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Newfoundland Regiment that Sailed on the "Calgarian,"
 And of Nearly all the Reservists.

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359th Day of the War

LATEST

From the Front.

Messages Received

Previous to 9 a.m.

OFFICIAL.
 LONDON, July 28.
 The Governor, Newfoundland:
 The French Government report the captured position at Hingekopf in the Vosges, consolidated and extended. Several hundred prisoners were taken.
 The Russian Government report successful counter attacks on both banks of the Narva between Wierz and Bug, and north of Grubieszow. Enemy forces have crossed Bag in the Sokal region.
 The Italian Government report that the battle continues in the Isonzo front on Carso Plateau. A strong position was captured but owing to cross fire the Italians retreated to a point beneath the crest, where they maintain themselves. Progress has been made in the centre and on the right. A position on the Southern Carso ridge, has been captured; 2,200 prisoners were taken during the day.—BONAR LAW.

PREMIER ASQUITH'S SPEECH AND SIR HENRY DALZIEL'S CRITICISM.

LONDON, July 28.
 The war has become, and is likely to continue for some time, a contest of endurance, Premier Asquith told the Commons this afternoon, while making a general review in moving the adjournment of Parliament from to-morrow until September 14th.
 The Premier remarked: "We should be ungrateful and insensitive indeed, if we did not recognize at this moment the indestructible gallant efforts that are being made by our Russian Allies to stem the tide of invasion and retain inviolate the integrity of their possessions. I do not think that the whole of military history there has been a more magnificent example of discipline and endurance and of both individual and collective initiative than has been shown by the Russian Army in the last seven weeks.
 Our new allies in Italy are steadily gaining ground, making their way towards the objective, which, we believe, in a very short time, will be within their reach.
 The Premier declared that the British Government's confidence in results in the Dardanelles operations was undiminished.
 He also emphasized his confidence in the unity of both the French and British armies engaged in the Western field.
 Referring to the fact that next week would see the completion of a year of war, Mr. Asquith remarked that the world never had seen a more marvellous transformation in this country, not in spirit and heart, but in the outward manifestations of its life, that had taken place here in those twelve months.
 The British fleet to-day was far stronger, the Premier continued, than in the beginning of the war, and to his quiet and unobserved, but ubiquitous and all-powerful activity, is due the fact that the seas are clear, or substantially clear. "For, after all," said the Premier, "this submarine menace, serious as it has appeared, is not going to inflict fatal or substantial injury on British trade. We have our supplies of food and raw material upon which we and the rest of the country depend, floating in upon us, in the same abundance and with the same freedom, and, I may say, without much exaggeration, judging from insurance rates and other matters."

FRESH STOCK

New Fruit and Vegetables!

- 60 brls. Green Cabbage.
- 100 cases Small Onions.
- 50 brls. New Turnips.
- 20 brls. New Potatoes.
- 200 bags, P. E. I. Potatoes.
- 2 hampers Cucumbers.
- 2 brls. Water Melons.
- 15 crates Ripe Tomatoes.
- 50 bunches Bananas.
- 15 boxes Red Table Plums— sizes 250's, 216's, 176's, 150's.
- 10 boxes Cal. Lemons.

Soper & Moore.

Phone 480.

with the same immunity from serious hazards and risks, as in times of peace."

Continuing, the Premier said: "The Navy, so far, has been denied the experience of a glorious fight, but it is through the unrelenting vigilance and supreme skill with which it has handled that this country to-day can laugh at the scare of an invasion and that we, to an extent unknown by any other of the belligerent powers, are immune from the dangers of the war."

Glancing around the House, the Premier remarked: "This is a slight unknown for a hundred years, this aggregation of members equipped in military garb, but there is not a family represented in this House, and this House is typical of the whole country, which has not given hostages in sons or brothers."

"Speaking of recruiting, he said: "Latest reports are among the best we have had for a long time."

The Premier concluded with a note of caution to the country, saying: "Do not let us suppose that our national duty is discharged, either by sending an adequate influx of recruits to the army, or to the various industries engaged in the fabrication of munitions. The duty has been cast upon this country not only of maintaining the freedom of the seas, not only of supplying large contingents of well equipped men for the battlefield, and trenches, but also of financing to a large extent the whole conduct of the war. We cannot do that if we continue to import, and increase our indebtedness to other countries, and unless we maintain our great manufacturing industries."

The Premier urged the accumulation of large reserves of gold and the use of paper currency by householders and employers.
 He characterized as calumny, statements in a section of the press, which he described as melancholy and notorious exceptions to newspapers as a whole, that the people of this country had failed to rise to the height of this great occasion, and that the allies did not appreciate the contributions Britain was making to the ultimate triumph of the common cause.

"Don't let us give any encouragement of the faint-hearted, and still less to backbiters, who are disheartening our allies and encouraging our enemies. Let us in this House and in the country at large, with the same spirit of energy and determination

continue to persist and persevere to an inevitable triumphant issue."
 Sir Henry Dalziel, Liberal, moved, seconded, an amendment that adjournment be only for two weeks. Sir Henry explained he did this because he was not satisfied with the situation in Flanders, where it had been understood there was to be a great advance during the spring and summer. In the Dardanelles, too, he wanted to know why such notice had been given to the enemy by the bombardment by part of the fleet without the co-operation of the land forces. Sir Henry said he could keep silence no longer, as he had not the confidence in the Government he had some months ago. He could not understand why the industries of the country had not been mobilized. He wanted to know whether any one in the War Office had been cashiered for failure to supply sufficient munitions. He also criticized the Government's delay in using gas against the Germans, and suggested the reason for the failure to do this was the breaking down of arrangements. Sir Henry concluded by saying that the discontent among the workers was due to the failure of the Government to deal with the question of food supplies, which, he contended, was responsible for the increased cost of living.

Sir Arthur Markham said the public had lost all confidence in the War Office, which had proved miserably inefficient in its conduct of the war. Dalziel did not press his amendment, and the Premier's motion that Parliament be adjourned from July 27th until September 14th was carried.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

LONDON, July 28.
 The British steamship Hogarth was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine to-day off Suffolk. The vessel was sent to the bottom, it is alleged, without warning. The captain and ten men are missing. Eight were saved.

ITALIAN PROGRESS REPORTED.

LONDON, July 28.
 A Daily Mail despatch from Chiasso says that the Italians now are masters of the Lower Innoche. They hold all the dominating points on the Western Carso from which the Austrians could disturb the passage of the river. After the occupation of Mount San Michele on the northern ridge of Carso Plateau, they now have conquered Mount Sei Busi, 400 feet high on the southern ridge.

A CALL TO THE COLORS.

PETROGRAD, July 28.
 An Imperial Ukase, issued to-day, calls to the colors men born in 1891. It is reported that a Government order is about to be issued for general mobilization throughout Siberia.

RUSSIANS HOLDING OUT.

LONDON, July 28.
 The Daily News Petrograd correspondent telegraphs that Warsaw is much quieter to-day than during the previous German attack in October. The activity of private banks continues normal, unobscured by crowds of clients as formerly. By order of the municipal authorities the work of repairing the streets continues. The Germans are wearying of the fighting of the southern approach, but on the north they are applying all the efforts of their forces to approach through Pultusk. An auxiliary movement they have started a campaign against Riga, employing six infantry and four cavalry corps, hoping to engage the large Russian force having control of the Gulf of Riga. However, the Russians have protected all the roads on the right side of the sea by naval fire, while the forces defending the landward side is sufficient without disturbing the main body around Warsaw.

MORE HOPEFUL.

LONDON, July 28.
 Although the Germans are using very strong reinforcements of men and guns they have not yet succeeded in breaking Russian resistance either around Warsaw or in the Kovel-Courland provinces, in each of which sections heavy fighting has been in progress for nearly a fortnight. Except for the capture of the village of Gowerowo, on the Narva front, and a number of prisoners and machine guns, at that point, between Mitau and Niemen, the German official report issued to-day, does not claim any advance. In fact General Von Buelow, north of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, who crossed Narva at some points is being held up by Russian counter-attacks which, although probably costly to the Russians show that there is still plenty of fight left in them. In the south-east Von Mackensen's attack on the Lublin Cholm railway seems for the moment to have come to a standstill, although he, too, is receiving reinforcements from the Austrians who succeeded in crossing the Bug at Sokal. To the west of Warsaw, the Germans announce the capture of the village of Piorun, which is about fifteen miles west of the front line of the city defences, so that not much progress has been made on this front. There is a good deal in the Russian and German official reports which cannot be reconciled, but on the whole British critics are more hopeful than for some days, that the Russians will succeed in withstanding this effort to capture Warsaw, as they did during the previous attempt. The stubborn resistance of the Grand Duke's troops together with the fact that the battle is being fought on ground of his own choosing, has renewed the hope here that with an ample supply of munitions, he will be able to inflict a strategic defeat on the German allies.

The Germans have again attacked the French in Artois near Souchez, in an effort to regain the trenches lost during the last few days. They have been partially successful at both places.
 "So far as the rest of the western line is concerned 'comparative calm' prevails, but from the confidence expressed by Premier Asquith in moving the adjournment of the Commons this afternoon, and the cheerful report of the Minister of munitions, Lord George, as to steps being taken to supply the British army with war munitions, greater activity before long is expected.
 The French report small successes at Gallipoli Peninsula.
 Accounts continue to come in of the Italian advance along the Isonzo River.

AT THE NICKEL

Friday—The Hazards of Helen.

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ROMANIA.

NEW YORK, July 28.
 A cable to the Tribune from Milan, says: 'Telegrams from Bucharest report that the Roumanian Government still refuses to allow munitions for Turkey to traverse her territory. The Germans were so sure that Roumania would yield that they forwarded thousands of carloads of war material which is now congesting Austrian railways on the Roumanian frontier. Fifty cars, which had passed, were seized by the Roumanian authorities. As the Turks are unable to obtain fresh supplies of ammunition, they have determined to make a desperate effort, while they still possess some reserve, to drive the Allies from the Peninsula of Gallipoli.'

GERMAN SUBMARINES STILL ACTIVE.

LONDON, July 28.
 German submarines show no cessation in the activity in the North Sea. Latest reports set forth that the Swedish steamer Emma and three Danish schooners, Maria, Nepolis, and Lena, have been sunk by them. The crews of these four vessels were landed at Blyth. The British trawlers Icen and Salacca were also sunk.

THE BRITISH NOTE.

LONDON, July 28.
 The new British note to the United States, now in course of preparation, will be a modification of the original reply to the American contraband note, which arrived in Washington to-day. It will take up questions which have arisen since the first note was drafted.

FORWARDED A REPORT.

WASHINGTON, July 28.
 U. S. Ambassador Page, to-day, forwarded a report by the British Admiralty of the sinking of the American steamer Leelanaw by a German submarine off the Orkney Islands last Sunday. The Admiralty reported that the Leelanaw was flying an American flag when overtaken, and that the crew were given plenty of time to take to their boats, which were towed sixty miles until a strange vessel was sighted.

THE COLOGNE GAZETTE.

LONDON, July 28.
 The Cologne Gazette, to-day, published an wireless dispatch from Washington, suggesting that, in order to avoid further excitement of public opinion in America, Germany should not reply to the American note unless to give a favorable answer, says a telegram from Amsterdam to Reuters' Telegram Agency. The Cologne Gazette, the message says, considers the advice well worthy of consideration.

PRESIDENT OF HAYTI SHOT TO DEATH.

PORT AU PRINCE, July 28.
 A mob of Haytiens, to-day, removed President Guillaume, President of Hayti, from the French Legation, where he took refuge yesterday, and shot him to death in front of the building. This act of violence followed immediately the burial of the 160 political prisoners massacred in prison yesterday morning at the time of the revolutionary outbreak.

AMERICAN MARINES FOR PORT AU PRINCE.

WASHINGTON, July 28.
 American marines will be landed at Port au Prince, Hayti, to protect the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners. Instructions were sent to Rear-Admiral Caperton to-day by the Navy Department. Admiral Caperton arrived at Port au Prince to-day in the cruiser Washington. The collier Jason, with a hundred additional marines, has been ordered to sail and will arrive at Port au Prince to-night.

Cape Report.

Special to Evening Telegram.
 CAPE RACE, Yesterday.
 Wind light, and variable, weather fine; no shipping sighted since yesterday. Bar, 29.47; ther, 57.
 Ward's Linctant Cures Diphtheria.

Presentation of Colours will be Continued To-Day.

"The Million Dollar Mystery."

Episode No. 10.
 "SHANGHAIED."
 WONDERFUL! THRILLING! SENSATIONAL!

FORBES LAW DUGUID, Canada's Foremost Baritone.

WE POINT WITH PRIDE.

TO THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

Ten Strong Reasons

Why You should Buy Your Furniture from us.

- 1st—We produce our own lumber which goes into the Furniture and saves considerable in cost.
- 2nd—We have the Surface Oak finish for our Furniture, which is the only thing of its kind in the country.
- 3rd—We import our own Coverings for our Parlour Suites, thus saving two duties, as most of the imported Suites come from Canada and the United States, and they have to import their coverings from France or some of the European countries, and pay duty into Canada or the States. We avoid the second duty by getting the Covering ourselves and having the frames made here.
- 4th—We have our Springs made from the wire by the only Weaver in the country; also the Oxford or Copper Wire Spring by machines too.
- 5th—We have our Mattresses made by machinery in our own building, the only machine of its kind in the country. It can produce 50 against 10 by hand, thus saving considerable in cost.
- 6th—We are producing the Excelsior or Wood Fibre and cutting the cost in two, which will mean considerable saving in the making of Mattresses.
- 7th—We are also selling agents for the celebrated Ideal Beds and Springs and sell at factory price.
- 8th—We also have the COMBINATION LATH and SPRING BED, the only thing of its kind in the country.
- 9th—Having the factory in the same building, we can handle all sizes all repairing; in fact you can choose your own Coverings for Parlour Suites, Mattresses, etc., and have it made to order.
- 10th—Our motto (last but not least) is to sell at the lowest possible prices, and despite the serious advance in prices all round, we are, where possible, reducing the prices, WHICH SHOULD APPEAL TO EVERY HOUSEKEEPER when in need of Furniture and Furnishings, as we now by arrangement work from the "Tree to the Home," thus cutting out all middlemen's profits.

The C. L. MARCH Company, Ltd.,

House Furnishers, Cor. Water and Springdale Streets.

Why Not Get a Fob?

No. 6 Watch Fob with Chain, seamless, gold filled, clasp and ribbon. Guaranteed suitable for engraving monogram. . . . 450 Coupons

No. 7 Watch Fob with Chain, gold filled, suitable for engraving monogram. Guaranteed. . . . 695 Coupons

Imperial Tobacco Co. (Newfoundland) Ltd.

Drudgery.

By the adoption of modern gas appliances you may abolish drudgery from your Home.

GAS COOKERS eliminate the drudgery of lighting fires, the handling of coal and ashes, and enable you to prepare meals in half the time required with old-fashioned appliances.

GAS WATER HEATERS are indispensable in every well-regulated household.

GAS LIGHTING is best for the eyes and the pocket.

THE PERFECTION GAS IRON is a recent addition to labour, time, and money saving appliances. This Nickel-plated Gas Iron may be had complete with stand and a length of metallic tubing for the small sum of \$3.00, and should be in every household.

With the "PERFECTION GAS IRON" a whole day's ironing may be done at a cost of five cents, give better results, and do more work in half the usual time. It is always hot and ready, clean and smooth. Send post card, or phone 97, and the Gas Company will send a man to give practical demonstration of any, or all, up-to-date household appliances.

NOTE.—It is important that Gas Cookers and other appliances be kept perfectly clean and free from grease. Use "SO-KLEAN" enamel cleaner. It will quickly remove all stains and grease from metal, or enamel. 25 cents per packet.—1723/4

New Fresh Butter

Just received: CHOICE SEARSTON and CANADA in small packages, now selling at the Very Lowest Prices.

JAS. R. KNIGHT.

Truth is Supreme!

We pride ourselves on saying that no article leaves our store that does not comply with all the claims we make for it.

In offering this season's teas we have no hesitation in saying that a finer or better tea than "Homestead" has never been offered at the price.

QUALITY—then price, that's Homestead way.

There's a smile in every cup of Homestead.

C. P. EAGAN.

BUCKWORTH STREET & QUEEN'S ROAD.

Ex S.S. Florizel:

- California Oranges.
- California Lemons.
- Bananas.
- New York Corned Beef.
- New Potatoes.
- New Turnips.
- Shoe Polish, 5c. bottle.
- Granulated Milk Powder, 10c. tin.
- Malted Nuts.
- Knox's Gelatine.
- Welch's Grape Juice.
- Fresh Country Eggs.
- Pure Canadian Butter, 1 lb. blocks.

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