grandfather, John White, a grandson of the "Worshipful William," was also the grandfather, on the mother's side, of William Hazen, and the great grandfather of John Hazen, who came to New Brunswick with his uncle William in 1775, and settled at Burton, on the St. John River.*

In early manhood, James White held a commission as Ensign or Lieutenant in a Regiment of foot, but after the downfall of Quebec he seems to have retired from active service and to have entered the employ of William Tailer and Samuel Blodget, merchants of Boston, for whom he acted as agent in furnishing supplies to the garrisons at Fort George and Crown Point. He received a very modest salary as appears in the following:

"Memorandum of an agreement made this day between William Tailer & Co., with James White, that we, the said Tailer & Co., do allow him the said James White, twenty dollars pr. month as long as the said White is in their service at Crown Point as Clark.
"WILLIAM TAILER & Co."

"Test.: GEO. WILLMOT,

"Crown Point, July 1st, 1762."

The supplies delivered to the garrisons on Lake George and Lake Champlain were sent by Messrs. Tailer & Blodget via Albany. Mr. White seems to have had two negroes, "Scipio" and "Tom," in his employ, and Mr. Blodget writing from Boston December 3, 1762, says, "I would advise you by all means to keep up the Brewery and employ Sipio in the Business." He adds in the same letter that he is informed that "Capt. Turner is in command at Ticonderoga, and will perhaps deal out stores to his company in our behalf." White is directed to let such soldiers as are of age take out their full pay in supplies.

As Samuel Blodget was a partner in the firm which had the honor of planting the first trading post at St. John, the following letter written by him to James White is of some historic interest. It will be noted that it was not essential in those days for a successful Boston merchant to be an accomplished English scholar.

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^{*} The Hazen family in this province are all descendents of Moses Hazen of Haverhill, who was born May 17, 1701, and married March 7, 1727, Abigail, daughter of John White. Their oldest son, John, distinguished himself in the French and Indian wars, in which he rose to the rank of Captain, He married November 30, 1752, Annie Swett of Haverhill; their son John who accompanied his uncle William to New Brunswick and settled at Burton, on the St. John River, was born November 29, 1755. The second son of the family, Captain Moses Hazen, born June 1, 1733, served in the French war. He commanded the party of Rangers who went up the St. John River in the winter of 1759, and destroyed the French Settlement at St. Ann's Point, but afterwards more worthily distinguished himself under General Wolfe on the Plains of Abraham, where he was severly wounded. He was one of the original proprietors of the Township of Burton. William Hazen, the youngest son of the family, born July 17, 1738, engaged in business in Newburyport, but at the outbreak of the American revolution came to St. John, where his partners, Simonds and White, had been established since 1764. The subsequent history of William Hazen and his family in this Province is too well known to require further reference in this connection.