NORTHWEST REVIEW, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26.


A. C. MORCAN,
 Ecclesiastical Province of
Boniface. TV " $5=$





CITY AND ELSEWHERE.
 Branches No. 5 and 163 of the C .
B. Aold their regular meetiags ne B. A. hold their regular meetiags next
week. Members are refrere to another
coumn inthis paper siving wotice of a
special assessment.


The choir of St. Mary's charch intend
holding asaced conert ontle evening
of Tuesday, March 3rd. They are pre. of Tuesday, Marchl 3rd. They are pree
paring yrand proyramme tor the ooca.
pion and this added to tie splendid reparing a grand programme tor the occa.
sion, and this added tothe glendid ree
putation they lave gained as on of the moost capable of the musical organizar-
tion of the tiy will undoubtedly ensure
a larye audience.
In continuing liis larese series of ser
mons on Matrimony at the Church of the mons on Matriwony at the Church of the
Immacolate Conception the Rev. Father
Cherrier on
 condemned such unions, and in elloqu-
ent and striking languape which rivetled

 marriage of parties LoIding sach widely
diffrent beliefs as that of Catholic and
Protestant. The great curling bonspiel is a thing
of the past for this year, the last $x$ zames
 lam carried home with them the princi pal cup, viz, that given in the erand
chanlenge competition. One of theprin
cipal prizes wes won by Mr. T. Kelly the Winnipeg Granites, who made the
highest score in thie point competion
thereby winning a handsome and valuthereby winning a handsome and valu
able gold watch Thns sucesss achied eved
by Fremoten and an Irisiman is an

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| :---: |
| $\substack{\text { toba } \\ \text { ties. }}$ |

THE C. M. B. A.

## Special Assessment this Month.

 of the C. M. M. B. A. should take noticethat they are called upon to pay a pecial
and assessment for this month in addition to the regular assessment. All those who
have already paid their branch secret aries the February assessment will need Mopay the extra one before the 3 rd uust pay a double assessment before the date named. This is the first time since the inauguration of the new systen
that the Grand Conncil officers have found it nece8sary to exercise their
power of calling for special assessments with which to meet the demand of an unusual death rate. The society has been very fortunate in this respect so far
but of course this was a which could not be expected to last for ver without interrupton.
low the official notice taken from this month's "Canadian"

 given in our constitation. You must
pay these two assessments to the Fin.
ancial Sec of your Branch on or bere ancial Sec. of your Branch on or before
the third lay of March, 1896.
Branch Treasurers must remit to me the amount
of these two assessments acconpanied with Monthly Assessment Report on or
before the 9 th day of March, , 1896. Members and especially officers of branches, 1,8, 9, 10 and 11 , of our Constitution in order to become acquainted with the
gulations regarding Assessments. Yours traternally,
SAM. R. Brow;, Grand Sec. CONSTITUTIONAL

AND HONEST.

The Remedial Bill has at last been introduced at Ottawa, and is fairly launch-
ed before the puhlic. It bears evidence of great care and thoughtfulness on the part of those who framed it, and of
an evident desire to conscientiously redody the grievance complained of, and
do right to the minority, and at the same time give as little offence as possible to the majority. The position of the Federal Government in this matter
has been a most trying one. It has been a question of the devil and the deep sea, and that it has been forced upon them
by the Greenway Government for a pur pose, no one for a moment doubts. It the term of office of the present government was expiring, for the purpose ot using it as a sort of "bloody shirt" arran gement to catch votes, and it was a draw-
ing card and succeeded well. As a political subterfuge it bas been nuquestionably a success. As to its merits there
is nothing in the attitude of the GreenWay Governmentesect. N̄o one whe knows anything about the subject will dispute the assertion that the Catholics have a grievance. They had rights be-
fore 1890 which the scbol act of year took from them. Any man who
can read can understand this. It does
$\qquad$ the legal accumen of a jurist to see it
but if there was any difficulty in reach ing this understanding by a layman, the han whom there is no more eminent should be sufficient. It was clearly in timated by it that it was the duty of the
province to deal with the subject and to remedy the grievance. Refusing to obe the mandate it became the duty of the
Dominion to protect the rights of the respect the Government that perils it lar cause and to restore to a small minor ity rights which have been wrested fron
them. We are not champions of Separ ate Schools,-we are not pro-Catholic
and have no affiliation with, o special love for that charch. It is a mat
ter of reg ret that one school system can not be made satisfactory to all classes
but that is not the question. The ques tion is one of tonesty-nothing more or less-asd the Dominion Government
proposes to be honest. It was a party
to an agreement, whereby certain rights were guaranteed to certain people, and
we bonor the leadership that is bol enough, manly enough and bones enough to say that those rights shall be
maintained, whatever may be the poli-
The Remedial Bill will pass. The gov ernment will be sustained,- -it cannot be
otherwise. Canada cannot afford to b dishonest and it will not be. What
then? Will the Greenway Government accept the invitation to administer the by the Federal Government on the lines
of honesty of honesty and justice as indicated by
the Privy Council, or will they in sullen ness, obstinacy and a spirit of detiance and the parent government, refuse th invitation and allow a double adminis-
tration of education to prevail? Whl they be true and loyal and patriotic, and
faithful to the interests of the province, faithful to the interests of the province,
and to the Dominion; or will they be silly enough to talk of disunion, and use
threats of resorting to bullets and the threats of resorting to bullets and the
sword ? We will not pretend to say will do. Their ways are past finding
out, but we are sure that Manito be loyal-that faithful subjects of the
Queen here will bow submissively and obediently to the law of the land ; an we are equally sure that all others, in
cluding Mr. Greenway and his cluding Mr. Greenway and
be obliged to do likewise.

ALBERT EVANS


| ON A BICYCLE TOUR. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ERGYMAN'S EXPERIENCE <br> LONG, HARD RIDING. | Catholic Prayer Books |
|  | Hart \& Maclherson, <br> BOOKSELLERS <br> AND STATIONERS |
| Nomen |  |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \text { For th } \\ \mathrm{Si} \end{array}\right.$ |
|  |  |
|  | Nursery |
|  |  |
|  | Requsirs |
|  |  |
|  |  |

 Embalmers,
ance, and bave come through them with-
out an ache. For example, one after
out an I rode sorenxy miles, preached
nothat night and made fifty miles of the
hardest kind of road belore noon
next day. Another instance was a
Century run the last forty miles on
through mud and slush.
"You should think I would recom-
mend them to others? Well, I bave,
and have had the pleasure of seeing
ery good results in a number of in
tances. Yes, I should feel that I wa
neglecting a duty if I failed to sugge
ink Yills to any friend whom I kuew

 cures from other troubles, but I have
needed them only for that, though it would be but fair to add that my genera
lealth has been better this summer Drever before in my life."
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all
the elements necessary to the elements necessary to give new life
and richness to the blood and restor shattered nerves. They are sold in
boxes never in loose form, by the dozen


## The vam Toil hat or <br> WINNIPEG.

Sergt. Oliver writes to the Evans Gold Cure as follows:
Winnipec, February $\operatorname{Sth} 1896$ Seven months having elapsed since I
eft your Institute, cured of all need or
eesire for higquor, I deem it a great por desire or hiquor, deem it a great pleas.
ure, as well as a duty to humanity, to add
n't testimony in favor of your Guld Cure," which bas wrounght such a
change for the better in my life For years previous and up to entering your
Institute, my life was one continual drank, my entire wages went for whiskey,
and very often I pawned my clothes to
obtain sufficient pmoney to obtain sufficient money to pay for a
drink. I actually hated whiskey as a
beverage, but found life unbearable and beverage, but found life unbearable and
a burden without it. To-day I am per-
fectly free from all taste for it and am happier in my "new life" than for many
yeara and pray to Ged that it may so
continue and You may publisht this it will. you see fit
and any desirous of corresponding with
me can rest assured of an answer being received. Most sincerely, 458 Balmoral St., Winnipeg

## ELGLISII ALE

Having purchased a stock of Lucas' Cel-
brated English Ale at a great reduction, we are willing, untul New year, to give our cushance to buy the real English Ale at local le price, was never offered before, and we
ave no doubt it will be fally appreciated.

Quarts, \$2 per doz.
Pints, $\$ 1$ per doz.
RICHARD \& CO.,
365 Main Street.

## A STIMULANT <br> A TONIC. <br> A FOOD. <br> FOR OLD PEOPLE. FOR YOUNG PEOPLE <br>  <br>  <br> 


Kes


CARRIAGES KEPT AT STABLE.


Try a can of "cold dust"

