

Introduction

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The history of nuclear energy in Canada is a story of government leadership and public support. The Atomic Energy Act (AEA) of 1946 established the Atomic Energy Control Board (AECB) and the Atomic Energy of Canada Limited (AECL). The AEA was the first of its kind in the world, and it provided the legal framework for the development of nuclear energy in Canada.

The AEA was amended in 1952 to create the Atomic Energy of Canada Limited (AECL), which was a Crown corporation. AECL was responsible for the development and production of nuclear reactors and fuel. The AEA was further amended in 1970 to create the Atomic Energy Control Board (AECB), which was responsible for the regulation of nuclear energy in Canada.

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