

RIOTOUS STRIKERS

Create a Fatal Disturbance in Galveston, Texas.

President and Superintendent of an Illinois Mine in the Hands of a Mob.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 2. — One thousand five hundred striking colored longshoremen at Galveston endeavored to prevent employment of other men in their places, and a riot resulted. Strikers were fired on and dispersed by order of Mayor F.W. One white man killed and six men wounded.

St. Louis, Sept. 2. — A special from Pana, Ill., says that 600 striking miners last evening seized David J. Overholt and Lewis Overholt, president and superintendent, respectively, of the Springfield mines. The two officials were taken out of their buggies by the mob and carried to the residence of the latter. Nothing is known of their fate. Rev. Dr. Millard, a minister of Pana, made a plea to the miners to release the Overholts, and was knocked in the head with a revolver for his pains. The officials were dragged from their buggies in front of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern depot. The seizure was made for the purpose of demanding the surrender of the negro miners who had been working in union men's places. The miners were overtaken by the state officials of the Illinois Union and halted. D. J. and Lewis Overholt gave the committee an order to send for a committee of the miners. The sheriff refused, and replied, demanding the release of the Overholts. John Mitchell, national vice-president of the union, sent back a note, saying the Overholts were not in his keeping.

BRAVE JANE SHAW

Has Helped to Save No Less Than Six People From Drowning.

Coloma, Sept. 2. — While wading from Jenks' dock to the terminal station pier in Paw Paw lake Tuesday evening, Thomas Howard, of Chicago, stepped into a hole dug in the ground by the screw of one of the steamers, and would have drowned but for the timely assistance of Guy Strickie and Miss Jane Shaw.

This is the sixth instance in which Miss Shaw's courage and presence of mind have rendered valuable assistance in rescues from drowning among visitors at the lake.

K. OF P.

Supreme Lodge to Meet in Detroit in 1900.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2. — The committee appointed to recommend the time and place of holding the next annual convention of the uniform rank Knights of Pythias and the convention of the supreme lodge, has reported in favor of Detroit, and set the time for the meeting of the supreme lodge on the second Tuesday in September, 1900.

The committee also investigated the charges against the supreme officers, and that they were not extravagant, but had only carried out the best of the supreme lodge. Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals White is also exonerated from charges of being interested in some going business with the supreme lodge.

SEVEN PERISHED

In the Savannah Tornado—U. S. Officer and Six Soldiers Drowned While Trying to Rescue Sailors.

Savannah, Sept. 2. — Lieut. Morgan, U. S. engineer corps, was drowned off Tybee in the storm of Wednesday, with six regular soldiers. He went out in a yawl to rescue the sailors of an Italian bark. The yawl capsized, and Morgan, with his men, were drowned.

Second Mate Garibaldi, of the Italian bark Noe, was drowned here during the storm. He was trying to reach shore from his boat, but was blown from the life line. Nearly all the tents and clothing of the garrison at Tybee were blown into the ocean. All records were lost, and considerable confusion will result when pay day comes or a muster out is ordered. The damage to property in and around Savannah is estimated at \$200,000.

RIFLE MATCHES

Continuation of the Contests at Rock Life Ranges, Ottawa.

Rifle Ranges, Rockliffe, Sept. 2. — The match for the Gillespie challenge cup, open to teams of six men making the best scores in the Bankers, Macdonalds and Kirkpatrick matches, individual medal for highest scorer, scores at 500 and 600 yards to count, was shot off yesterday morning, resulting as follows: Cup, 7th Batt. Wentworth, total 1,790; next in order, 10th R. G. I., 777; 8th Q. R., 1,775; 5th R. G. I., 1,750; 5th Batt., 1,748; 43rd Batt., 1,744; 48th Highlanders, 1,740. The medal was won by Capt. W. H. Davidson with 220.

The matches closed with the provincial match for teams of eight men, known as the London Merchants' cup. The ranges are 200, 300 and 400 yards, 7 shots at each, and coaching is allowed. The result was as follows: Cup and 500, Province of Ontario, 744; Cup and 600, Province of Ontario, 744; Cup and 700, Nova Scotia, 722; New Brunswick, 711.

Last evening the prize won in the Canadian Military Rifle League were distributed by Maj.-Gen. Laurier, president. The same officers as last year were re-elected.

The following are the first 20 in the 1000: Lieut. Blair 491, Lieut. Limpert, 24th, 489; Major Hart, O. R., 489; Pte. Heller, R. G. I., 489; Capt. O. W. Wetmore, 74th, 487; Color-Sergeant E. Skedden, 14th, 487; Capt. A. W. Wetmore, 487; Sergt.-Lieut. T. A. Bertram, 32nd, 487; Sergt.-Lieut. A. Robertson, 47th, 486; Sergt. P. Armstrong, R. G. I., 485.

THE ABSOLUTE PURITY OF ABBEY'S Effervescent Salt IS PROVEN BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

Sergt. C. R. Crowe, 1st R. F. A., 484; Capt. W. J. Sloane, 5th R. C. A., 483; Pte. Fleming, B. I. Co., 483; Lieut. R. A. Robertson, 12th, 482; Sergt. Broadhurst, 5th R. S., 482; Capt. T. Mitchell, 12th, 481; Capt. A. O. Cartwright, R. G. I., 481; Sergt.-Major S. Hughes, 12th, 480; Sergt. A. Graham, 48th, 479; Gr. G. Turnbull, 5th R. C. A., 478; Col.-Sergt. J. Drysdale, 1st R. F. A., 478; Lieut. G. S. Kinneir, 8th Hussars, 478; Capt. R. Rennie, Q. O. R., 478; Capt. J. E. Hutcheson, 47rd, 477; Lieut. J. Ogg, 1st R. F. A., 476; Pte. J. Weatherbie, 82nd, 476; Lieut. Buckley, 32nd, 476; Capt. P. E. Ross, 13th, 476; Capt. F. K. Ross, 13th, 476; Capt. W. C. King, 4th, 475.

ON THE LOOKOUT

Returning Officers for the Plebiscite Appointed in the Western Districts.

The following is the list of plebiscite returning officers for the western section of Ontario, the only district remaining unfiled being those of the Oxford. Voting, Sept. 29: Bothwell-Geo. Moore, Bothwell, Brant, S. R.—Wm. Watt, Jun., Brantford. Bruce, N. R.—Peter Anderson, Hepworth. Bruce, W. R.—Hugh Murray, Underwood. Bruce, E. R.—Sheriff F. S. O'Connor, Walkerton. Elgin, E. R.—Alex. Darraach, St. Thomas. Elgin, W. R.—Colin St. Clair Leitch, Dutton. Essex, S. R.—John C. Her, Windsor. Essex, N. R.—Y. W. Asha, Windsor. Grey, S. R.—Donald McDougall, Mullock. Grey, E. R.—Caldwell Graham, Dundalk. Grey, N. R.—Wm. A. Bishop. Huron, W. R.—James Yates, Goderich. Huron, E. R.—Finlay S. Scott, Brussels. Huron, S. R.—Thomas Fraser, Brucefield. Kent-Frederick Stone, Chatham. Lambton, W. R.—Wm. L. Lambert, Wyoming. Lambton, E. R.—John W. Kingston, Watford. London City—Alfred Talbot, London. Middlesex, E. R.—Sheriff D. M. Cameron, London. Middlesex, N. R.—Archibald MacLachlan, Sydenham. Middlesex, W. R.—Geo. E. Elliott, Appleton. Middlesex, S. R.—John McDougall, Pond Mills. Perth, S. R.—Sheriff John Hassie, Stratford. Perth, S. R.—Patrick Whelan, St. Marys. Simcoe, S. R.—Wm. C. Henry, Thornton. Simcoe, E. R.—Geo. D. Grant, Orillia. Waterloo, N. R.—Alex. McPherson, Berlin. Waterloo, S. R.—Thos. Barrett, Galt. Welland-Jas. Smith, Welland. Wellington, N. R.—John Anderson, Arrol. Wellington, C. R.—Wm. H. Gordon, Perkus. Wellington, S. R.—John Mitchell, Guelph. Wentworth and Brant, N. R.—J. L. Addison, M. D., St. George. Wentworth and Brant, S. R.—Alex. B. Foran, Winona.

WESTERN WHEAT

Dr. Saunders Report on the Manitoba Crop—The Yield Better Than the Official Estimate.

Ottawa, Sept. 2. — Dr. Wm. Saunders says that the official estimate of the Manitoba wheat crop is under the mark. "In the larger part of Manitoba, to the east, the crops are heavy, but in many districts in the western part they are lighter than usual, and probably below the average. Taking the province throughout, I am of the opinion that the estimate made by the Government is the correct one. The issue of the crop bulletin of 17.41 bushels per acre is under the mark. The difference in the yield of grain between the eastern and western parts of the province is due to the fact that the spring rains occurred earlier in the east. The drought in the spring cut the crop in the west, and has lessened the weight of the crops there, but further west the crops are heavier. On the Phosphor Plains there is a large area under wheat, and the heaviest crops I saw were found there. It is believed that wheat grown on summer fallow in this district will give an average of fully 30 bushels per acre, and that grown on spring plowing and stubble is expected to average from 20 to 25 bushels per acre.

"The oats in this district will also be much heavier than the average given for Manitoba. The extent of summer fallow and new breaking in this district is surprising. No frosts had occurred up to Friday last to injure the grain either in Manitoba or in the Northwest Territories, and in Manitoba the wheat was then nearly all out, and much of it stacked. The grain throughout is plump and heavy, and there are very few small kernels, hence the proportion of marketable grain will be large and of excellent quality."

NATURAL GAS

Official Report of the Essex and Welland Product.

Washington, Sept. 2. — The United States geological survey has completed its annual report upon the production of natural gas. The report says: The two fields that furnish nearly all the natural gas are the Essex and Welland fields. There are about 24 wells producing in the Essex field, and about 106 in the Welland. More gas was furnished in 1897 than in 1896, the product in the latter year being valued at \$500,448, as against \$276,710 in the former. The largest markets for the gas are Detroit, Mich., and Buffalo, N. Y. There is some production in the neighborhood of Petrolia and Oil Springs, Lambton and Kent counties. In 1897, 140 wells were operated, with 297 miles of pipe, employing 34 men, whose wages aggregated \$43,338.

BIO MINING DEAL

Rossland, B. C., Sept. 2. — A group of South Belt properties, including the Lilly May, situated on Deer Park Mountain, have been sold for \$300,000 to the English-Canadian Company. The transfer has been made and the money paid.

CRAZED BY LOSS OF HIS GOLD. Seattle, Wash., Sept. 2. — Dr. B. F. Adams, of New York, who arrived here Tuesday from Alaska, on the steamer Roanoke, has been declared insane. Adams had a large amount of gold stolen at St. Michaels, and it is thought that brooding over it unbalanced his mind.

DIED NEGLECTED

Corpse of a U. S. Volunteer Found in a Train.

Sitting Up, Surrounded by Weak and Suffering Soldiers—Startling Experiences of Washington Women.

Washington, Sept. 2. — Some Washington women remain on the railroad tracks at Maryland avenue and Ninth street practically day and night, visiting hospital trains as they pass through and ministering to sick and wounded soldiers. These ladies not only cheer fever-ridden, sun-scorched veterans with words of encouragement and bright smiles, but they also supply them with ice-cold milk and other cooling beverages besides tempting sandwiches and fruits.

Mrs. Carrie A. Dent had in one of the coaches a most shocking experience. After entering the car she noticed an extremely pale and emaciated volunteer sitting in one of the seats. He was a boyish fellow, with large blue eyes. Mrs. Dent approached him with outstretched hands, and said in kindly tones:

"My poor boy, have a glass of cold milk; it will refresh you."

The emaciated volunteer stared, and made no reply.

"Drink this and you will feel better," she continued, placing her hand upon his shoulder.

The soldier continued to stare, and spoke not. She gazed into his eyes, touched his clammy forehead, and, after a springing look, exclaimed:

"My God, the poor boy is dead!"

And so he was. Dead and sitting upright in the coach seat, surrounded by weak and suffering comrades. The unfortunate boy died while speeding toward his northern home. Mrs. Dent hastened from the car to notify the authorities, but before she could do so a Pennsylvania railroad locomotive was coupled to the car and the train sped away.

The ladies of this mercy band have found eight dead soldiers dead in one bunk at 2 o'clock last Saturday morning. A comrade told her they had received no food, medicine or attention for 24 hours.

Miss Neameyer, another of the women, found two soldiers dead in one bunk at 2 o'clock last Saturday morning. A comrade told her they had received no food, medicine or attention for 24 hours.

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GRAFTON & CO

Clothing Manufacturers.



Autumn's First Offering

Look, Mother, Look!

WE SELL DIRECT AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

In our Boys' Department never before had we such captivating styles, and never so great an assortment, and never in the history of our selling, or of yours in buying, have you seen such low prices.

Boys' All-Wool 2-Piece Suits, \$1 50, \$1 95 and \$2 50.

Boys' All-Wool 3-Piece Suits, \$2 50, \$2 95 and \$3 50.

Youths' Long Pants Suits, All Wool, \$3 50, \$3 95, \$4 50.

GRAFTON & CO

CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Never fear, we can please you. J. M. HICKEY Manager. Strictly cash and one price to all.

A STRANGE BEQUEST

George Ward Wills His Teeth to the Church.

They Were Plugged With Gold and the Church Realized on Them.

In olden times it was a well-esteemed custom for knight or lady to bequeath articles of value to the church, but this pious purpose has received a new setting in Abington, Illinois. When George Ward died and he will was read it was found that he had bequeathed his set of false teeth to the Congregational Church.

Mr. Ward lived for years on his farm, two miles from the city. All that time he was a devout and faithful member of the Congregational church. Advancing age confined him more and more to the limits of the farm, but he always attended services on Sundays, unless elemental disturbances prohibited. He was very old, 85 years when he died, and for a long time had lived in the strictest seclusion, but he never wavered in his love of the church. While not a wealthy man, he was well to do, and the members expected he would remember the society when called to rest. He did in the manner mentioned.

He died recently, and when the will was admitted to probate it was found that the teeth which for years had supplemented the natural molars of the testator were the only articles bequeathed to the church. This was one of the executor's business, so he turned the teeth over to the church treasurer and let it go at that. No instructions were set forth in the document relative to the disposition of the teeth, so the treasurer was in a sad state.

But the eccentricities of the testator proved a source of ultimate profit to the legatees. In order that his false teeth might look as much like the real given to him by nature, Mr. Ward had instructed his dentist to "plug" them well with gold. So it befell that the old man's original vanity furnished at last money for the sustenance of the church. The dentist did as ordered, and filled many the grinders with virgin gold. The treasurer, on examining the legacy to discover what on earth to do with it, saw the gold, and became possessed by an inspiration. Why not sell them for the gold therein?

The treasurer is a man of action. Inspiration produced more than a dreamy state with him. He sent the teeth to a dentist and had them appraised. The appraiser decided that they contained \$2 worth of gold and offered to part with that sum for the teeth. His offer was accepted and the church realized on the bequest unexpectedly. What had appeared as a joke became an eccentric man's method of giving money to the society with which he had been identified so long.

Mr. Ward was a native of Phillipps-town, Mass., and was destined for the study of medicine, and in time was duly commissioned to practice. But a doctor's life did not suit him and he ended his professional life right there. He disposed of his medical books, bought a farm, married a wife and settled down to farming.

In spite of his dentition Mr. Ward was regarded as a high-minded and honorable man. He was well liked by friends and associates, who readily forgave eccentricities because of the innate goodness of the man. He was very devout, and in his last public prayer, offered before his death, he prayed fervently for the enlightenment and strengthening of Cuba. His body was sent to Terre Haute for burial beside that of his second wife.

CONCERNING CLOCKS.

Repeating clocks were invented by Barlow about 1670.

There was a striking clock in Westminster abbey in 1688.

The invention of the escapement is ascribed to Gerbert in 1000 A. D.

The magnetic clock was invented by Dr. Locke of Cincinnati in 1847-8.

Toothed wheels were first applied to clocks by Ctesibius about 140 B. C.

It is said that Richard Harris and the younger Galilei constructed the first pendulum.

Pendulums are affected by variations of density of the air, as well as by changing temperature.

The largest clock in the world is that in Westminster abbey. It was set up on May 30, 1859.

The first portable clock was made in 1550. Originally clock wheels were three feet in diameter.

America practically supplies the whole world with clocks, nearly every civilized country importing them.

Railroad clocks are usually provided with a compens