TRESPASS.

Fair and reasonable supposition— C. S. U. C. ch. 105—25 Vic. ch. 32-33 Vic. ch. 27, sec. 2—Conviction—Certiorari]—The defendants were convvicted of a trespass under C. S. U. C. ch. 105, as amended by 25 Vic. ch. 22. They appealed to the Sessions, which affirmed the conviction. The conviction was then brought into this Court, and a motion was made to quash it on the ground of want of jurisdiction in the convicting Justice, inasmuch as it appeared by the evidence, and by affidavits filed, that the defendants acted under a fair and reasonable supposition that they had the right to do the acts complained of within the meaning of the above statutes.

adjudicated upon by the convicting RAILWAY COMPANIES, 2. Justice upon the evidence, and, therefore, that a certiorari would not lie for want of jurisdiction. Regina v. Malcolm et al., 511.

TRIAL.

Agreement at, subsequent enforcement of. - See ARBITRATION AND AWARD, 1.

Questions between defendant and third party-Delaying plaintiff. |-See PARTIES.

TRUSTEE.

See BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVEN-CY, 4.—LIMITATIONS, STATUTE OF, 3.

ULTRA VIRES.

UNCERTAINTY.

See SALE OF LAND, 2.

VARIATIONS.

Statutory conditions.] -- See INSU --ANCE, 2.

VENDOR.

Description of party. | See SALE OF LAND, 1.

Liability to protect.] --- See SALE OF LAND, 4.

VOTING.

Bondholders -- Right to vote as Held, that that was a fact to be shareholders.] - See RAILWAYS AND

WAIVER.

See Public Schools. - Insur-ANCE, 4.

WARRANT.

Northwest mounted police - Assignment of — Misrepresentation.]—
See Fraud and Misrepresenta-TION, 2.

WATER.

Carriers.]-See Shipping.

WAYS.

1. Right of way-Way of necessity-"Premises" Parties - Amendment.] Where C., by deed, conveyed certain See Carriers. — Constitutional land to S., who owned certain land LAW. - MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS, 3. adjoining the land of C., but not