FAR EASTERN NEGOTIATIONS AWAIT REPLY OF JAPAN TO CHINA'S CLAIM OF RIGHTS

(Continued from page 1)

Japan's Statement Delayed

A contributing fact to the day's delay was said to be the illness of Baron Shidehara, the Japanese Ambassador, who is in charge of Far Eastern problems for his government. It was understood, however, that the time required to communicate with Tokio and the determination of the Japanese to give careful examination to the Chinese proposals, have combined to make an immediate statement of Japan's views impossible. It is expected that when this presentation is ready it will be given to the public as an evidence of Japan's willingness to proceed with the discussion in the open.

U. S. Silent

The United States Government, which has been understood to be in general accord with the Chinese position, continued its silence on the subject, but evidence of general approval came from the headquarters of the French delegation with indications that Italy would follow suit. The French declared their willingness to give up their extra territorial privileges and their lease of Kwang Chow, provided their government's title to French Indo-China was unquestioned. For China's aspirations they expressed sympathy but they also indicated that Japan's need of expansion in some quarter could not be minimized.

Formal announcement by Admiral Kato, that Japan would ask for a greater proportion of strength than had been proposed for her in the Hughes plan, became tonight the center of attention in the naval armament negotiations. Making the first explanation of the reservations with which Japan accepted the plan, Baron Kato also announced that his Government desired the right to possess at least one ship of the most formidable defensive type included in the armaments of Great Britain and the United States. He explained that he did not refer to submarines, but would not indicate what class of vessel was in his mind.

Submarine Question

The view behind the British objections is that the quota of 90,000 tons of submarines suggested by the Hughes plan for Great Britain and the United States, is far too large. The British in fact, would like to see the submarine abandoned entirely, but there are considerations of national defense which impell the United States delegates to hold determinedly to the figure they first proposed. Late today the question was discussed by the United States delegation with Theodore Roosevelt, the United States representative on the conference committee of naval experts but there was no indication of a recession by either the United States or Great Britain.

The improbability of a decision in the near future was indicated by the announcement today that three or four days more would be required to complete the British case for presentation to the naval committee. In the interim the question is receiving lively interest of all delegations and when the committee meets to take up the detailed views of the five powers it may find before it a mass of data and argument that it will take weeks to assess.

SIR GEORGE FOSTER STIRS ELECTORS OF YORK-SUNBURY TO HIGHEST PITCH OF ENTHUSIASM

Continued from Page 1.

tration. Sir George said he believed the tariff was the main issue, but setting it aside, what were the other questions? The debt was talked of, the inference being left to be drawn that the extravagance of the Meighen government was responsible. If the governments were changed, the debt would be altered not one cent. That was a settled matter. It was settled in the four years during which the people ordered the government to carry on in the war.

Taxes were another point. The taxes adopted were business profits tax, income tax and sales tax. These also were settled matters. All parties agreed upon them. There would be no change in those taxes if there were a change in government. What were the facts? To overcome the submarine menace and the shortage of shipping during the war, the building of ships was undertaken. Great Britain, the United States and other nations built ships at any cost. Messrs. Fielding and Lemieux warmly congratulated the government on its shipbuilding policy, and it was not until 1919, when the last vote of $8,000,000 was asked for, that the Liberals, for party purposes, opposed it. At the present time the Mercantile Marine was performing a great service in connection with the national railways.

Laurier's Blunder.

Dealing with the railway problem, Sir George said that the Liberal party should put a padlock on its lips before speaking of it. That party had made an awful mess and it had left the mess for its opponents to clean up. That party then criticized the government, which cleaned up the mess, and asked to be returned to office. The Liberals overbuilt from 1902 to 1911. A third transcontinental line was built through partially developed or undeveloped country. Sir Wilfrid Laurier then said: "It was a time for action and not deliberation." He was right. It is now the time for deliberation with the most serious problem of its history, a problem of $400,000,000.

Discusses Tariff.

Sir George then took up the question of the tariff. No person ever had seen a published statement of Hon. Mr. King's trade policy. Hon. Mr. King should either stand upon his platform or state what his policy is. The tariff question had been raised, not by Mr. Meighen, but by Mr. King and Mr. Crerar. Discussing the Liberal tariff policy, Sir George pointed out that the agricultural implement industry and the flour milling would be placed at the mercy of the United States by its adoption There was not a country, not excepting Great Britain, which had not recently taken steps to protect its industry. The Fordney bill had been the step taken by the United States. The speaker, touching upon the Liberal pledge to extend a preference of fifty per cent. to British manufacturers, asked if Canada was prepared to stand much competition from so highly organized an industrial country as Great Britain.

What Grievance Has Farmer?

A word to the farmer: What grievance did he have against the Meighen government? Under the Liberal government agricultural implements paid 92 per cent. Now dutiable farming implements pay 14.6 per cent. and many are free. Surely the farmer took a sufficiently important place in the country to pay something towards the expenses. In all Canada the farmer income tax paid one and one-third per cent. of the whole, and in the prosperous little province of New Brunswick the farmers paid in income tax the enormous sum of $1,197. The farmer could have very little to say against the government.

He had talked longer than he had expected. He probably never would appear again before them in a general election. He had been asked why he took part in this campaign when he did not have to. It was true he was not a member of the government, but his experience of the past forty years in public affairs had made it impossible for him to stay out of the campaign.

Sage And Sulphur Darkens Gray Hair

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago, the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

TEA AND SALE WAS WELL PATRONIZED

Held in Church of England Institute by Ladies' Association.

A tea and sale was held yesterday afternoon in the Church of England Institute by the Ladies' Association of the institute. A very large number patronized the affair, which was very successful in every way. The tea room was decorated with geraniums and cut roses on the tables.

Mrs. Alfred Morrisey, the president, presided. Mrs. James Frink was the convener for the tea Mrs. F. J. G. Knowlton was the convener for the food table Miss Clara Schofield was the convener for the needlework table. Mrs. Silas Alward and Mrs. E. A. Schofield poured.

The decorations, which were very prettily arranged, consisted of ferns and bar-berries, with red roses on each individual table.

The ladies who assisted with the tea were Miss Pearce, Miss Branscombe, Miss McAvity, Miss Armstrong, Miss Coster, Miss Shaw and Miss Gilbert.

The proceeds are for the institute fund.

STRUCK BY AUTOMOBILE.

A school boy while playing near King Edward school on Wentworth street yesterday was struck by an automobile and was considerably bruised about the face and body, but not badly injured.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

NORTHCLIFFE HEARS THERE IS SECRET TREATY

Tells of Persistent Rumors of Negotiations by Britain and Japan.

Pekin, Nov. 17.—Lord Northcliffe spent several hours today at the Rockefeller Institute where he greeted newspaper correspondents from America and Europe and he took occasion to criticize the proposed Anglo-Japanese alliance and at the same time said he had heard that the British Foreign Office has been conducting secret negotiations with Japan on the alliance.

There have been persistent rumors in Tokio as well as in Peking that the British Foreign Office has been negotiating a secret agreement with Japan, said Northcliffe. "This may be true. Past experience with Anglo-Japanese agreements is sufficient to give rise to the belief that anything is possible with secret diplomacy. The fact that the two nations may have agreed upon an amended alliance should occasion no great surprise. "But," he continued, "it will be a serious mistake on the part of Great Britain if the treaty shall be signed first and then announced to the world. It will be an equally serious mistake on the part of Tokio. There is no question regarding the attitude of China regarding the treaty and both the signatory parties will have some trouble explaining their action at Washington.

Lord Northcliffe declared the proposed alliance was favored only by the militaristic classes of Great Britain and Japan. The Anglo-Japanese agreement may easily be construed as inimical to the interests of the United States. He said "Any agreement that has the remotest chance of involving the United States in disputes with Great Britain should be carefully avoided. In fact, almost any conceivable alliance between Japan and Great Britain is not favored by progressive Japanese, is detested by British and Americans in the Far East, as well as by the Chinese, and is opposed by Australians, New Zealanders and other parts of the Empire. Only the Japanese militarists favor the pact and that for obvious reasons."

Ontario Has Solution For Unemployment

Suggest Working Out of Some Scheme of Public Works Throughout Canada

Brantford, Ont., Nov. 17—As a solution for the unemployment problem, the Associated Boards of Trade of Ontario, which opened their 8th annual convention here today, will suggest to the Dominion Government, the working out of some big national scheme, to be shared by all the provinces, cities and towns, and municipalities interested by which industrial activities would be re-opened and public works would be undertaken, with a view to spreading the work over the Dominion evenly, in such a manner that the greatest amount of employment would be given in those localities where the unemployment problem is the most severe. At the same time, the members of the 56 boards of trade went on record as being opposed to the dole system of handing out charity.

It was felt that some systematized method of investigation should be carried out.

Life Sentence For Attempting To Murder Officers

Saskatoon, Sask., Nov. 17.—Prison for the rest of his natural life was the sentence on Frank Carter here today when he was found guilty of attempting to murder police officers who tried to arrest him. Carter, according to medical evidence, is sane, but has the intelligence of a twelve-year-old boy and no moral responsibility. He has yet to face a charge of murdering a section hand.

Speaking Programme of Sir Geo. Foster

Gagetown, Nov. 18
Hampton, Nov. 19
Moncton, Nov. 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all electors to attend these meetings.

L. P. D. TILLEY, Chairman.

Good News For BRONCHITIS Sufferers

FAMOUS DOCTOR ENDORSES PEPS

"Peps are exceptionally suited for the treatment of bronchial ailments; their peculiar composition, their direct influence on the membranes of the bronchi, and their freedom from risky narcotics, being among their many praiseworthy points."

DR. GORDON STABLES.

These chilly wet November days, when the old bronchial cough shows signs of return, and the chest feels raw and tender, it is important to have handy a box of Peps. They treat chest trouble in the only *direct* scientific way.

You *breathe* the Peps medicine, and it *penetrates* where ordinary medicines cannot. As Peps tablets dissolve in the mouth, the sufferer inhales with every breath rich balsamic pine essences with other volatile medicine. This air-like Peps medicine carries comfort and healing into the chest; it soothes the sore inflamed air-tubes; frees the breathing; loosens phlegm; allays the cough, and relieves the painful tight feeling around the lungs.

Peps are the safest and most valuable remedy ever discovered for throat and chest. With them you can defy coughs and colds, chills and other throat and chest troubles. 50c. box, all dealers.

PEPS THE REMEDY YOU BREATHE

Schools Grafting On "Uncle Sam"

(By United Press.)

Washington, Nov. 17.—Disabled war veterans who have been taking correspondence school courses in bee and poultry raising and others who want to go into vaudeville, automobile driving, singing, lip reading, embalming and oratory, must find more charitable instructors or give up their careers.

Col. Charles R. Forbes, head of the United States Veterans' Bureau, disapproved several dozen contracts between the government and schools, establishments and individuals because of excessive charges and other causes. Forbes made a personal investigation of vocational training practices and was startled by finding so much "assininity and graft."

Thin People

Thin, nervous, underweight people take on healthy flesh and grow sturdy and ambitious when Bitro-Phosphate as guaranteed by Ross Drug Co. is taken for a few weeks.

C. P. ROADMASTER FREED ON CHARGE OF MANSLAUGHTER

Was Acquitted Without Any Evidence Being Heard—Judge Had Opinion.

Montreal, Nov. 17—Otis Kirkland, roadmaster on the Canadian Pacific railway for the Montreal district, charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of George R. Woodburn, master plumber, whose car was struck by a train at the Cremazie-St. Humbert street crossing on Nov. 2, was today acquitted of the charge without any evidence being heard.

Judge Leet, before whom the case was brought, remarked that it was a most unusual procedure to dismiss a charge of manslaughter without hearing evidence, but that he was perfectly satisfied that, if any man or department of the C. P. R. were responsible for the death of Woodburn, it certainly was not Kirkland.

The only connection Kirkland had with the affair was that his clerk received a report on Oct 25 that the crossing gates were broken. The report was immediately passed to another department and Kirkland had not seen it.

Landru Springs The Dramatic In Court Room

Says He Will Produce One of the Women He Is Accused of Murdering.

Versailles, Nov. 17—A dramatic announcement, made in open court today by Henri Landru that he would produce before the court one of the missing women the prosecution charges him with having murdered, proved the climax of the trial of the so-called "Bluebeard of Gambaise."

The opinion was general in the court room that, if Landru can make good his declaration he most surely will be acquitted, but that if he fails to do so he will be guillotined.

Counsel for the defence absolutely refuse to give any inkling of the whereabouts of the missing woman referred to today by Landru but it is reported in well-informed circles that evidence to be produced tomorrow will be to the effect that the woman, Madame Cuchet, together with her son, is now living in Rio Janeiro. It is said that she has made an affidavit before the French consul in the Brazilian capital of their identity, and expressed a willingness to return to France, providing that young Cuchet shall be posted only as a deserter from the army and granted immunity.

WAS ARRESTED

James Brady was taken in charge by the police late last night for not giving a satisfactory account of himself.

THIS SALADA is the real Green Tea

The rich yet delicate flavour of the perfectly prepared 'green' leaf will always be found in the sealed Salada packet.

Many Applicants Asking For Divorce

Ottawa, Nov. 17—(Canadian Press)—Since last session of Parliament 65 notices of application for divorces at the first session of the fourteenth Parliament have been filed here. Last session the divorce committee of the Senate granted 110 divorces.

PRESBYTERIANS ACTIVE.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 17—Sydney Presbyterians today passed a resolution asking all candidates in the election to state where they stand on the race track gambling question.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Wake Up, New Brunswick Farmer!

The Mackenzie King Party say the Issue in this election is not Free Trade vs. Protection; Mr. Crerar says he will not at once wipe out Canada's Industries but he does believe that "Protection" is wrong in Principle. It is agreed, however, that both Liberal and Farmer Platforms call for the free admission of Farm Products into Canada. There is no misrepresentation about that.

The Canadian farmer benefits from the Policy of Protection just as much, if not more than the manufacturer. We are already importing millions of dollars of American Farm Products and this with a moderate Protective tariff, lower in most instances than the American tariff against us.

Keeping in mind that the present American tariff came into force in March of this year and that Canadian exports of last year are many times what they will be this year, the Canadian farmer will scarcely be willing to accept the policy of Messrs. King and Crerar in the light of the following figures:

Article	Canadian Tariff on Goods from U. S.	U. S. Tariff on Goods from Canada	Value of U. S. Goods bought by Canada, year ending Mar. 1921	Value of Canadian goods bought by U. S., year ending Mar. '21
Potatoes	20 cents a bush.	25 cents a bush.	$1,695,747	$8,328,862
Apples	90 cents a bush.	30 cents a bush.	1,528,606	171,226
Oats	10 cents a bush.	10 cents a bush.	660,433	4,694,519
Meat, fresh	3 cents a lb.	2 cents a lb.	4,715,262	7,746,443
Eggs	3 cents a dozen	6 cents a dozen	2,292,912	118,513
Butter	4 cents a lb.	6 cents a lb.	886,555	3,156,951
Cheese	3 cents a lb.	23 cents ad valorem	206,885	184,883

It will thus be seen that we bought last year from the U. S. almost twenty times as many eggs and eight times as many apples as we sold them and actually imported from them more cheese than we sold them. The balance of trade so greatly in our favor in other lines is shifting against us very rapidly since the new U. S. tariff went into effect.

What will happen if the Tariff Bars are Let Down, Mr. Farmer?

Wake up, Protect your home, your living and your market.

VOTE FOR MEIGHEN AND HIS CANDIDATES

(National Liberal and Conservative Party Publicity Committee).