

## PEACE CONGRESS INDORSES THE IDEA OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Committees Appointed to Conduct Inquiries and Make Reports on Particular Phases of Problems Before the Congress.

Paris, Jan. 26.—A series of resolutions dealing with the creation of a League of Nations, enquiries into responsibility for the war, on reparation, international legislation and international control of ports, waterways and railways were brought before today's session of the Peace Conference. They follow:

"That it is essential to the maintenance of the world settlement which the Associated Nations are now met to establish that a League of Nations be created to promote international obligations and provide safeguards against war. This league should be created as an integral part of the general treaty of peace, and should be open to every civilized nation which can be relied on to promote its objects."

"The members of the league should periodically meet in international conference, and should have a permanent organization and secretaries to carry on the business of the league in the intervals between the conferences."

"The Conference, therefore, appoints a committee representative of the Associated Governments to work out the details of the constitution and the functions of the league."

This resolution "on the League of Nations" is the one referred to in the news despatches elsewhere as having been unanimously adopted by the Peace Conference.

"That a commission composed of two representatives apiece from the five Great Powers and five representatives to be elected by the other powers represented at the Peace Conference be appointed to inquire into the conditions of employment from international aspect and to consider the international means necessary to secure common action on matters affecting conditions of employment and to recommend the form of a permanent agency to continue such enquiry and consideration, in co-operation with and under the direction of the League of Nations."

"That a commission composed of two representatives apiece from the five Great Powers and five representatives to be appointed to enquire and report upon the following:

"First—The responsibility of the authors of the war;

"Second—The fact as to breaches of the laws and customs of war committed by the forces of the German Empire and their allies on land, on sea, and in the air during the present war;

"Third—The degree of responsibility for these offences attaching to particular members of the enemy's forces, including members of the general staffs and other individuals, however highly placed;

"Fourth—The constitution and procedure of a tribunal appropriate to the trial of these offences;

"Fifth—Any other matters cognate or ancillary to the above which may arise in the course of the enquiry, and which the commission finds it useful and relevant to take into consideration."

"That a commission be appointed which shall comprise not more than three representatives apiece from each of the five great Powers and not more than two representatives apiece from Belgium, Greece, Poland, Roumania and Serbia, to examine and report:

"First, on the amount of reparation which the enemy countries ought to pay; second, on what they are capable of paying, and third, on the method, the form and time within which payment should be made."

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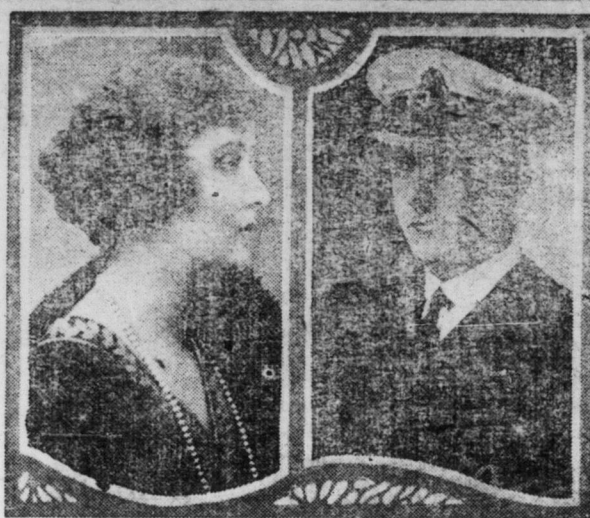
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H.R.H. Princess Patricia of Connaught and Commander The Hon. Alexander Ramsay, R.N., D.S.O., from photographs just received from London.

## Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Jan. 28.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.24½; No. 2 Northern, \$2.21½; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17½; No. 4 wheat, \$2.11½, in store for William, not including tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 68c; No. 3 C.W., 65c; extra No. 1 feed, 65c; No. 1 feed, 63½c, in store for William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.60; No. 4 yellow, \$1.55. January shipment.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 2 white 68 to 71c; No. 3 white, 67 to 70c, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2.14 to \$2.22; No. 2, do., \$2.11 to \$2.19; No. 3, do., \$2.07 to \$2.15; No. 1 Spring, \$2.00 to \$2.17; No. 2 Spring, \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. 3 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.10 f.o.b., shipping points, according to freight.

Barley—Malt, new crop, 78 to 83c, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, \$1.16, nominal; Rye—No. 2, \$1.40, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Old crop, war, 100 lb., \$1.35; Toronto, 100 lb., \$1.35.

Ontario flour—War quality, old crop, 100 lb., in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.

Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal, freight, bags included. Bran, \$37.25 per ton; shorts, \$42.25 per ton.

Hay—No. 1, \$23 to \$24 per ton; mixed, \$21 to \$22 per ton, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, \$10 to \$11, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 38 to 39c; prints, 40 to 41c. Creamery, fresh made, solids, 51c; prints, 52c.

Eggs—New laid, 58 to 60c. Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 26 to 32c; roasters, 25c; fowl, 27 to 30c; ducks, 32c; turkeys, 40c; squabs, doz. \$4.50; geese, 25c.

Live poultry—Roosters, 20c; fowl, 24 to 30c; ducklings, 18c; geese, 18c; Spring chickens, 25c; turkeys, 35c. Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 46 to 48c; creamery, solids, 51 to 53c; prints, 52 to 54c.

Potatoes—Ontario, f.o.b., track Toronto, car lots, 95 cents.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, \$5.75 to \$6.00; imported hand-picked, Burma or Indian, \$4.75 to \$5.00; Lima, 18 to 19c.

Honey—Extracted clover, 5-lb. tins, 23 to 29c; 10-lb. tins, 27 to 28c; 60-lb. tins, 26 to 28½c; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 21 to 22c. Comb, 16-oz., \$4.50 to \$5.00 doz.; 12-oz., \$3.50 to \$4.00, doz.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38c; heavy 30 to 32c; cooked, 50c; 52c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45c; backs, plain, 45 to 46c; boneless, 50 to 53c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c; clear bellies, 29 to 30c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 28 to 28½c; tubs, 28½ to 29c; pails 28½ to 29½c; prints, 30 to 30½c; compound, tierces, 25½ to 24½c; tubs, 25½ to 26½c; pails, 26 to 26½c; prints, 27½ to 27c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Jan. 28.—Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, 82c. Flour—New standard grade, \$11.25 to \$11.35. Rolled oats—Bags, 30 lbs. \$4.00 to \$4.40.

Bran, \$37.25. Shorts, \$42.25. Mouille, \$68.00. Hay—No. 2, per ton,

car lots, \$20.00 to \$21.00. Cheese—Finest easterns, 24 to 25c. Butter—Choice creamery, 53 to 54c. Eggs—Selected, 57 to 58c; No. 1 stock, 53 to 54c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.70. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$25.00 to \$25.50. Lard—Pure wood pails, 20 lbs. net, \$1 to \$2½c.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Jan. 28.—Choice heavy steers, \$13.00 to \$13.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$12.00 to \$12.50; do. good, \$11.00 to \$11.50; do. medium, \$10.00 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.25 to \$8.50; bulls, choice, \$10.25 to \$11.00; do. rough bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.00; butchers' cows, choice, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do. good, \$9.50 to \$10.00; do. medium, \$8.50 to \$8.75; do. common, \$7.00 to \$7.75; stockers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.50; canners, \$5.50 to \$6.00; milkers, good to choice, \$9.00 to \$10.00; do. com. and med., \$6.50 to \$7.50; springers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; light ewes, \$9.00 to \$10.00; yearlings, \$12.25 to \$13.00; spring lambs, \$13.75 to \$14.25; calves, good to choice, \$15.50 to \$16.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$15.00 to \$17.00.

Montreal, Jan. 28.—Choice steers, \$12.00 to \$13.00; good, \$10.00 to \$11.00; medium, \$8.50 to \$9.50; bulls, \$8.50 to \$10.00; good, \$8.00 to \$8.50; medium, \$7.00 to \$7.50; cows, \$9.00 to \$10.00; good, \$8.50 to \$9.00; medium, 7.00 to \$8.00; canners, \$5.00 to \$6.50; calves, milked, \$12.00 to \$15.00; sheep, \$9.50 to \$10.50; lambs, \$11.00 to \$13.00.

Great Krupp Plant at Essen Working for U. S. Government

A despatch from Coblenz says:—The Krupp plant at Essen began working for the United States Government Tuesday. The task undertaken by the Krupp consists of making parts for 72 incomplete cannon, rejected by the American authorities as part of the war material offered by the Germans under the terms of the armistice. With the delivery of the parts for the 72 cannon the delivery of 152 pieces of heavy artillery to the Americans will have been completed.

CHINA WILL REPATRIATE ALL TEUTONS UNDER SIXTY

A despatch from Peking says:—The Chinese Government has decided to sequester all enemy property in China on February 12. The law calling for the repatriation of enemy citizens will become effective March 1. The only exceptions will be doctors, invalids and all persons over 60 years of age.

FIX NATIONAL DAY OF INTERCESSION

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Sunday, February 16, has been fixed by the Government as a national day of intercession that the deliberations of the Peace Conference may result "in the establishment of a world-wide peace on a just and permanent foundation."

59 BRITISH SUBMARINES WERE LOST DURING WAR

A despatch from London says:—A total of 59 submarines were lost by the British Navy during the war. Of these, 30 were destroyed by enemy action. The Germans lost 203 submarines.

## QUESTION OF GERMAN COLONIES

Great Britain is Willing to Relegate Problem to League of Nations.

A despatch from London says:—Renter's Paris correspondent says he has been given to understand that Great Britain is willing to relegate such problems as Mesopotamia, Palestine and the German colonies to a League of Nations as soon as that body is formed, in order to avoid wasting the time of the Peace Conference.

Thus, says the correspondent, it is apparent that Great Britain is not desirous of making any demands for territory incompatible with the principles of a League of Nations.

SOME AMBITIOUS WILLS

Curious Requests Left by Well-Meaning Patriots.

A lieutenant who was lately killed in France, and had been a lawyer in civil life, left \$300 to the King, "humbly requesting his Majesty to apply the same to the reduction of the national debt."

An Irishman who left over a hundred thousand pounds to pay off the town's debt had better luck, but as he expressed absolute conviction of the incapacity and idleness of the present town council he made it operative in 21 years!

Queen Victoria had some large legacies left to her for her private use, but the funniest was a "pet parrot" by an old lady with 100 guineas per annum for its keep! She made the amusing condition that "Her Majesty publicly exhibit it before the court twice a year, to prove that the person entrusted with its care has not wrung its neck."

OVER 3,500 INDIANS ENLISTED FOR WAR

A despatch from Ottawa says:—A report issued by the Department of Indian Affairs shows to what extent men of Indian blood enlisted in the Canadian forces. The report says that more than 3,500 enlistments were recorded by the department.

This number presents approximately 35 per cent. of the Indian male population of military age resident in the nine provinces of the Dominion. It is pointed out further that many Indians enlisted of whom the department has no record.

\$8,000,000,000 FOR NATIONAL WAR BONDS

A despatch from London says:—The subscriptions to the National War Bonds reached \$8,000,000,000 before the close of Saturday last, it is learned.

The Bank of England figures now available show that during the final week of the issue applications were made for \$102,980,202, making the grand total for the Bank of England issue of applications of \$1,649,605,815. To this has been added \$50,986,240 subscribed through the post office. The amount therefore so far realized by the National War Bonds is \$1,600,592,055.

IDENTICAL MEDAL AND RIBBON FOR ALL ALLIED SOLDIERS

A despatch from Paris says:—The Supreme War Council of the Peace Conference has recommended that the Governments concerned approve issue of an identical medal and ribbon to all the forces of the allied and Associated Powers which had taken part in the war.

THE BRITISH "SUPERSUBS"

Admiralty Reveals Details of Craft Equipped for 3,000 Mile Cruises.

The Admiralty has just permitted to be made public the real story of the submarine cruiser, the British successfully constructed at the time the Germans were boasting of their super-submarine.

The British craft have two funnels and make twenty-four knots on the surface under steam power. They carry from eight to ten torpedo tubes, two or three 4-inch guns, and are equipped also with internal combustion motors for surface cruising. The batteries for the surface power can be charged from both the steam and combustion engines, and an ingenious scheme has been devised for dismantling the funnels quickly for submerging.

The vessels displace 2,000 tons on the surface and 2,700 tons submerged. They are 340 feet long, have a beam of 26 feet and a cruising radius of 3,000 miles. They are designed to be a match even for torpedo-boat destroyers in surface fighting.

It is known also that the British have built successfully a submarine carrying a 12-inch gun, although the details of this craft have not been made public. The new ideas embraced in the construction of the boat include the "cushioning" of the conning tower against the terrible concussion of the gun. This idea is represented unofficially as having been successful. So far as is known, the new craft never was employed against any enemy vessel.

Something in One Lesson.

"Do you think you could learn to love me?" asked the young man.

"Well—I don't know," replied the sweet young thing, thoughtfully.

"I have \$5,000 in Victory Bonds, \$10,000 invested in good-paying stock, and—"

"Gon on; I'm learning."

"And \$50,000 in well-paying real estate."

"All right, dear; I've learned. Be have me, you're some teacher!"

## 120 U-BOATS SUNK WITH ALL ABOARD

German Submarines Lost During War Total 203

London—Of the 203 German submarines lost during the war, it is estimated here semi-officially, 120 were sunk with all on board, and that in the others an average of half the crew perished.

The complement of the German submarines varied. Some small boats had only 30 on board, while a boat of the cruiser type averaged between 50 and 60.

The British navy during the war lost 59 submarines, 39 of which were destroyed by the enemy. Of the remainder four were interned by neutrals, seven were blown up in the Baltic Sea, four were sunk by accident on trial cruises and five were wrecked in collisions.

DELEGATES ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Paris, Jan. 26.—The delegates of the League of Nations, it was learned Saturday night, will be:

For Great Britain—Lord Robert Cecil and General Jan Christian Smuts.

For France—Leon Bourgeois and Ferdinand Larnaude, Dean of the Faculty of Law of the University of Paris.

For Italy—Premier Orlando and Vitorio Scialoja.

For Japan—Viscount Chinda and K. Ochiai.

For the United States—President Wilson and Colonel Edward M. House.

ELECT 34 WOMEN TO GERMAN ASSEMBLY

A despatch from Berlin says:—The former National Liberal Party was the only party which elected no women delegates to the National Assembly. The Majority Socialists elected 15 women, the Independents three, the Democrats five, the Clericals seven, and the Conservatives four. The advent of women to the legislative deliberations of the incoming German Republic is generally approved.

NOTHING CAN NOW AVERT CIVIL WAR IN PORTUGAL

A despatch from London says:—According to despatches from Lisbon the situation is developing adversely for the Government. The monarchist cause is gaining many adherents in Lisbon and is rapidly extending the field of operations to the north. The monarchy having been proclaimed at Louza, Sao Thiago, Villa do Conde and Barcellos, it is feared that nothing can now avert civil war.

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## TERRIBLE CRIMES OF BULGARIANS

Burn People Alive During War and Tear Flesh Off With Pinchers.

A despatch from London says:—It is now agreed that probably no crimes during the war exceeded the wholesale cruelty and horror of those committed by Bulgarians against the Greeks and Serbians. Reuter's learns from official Serbian sources that the Commission which has been investigating outrages and which brought to light appalling and almost unbelievable atrocities has in many cases secured the names of the officers actually responsible.

Among many Bulgarian documents which give this information is one which specifically mentions a certain Sub-Lieutenant Pelkov as having in the district of Vlasovinci burned people alive. Moreover, in this comparatively small district 140 murders, 235 cases of flogging, 51 of torture, 21 of rape, 187 of blackmail and 216 of arson have been proved during the Bulgarian occupation.

ALL CANADIANS TO LEAVE GERMANY AND RETURN HOME

Cologne, Jan. 26.—The Canadian contingent is about to leave Germany, and Bonn, which has been their headquarters since they came to the banks of the Rhine, will fall to the occupation of some other corps.

Where Canadians Are—This is a picture of the University at Bonn, Germany, which is the headquarters of the Canadian force on the Rhine. Many of our officers are domiciled in this building which faces the public gardens.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38c; heavy 30 to 32c; cooked, 50c; 52c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45c; backs, plain, 45 to 46c; boneless, 50 to 53c.

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