

Witness

1857.

ENGLAND.

he contest at
sly the sympathy
soldiery?
against the
brutal forms.
is commercial
is, in a word,
ros on every
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of India.
is at stake—
and hap-
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ntrol, "at Eng-
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England.
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is introduced
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m. And this traf-
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sh advantages, and
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in her efforts to
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ngaged in the India
India to generous
to all countries,
as felt by all. In a
it is no wonder that
by the trade with
ress with England,
rns their sympathy
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Europeans, and whose
thing that follows in

who, in the present
heathenism, have no
with these very wretch-
ed is marked by blood-
shed. We would have
of us who, at the pre-
entizing with the grave
worthy of imitation,
and to ask themselves
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al over the government

orm our readers who
ah, and anti-Christian
creatures of an ultra-
-alms in blood and
when Britain demanded
sympathies and earnest
secret foes as well
for her downfall;
r councils have, by their
m, and to seek his aid
of the nations of the earth.
providence of God to all
nd may her sons, in every
instrumental, as far as
in blessing to the world.

the last summer seen in the
an attempt that was being
tivate the Chinese sugar cane
differs in some important
plant of the same name, being
in the higher latitudes of the
ates of Maine and Massachusetts
and been attended with com-
pax paper also states that Mr.
has succeeded in manufacturing
own this season in his nursery
in no danger of its not giving
a season with avidity by cattle

the culture of this plant have
We were shown yesterday
ained from a sample grown in
the American Consul, who ob-
tains the Patent Office in Wash-
ington stalks yielded nearly three
times as much as the ordinary
has also been given very suc-
cessful results. Mr. H. P. Proctor,
y yet tested its sugar yielding
of this plant closely resemble
it grew to a height of eight
h, excellent fodder for cattle;
us growth, and the ease with
h, excellent judge that for this
a profitable crop for farmers.

planted in this island— Ed. Pro.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(For the Protector.)

Mr. Editor.—I am delighted to see the protestant
movement of last winter has been attended with the most
beneficial results. For example, it has drawn together
and concentrated the efforts of many protestants, both lay
and clerical, who were before, to say the least of it, cold
and indifferent to each other's welfare. Moreover, it has
been the blessed means of introducing the bible into many
schools from which it had been previously excluded.
These are great and unspeakable advantages, for which
we cannot be too thankful:—long may this happy state
of things continue to advance. But, sir, while it is a fact
that much good has been done in this way, much remains
yet to be accomplished. Protestants are not too friendly
or co-operative in their actions; and many schools have
bibles in them, which ought to be sanctified and edified
by its holy precepts and examples. Now, sir, it seems
strange that those who are interested in the bible move-
ment have done nothing for the furtherance of the ends to
which we have referred, for I am aware that much has
been done by them; but it is evident that there has not
been enough done. There has been much indifference,
where there ought to be earnestness; and the conse-
quence of all this is, that there are many government
schools in this island where the scriptures are not read,
and where there is still a feeling of hostility to its intro-
duction.

Perhaps you will ask me what I could suggest, with
a view to carry into effect the further introduction of the
bible into the schools, and the consequent doing of what
has been neglected by many who profess to be friends
of the cause. Well, there are several things that may be
done more effectively, at least more generally, than has
hitherto been done. First, the trustees of schools every-
where in the island should be implored to lend a hand,
that the book of God may be taught in the schools under
their direction; and for there can be no doubt that, as the
Government give them the right to accept or reject it as
a class book, much good may be done in this way. No
one has a right to dictate to the trustees on this matter,
for less to their consciences, the trustees who choose to
exclude the bible from those schools of which they have
the management; and therefore we ought to employ ear-
nest solicitation. But surely if we have the dissemination
of the scriptures as our object, we may reasonably and
safely trust as may come within the range of our ac-
quaintance or influence, to adopt such plans as may
secure the introduction and employment of the bible in
their schools, especially where the majority of the trustees
and children are protestants. I am sorry to say that this
is not always done. Let the friends of religion, of truth
and of the school, therefore, apply their attention
called to this point, that the rising generation of this
favoured island may be blessed with such a share of bible
knowledge as shall at once secure them from the fraud
of the Church of Rome and the infidelity of modern times,
and make them wise unto salvation.

Secondly, let the parents of protestant children also be
advised to send the bible along with their children, and
to insist on having it read by them in the several schools
to which they belong; and let it be done at a proper time
of day, and not at the end of the school hours, when the
children are tired and anxious to get home.

Thirdly, let the people have their eyes open, and their
judgments in watchful regard, regarding the coming
general election of members for the House of Assembly.
Let so many be sent there who are the declared enemies
of the bible, or who is the tool or instrument of those who
are afraid of its doctrine, and bent on the exclusion of it
from the schools, that the majority of the trustees, who
unhappily schemes and pernicious purposes. For you
may depend upon it, however much they may promise for
the benefit of the community, they will betray it in some
shape or other. Let God-fearing and bible-loving men be
sent forward to represent you; and then, although they
may not have the tact for legislation which some others
possess, you will be sure to have wise laws and a faithful
administration.

Yours faithfully,
A CONSTANT READER.
(For the Protector.)

To the EDITOR OF THE ISLANDER.
Sir.—Your letter to "Vox Populi" has turned out a
perfect failure. Instead of argument, we have the com-
modity of abuse. Of the subject in dispute, for a great
part of the time, you lose sight, and deal with a free
hand gross personalities,—manifesting neither good taste
nor talent; while the whole is pervaded with low profane-
ty ("voice of the devil" occurs about a dozen times; "damns"
occurs once); you assume a haughty air or dictatorial
style, alike repulsive to common sense and true religion.
How surprising, therefore, appears your reasoning, in
reading your letter, by way of contrast, we are reminded
of this great man, but by way of resemblance of the char-
acter of certain Catholic missionaries, who, in the name
of the Lord, have been sent to the heathen, and who, in
this manner, he could neither conceal his own sins,
nor did he regard what he said.

Your first sentence contains an astonishing blunder,
to which you are indebted for much of the point you assume
your letter possesses. Contrary to all sound philosophy
and the general consensus of enlightened opinion, which
makes vox populi stand opposed with vox Dei,—the voice
of the people is the voice of God, being an old proverb;
—you make it "proverbial with the voice of the devil."
Such, indeed, was the opinion of the heathen, and of
tyrants generally—a little of whose disposition may
adhere to you; so that the sentence, besides its profanity,
discloses some of the elements of your infidelity. What
is your common sense and philosophy—what?
Your biblical criticism is quite a jewel, composed of
rashness, ignorance and infidelity. Rashness,—your
criticism was uncalled for; and the department into which
your dash is one for which, both by habit and constitution,
you are disqualified. Ignorance,—for you are not aware
that the Greek word *kyrios*, occurring both in the Septuagint
and Matthew, was translated not only "a whole," but
"a great fish." Every scholar knows that *kyrios* can
be translated; a sea monster, great fish, a whale; that
the Greek of Matt. 17, is often used to signify, not
the genus whale, but any large fish; and notwithstanding
the "strangeness," or smallness of the throat of a whale,
or its rancorous of haunt in the Mediterranean, there is
nothing absurd in supposing that such was the great fish
that swallowed Jonah,—for such a belief, the omnipotence
of God constitutes a sufficient reason. Whatever opinion,
then, may be entertained about the species of fish,—whether
we hold, with Bechart, that it was a shark, or, with
Bishop Jebb, that it was a whale, one thing is clear, that
the charge of "error," on the part of the Septuagint or
Matthew, proceeds from ignorance. But there is infidelity
in the criticism. Your reasoning denies the miraculous
character of the transaction; hence you talk absurdly
enough, in this connection, of "whales" not trying on
a large man," and that "the whale could no more
swallow Jonah than Jonah the whale!" Yet it is
said "God prepared the great fish, as he prepared the
goat,"—the same word used in both cases. Your
reference to Baalam's ass might have taught you, what
you seem not to know, that the organs of inferior animals,
by the power of God, can be used for extraordinary pur-
poses. How judicious is the remark of Lieut. Colonel
Smith, and how sternly does it rebuke your bold and un-
guarded surmises, when this able natural historian says,
"If the text be literally taken, (this you do, and it is
right), "the transaction is plainly miraculous, and no
longer within the field of Zoological discussion." But
worse yet, you assert "the New Testament does indeed
error." This is infidelity unmasked. It matters not, in
a case of this kind, what the Septuagint says,—it is not
an inspired translation; but in all the writings we have
of Matthew, he was guided by the Holy Spirit of God.—
And you, sir, have the amazing presumption to assert, in
a christian community, and in a paper chiefly supported
by protestants, that this is a paper chiefly supported
mentions the circumstance—is guilty of "error," and
that too a "manifest" one. Apologizing for Matthew,
you say the Hebrew had been long a dead language; but
you say the date of its decease is farther removed from
your time than it was from our Lord's; Greek, too, is
now a dead language; and of both you seem to know
nothing, but the names—*and yet you can put Mat-
thew right*—and this by a man not residing on the shore
of the Mediterranean, but beside the oyster beds of the
minor seas! "Fax" is still, though Hebrew was not the
Hebrew Aramaean, or Syro-Chaldaeic, a dialect of one of
the three great branches of Chaldaic, and is still
employed in their schools; and if Matthew did not
enjoy this privilege, was not the gift of tongues, and the
promise of Jesus to give the "Holy Ghost," who should
guide his disciples into all truth? A sufficient guarantee
against a "manifest error." The bare allusion to these

unerring advantages, sir, sufficient to rebuke your im-
pety, and to show at what cost you reached your rash
and infidel conclusion. We believe that it is not the bare
word of the apostle, but that which the Holy Ghost teach-
eth, that you have fixed upon as containing a "manifest
error." If Matthew erred in this word, what security have
we that the whole verse is not a blunder!—and if so, his
whole Gospel! Such criticism will necessitate, as we
repeatedly remark, that you make of us, as "his
bible" being "over done" by the Holy Spirit, who
the bible is, if you can successfully charge the New Test-
ament with a "manifest error."
Turning from you for a moment, I would ask my fellow
christians if they are justified in supporting such writings?
Must you, to show your value of free discussion,
support a writer who attacks the very words of Jesus?
The editor of the *Islander* has asked you to believe him to
be right, and Matthew wrong,—say (for the apostle is
the reporter of Christ's words) Jesus himself in error!
That may be consistent enough for one who diabolizes
Christ's divinity, but what think you of it, to whom he
stands your Saviour and your God? This is one reason,
christian brethren,—I may say it is the sole reason,—why
many ministers and other persons who profess to be
right, and Matthew wrong,—say (for the apostle is
the reporter of Christ's words) Jesus himself in error!
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It is said that as soon as the question of the Principality
is disposed of, that of the Suez Canal will be again
officially presented to the examination of the Ottoman
Empire.
It is reported the cholera had appeared at the village
of Stratford, near London.

HOARD MURDER IN NEW BRUNSWICK.—The most cold-
blooded and heartless tragedy that ever disgraced the
annals of this country was committed on the night of
Monday last, at or near the Reservoir Lake, (about 9 miles
from the city,) on the person of Mr. Robert McKennis,
his wife and four children. Mr. McKennis was a person
of some wealth, and it was already known he had kept
large sums of money in his house, and this has been
inducement to the assassins to commit the bloody tragedy.
His house, a very handsome villa, and a small house in
the vicinity, usually occupied by his workmen, were on
the night above mentioned burnt to the ground, and the
bodies, or rather their charred remains, found the next
morning among the ruins. Suspicion has fallen upon a
man who lived in the neighbourhood, and another, a
desperate character lately discharged from the rail road
for bad conduct.

There will be a public Missionary Meeting in the
Free Church on Monday evening the 9th inst., at 7 o'clock
p.m., at which addresses will be delivered on India, as
a mission field, and the anticipated results on Missions
of the present year, in order to render that they may be
Presbyterian Missions of the United States, and 100,000
worth of property destroyed.

FAST DAY.—His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, in
Council, has issued a proclamation, setting apart Friday
the 13th November as a day of Fast and humiliation, on
account of the distress in India.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.
The Annual Session of the Grand Division, of Prince
Edward Island, was held at the Division Room, Temper-
ance Hall, on Thursday, 29th October ult. An unusually
large number of Representatives were in attendance, and
the most lively interest characterized the proceedings on
the occasion. The following Worthy Brothers were duly
elected Officers of the body for the ensuing year, viz:—
JOHN P. TANTON, G.W.P.
JOHN BOWEN, G.W.P.
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The following Brothers were elected Representatives to
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Gerald, James Warburton, Col. Stanley and Hon. Henry
J. Pitwell, W. W. Morrison, P.G.W.P.'s; J. P. Tanton,
G.W.P.; W. B. Dawson, W. C. Trowan, W. Sanderson,
John Rider, P.G.W.A.'s; and John Bowers, G.W.P.

PUBLIC MEETING TO SYMPATHIZE WITH THE SUFFERERS
BY THE INDIAN CALAMITY.
At a Public Meeting of the inhabitants of Queen's County,
convened by the High Sheriff, held on the 13th inst., at the
Hotel, in the Colonial Building, in presence of D. McLean,
Esq., High Sheriff, was requested to take the chair, Mr. A. H.
Yates requested to act as Secretary.
Resolved, That this meeting, viewing with unfeigned sorrow
the calamity which has befallen the distressed natives of
the European lately resident in the Presidency of Bengal,
and justified in offering to the survivors and their relatives,
There is a voice of God in his providence, that we
fall intention to follow in the steps of their beloved Sovereign
and his illustrious ally, the Emperor of the East, by aiding
in the relief of the distressed natives of Bengal, and
has been reduced to a state of utter destitution.
Moved by Frederick Brecken, Esq., and seconded by T. A.
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FOUND ON the shore a little above Indian Point,
so called, near Cape Tormentoso, Belfast, on the 5th inst., by
John McKay, the body of a man apparently just middle age; about
four feet high, rather stout, with dark hair, and whiskers
quite grey; dressed in a blue coat, black vest, grey hose, and
black shoes. The body was taken by the proprietor of the place and
deposited in a coffin.

THE MAILS.

We have later news from Britain and India, by the
steamers Baltic and Persia, to New York, which will be
found in another column; and in addition, we have the
following items by the mail this morning:—
The Garrison at Lucknow had bravely out, and no
doubt was entertained of their being able to do so until
relief arrived, which was expected to be about the middle
of September. The garrison had made a second success-
ful sortie, in which 2 guns and a large quantity of pro-
visions were captured.
Lord Elgin left Calcutta on the 2d of September for
Hong Kong.
More troops had arrived at Calcutta.
A circular has been issued from the Colonial Office, ad-
dressed to the Governors of the various British Colonies,
ordering them to look to the defence of their Provinces,
and not neglect a reasonable amount of warlike prepara-
tions.
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is disposed of, that of the Suez Canal will be again
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Died.

On Tuesday last, after a long and protracted illness of eight-
een months, which he bore with patience and resignation to the
last, HENRI WILSON, youngest and beloved son of Mrs.
Henry Crosswell, of St. Elizabeth's, aged 27 years. He was a
difficult and affectionate son. His end was pious.
At Boston, Mass., on Saturday, the 26th September last,
where she had gone a few weeks previous for the benefit of her
health, Miss Mary Ann McDonald, of Little River, Bay Fortune,
aged 25 years. She deceased was an exemplary young woman,
and is deeply and sincerely regretted by her friends and ac-
quaintances.
At Newnam, Lot 13, very suddenly, on Saturday night, Oct.
24th, Mr. William Glover, in the 50th year of his age.
On the 28th instant, aged 69, at his residence, Freetown, Mr.
James Jay, a native of Mendon, Suffolk, England, and for many
years a resident of this island.
On Thursday last, at the residence of his son-in-law, Lieut.
Hancock, R. N., after a long and painful illness, LEWIS
CAMBRIDGE, Esq., aged 78.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.
ENTERED.
Oct. 25th, Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Pictou, mails and
passengers.
30th, Westmorland, Evans, do, do.
31st, Sch. Eagle, Bolting, Newf'd, G.S.
Nov. 2d, Caroline, Anderson, St. John, N. B., salt, E.C. Mary
Ann, Clouston, Halifax, goods. Sch. Westmorland, Evans,
Pictou, mails and passengers.
3d, Sch. William Nelson, Silliker, Bay Verte, lumber. Bes.
Oulton, do, do. Elizabeth, Scott, Silliker, do.
4th, Westmorland, Evans, Pictou, mails and passengers.
CLEARED.
Oct. 28th, Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Shediac, mails and pas-
sengers.
29th, Brig. Lark, Pennington, Bermuda, produce, E.C. Sch.
Union, Lark, Pictou, hal. Ellen, Pentz, Canada, produce.
Sch. Westmorland, Evans, Pictou, mails and passengers.
Sch. James, Pictou, Shediac, hal.
31st, Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Shediac, mails and pas-
sengers. Sch. Spectator, good, Halifax, burials. Victoria, McKay,
Boston, potatoes. Freetown, Bealshing, Magdalena Island,
produce. Mary Julia, Bourne, do, do.
Nov. 2d, Flora, Melville, Newf'd, produce. Margaret, Murray,
Boston, potatoes.
3d, Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Pictou, mails and passengers.
Sch. Westmorland, Evans, Shediac, mails and passengers.
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Sch. Venus, Boston, Victoria, hal.

Ship News
The Barque Maria, of Milford, England, Thomas Davies, master,
is ballast, on her voyage from Milford to Ketchikan in the Bay of
Chaleur, on her voyage from Milford to Ketchikan on the North side of
this island, in the dreadful gale on Tuesday night, the 27th inst-
ant, she was wrecked on the rocks of the Pointe de la Pêche, near
St. John's, and the vessel was completely destroyed. The
Agent will proceed immediately to the wreck, to have a survey held,
and to the best for all concerned; from the position of the ship and
the injury she has sustained, it is generally supposed that she will not
be got off. Great credit is given by the inhabitants on the coast to the
master and crew for their exertions in attempting to save the vessel
of the had almost the risk of their own lives.

Charlottetown Markets, Oct. 3, 1857.
Beef, (small) lb. 3d a 5d Poultry, 8d a 1s 6d
Do, (quarter), 2d a 4d Butter, 8d a 1s
Pork, 4d a 5d Turkey, each, 2s a 3s
Do, (small), 2d a 3d Eggs, dozen, 8d a 10d
Lard, 2d a 3d Do, bush, 2s
Mutton, 3d a 5d Potatoes, bus. 1s 6d a 2s
Lamb, 3d a 5d Hay, ton, 80s a 90s
Butt. (fresh), 12d a 15d Straw, 1s a 1s 2d
Do, by Tub, 12d a 15d Hops, yd., 3s 6d a 5s
Tallow, 10s a 12s Hay, ton, 80s a 90s
Lard, 2d a 3d Do, cut, 1s a 1s 2d
Peanut Barley, 2d a 3d Calf Steers, 4d a 5d
Oatmeal, 1s a 2d Geese, 2s a 3s

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS HAVING LEGAL
CLAIMS UPON THE ESTATE OF THE late WILLIAM LAW,
Farmer, of Alberty Plains, are requested to furnish the same,
fully attested, and persons indebted to the said estate are re-
quired to make immediate payment.
EDWARD LANE,
Administrator.
Dundasville, Nov. 4, 1857.

Sacred Harmonic Society.
THIS SOCIETY IS NOW IN
OPERATION, and meets on every Wednesday evening, at 8
o'clock, at W. C. Trowan's rooms.
Nov. 4. MORIN LADWEN, Sec'y.

IN THE PRESS,
AND WILL BE PUBLISHED
ON THE 1st of December,
THE PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
CALENDAR
FOR
1858
In addition to the usual contents, the Almanack for 1858 will
have much new and interesting matter.
Nov. 4, 1857. GEO. T. HAZARD.

To be had at Duncan, Mason & Co's.
LADIES' REVERSIBLE WATER-
PROOF CAPES AND HOODS,
Men's do do COATS,
Flour. A variety of Ladies' Caps, &c.
A variety of Men's Fur Caps,
Umbrellas, Blankets, Rugs,
&c.
Also—the best assortment of IRON and STEEL to be had
in the city.
Charlottetown, Nov. 2, 57.

Per Ship Isabel from Britain direct.
THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE
received, as above, their Fall Importation of
GENERAL MERCHANDIZE,
suitable for the season.
November 4, 1857. DUNCAN, MASON & CO.

CHARLOTTETOWN AND GEORGETOWN
MAIL STAGE!
THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TO
inform the travelling public that, having taken the contract
for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails between Charlottetown
and Georgetown, they will carry PASSENGERS through
with dispatch, leaving Charlottetown every Tuesday and Friday
mornings at half-past 9 a.m., and Georgetown every Wednes-
day and Saturday mornings, at half-past 9 a.m.
HORSES and VEHICLES on hire at Southport, Verano
River, and Georgetown, on the most reasonable terms.
Parcels and orders punctually attended to.
JOHN ADAMS, JR.,
EDWARD CHANDLER,
Charlottetown—Victoria Hotel, and Globe Hotel,
Southport—Edward Chandler's.
Nov. 4, 1857.

NOTICE.

WILLIAM R. WATSON
HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK TO
Mr. Reddin's Corner,
Oct. 28—1&E 2.

London House—Established 1820.
NEW GOODS—Fall 1857.
THE Subscribers have received on Ships "ISRAEL" and
"AURORA" from Liverpool
580 Packages British and Foreign
MERCHANDIZE,
10 Tons BAR IRON, carefully selected by one of the Firm at
one of the first Houses in Great Britain, which is Stock on
hand, can be confidently recommended to their customers and
the public as GOODS of the best description, at very low prices,
for prompt payment. Wholesale Customers supplied as usual.
Present importation consists of
60 chests Prime Congo TEA, 1 case Yachin,
7 chests Boots and Shoes, 2 cases Willow Warp,
7 Trunks Boots and Shoes, 4 do Grey & white Calicoes,
3 do Towson's Hats, 2 do striped Shirtings,
and Caps, 2 lbs. White Lead,
1 do Cloth, "Dent's", 1 do Wadding,
12 boxes Paper Hangings, 10 do Carpeted and Woolens,
3 cases Fur Caps, 1 case Mattresses,
10 do Ladies Robe Dresses
and Dress Materials, 40 bags Cat Nails,
5 do girls, Ribbons & silk 2 pieces Willy's Pough Mounting
Dresses, 2 packages Ironmongery,
1 do Dress Trimmings, 10 tons Bar Iron,
1 do Ladies' Mantles, 2 lbs. White Lead,
2 do Millinery, 2 bbls. Patent Oil,
3 do Millinery, 3 bbls. Crushed Sugar,
1 do Hosiery, 30 boxes Soap,
1 do Small Wares, 1 case Mattresses,
23 bundles Spring Steel,
4 bags Rice, &c. &c.
D & G. DAVIES,
Charlottetown, October 23, 1857.

FIRST ARRIVAL!
FALL GOODS!
BEER & SON
HAVE RECEIVED, PER MAJESTIC, A LARGE
SUPPLY OF GOODS,
Suitable for the season, which, for quality and price,
Can be Recommended to the Public! 67 in
FOR THE TIMES.
A LARGE SUPPLY OF
NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED,
BY J. & S. PROWSE,
And are now offered for sale
At the Lowest Prices in the Market.
St. George Street, Oct. 14—1m

QUEEN SQUARE HOUSE.
ARRIVAL OF
AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS!
Ex Isabel and Intrepid, from England,
Which, for Variety, Quality and Cheapness, will
admit of no rival in Charlottetown.
Special attention is requested to Black and Fancy
SILKS, in Robes, Flosses and Military Stripes,
French Merinos, &c.
Winter CLOTHING, of every description.
WILLIAM HEARD,
Oct. 21.

VALUABLE FARM
IN THE ROYALTY OF CHARLOTTETOWN.
THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS
for sale, a FARM of about forty acres of very valuable
LAND, situated in the Royalty of Charlottetown, and in
the distance of about two miles from the city. This property
fronts nearly 80 acres on the St. Peter's Road, and about 15
acres on the Union Road, and applies the valuable form of the
George Cole. The greater portion of the land has been
recently cleared. For particulars, apply to
June 3, 1857.

TURNING AND BORING IRON.
THE SUBSCRIBER WILL LET
A LATHE, by the day or otherwise, with Steam Power,
or will bore Castings to order.
G. T. HAZARD.

THE TENANTS AND SETTLERS ON the Western half
of Township Number Twenty-nine, in Prince Edward Island,
are hereby notified that Lady Cecily Jane Georgiana Fane, of Upper
Brook Street, in the Parish of Saint George, Hanover Square, in
the County of Middlesex, in England, is absoled, or entitled to
the Freehold and Inheritance of the said Half Township—and is
sole entitled to the Rents, issues and profits thereof. And
also, that the said Lady Cecily Jane Georgiana Fane, by Letter
of Attorney, dated the Thirtieth day of July last past, has ap-
pointed the Subscriber her Attorney for her, and on her behalf,
to enter into and take possession of and manage the said Half
Township, to demand and receive from the Tenants and Settlers
thereupon, all Rents and arrears of Rents now due or hereafter to
become due in respect of the said Lands, or any of them. And
also, that the Subscriber, as the Attorney of the said Lady
Cecily Jane Georgiana Fane, hereby requires all such Tenants
and Settlers upon said Half Township, to make payment to him
of all arrears due by them for Rent, or arrears of Rents, and to
be paid by them, and also that in the event of their neglect or
refusal to do so, legal proceedings will be instituted against them
for the recovery of the same. In witness whereof, he has hereunto
signed his name, and the Seal of his Office, this 28th day of
October, 1857.
EPAM 1m W. H. POPE.

Very respectfully yours,
K. G. BILLINGS,
Lieut. Colonel of Company C,
Palmetto Reg't S. C. Volunteers.
Do note that for Hogdon's of the wrapper of each bottle,
the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.
For sale by druggists and storekeepers in every town and vil-
lage, and by the Proprietor, at the residence of Mr. Benjamin B. Col-
lier, Principal Office, 418 Arch-street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Married,
On the 26th inst., at St. Elizabeth's, by the Rev. Dr. Read,
Rev. W. H. Hayes, of Port Hill, to Miss Charlotte
Bundy, of St. Elizabeth's.
On the 12th inst., by the Rev. T. Roach, R.A., Mr. Hugh
McEachern, of Miss Mary Duggan, both of Georgetown.
At St. George Harbor, at the residence of Mr. Benjamin B. Col-
lier, on the 23rd inst., by the Rev. Henry Crawford, Mr. Wm.
Moore, of Miss Stewart, married Miss Jean B. Holland, of
Woburn, youngest daughter of the late Lieut. F. E.