pockets and girdle to match; regular $3.00 and $3.50 skirts. Wednesday special $1.39

Five dozen Children's Tub Dresses in ginghams, percales and chambrays, in plain and check patterns of pink, blue and linen shades; regular $1.25 and $1.50 dresses. Wednesday special 79c

NEW SILK WAISTS, $2.98

Ten dozen only Women's Washable Jap Silk and Silk Crepe Waists, made with large collar pointed over shoulder, finished with two-inch double hem on collar, also shoulders; sleeves and front finished with large pearl buttons; colors flesh, maize, pink, peach, rose and white. Special at $2.98

BUNGALOW APRONS, 55c

20 dozen Women's Bungalow Aprons, large size, in medium and light colorings, splendid quality print, bound neck and sleeves, belt on back. Special at 55c

CORSET EMBROIDERY.

Ten pieces Corset Cover Embroidery, 18 inches wide, fine quality, eyelet and blind embroidery; regular 25c and 30c. Wednesday special, per yard 19c

WOMEN'S CORSETS, 69c.

54 pairs only Women's Corsets, odd lines of regular $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50, in small sizes only. Wednesday special 69c

Ten dozen Women's Brassieres, in good quality cotton, embroidery top, finished lace edge, reinforced under arms, seams corded and double stitched. Special at..... 25c

SALE OF WOMEN'S COLLARS.

About three dozen Women's Collars in embroidered organdy, crepes and piques, some with cuffs to match, in all white and with colored trimmings; regular 50c. Wednesday special at 19c

CRASH TOWELING.

Five pieces Very Heavy Crash Toweling, 18 inches wide, colored border, good dye, selvedge edge; worth 17c. Wednesday special at 12½c

One table of remnants of Cotton Wash Fabrics. These ends run from 1½ to 6 yards; worth buying now and laying aside for next year at these prices. Wednesday **Half Price**

Our last Wednesday sale of Flannelette was so successful, and so many people were disappointed through coming late that we decided to put another lot on sale, so we have picked out a few pieces of new English Flannelette in fancy stripe, choice designs, extra quality and fast dye; worth 20c and 22c. Wednesday only, per yard 15c

Five pieces American Print, small designs, in grey only, fast colors. Wednesday special at, per yard 10c

Tussah Silks in spot and floral patterns, in good range of colorings, 36 inches wide. Wednesday special at, per yard 49c

One table of Dress Goods, remnants, at **One Third off regular.**

Special Serge, in fine weave, heavy quality; colors navy, brown, black and Copenhagen, 40 inches wide. Wednesday special, per yard 49c

Black Taffeta Silk, in good heavy quality, chiffon finish and rich dye, 36 inches wide. Wednesday special, per yard $1.25

R. J. YOUNG & CO.

SOLDIER VOTE BILL IS BRANDED AS AN ELECTION STEALER

Non-Resident Recruits May Swing Constituencies.

GOVT. MAY PLACE VOTES

Men Who Do Not Know Conditions May Be Polled Wholesale.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The Opposition members are questioning the voting rights of members of the Canadian army who were not Canadians when they enlisted. There is also a battle being waged in Commons over the provisions of the military voters' bill, which indicates that the Government may have the right to place in the constituencies they please the soldier vote that does not at polling designate in which constituency it is to be counted.

There was much criticism of the bill in committee today, and the minister of justice was kept busy.

The bill declares that every military voter shall have the right to vote in a Canadian general election; that if the elector can state the electoral district in which he resided before enrolling he shall be deemed an elector of that riding, and have his vote applied there. If, because of non-residence or other cause he cannot state that he was a resident of a Canadian electoral district before enlisting, he may have his vote applied to the district he indicates.

Should Be a Limit.

Dr. Pugsley wanted the right to vote for the last class of military voters limited to men who were resident of Canada at the time of enlistment.

Mr. Knowles thought that the old bill should have been amended rather than a new one introduced.

The minister of justice said a new bill was necessary, as present conditions did not justify bringing the votes to Canada for counting.

Hon. Frank Oliver said that the prime minister had stated it would be practically impossible to take the votes of the soldiers under the old law. He wanted to know how it would be easier to do so under the new. He predicted that great injustice would be done by permitting the massing of an untold number of votes against particular candidates.

Should Bar Americans.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley said that there

Continued on Page Three.

were considerably more than 5,000 Americans in the Canadian forces. They were not acquainted with Canadian conditions, and he objected to giving them votes.

H. B. Morphy of North Perth said that a soldier in the Canadian army should have a vote in the Canadian election, no matter where he came from.

Wm. German of Welland saw the chance of minors being enlisted in the Canadian navy or the naval reserve on the eve of election to give them the right to vote. Where minors were really on active service it was right that they should vote.

A. K. McLean said there was the possibility of men being enlisted in Newfoundland and brought to Canada to vote. He agreed with Dr. Pugsley that in case of the soldiers' vote, the privilege should be limited to Canadians, and not extended to men from the West Indies or elsewhere who did not know the Canadian issues and did not desire Canadian votes.

Hon. Thomas Crothers believed that any man who enlisted to fight for the Dominion should be given the vote.

Do Not Know Conditions.

Mr. Copp of New Brunswick declared that there were men in the Canadian force who were entirely unacquainted with Canadian conditions, and would not be able to decide whom they should vote for.

Hon. Charles Murphy interjected that under the bill the decision would be made for them.

Col. Taylor of New Westminster held that all of the men in the Canadian army should have votes. Even if they did not come from Canada, most of them had spent some months in Canada while training.

E. M. MacDonald stated that there had been many men transferred in England from the imperial to the Canadian force. Men who had never been on the western side of the Atlantic would be asked to vote on Canadian issues, of which they knew nothing.

To Steal Election.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley declared that if the minister of justice persisted in passing the bill as it had been introduced, he would have to conclude that it had been designed with the purpose of stealing the election.

Col. Arthurs held that no one would suffer if the bill were passed in the form it was introduced.

W. M. German said that the bill afforded the opportunity of colonizing non-resident voters, and provided opportunity for the perpetration of outrageous frauds. It would be possible to enroll a hundred thousand minors to give them the vote.

Judge Doherty did not think that the military authorities would enroll people for the purpose of carrying an election.

Hon. Charles Murphy wanted to know if there were to be voters' lists made of the soldiers, and was told that was the intention. It had not been done in Australia.

Judge Doherty said that if a man came to Canada to enlist he showed a preference for this country that should be rewarded with the right to vote.

The disputed clauses in the soldier vote bill were laid aside for further consideration, and progress was reported from committee on the bill.

At the close of the sitting Hon. Judge Doherty was asked if there was to be a franchise bill brought down, when it would come, and what it would contain.

He replied that he was not in a position to give an answer.

BLYTH QUESTIONS LIQUOR SEARCHES

Repeated Visits to One House, Without Conviction, Cause Comments.

BLYTH, Aug. 20.—Considerable comment has been created here over the liquor cases involving James Burns. Two county constables some time ago searched his residence and found some liquor. They left, but returned again, and when Mr. Burns questioned their authority to go back, broke in the door and took the liquor away.

The case was heard before Police Magistrate Andrews of Clinton, and after a week, during which time judgment was reserved, the magistrate ordered the liquor returned. Again on Friday another visit was paid to the residence by the inspectors, and it is alleged that this third visit was for the purpose of seeing if any of the returned liquor had been disposed of. Everything was in perfect order.

The result has been considerable questioning of the fairness of putting a man to the expense of defending himself and making good the damage done by searching constables.

Dr. Guest of London has purchased the practice and residence of Dr. Allison. He takes possession September 1. Dr. Allison closed up his practice in the spring to join the A.M.C. Since that time there has been but one doctor here.

ROOF IS RIPPED OFF TORONTO GRANDSTAND BY TERRIFIC STORM

Heavy Crane Is Hurled Through Roof of Ship Building Plant.

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—In a severe electric storm which swept the city today the mammoth scoreboard at the baseball park, which had just been rebuilt, was blown down, while a portion of the roof of the main grandstand at the extreme end of the stand was lifted clear over the top into the area behind the pavilion.

At the Polson works, a Gantry crane, used on the boats in the shipyard, was blown over and fell on the roof of the machine shop. The workmen, hearing the roar of the falling crane, dashed into other parts of the building, just a few seconds before the crane buried itself in the building.

MONTAGU HAS PROGRAM OF REFORM FOR INDIA

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Edwin S. Montagu, secretary for India, will go to India next winter to take up reform of the government there. Mr. Montagu said today that the policy of the British Government, with which the Government of India was in complete accord, was of an increasing association of Indians with every branch of the Indian administration and of gradual development of self-governing institutions with a view to realizing a responsible Government in India as an integral part of the British Empire. It has been decided that substantial steps in this direction shall be taken as soon as possible.

The Government, Mr. Montagu said, had decided to recognize the principle of granting commissions in the army to Indians, and nine recommendations for this honor had been made.

"NICK" OWNS VALUABLE PROPERTY IN BERLIN

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 20.—The Weser Zeitung says that according to entries in the Berlin registers the property of the Russian embassy in Berlin, which is valued at between ten and twelve million marks, is the private property of the former Emperor Nicholas.

FOUR WEEK-END DROWNINGS.

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—Four drownings were reported over the week-end. M. Besder, Laval De Rapide, and a friend were drowned in the Back River. The body of an unknown man was taken from the St. Lawrence at Cortecoeur, and that of Carman Andona, an Italian, from the Lachine Canal.

FAILURE OF RAIN TO MATERIALIZE IS DISAPPOINTMENT

Ingersoll District Vegetation Needed Showers Badly.

INGERSOLL, Aug. 20.—With the ground parched and vegetation in some instances burnt, there was keen disappointment on the part of citizens when storm clouds, which drifted over the town about 4 o'clock this afternoon, with an accompaniment of thunder, failed to break. Vegetation generally is suffering from the lack of rain, and this fact, coupled with the oppressive heat, caused a general desire for rain. A few miles to the south, near Verschoyle, there was a shower of about an hour's duration, and considerable hail also fell.

VISITS OLD FRIENDS.

INGERSOLL, Aug. 20.—The mission of Rev. John Tagg of Rodman, New York, to Ingersoll, this week, from London, where he is visiting his aged mother, was to hunt up old friends and acquaintances of 30 years standing. Some 30 years ago he was known to many Ingersoll people as "Professor Tagg," being at that time supervisor of the music in the public schools of Ingersoll. He also was connected with the choir of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church.

Since leaving Ingersoll, Mr. Tagg has become an ordained minister in the Northern New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and is in charge of the church at Rodman. Many of his old friends were delighted to see him, and in most cases it was a pleasure to Mr. Tagg to make known his identity. His mother resides at 144 Colborne street, London, and on Wednesday last celebrated her 96th birthday.

FOOD SHORTAGE OPENS HUNGARIAN PRISONS

Minister Does Not Wish to See Unnecessary Suffering.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 20.—The food situation in Hungary has led the Hungarian minister of justice to order the clearing out of prisoners in the jails, according to advices received here. Arrests also are to be reduced to a minimum.

Criminals sentenced to less than two years' imprisonment, whose "social position has not been broken," will be given an indefinite leave, and also in special cases persons who have been sentenced to terms over two years will be released, as the minister does not desire to submit prisoners to unnecessary suffering because of inadequate prison fare.

LITTLE BOY HAD DIARRHOEA

Only Blood Passed Bowels.

Diarrhoea, dysentery and summer complaint are responsible for more deaths, especially of children, during the summer months, than any other form of disease.

Diarrhoea does not need to persist for any length of time until the whole system is weakened, and no other disease so quickly undermines the strength and brings about a condition of prostration and often collapse.

Mrs. E. Stoddart, Lower Clark's Harbor, N. S., writes: "When my little boy was a year and a half old, he was taken awfully bad with diarrhoea. I had the doctor, but he got worse, so that only blood passed his bowels. I tried everything, but he got no relief. One day while I was at work, I picked up a piece of paper, and on it was an advertisement for Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. After trying a bottle he began to get better, and the second one made a cure. I would not be without it in the house for my little ones. I am proud to say "Dr. Fowler's" saved my little boy's life."

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been on the market for the past 72 years, and there are many imitations of this wonderful bowel complaint remedy. See that you get the genuine when you ask for it. Price 35c.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.