The Toronto World

A Morning Newspaper Published Every Day in the Year.

MAIN OFFICE 83 YONGE STREET

I, COURTNEY LOVE, Circulation Manager of THE TORONTO WORLD, do solemnly declare that the following statement shows the net circulation of THE WORLD for each day in the month of August, 1907:

August 1	40,442	August 17	42,342
August 2	40,555	August 18	Sunday
August 3	41,835	August 19	41,884
August 4	Sunday	August 20	41,508
August 5	59,124	August 21	41,447
August 6	41,518	August 22	41,561
August 7	40,887	August 23	41,544
August 8	41,266	August 24	42,098
August 9	41,175	August 25	Sunday
August 10	42,335	August 26	41,785
August 11	Sunday	August 27	41,633
August 12	41,914	August 28	41,836
August 13	41,847	August 29	42,177
August 14	41,493	August 30	42,436
August 15	41,547	August 31	43,139
August 16	41,416		

Total net circulation, 27 days ... 1,143,743

Net Average 27 Days

42,360

The following statement shows the net circulation of The Sunday World, for the month of August, 1907:

August 4	41,498	August 18	40,120
August 11	40,185	August 25	39,859

Net total, four Sundays 161,662

Net Average Four Sundays

40,417

The foregoing figures include only papers actually sold and do not include damaged papers, samples or returned copies.

And I make the solemn declaration, conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of "The Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Declared before me at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, this 31st day of August, A. D. 1907. } (Sgd) COURTNEY LOVE.

(Sgd) JAMES BAIRD.
A Commissioner, etc.

The World's circulation books, paper accounts, press room reports and press counters are open at any time to the inspection of any subscriber, any advertiser or any other newspaper.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Fears that the financial strain which became so acute early last spring would cause a more general disturbance have fortunately not been realized. A sharp contraction in credits must find a reflection in business obligations and cause more or less disruption. That this has not been more pronounced in Canada is due in a large measure to the precautions which were taken by the banks and other financial institutions, who were fully cognizant of the distress signals hoisted at London and other of the leading financial centres.

The world's business is now admitted to have outgrown its capital. A merchant or manufacturer who has reached a similar condition has only one recourse—that of curtailment in expenditures until a period of recuperation has permitted of an accumulation of funds that will allow of a renewed expansion. Just what takes place in individual cases has been transpiring in the aggregate, when national or international affairs are reviewed. Pursuing the analogy further, it is plain that a business man pressed for money would have to realize upon his most available assets first, to tide over a threatening period of financial stress. This condition in mass is what has happened in the stock markets since the beginning of the year. The world's money was badly required for commercial expansion; there was no surplus to allow of this and only by a contraction in the value of securities could the immediate funds be procured.

It has been estimated that the verious securities listed on the New York market have been reduced in value by upwards of $3,000,000,000 in a few months. Stocks and other securities at the London exchange have undergone a similar depreciation, and the same influence has been experienced in domestic securities on the Canadian exchanges.

Modifications in the values of securities are being followed by like processes in the prices of commodities, and the change will continue until an equilibrium has been established. In Canada commercial credits have been difficult to procure because of the nervousness felt regarding the outlook. The danger which threatened the western crop induced conservatism on the part of the banks towards creditors in that territory. This has proved irksome to the people of Western Canada, but the caution exercised should ultimately work out a benefit and may have proved the means of preventing serious commercial disturbance.

From London and other large money centres the opinion comes that the acute financial strain has passed and that with care a gradual improvement will take place. Canada is in need of unusual amounts of capital to keep up with the current national expansion. The interest that European investors are now taking in the Dominion promises to bring in much new money and to stimulate the development of our resources, which have so long remained dormant because of the apathy of foreign capitalists.

GOOD PHONES IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Some time ago the government of Saskatchewan set about enquiring thruout the province as to the present telephone systems in use and how the proposition for a government-owned and operated system was viewed by the people.

Francis Dagger, the government expert, addressed a crcular letter to the members of the city, town and vilage councils, asking the names of telephone companies doing business in every locality, the number of phones in service and the rates charged; what long distance service was given; whether the farmers had taken advantage of the facilities offered for communication with their neighbors and what were the feelings regarding the efficiency of the present service and the rates charged.

The replies indicate a feeling strongly favorable to government ownership. They also show a great diversity of rates. In the farming communities the feeling was pronounced that the government should operate this utility and extend its benefits to those residing outside of the urban districts. In view of the result of this investigation it is quite probable that the Saskatchewan Government will go into the question of the installation of a government system, with a greater degree of confidence in its success.

Mr. Dagger will present a report to the government showing how far intercommunication can be carried on, the probable cost of the work and the policy which should be pursued in relation to the established telephone companies.

THE BISHOP OF LONDON.

Those who were privileged to see and hear Bishop Ingram could not but be impressed with the fact that a great man has been in our midst. Altho his position as the bishop of a state church, and by virtue of his office a member of the imperial parliament, may seem to many no less incogruous than does the correlation between church and state among our neighbors of Quebec, his personality has pleased and impressed the people of Canada.

His services among the poor of London, his devotion to the cause of humanity, and his keen progressive interest in bettering the conditions of his fellow men, have attracted sympathetic recognition from all classes, irrespective of religious belief or dissent. His has been, in its fullest and best significance, a practical religion.

There is another ground, however, for the respect accorded him. He is beyond doubt a sincere believer in the Christian church.

Now if there is one thing which, so far as human foresight can penetrate, seems assured, it is that the vast majority of mankind incline, and will long continue to incline, to some religious belief. So strong and inherent is this inclination that it seems to be largely independent of dogma. Certain it is that neither the conclusions of critical or scientific research, however much they may disturb theologians or students, have diminished the popular necessity for religion.

Hence it is no less important that men of broad minds and good hearts should be among the leaders of the church, than it is that honest and competent men should occupy high places in the state.

A RECOLLECTION.

Editor World: Your excellent tribute to the memory of my old friend, T. C. Patteson, stirs up many recollections of the past. In the late seventies, when I was a fledgling barrister, I was called upon to represent a shareholder in the old Mail Printing Company at a general meeting of the shareholders. The meeting was largely attended. All the heads of the Conservative party, with the exception of Sir John Macdonald, were, I think, present. It was held at the top storey of the then home of the newspaper—a ramshackle, barn-like old room, apparently a species of storeroom. It was a notable gathering, and chiefly to be remembered for an attempt made by George W. Stephen of Montreal and others to seize The Mail and run it as an independent journal. The speakers on behalf of this movement, during the discussion (a very heated one), frequently referred to the prostus issued at the time of the inception of The Mail, in which it was stated it was to be a journal "edited by gentlemen for gentlemen", and was to take an independent view, etc. The Stephens party animadverted upon this a good deal. I can remember distinctly how our friend, T. C. Patteson, stood before the meeting and boldly defended the course of the newspaper. He stated that the money originally subscribed had been sunk in establishing the paper, and that the funds for carrying it on had been given by Conservatives, and, therefore, it had supported the Conservative party. Sir Francis Hincks was present, and as I was sitting next to him I noticed that he was writing out something while the discussion was going on. It turned out that he had a very bad cold and was unable to speak, but he got Senator Plumb to read what he had written to the meeting. It was an excellent resume of the course taken by the paper, and a splendid defence of Mr. Patteson's management. It struck me as really marvelous how well he had put his views when one thinks of this most animated (not to say acrimonious) discussion going on at the time he was writing. Dalton McCarthy, who had not then come permanently to reside at Toronto, took up the cudgels for Mr. Patteson, and also made a splendid defence of his conduct of the paper, so much so that Sir Francis Hincks turned to me and asked who the "young man" was. The result of the meeting was a complete vindication by the shareholders of Mr. Patteson's course. It was clearly shown that he had done remarkably well in view of the fact that funds were not always forthcoming to meet the many demands. A few years afterwards, it fell into the hands of the present proprietors, owing to the non-payment of the chattel mortgage to the Riordons. I think the shareholders abandoned their property in the belief that the Riordons would carry it on as a Conservative journal.

Lex.

Don't forget—

BYRRH

is the best and most permanent "pick-me-up." Splendid as an appetizer. Try it with soda or seltzer. On all bars

Political Intelligence

The two candidates in the approaching Ontario by-election in Brockville are getting down to work. The candidates, Messrs. Donovan and Lewis, are splendid platform speakers of ready wit, and well posted on provincial affairs. Mr. Donovan competed against Hon. G. P. Graham in the election of 1905, and made an admirable showing against the then provincial secretary, reducing considerably the average Liberal majority of the riding as at present constituted. Mr. Lewis was an "also ran" in the last Dominion election. He took the field against George Taylor, the Conservative whip, in South Leeds, and was turned under a majority of several hundreds. He is calculated to do better in the present contest. With the government forces backing Mr. Donovan and the desire of the riding to have a government supporter at Toronto as well as at Ottawa, it is thought he can win even with an adverse majority to commence with. The campaign is expected to take on a lively aspect in a few days when several meetings will be held by the candidates thruout the riding. The representatives of the Whitney cabinet are expected to speak on behalf of the government candidate, while A. G. MacKay, the new Liberal leader, will talk for Mr. Lewis. Mr. Donovan started the ball rolling with an enthusiastic rally Saturday evening at Charleston, a small place in the northwest portion of the riding, twenty miles from Brockville. He was accorded a splendid hearing.

The recent speeches by R. L. Borden, Dr. Pugsley and Hon. A. B. Aylesworth are preparing the way for a great house-cleaning at the next session of parliament. In the past, these calls to arms have usually ended in a saw-off. So far as an investigation by parliament is concerned, it is up to the government, altho any member may make the motion. The Montreal Gazette (Con.) congratulates Dr. Pugsley on having given a seed-thought to the nation at Fairville. It opines that the investigation into the campaign funds must touch the funds of both parties, and adds: "If he does not move to get it, there are those who will."

The Halifax Herald (Con.) in bold type calls on Sir Wilfrid Laurier to investigate, but demands an enquiry into the methods of both parties. The Herald says:

The government must act.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised investigation of political corruption in Canada.

Let him make good his promise.

Let him give the people their innings against the corruptionists of both parties.

Let the commission be instituted; and throw the doors wide open to every man who has a charge to make, and let the good work of purifying both parties go on.

This is the high public duty which is now upon Dr. Pugsley.

To proceed with the work which he has taken upon himself.

To bring home his charges to the Conservative party.

And to open the way for like full enquiry into the campaign funds and the corruption of the Liberal party.

Short of this, there is now no stopping place for Dr. Pugsley.

This is the view that Hon. Mr. Tarte takes in La Patrie referring to the Hon. Mr. Pugsley's recent remarks concerning the Conservative election fund at the last general election: "If an investigation takes place—and it is difficult for the government to refuse one—it must be insisted upon that it be made to cover both parties—the Liberal fund and the Conservative fund. That will be the only means to satisfy public opinion."

The Winnipeg Free Press (Lib.) warns R. L. Borden not to "play to the galleries" in Vancouver, by coming out flat-footed against Japanese immigration. The Winnipeg Telegram (Con.) handles the question without gloves, and makes the remarkable charge that the recent flood of Asiatics was brought about by W. T. R. Preston, acting under instructions from the Laurier government. After reviewing Mr. Preston's connection with the North Atlantic Trading Company and his connection with the Leopold agency, which was so roundly denounced by the labor unions thruout the Dominion, The Telegram states the case as follows:

"In this capacity he went to Asia, and lo and behold! we have almost immediately a great incursion of Japanese laborers. There are some astonishingly significant facts about this inroad, which show a pretty clear connection between the Dominion Government and Mr. W. T. R. Preston, and somebody else who wanted the labor in the country.

"In the first place an amendment to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway bill, moved by W. H. Bennett, a Conservative, at the last session of the Dominion parliament, which forbade the employment of Asiatic labor on the railway, was voted down.

"In the second place, at the last session of parliament, a ratification of the British treaty with Japan was slipped thru. The treaty had been in existence for thirteen years, and Canada had never bothered about it. That opened the Canadian door and abrogated Canada's arrangement with the Mikado.

"In the third place Mr. Dunsmuir was instructed to withhold his assent from British Columbia's anti-Asiatic legislation, and did withhold it.

"In the fourth place, Mr. Preston, with all his experience in circumventing European governments, was despatched to Japan, presumably to open the Japanese door, failing in which, he made a side exit by way of Honolulu.

"In the fifth place boat loads of Japanese arrived in Vancouver, and a serious and difficult question was thrust upon the country.

"All these things form a chain of evidence quite irresistible."

The St. John, N.B., Times remarks that Hon. Mr. Emmerson was in St. John the evening Hon. Dr. Pugsley made his Fairville speech, yet he did not receive a "call."

Unquestionably there have been times when the opportunity to secure Mr. Emmerson's presence at a Liberal meeting here would have been hailed with the greatest satisfaction. It is one of the features of political hero-worship hereabouts that the power to give gifts has much influence upon the attitude of the party mind. But if Dr. Pugsley is now acclaimed as the hero, Mr. Emmerson can at least recall an occasion when he passed down the board of trade rooms between two lines of cheering citizens of both parties, who hailed him as the man who had the power and had just pledged himself to labor to the utmost to advance the interests of this port."

The St. John Sun thinks Mr. Borden has been placed in an awkward position by the call of western Conservatives for a convention. It argues:

"Between eastern and western Conservatives there is a great gulf fixed. The western Conservatives are really nearer in policy to the government than they are to Mr. Borden. In the house last session they opposed him to a man upon his tariff attitude. In a general convention a clash between the low tariff western wing and the eastern high tariff disciples of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association would be unavoidable; and so determined are the westerners in their views that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to win their approval to any platform lacking a definite low tariff declaration; and such a plank Mr. Borden cannot insert without sacrificing his party's financial strength in the east. However, if he should be forced to choose between this danger and the certainty of losing the west unless he complies with this demand, Mr. Borden will probably call the convention and take the chance."

The New Brunswick Conservatives are very sanguine. Mr. Hazen (opposition leader in New Brunswick) believes that he will have thirty supporters in the next house. This will give him a large majority.

The World learns on authority which it considers reliable that it is possible that Alexander McNeill may be induced so far to forego his desire for peaceful retirement as to again contest North Bruce, in view of what he regards as "the dreadful condition of public affairs." If so, it would, however, be as an Independent Conservative, we understand, for he would not accept a party nomination.

There is a rumor that Hon. Robert Rogers will retire from the Roblin government before the Dominion elections. It is taken for granted that Mr. Rogers will contest Lisgar in the Conservative interest, with the prospect of a cabinet job at Ottawa should R. L. Borden meet with success at the polls.

NO TIMBER COMBINE.

Editor World: I want to make myself plain, that there is no such organization as a "lumber trust" or "timber combine" in Ontario, and I do not know of any "paper trust" or "combine" in the States; and if pulp has advanced four dollars per ton since last May, it is for the same reason that white pine stumpage has advanced from five dollars to twelve dollars per thousand feet within the past two years. There is no "trust" or "combine" to blame for this increase of values.

It is not everyone that knows of the rapid growing scarcity of this commodity known as pulpwood, from which 85 per cent. of all news print is made.

People who raise the cry of "trust" and "combine" and clamor for "investigation" are not unlike the boy who cried "Wolf, wolf!" when there was no wolf.

But some time when they cry wolf there may be one.

O. E. Elsemore.

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF MILITIA

Lieut.-Col. G. Sterling Ryerson of Toronto, President.

OTTAWA, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—These officers of the association of the medical officers of the militia of Canada have been elected: Honorary president, Sir Frederick Borden, K.C.M.G., minister of militia; honorary first vice-president, Col. E. Fiset, D.S.O., deputy minister of militia; honorary second vice-president, Lieut.-Col. G. C. Jones, director-general of medical services; president, Lieut.-Col. G. Sterling Ryerson, M.R.O., Toronto; secretary-treasurer, Lieut. T. H. Leggett, A.M.C., Ottawa; executive committee, Capt. H. A. Kingsmill, 7th Regiment Fusiliers; Major R. Rennie, 2nd Regiment Q.O.R.; Major Kilburn, P.A.M.C.; Major A. T. Shillington, No. 2 F.A.U., A.M.C.; Lieut.-Col. K. Cameron, A.M.C.; Capt. M. Lauterman, Duke of Connaught's Hussars; Capt. E. A. Lebel, 9th Regiment; Major G. J. McNally, 71st York Regiment; Capt. G. M. Campbell, 7th Nova Scotia Regiment; Lieut. J. W. Manchester, 90th Regiment, Winnipeg Rifles; Capt. F. C. McTavish, 6th Regiment Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles; Lieut.-Col. J. Warburton, 82nd Regiment; Lieut. T. A. Hislop, Headquarters D. G. Vice-presidents for the different districts, as follows: Capt D H Hogg, A.M.C., M.D. No. 1; Lieut.-Col Hillary, 12th Regiment, M.D. No. 2; Lieut-Col Duff, P.A. M.C., M.D. No. 3; Major J D Courtenay, M.R.O., M.D. No. 4; Major MacTaggart, 1st Prince of Wales Fusiliers, M.D. No. 5; Lieut-Col Worthington, A. M.C., P.M.O., M.D. No. 6; Lieut-Col Grondin, 87th Regiment, M.D. No. 7; Lieut-Col MacLaren, A.M.C., M.D. No. 8; Lieut-Col Sponagele, A.M.C., M.D. No. 9; Major Devine, P.A.M.C., M.D. No. 10; Lieut-Col J A Grant, P.A.M.C., M.D. No. 11; Lieut-Col Johnston, A.M. C., M.D. No. 12; Capt S W Hewetson, A.M.C., M.D. No. 13.

The next annual meeting will be held in Ottawa next summer.

Public Ownership.

John Z. White of Chicago, the ablest exponent of the subject in the U. S., will give an address on "The Public Ownership of Public Utilities" next Friday night in Victoria Hall, East Queen-street. The lecture is free to all, and all interested in the question that is occupying the attention of the public more than that of any other to-day, will not fail to attend.

The body of a prematurely born child was found under some ashes in a box in rear of Macpherson-avenue yesterday morning.

A MINISTER WHO KNOWS.

Rev. Mr. Blanchard of Clairmount knows what he says in stating the only sure cure for hay fever is Catarrhozone. "For two months of the year for ten years I suffered. Catarrhozone cured me so perfectly that the disease has not returned. Others in my parish I know have been permanently cured by Catarrhozone, which I strongly recommend for hay fever, asthma and bronchitis. $1 at druggists.

SASKATCHEWAN FARMERS NEED GOVERNMENT PHONE

Expert Dagger Institutes Enquiries as to Sentiment for Province Owned System.

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 23.—(Special.)—F. Dagger, the government's telephone expert, has been making enquiries thruout the province, regarding the present telephone service, with the object of ascertaining the sentiment in favor of provincial phones. Almost unanimously the opinion is given in favor of government owned and operated lines. The following excerpts are from the replies received by Mr. Dagger:

Abernethy—No telephone system of any kind. Farming community and adjacent villages would be greatly benefited by the provincial system.

Arcola—Bell telephone, charges $30 business, $20 residence. No long distance service. The company has intimated its intention of installing one. No farmers have telephone service. Favor government owned line. No night service after ten.

Battleford—Bell, 75 subscribers, $30 and $20 per year. Long distance to North Battleford, four miles. Farmers have no telephones. Service satisfactory.

Broadview and Creelman—Do not require local phones.

Carnduff—Anxious to have service. Saskatchewan Telephone Co. provides unsatisfactory service. Thirty cents per talk to Moosejaw, 17 miles. Farmers have no phones.

Earl Grey and Frobisher—No telephone service in this part of the country. Would welcome government line.

Churchbridge—No company service. Farmers anxious for one.

Lumsden—The Bell Telephone Company and the Pearson Telephone Company. No local exchange. Citizens and farmers anxious to have government system.

Moosejaw—Saskatchewan Telephone Company has 476 telephones in the city. Rates, $18 party line, $24 separate, $30 business.

Milestone—Rural system being put in by farmers. Long distance connections with the Soo Line.

North Portal—Telephone system operated from the American side, by the Clyde Telephone Company. Charges $1.60 and $2 per month.

Oxbow — Independent Company. Rates $25 business, $18 residence.

Pense — Saskatchewan Telephone Company. Rates 10 cents per minute.

Prince Albert—Bell Telephone. Rates $30 and $20 with an additional charge per annum of $4 per each quarter mile of line over a half mile from the central office.

Qu'Appelle—Bell, 51 phones. Rates $18 and $24. Farmers have no telephone service.

Regina—Bell, 642 phones. Rates $35 and $25.

The replies to Mr. Dagger's circular from local improvement districts were along the line of agreement with the government policy. Wherever there is a farming community the sentiment is strongly for government ownership of telephones.

ALD. GRAHAM'S DREAMS.

6th Ward Representative Thinks He's of the Stuff Controllers Are Made.

Ald. J. J. Graham does not deny the soft impeachment that he has controllership ambitions. He has been an alderman for fourteen years, and thinks he deserves promotion. But, then, ex-Ald. John Dunn had the same idea. It is possible that the occasional dark hints of Ald. McBride, to the effect that there were certain aldermen who remained in council year after year without being able to get up nerve enough to make the bigger plunge, may be rankling in the mind of the sixth ward veteran.

E. P. Roden, who resigned a few months ago as chief clerk, in the city engineer's department, may be an aldermanic candidate in ward five.

SWITCHMAN SMUCK ACQUITTED.

BRANTFORD, Sept. 23.—George Smuck, G. T. R. switchman, charged with criminal negligence, causing the death of a trainman here, was honorably acquitted by Judge Hardy.

It was shown that the wreck was due to misinterpretation of the lantern signal which was given by the crew of another train in the yards.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

OTTAWA, Sept. 22.—(Special.)—The civil service commission will begin its sittings in Toronto on Wednesday, where witnesses will also be heard from Hamilton, London and other points. Thomas Howe, the secretary, left tonight for Toronto to make arrangements for the hearing of witnesses.

Unexcelled Service to Montreal.

Grand Trunk expresses leave Toronto daily at 9.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m. and 10.15 p.m. The 9.00 p.m. carries Pullman sleeper to Portland and cafe parlor car to Montreal. The 9.00 p.m. carries Pullman sleeper, and the 10.15 p.m. "Eastern Flyer" carries four or more modern sleepers. These trains are made up of wide vestibule, steam heated cars of the newest and strongest construction, and are lighted by Pintsch gas. Secure your tickets and make reservations at City Office, northwest corner King and Yonge-streets.

The Hunting Season

Those interested in a place to go hunting this fall should write for a copy of "Haunts of Fish and Game," a publication issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System, telling where all kinds of game may be found, list of game laws, descriptive matter regarding the several hunting districts, maps, etc. Sent free to any address on application to J. D. McDonald, district passenger agent, Union Station, Toronto, Ont.

Cement Company Assigns.

The Raven Lake Portland Cement Company of Raven Lake, Ontario, has assigned to H. R. Morton of Toronto. The cause of the assignment appears to have been simply that the company was not turning out enough cement to pay dividends. The company has been in existence for about three years, and has a capital of $500,000, nearly all paid up. The machinery is of the newest type.

The city has been given leave to appeal the decision of the Ontario railway board re the cleaning of snow from the car tracks.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

A Saving Price on Warmer Underwear FOR MEN

Medium winter weight Scotch wool just fills the wants of these cool mornings. And it's such a good healthy garment! Plain weave; Shetland shade; shirts double-breasted, ribbed cuffs; drawers have ribbed ankles.

But there are just small and medium sizes left, so we're clearing out the lot Wednesday at, per garment **43c**

Buy a Season's Supply!

MAIN FLOOR—QUEEN STREET.

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

STORE CLOSES DAILY AT 6 P.M.

AT OSGOODE HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Chambers.

Cartwright, master, at 11 a.m.

Judges' Chambers.

Chief Justice Meredith at 11 a.m.

Divisional Court.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1. Peterboro Hydraulic v. McAllister.
2. Bickell v. Woodley.
3. Sovereign Bank v. Hamilton.
4. Re Rochester and Essex.
5. Maxon v. Irwin.
6. Jones v. Gibson.

Court of Appeal.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1. Hudson Bay and Keewatin v. Kenora (continued).
2. Avery v. Fortune.
3. LaRose Mining Co. v. T. & N. O. Railway Co.
4. London and Western Trusts Co. v. Canadian Fire Insurance Co.

Toronto Non-Jury Sittings.

Peremptory list for 10.30 a.m.:
1. Johnston v. Johnston.
2. Sleeman v. Gilmour.
3. Trusts and Guarantee v. Hill.
4. Wiley v. Blum.
5. Guelph and Goderich Railway v. G. T. R. Co.

Gammell v. Hughes.

Wants the Property.

Annie Wilson Tweedie has begun an action against Edith Alice Gilmore to recover posession of certain lands on the west side of Sorauren-avenue.

Fraudulent Conveyance.

James Robertson Co. have issued a writ against W. H. Drewitt and Francis Drewitt of Hamilton to have a certain conveyance set aside as fraudulent and void.

Exhibition Building Account.

Unpaid bills to the amount of $9973.80 on the manufacturers' building, exhibition grounds, are the subject of an action brought by Self Bros. against the Corporation of the City of Toronto.

Hotel Business.

M. J. Spencer of Port Hope is defendant in an action brought by James G. Strong to recover $908.21, balance owing under a certain agreement for the purchase of the hotel business of Haskill & Fleeton of Port Hope.

McCaul-Street Property.

To recover possession of the lands and premises at 42 McCaul-street, Toronto, Phoebe Jane Wilson has issued a writ against Joseph Albert Wilson of New York. She is also asking for an accounting of rents.

Reserved Judgment.

The divisional court reserved judgment on the appeal from Judge MacMahon's decision in the action brought by Ernest Pitt of Montreal against J. P. Dickson of Ottawa to recover $27,500 on certain shares of mining stock. The trial judge gave judgment in favor of Pitt for $9000 and costs. Dickson is appealing.

Court of Appeal Judgment.

The court of appeal has handed out the following judgment in the action of Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Co. against Leadlay.

The judgment appealed from is set aside and the plaintiffs withdrawing all charges of fraud against the defendants, the Leadlays, and submitting to redeem them in respect of their mortgage, treating it as a valid security for the whole amount and allowing the Leadlays to charge against the mortgaged lands the amounts advanced and paid by them under and upon the postponement and agreement for the release of the equity of redemption of the mortgaged premises, making all proper allowances for taxes and other expenditures, including payments and expenses made or incurred in and about the care and sales of lands which have been disposed of, or are undisposed of, the Leadlays accounting for the lands included in the mortgage. Judgment for redemption in these terms. The Leadlays to add their costs of the action, the appeal and subsequent proceedings to their claims. In default of redemption the action to be dismissed with all costs. No costs of action or appeal as between the plaintiffs and defendants Moore.

The Way to New York.

Grand Trunk Express leaves Toronto daily at 6.10 p.m., thru coach and cafe parlor car to Buffalo and thru sleeper to New York. City Office, northwest corner King and Yonge-streets

—brewed right
—aged right
—bottled right
—looks right
—tastes right
—IS right

O'Keefe's Special Extra MILD ALE

Money cannot buy better Coffee than Michie's finest blend Java and Mocha, 45c lb.

Michie & Co., Limited

FURRIERS

—TO—

H. M. Queen Alexandra AND H. R. H. The Prince of Wales

Fur-Lined Cloaks

In selecting a Fur-lined Cloak our patrons are afforded an opportunity of choosing from a variety of styles that seems well nigh endless.

The coverings are of a superior quality of French Broadcloth, in any shade wanted. Linings are of Hamster, Squirrel Lock, Grey Squirrel or Muskrat, and the collar may be of any fur desired.

A very pretty wrap lined with Grey and White Squirrel has an insert collar and cuffs of velvet with dainty braid trimming laid on. Inverted pleats are caught with silk ornaments and cloth straps on the sleeves are fastened with buttons similar to those used as fastenings for cloak. Price is $55

Holt, Renfrew & Co.

5 King Street East.

REV. HUGH GRANT ARBITRATOR.

OTTAWA, Sept. 23.—Rev. Hugh Grant of Fernie, B. C., the original of Ralph Connor's novel, "The Sky Pilot," has been selected by the department of labor to be the chairman of the permanent committee of arbitration between the coal companies operating in the Crow's Nest Pass and their miners.

OTTAWA MAN DROWNED.

OTTAWA, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—News has reached the city that Ernest Machado, of the firm of Machado & Weeks, architects, and younger brother of J. A. Machado, manager of the American Bank Note Co. of Ottawa, had been drowned at Chocoru Lake, New Hampshire