

## NOTICE.

During the Present Session of Parliament, Mr. Scott will represent the SUN at Ottawa, and will contribute daily letters as in the past three years. The SEMI-WEEKLY SUN will be sent during the Session to any address in Canada or United States on receipt of TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

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ST. JOHN.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM,  
Manager.

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 31, 1900.

## AN UP-TO-DATE APPLICATION.

The grit press is as proud of the surplus as a child would be of a gilded toy. In fact the whole grit party is swelling with quite a delightful sense of self importance. Mr. Fielding is praised in superlative terms, and there is not a whisper—as yet—of any discontent at the government's failure to reduce the burden of taxation. Even Sir Richard Cartwright is happy, and amiably overlooks the fact that he was himself overlooked when the grits wanted a finance minister. But suppose it had been a conservative finance minister who announced a surplus, what would be the attitude of the grit leaders? Here is the answer, in the words of Sir Richard himself, in a speech delivered in parliament only a few years ago:

"So long as the till is full, that is all that the hon. gentleman (the finance minister) feels bound to regard. It is no concern of his, it is no concern of his colleagues, it is no concern of his colleagues' paymaster's and bottle holders how the mass of the people fare. This policy of excessive taxation, I grant you, suits certain interested parties, and suits them well; these persons control the government of Canada, these sustain the government of Canada; the thing is a fair equation, as the hon. gentleman would say; the government gives these interested parties the power to plunder the people, and in return they are always ready, and why should they not be, to tithe the plunder for the purpose of keeping the hon. gentleman and his friends in power. And so, sir, with cash on hand, plus gerrymander act, plus franchise acts, railway subsidies, harbor works and all that depends thereon, everything goes merrily as a marriage bell in the hon. gentleman's opinion; and, to quote Mr. Lowell:

"Each sturdy protectionist gets what he axes,  
"And the people: their annual soft sawder and taxes."

Sir Richard and his friends are protectionists themselves now. They have the cash on hand, they have been trying to get the gerrymander act, they have the franchise act, the railway subsidies and the harbor works; and they have in addition the great "machines," to some of the interested parties," they have "the interest of the people" to "plunder the people" and only failed to give as much as they desired to others because the senate headed them off; and those persons stand ready "to tithe the plunder for the purpose of keeping the hon. gentleman and his friends in power."

The Sun commends this speech by Sir Richard Cartwright, and the lessons to be drawn from it, to the attention of Sir Richard himself, Mr. Fielding, the St. John Telegraph, the Halifax Chronicle, and all who seek to make grit political capital out of the budget.

The people of course are not wholly overlooked in the matter. They get "the soft sawder and taxes."

## DEATH OF GEN. JOUBERT.

Pier Joubert, general in chief of the Boer army and vice-president of the Transvaal, is dead. He was a born fighter and leader of armed men, and possessed to an extraordinary degree the confidence of the Boers. His military record was a brilliant one. He it was who defeated the British at Laing's Nek and won the still more memorable battle of Majuba Hill. His was the master mind of the present campaign, and his loss will be a most severe blow to the Boer cause. Gen. Joubert, who was in his 63rd year, was

born in Cape Colony and was descended from an old French Huguenot family which settled in South Africa.

## THE BRIDGE CHARGES.

Without anticipating the results of the bridge enquiry, it may be said that the first report made to Mr. Hazen and published in this paper, has been proved to be correct in every particular. The ministers and their organs had a great deal to say at the time about the "nameless engineer" who measured the bridges and calculated their cost per pound. They warned the public against accepting his statements and conclusions. Even when the names were given, the premier and chief commissioner, who was responsible for the contracts, did all that he could to discredit the testimony. The Sen was attacked with much sound and fury for pursuing ministers with charges based on information so acquired.

All the time that Mr. Emmerson and his associates before and after the fact were scolding and protesting they knew that the statement made by the engineers and printed in this paper were true. There was never a word of doubt as to the amount of money paid for these bridges. The controversy was on the price per pound, and the cost as compared with similar structures elsewhere. In order to learn the price paid per pound it was necessary to know the weight of the bridge. This was the work that the engineer was instructed to perform. Having made the measurements and calculated the weight, it was a simple matter to ascertain the cost per pound. The calculations were made and the results were stated. A comparison of the weights as ascertained by the surveyor from his measurements with the weights charged by the manufacturers, shows how accurate were the calculations on which the charges against the government were made. The cost per pound, as worked out by the engineer for Mr. Hazen, was for the Lefebvre, Campbell and Blackville bridges, 6.44 cents per pound; while according to the government's statement the cost was 6.50 per pound.

The government statement is that the cost was in all cases 6.12 cents per pound, so that the statements made in the charges were wonderfully accurate, while the error, small as it was, favored the government.

Again, the facts given by the Sun as to the cost of steel bridges in Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario appears to be sustained by the sworn evidence, but that is a matter to be discussed later. The fact to be stated here is that the statements made at the outset in the Sun are now admitted to be true. The leader of the government and chief commissioner had knowledge of the facts and knew that the statements as to the weight and price of the bridges were true when he went about the province trying to discredit them. He knew that the calculations were correct when he denounced the Sun for printing the report of a nameless engineer. When the Sun, on the information obtained from the engineer's calculations, made the statement that the government was paying more than 6 cents per pound for its steel bridges the whole force of the government press was directed to the purpose of making the people believe that the facts were not as stated and the information not reliable. All this time the accounts in the possession of the government, and well known to the premier, would have supported stronger statements than were made by Mr. Hazen or by the Sun in respect to the price paid for the work. An election campaign was then going on, and it was apparently thought necessary to make the people think that the government was not paying as much as six cents per pound for their bridges.

It is too late to keep up this part of the deception, and Mr. Emmerson now owns up to six cents and a half.

Owing to the illness of Lt. Col. Hartscher, and Lt. Col. Steele being taken to command the Strathcona Horse, Major Howe, a native of St. John, is now in command of the battalion of Mounted Rifles composed of the Northwest Mounted Police. When last heard from this battalion was at Carnarvon.

The senate threw out the gerrymander bill Wednesday afternoon by exactly the same majority as last year, namely, twenty-two.

## MARINE MATTERS.

Steamer Lansdowne arrived at Halifax Sunday morning. The following dead cargoes are reported: Russian ship Columbus, 1270 tons, St. John to Cardiff, Newport or Swansea, 500. Bark Florida, 1145 tons, same voyage. Schooner Beulah Benton, Capt. Mitchell, arrived yesterday on her first trip of the season from Sandy Cove. Capt. Mitchell has been many years in the packet business, and his passengers are always pleased to see his return in the spring. The following is from the Sun's Portland correspondent, under date of March 25: Tremendous quantities of lumber of all kinds have been gotten out in this vicinity this last winter and the shipment of this season will be the largest on record. This, with the scarcity of vessels, has put up freight, and vessel men are making \$10 on lumber to Boston, and the rate on lightening deals to West Bay has gone up 10 cents per thousand. Coal freights have also advanced.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

### THE INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

LESSON II.—April 3.

### GOLDEN TEXT.

Whatever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them.—Matt. 7: 12.

### THE SECTION.

Includes the lesson, with vs. 14-27, the conclusion of the sermon.

### PLACE IN THE LIFE OF CHRIST.

About the middle of the second year of his ministry, where Jesus lays down the principles of his kingdom.

### HISTORICAL SETTING.

Time.—Summer of A. D. 28.

Place.—On a mountain near the Sea of Galilee, probably the Horns of Hattin.

### PRECEPTS AND PROMISES.—Matt. 7: 1-14.

Read Matthew 6: 19-25.

Compare Luke 6: 37-49.

Commit verses 7, 8, 15, 14.

1. Judge not, that ye be not judged.

2. For with what judgment ye judge, ye shall be judged, and with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you again.

3. And why beholdest thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but considerest not the beam that is in thine own eye?

4. Or wilt thou say to thy brother, Let me pull out the mote out of thine eye; and, (c) behold, a beam is in thine own eye?

5. Thou hypocrite, (d) first cast out the beam out of thine own eye; and then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the mote out of thy brother's eye.

6. Give not that which is holy unto the dogs, neither cast ye your pearls before (e) swine, lest they trample them under their feet, and turn again and rend you.

7. Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you:

8. For every one that asketh receiveth; and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that knocketh it shall be opened.

9. Oh what man is there of you, (f) whom if his son (g) ask bread, will he give him a serpent?

10. Or if he (h) ask a fish, will (i) he give him a serpent?

11. If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children, how much more shall your Father which is in heaven give good things to them that ask him?

12. Therefore (j) all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them; for this is the law and the prophets.

13. Enter ye in (l) at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that leadeth to destruction, and many (m) there be which go in thereat:

14. Because (n) strait is the gate, and (o) narrow is the way (p) which leadeth unto life, and few (q) there be that find it.

### REVISION CHANGES.

(So far as they affect the sense.)

Ver. 2. (a) Unto you. Omit again.

Ver. 4. (b) Cast. (c) Lo, the beam.

Ver. 5. (d) Cast out first.

Ver. 6. (e) The swine, lest haply.

Ver. 9. (f) What. (g) Shall ask him for a loaf, will give.

Ver. 10. (h) Shall ask for. (i) Will give.

Ver. 12. (j) All things therefore. (k) Do unto you, even so do ye also unto them.

Ver. 13. (l) By the narrow. (m) Be they that enter in thereby.

Ver. 14. (n) For narrow. (o) Straitened. (p) That. (q) Be they.

### LIGHT ON THE TEXT.

1. Judge not.—To judge is not to form a judgment of men and things, but to impute wrong motives to others' words or conduct; to condemn harshly or hastily.

2. For, etc.—Retribution is sure to follow. Those who stab others with the tongue will be stabbed by the tongue, as Haman was hung on his own gallows. Measure.—Measure.

3. Mote.—A small speck (a small fault).

4. Beam.—Huge stick of timber (a great fault).

5. Hypocrite.—Because he pretends he is good by trying to make others good, when he is guilty himself and is really atoning in his faults. Then . . . see clearly.—When one has repented and forsaken his own faults, he is in the only position where he can help others to get rid of their faults (not condemn, as before he wanted to).

6. Holy.—That which belongs to God; sacred things. Unto . . . dogs.—The Oriental dogs, not like ours, were prowling and fierce, feeding on garbage. They represent the fierce enemies of the truth. Swine.—Unclean, scolding, sensual animals.

7. Ask, seek, knock.—A gradation; first asking, then using the means, then knocking at the door of one who can help.

8. Bread . . . stone.—The Oriental loaves often looked like stones in shape and color. He would not give a user less thing when asked for a good one.

11. If ye then, etc.—God is infinitely better than human parents, and loves infinitely more; and therefore is more ready and glad to give good things to those who seek him.

12. The strait gate.—The narrow, the difficult gate. The gate is the way to heaven and to life. It is narrow of necessity. If we would look at the north star we must look in one direction. There are millions of other directions, but every one leads away from the north star.

14. Few there be that find it.—There are few, but it is not always easy to find. Every one can find it who seeks earnestly.

### SUGGESTIVE QUESTIONS.

(For written and oral answers.)

Subject.—Some Crown Jewels of the Kingdom of God.

1. The Law of Judging Others (vs. 1, 2).—What is it to judge others?

Compare Rom. 14: 13; 1 Cor. 6: 2-5; John 7: 24; Col. 2: 16. What is the reaction upon ourselves?

11.—What is represented by the mote, and by the beam? Why are we apt to see the faults of others more plainly

than our own? How can we help others to be better?

III. Points Before Swine (vs. 6).—Who are represented by dogs and swine? Apply to our own time. What by pearls?

IV. The Key to the Treasure-House of Help (vs. 7-11).—What three kinds of prayer are represented here? Why are these promises placed amid this list of duties? In what three ways are prayers answered? How does Christ show that He loves to answer prayer? Why is such earnest prayer needed?

V. The Golden Rule (v. 12).—Why is this verse called the Golden Rule? State just what this rule means. What kind of world would this be if all obeyed this law?

VI. The Narrow Gate (vs. 13, 14).—What two ways are described in these verses? Why is the way to God's kingdom narrow? Is this true of all good? Can it be otherwise? Meaning of "eternity."

## JOUBERT DEAD.

(Continued from First Page.)

"Then during successive nights, the unseen arm was extended between the rivers and the Modder was seized."

"Cronje saw in the swiftsness and daring of the hands which had encompassed him, that he was playing at last with a master in the game of war, and with a resolution as swift as it was sound, flung over the hopes on which he had so long been building, and fled."

"Despite a wonderful march from Magerfontein, his rear guard was struck at Kimp Kraal Drift" on the Modder, and a beautifully handled rear guard action could not shake off the troops which had come upon him, tired enough, hungry enough, but as eager for battle as he was to evade it.

"They hung in on politics for two nights and a day, and on the next Cronje found a foe in front of him as well, for with scarcely a day's rest for the hard worked horses, French had swung out of Kimberley and stood between him and home."

"Behind, a growing army of Boers, with every moment which delayed him, in front was the very force he could have no hopes to elude, a force of mounted men and mounted guns, equal to his own in mobility, superior in effectiveness."

"Cronje, who had been suddenly driven into the river bed, sank as completely out of sight as though they had risen into the sky and there at this moment they are like a rat in a hole, snarling, spitting but immovable."

"An attempt," he writes, "was made on Sunday to drag the rat out of his hole, but the attempt was abandoned after 12 hours and which left the marks of the rat's teeth on every regiment which tried to draw him. Since then he has been very severely left alone."

"Left alone would probably not express our attitude from the Boer point of view, for he had been subjected to every sort of agony which the artillery has invented."

"There must be a horrible and determined fate to keep the hearts of undisciplined men in such resolute accord." Mr. Battersby's testimony to the personal ability of Lord Roberts is borne out by all the correspondence. This does away with the idea, held by many in England, that Gen. Kitchener was really doing the work. Lord Roberts appears to be a commander-in-chief not only in name but in every respect, in fact more so than many generals whose names have been handed down in history.

## SUSSEX MAN MISSING.

TORONTO, March 29.—The Telegram's special cable from London says: Pte. Herbert Leslie Wainamake, G. Co., former of the 1st Battalion, Sussex, N. B., who went to South Africa with the Royal Canadian regiment, has been missing, according to a war office despatch from Bloemfontein, since March 7.

## FOR THE GRAVES OF IRISH SOLDIERS.

LONDON, March 29.—The Duke of York has accepted from a resident of Cork a thousand packets of shamrock seed, which will be sown upon the graves of Irish soldiers in South Africa.

Wood's Phosphorine is sold in St. John by all wholesale and retail druggists.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 26.—Mrs. Lily Langtry, who is booked to appear at the Casino in this city next week, will not be permitted to produce her play "The Degeners." This was decided by the Board of Censors.

Every horse in the English army is numbered, and has a little history kept for it all to himself. The number is branded upon the animal's hind feet and the units, tens and hundreds on the off hind foot, and the horse's name is also branded on the off hind foot and 34 on the other one. On what is called the "Veterinary History Sheet" everything about the horse will, from time to time, be written.

There is no uncertainty about Pny-Pectoral. It cures your cough quickly. All bronchial affections give way to it. 25c. of all druggists. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

It is reported that the traitorist monastery at Tracadie, Antigonish Co., is to be removed to Maine, where about 1,000 acres have been secured. One hundred cars will be required to remove the effects of the monastery.

ARMY HORSES.

Every horse in the English army is numbered, and has a little history kept for it all to himself. The number is branded upon the animal's hind feet and the units, tens and hundreds on the off hind foot, and the horse's name is also branded on the off hind foot and 34 on the other one. On what is called the "Veterinary History Sheet" everything about the horse will, from time to time, be written.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE.

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, cures drooping of the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

## FOR THE SOLDIER BOYS!

### SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA,

on heavy plate paper, 20 by 50 inches, picture 11-14 by 40 inches.

This is the largest and most perfect view of St. John ever published, and the largest half-tone engraving of any subject in Canada, an ornament for any home, and a beautiful present for friends abroad.

An opportunity is thus afforded every one, rich or poor, in city or country, to show their appreciation of the SELF-SACRIFICING PATRIOTISM AND BRAVERY OF NEW BRUNSWICK'S SOLDIER BOYS to contribute, on equal terms, to the funds for their benefit, and to benefit themselves, their city and province, at the same time.

Large view, by mail, prepaid to any address, Canada or U. S., \$1.00 each, 6 for \$5.00.

A smaller engraving, same view, 6 by 22, on paper 11 by 28 in., 30 cents each, 4 for \$1.00. Special price for large orders.

Fill out, sign and return this coupon.

Enclosed please find \$....., for which send me.....

copies of View of St. John,..... size, and pay to Con-

tingent Fund, in my name, one-half of amount enclosed

Name.....

Not good after First of May, 1900.

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H. D. McLEOD, Treasurer, St. John, N. B.

## SUSSEX

Brief Sketch of the Late James W. Nowlan.

SUSSEX, March 29.—In the death of James W. Nowlan, at Apohaqui, another old hand mark passed quietly away.

His grandfather, Michael Nowlan, a carpenter, from Waterford, Ire., came to Sussex several years before the beginning of the present century, and obtained a grant of the farm on Smith's Creek lately occupied by the deceased. He had four children: John, Thomas, the second, went to Ohio. The third, Ann, married Mr. Rourke of St. Martins. The fourth, Eliza, married Parker Balcom of Musquash. The eldest son, James, succeeded to the homestead. He married Mary Crawford of Hampton, by whom he had two children, viz., the deceased, and Eliza, wife of the late William Sinnott of Studholm.

Squire Nowlan, as he was generally known, was born November 4, 1817. He was a very intelligent and well informed man, and all his life took an active interest in politics, but in public affairs generally. For many years he was the leading justice of the peace in the upper part of Studholm, and transacted a large amount of conveyancing and other magisterial business. In early life he was a liberal supporter of the cause of the oppressed, and was a candidate at the general provincial election of July, 1870, and though not elected, polled the largest vote of the four defeated candidates. At the election in 1873, caused by the resignation of the late George Oty, to accept the appointment of Justice of the Peace for Kings Co., Mr. Nowlan was again a candidate, and defeated the late John Flewelling by fifty votes. He was again a candidate, but unsuccessfully, in 1874 and 1875. About a year and a half ago falling health caused him to give up his fine farm and remove to Apohaqui.

Mr. Nowlan was three times married; first to Miriam, eldest daughter of the late David Hayward of Smith's Creek, and sister of Samuel Hayward and late W. H. Hayward, merchants.

By her he had one son and one daughter, Louise, formerly a teacher in Sussex, now a nurse in Burlington, Vermont. His second wife was Leah, daughter of Jesse Gillis of Springfield, Kings Co., by whom also he had one daughter, Emma, wife of J. C. P. Beebe, principal of the Commercial College in Halifax. His third wife, who survives him, was Abigail Hayward, sister of his first wife. They had the following family: Oscar, residing in Minneapolis; Celis, wife of Cyrus B. McCready of Apohaqui (her eldest son, A. H. McCready, is now editor of the Chatham Post of Sackville, N. B.); Thelma, of Boston; Edwin, of Hanford, California; Rozell, late of Seattle, now of Iowa, and Laura, at home. Two younger daughters, Helen and Eva, died some years ago.

PREFERRED TO LIVE IN CANADA.

James Speers, a young immigrant boy, fourteen years of age, who came out with some sixty others from a home in England in 1897, has had quite an experience lately. At that time he settled with a farmer at Kings-stone, Ont., named Wilson, and was with him some time, until letters from an aunt at home asking him to come back unsettled him. As soon as he got together sufficient money he returned to England, but the treatment he received at his aunt's hands did not comfort him, and he was a quiet and comfortable home that he had been led to expect would be his lot, so he decided to again try his luck in Canada, especially as Mr. Wilson, his former employer, wished him to return. Money being a scarce article with the boy, he, with two others, started away on the Lake Superior, appearing on deck two days after the vessel was out. They were then set to work, but were treated with uniform kindness by all aboard. When the steamer reached Halifax, the other boys left, but Speers came on to St. John. Yesterday morning he caught the west bound train at Fairville, but was sent back by the U. S. officials. Officer John Collins took pity on the youngster when he reached the depot, and started out with him to see what could be done. Mr. Gardner, the immigration officer, was seen, but could do nothing. Mr. Collins left them to see

It was voted at Public Meetings held in St. John to give a Bonus of Fifty Cents per day for Six Months to every Soldier from New Brunswick, no matter what part of the Province he was from, of which Contingent he joined. THE FUND FOR THIS PURPOSE IS ABOUT \$3,000 SHORT.

Arrangements have been made for the sale for the benefit of this fund, of the MAGNIFICENT HALF-TONE ENGRAVING.

Enclosed please find \$....., for which send me.....

copies of View of St. John,..... size, and pay to Con-

tingent Fund, in my name, one-half of amount enclosed

Name.....

Not good after First of May, 1900.

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H. D. McLEOD, Treasurer, St. John, N. B.

## AN ABLE SPEAKER.

(Special to the Sun.)

AMHERST, March 29.—Last evening Rev. Charles A. Eaton lectured here to a large audience. Mr. Eaton came under the auspices of the B. Y. P. U. Rev. A. F. Newcomb, associate pastor, introduced the speaker, and Dr. Steele offered prayer. The subject was Anglo-Saxonism. For an hour and a half Mr. Eaton held the audience in rapt attention, as eloquently and lucidly he dealt with his thrilling theme. He possessed rare strength of humor and vigor of language. The broad outlook suggested by the lecture evinced a comprehensive grasp of the subject. Especially was the economic and socialistic sides of the theme ably tested. Mr. Eaton took the first steps of his career of constantly increasing influence in Amherst, and is extremely popular here. The lecture was a pronounced success. Mr. Cain and Prof. Giffin sang solos.

## QUEEN'S VISIT TO IRELAND.

LONDON, March 29.—Arrangements for the Queen's visit to Dublin are rapidly nearing completion. Two detachments of Life Guards left London this evening to act as the royal escort, and the trials of the royal trains have been completed along the entire route. Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, who is just recovering from a serious illness, will leave