Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

READY NEXT WEEK.
The Visits of Elizabeth.
Geo. N. Morang & Co.,
Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 16—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

BRITISH SUCCESSES IN AFRICA REPORTED BY LORD KITCHENER

Sir Henry Rawlinson's Column Rushed a Laager and Inflicted Severe Defeat—Plumer Captured Men and Supplies—Pilcher's Operations in Orange River Colony.

LONDON, April 15.—The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, April 15:

"Col. Sir Henry Rawlinson's column rushed the south laager, north-west of Klerksdorp, at daylight. Six Boers were killed, ten wounded and twenty-three taken prisoners. He captured a twelve-pounder, one pom-pom complete and two ammunition wagons with ammunition.

"Our casualties were three wounded.

"Col. Plumer captured a field cornet and seven men, with ten wagons and eighteen rifles.

"During Col. Pilcher's operations in Orange River Colony seven Boers were killed."

London, April 15.—While the letters of responsible correspondents in Pretoria depict the situation in a rather despairing mood, the Pretoria representative of The Daily Mail sends to-day a despatch of the most hopeful character.

"The next six weeks," he says, "will see a resumption of active campaigning. Lord Kitchener will renew his sweeping movements. He has an army of 250,000 efficient troops, including 60,000 mounted men, with a good supply of horses, 40,000 having been secured in Cape Colony alone. "The army is in good spirits, and Lord Kitchener is satisfied with the progress of events, slow tho it seems."

One Treason-Monger Sentenced.

Barkly West, April 15.—Pony Dewet, a member of the Cape Assembly, has been sentenced by the Treason Court to imprisonment for three years, with a fine of £1000, for seditious speeches.

MOST LIKELY ANOTHER CANARD.

Report That General French and 500 of His Men Were Captured.

London, April 15.—It is said that a private telegram has been received here to the effect that Gen. French, with 500 British troops, has been captured by the Boers, while his force was enveloped in a mist on the hills. No confirmation of the report can be obtained.

The War Office here knows nothing about the rumored capture of Gen. French, and entirely discredits the report.

A MOST DISGRACEFUL PIECE OF POLITICAL MACHINE WORK

Mr. R. L. Borden Commented Strongly on the Ontario Government's Effort to Use Census Enumerators For Gathering Political Information—Census Item Had to Stand.

Ottawa, April 15.—(Special)—When the vote for the census came up in Committee of Supply to-night Mr. Bennett drew attention to Mr. Cote's circular asking enumerators to be careful that all Frenchmen are enrolled as such, and also to an effort made by the Ontario Government to have enumerators receive political information.

Mr. R. L. Borden denounced the whole business of securing political information in this way as perjury and fraud. Such an attempt to use enumerators for political purposes was the most disgraceful piece of political machine work he had ever seen in this country.

Mr. Barker asked if the Government was aware that Mr. Cote had issued circulars asking the enumerators to make private returns to him of all French-Canadians residing in the United States.

Mr. Fisher said he knew of no such circulars.

Mr. Barker: You can see it in a dozen newspapers in Quebec.

Col. Prior read a letter from T. A. Lepage, a Frenchman of Victoria, B.C., who denounced Cote's circular as unpatriotic, and calculated to breed dissension among races in Canada. The item was discussed another hour, and finally allowed to stand to enable Mr. Fisher to be in a position to give the House further information.

The House adjourned at 12.30.

MR. FISHER TAKES ACTION.

The Political Circular Recalled in Hot Haste and With Emphasis.

Ottawa, April 16.—(Special.)—The exposure by the Conservatives of the shameful tactics of the Liberals in Ontario regarding the census evidently had its effect on Mr. Fisher. After the House rose this morning he and Mr. Blue got together. As a result, they drafted the following circular and telegraphed it to all census commissioners in Ontario:

"The statement is made here that a schedule entitled, "Male residents 16 years of age and over," has been placed in the hands of census enumerators. If such a schedule has been employed it is fraudulent, and you are required forthwith to instruct all enumerators in your census district to discontinue it under pain of dismissal from office and prosecution and punishment under the provisions of the Census Act. Any such schedules in the possession of enumerators, whether filled or not, must be destroyed and delivery of them to any person or persons, or the retention of them by enumerators, will be visited with the full penalty of the law. See sections 11 and 15 to 19, inclusive, of the Census Act. Wire me to-morrow any information you may have regarding this matter, and of the use of the reputed schedule in your census district. (Signed) Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture.

MEDALS FOR ALL THE SOLDIERS WHO HAVE FOUGHT IN BOER WAR

Order to That Effect Issued by the Late Queen Has Been Confirmed by the King—Canadian Corps Will Be Honored in Clasps Commemorative of Battles.

Ottawa, April 15.—(Special.)—In an Imperial army order issued on the 2nd inst., it is announced that His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to confirm the order given by her late Majesty, that a medal be struck to commemorate the military operations in South Africa. The order proceeds:

The medal, in silver, will, provided the claims are approved by the commander-in-chief, be granted to all officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the British, Indian and colonial forces and to all nurses and nursing sisters who actually served in South Africa between Oct. 11, 1899, and a date to be hereafter fixed; to all troops stationed in Cape Colony and Natal at the outbreak of hostilities, and to troops stationed in St. Helena between April 14, 1900, and a date to be hereafter fixed.

According to the regulations, Canadian infantry will received four clasps, "Cape Colony," "Paardeberg," "Dreitfontein" and Johannesburg." D Batterymen will receive three clasps, "Cape Colony," "Orange Free State" and "Belfast."

The Mounted Infantry and Royal Canadian Dragoons will receive clasps for "Johannesburg," "Diamond Hill, "Cape Colony" and "Orange Free State." The Royal Canadian Dragoons will receive the "Belfast" clasp.

C Battery will also obtain the following: A clasp inscribed "Relief of Mafeking," will be granted to all troops under the command of Col. Mahon, who marched from Barkly West on May 4, 1900, and to all troops who were under Col. Plumer's command between Oct. 11, 1899, and May 17, 1900, both dates inclusive, and who were south of an east and west line drawn thro Palachive.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

House of Industry Board, 4 p.m.
G. G. B. G. and Field Battery parade at Armouries, 8 p.m.
Mulock Liberal Club, 8 p.m.
Grand Opera House, "The Duke's Jester," 8 p.m.
Toronto Opera House, West's Minstrels, 2 and 8 p.m.
Princess Theatre, "Woman Against Woman," 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's Theatre, Lafayette and vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

NAVIGATION MEN.

Mr. Barlow Cumberland, Vice-President of the Niagara Navigation Co.

LITTLE GIRL WITH SMALLPOX.

Origin is Not Definitely Known—Four Cases Now in the Isolation Hospital.

Another case of smallpox was discovered in the city yesterday. The patient is Marion Davidson, aged 7 years, who lives on Robert-street.

Yesterday afternoon a message was received at the City Hall by Prof. Shuttleworth, who is acting Medical Health Officer, in the absence of Dr. Sheard, that there was a suspected case of smallpox in the Davidson family. Prof. Shuttleworth, in company with several physicians, visited the suspected house and investigated. It was the opinion of all the medical men present that the case was one of smallpox, and at once the necessary precautions were taken to avoid any spread of the disease.

The child was removed to the Isolation Hospital, and the home quarantined. Prof. Shuttleworth is of the opinion that the origin of the case might be traced to the child coming in contact with a man who recently came from Cleveland and stayed at a house visited by the Davidson family. The Cleveland visitor, at the time of his stay here, suffered from a skin disease, which was probably chickenpox, and from him it is thought the germ was contracted.

There are now four smallpox patients at the Isolation Hospital, and they are all getting along well.

Cough and Hoarseness After Grip.
Brumell's Cough Drops has no equal for that night cough. 25c. Bingham's Pharmacy, opposite Shea's. 246

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c.

THE NEW METROPOLITAN

Most Rev. William Bennett Bond Was Elected Yesterday to the High Position.

CONGRATULATIONS TENDERED HIM.

Venerable Prelate Was Born in Truro, England, Nearly 86 Years Ago.

Montreal, April 15.—(Special)—As foreshadowed in The Sunday World, Bishop Bond was this morning elected Metropolitan of Canada and Lord Archbishop of Montreal. There were present Bishops Bond (in the chair), Dunn, Baldwin, Courtney, Kingdon, Thornloe, DuMoulin, Mills, Sweatman and Hamilton. The Archbishop, in a few words, conveyed his thanks, and in the evening the city clergy and influential laymen met and tendered their congratulations to his Grace.

The Most Rev. William Bennett Bond, Archbishop of Montreal and Metropolitan of Canada, belongs to a Cornish family, and was born in Truro, England, on September 10, 1815. In 1841 he was ordained a priest in Quebec by Bishop Mountain; in 1848 he was called to St. George's, Montreal, as assistant to Dr. Leach, whom he succeeded as rector. He became Dean of Montreal in 1873, and on January 25, 1879, he was consecrated Bishop of Montreal. He married, in 1841, Miss Eliza Longley of St. John's, Nfld., who died on June 20, 1879.

WANT CHURCH LAW CHANGED

Anglicans Condemn Provincial Synod in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

MR. WORRELL SHOWS ITS DEFECTS

Suggests a Remedy Which is Endorsed by Church Club of St. James' Cathedral.

The present Anglican Church law which calls for a Provincial Synod to take in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, was strongly condemned by Mr. J. A. Worrell, K.C., in an addresse delivered last night at the meeting of the Church Club in St. James' Cathedral schoolhouse.

Mr. Worrell, in an interesting manner, pointed out the inefficiency of the present system, showing that in a case of any kind considered by the Provincial Synod it is impossible to have combined action, from the fact that what interests one province does not probably affect another section of the country which is under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Synod.

He pointed out further that in questions pertaining to education, marriage or to church property, no action under the present law can be taken. He therefore suggested the formation of ecclesiastical provinces with the same boundaries as those of civil provinces, such as Ontario. In the discussion which followed Mr. Worrell's address the suggested remedy was spoken upon favorably by all present.

JAPAN SENDS AN ULTIMATUM.

London, April 15.—Japan has issued an ultimatum to China that Russia must be ejected from Manchuria, the alternative being that occupation of that province shall become international instead of solely Muscovite.

While directed to Emperor Kwang Su, thru Li Hung Chang, the ultimatum is undoubtedly meant for St. Petersburg. It is the serving of notice on the Czar that he must abandon Manchuria or fight.

The wording of the ultimatum does full credit to the reputation of Marquis Ito as the Bismarck of the Orient. Beneath the flowery language is concealed the mailed fist. First presented as a petition, Japan's demand is now couched in words of command.

It is highly significant that Li Hung Chang, ardent special pleader for Russia, should be chosen as the medium for transmitting the ultimatum, and especially so when it is considered that Japan sent her first message to Kwang Su thru Prince Ching. It is shrewdly conjectured here that Earl Li's first message yesterday, after the receipt of the ultimatum, went to the Czar instead of to his own nominal sovereign.

That Japan has determined to precipitate a crisis in the far east is now no longer open to doubt. That, while openly acting independently, she has been promised support by other powers, Great Britain among them, is more than probable.

One thing is certain. Russia must now show her hand. She can no longer hide her purposes behind the assertion that she must retain her troops in Manchuria to preserve order and protect her interests. International aid in so doing is now offered her. That she will reject it is a foregone conclusion. Therefore, a clash seems inevitable.

Japan's assurance to China that all the nations regard the latter as a "friendly power" is interpreted here as an Oriental intimation to Russia that she herself is not considered in that category, as far as Japan is concerned.

Russian Marines Recalled.

London, April 16.—According to a despatch to The Daily Express from Tokio, dated yesterday, the detachment of Russian marines stationed at Na San Pho have been recalled, owing to Japanese representations.

China Thanks Japan.

"The Chinese Imperial court, thru the Chinese Minister at Tokio, has thanked Japan for assisting China to resist the Manchurian convention," says the Shanghai correspondent of The Standard, "and has asked for Japanese aid and support in any future contingency."

SWINDLER WINTON'S BOLD PLAN EMBRACED EIGHT CITY BANKS

In Six He Was Foiled in His Chemical Operations by Officials—Representatives of Monetary Institutions May Meet to Devise Means to Prevent a Recurrence.

No new developments of any great importance were brought to light yesterday in connection with the case which was originated when the Imperial Bank and the Bank of Commerce were victimized on Saturday to the extent of $5245 by the man who gave the name of G. A. Winton, and who succeeded in securing the money by passing raised cheques.

Yesterday the success attained by the swindler in working the old game was the one topic of conversation in banking circles. The principal officials of monetary institutions are silent when spoken to on the subject of the robberies, but it is generally known that over half a dozen banks had been tested by the swindler on Saturday, and that among these are the Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of Ottawa, Bank of Montreal, Ontario Bank, Union Bank and the branch of the Imperial Bank at the corner of York and King-streets. With none of these was the attempt successful, and each of the banks named is ahead the amount of a small deposit by the operations of the swindler.

At the Bank of Nova Scotia, Winton made out a cheque for $30, and presented it to the ledger-keeper, who certified it good. The accepted stamp was placed over the amount in the body of the cheque, and it was therefore impossible for Winton to change its face value without rendering it unnegotiable. This cheque was presented to the paying-teller and cashed.

Winton had small deposits at the Bank of Montreal and the Bank of Ottawa, and had cheques marked on Saturday morning at each of these banking institutions. The swindler had no opportunity to "raise" the cheques, because in both instances after they were accepted by the ledger-keeper they were passed thru to the paying tellers, who paid out the amount called for by each.

It is stated Winton had a cheque marked at the Union Bank, and was foiled in his game by an official, who noticed him attempt to leave the bank. This official told Winton that the bank did not allow customers to get a cheque accepted and then leave the institution, whereupon it is stated that the swindler coolly walked over to the paying teller and received the amount.

At the York-street branch of the Imperial Bank it is stated Winton was also unsuccessful, because he neglected to put in figures the value of the cheque. The mistake was rectified by the ledger-keeper, and Winton, finding it impossible to obliterate the figures, accepted the opportunity and cashed the cheque.

Altho Winton had a deposit at the Ontario Bank, for some reason not yet explained, he made no attempt to withdraw the amount or pass a raised cheque.

The detectives are working quietly on the case, and are loth to discuss the question of developments or the probability of the arrest of the prisoner. Photographs of the swindlers who are suspected were yesterday shown by Detective Black to the bank tellers and accountants who saw the man, and it is said one of these was recognized by at least two of the officials concerned.

Detectives who were spoken to last night regarding the truth of the story to the effect that the identity of the swindler had become known to the department refused to deny or affirm the report.

Inspector Stark of the local Detective Department says there is no truth in the statement printed in an evening paper of yesterday that a letter was received here three weeks ago from the Metropolitan Bureau in Chicago, warning the police that a raised cheque swindler would be likely to try his game in Toronto.

"They are putting words into my mouth," said the inspector, when spoken to regarding the story yesterday afternoon.

The Detective Department acted with all possible expedition, and has enlisted the aid of the Pinkertons and of the police of the various large centres in Canada and the United States.

There is a feeling in banking circles that something must be done to prevent a repetition of the fraud, and in all probability a meeting of representatives of large monetary institutions will be held within the next few days, to discuss the best method to be adopted.

JIM HILL HAS BOBBED UP AGAIN AND MAY UPSET THE ROBLIN DEAL

Great Northern Magnate in St. Paul and Said to be Working With President Mellen—The Real Fight in the Matter Only Beginning, Says Mr. Armstrong.

Winnipeg, April 15.—(Special)—A St. Paul despatch to-day says Hugh Armstrong, who was here on Saturday, is authority for the statement made to a Canadian official located in the Twin Cities that the real fight of Premier Roblin to secure the Northern Pacific lines has just commenced. Mr. Armstrong said that for his own satisfaction he looked into the matter while here, and was more than surprised at the information obtained from N.P. and other railway officials he is acquainted with. He learned positively that Jim Hill is making a strong fight to have the whole deal annulled on technical grounds, claiming that the matter should have been closed up April 1, as agreed upon. Powerful influences are being brought to bear upon President Mellen of the Northern Pacific, and it is stated that he this morning held a long conference with J. J. Hill in regard to the matter, the latter having returned from New York yesterday. Mr. Armstrong took a very gloomy view of the situation, and stated that if the deal failed the Manitoba Government would build its own lines and make it hot for both the N.P. and G.N. in Canadian territory.

Railway Officials Gone East.

Manager Whyte, General Superintendent Osborne and General Superintendent Marpole of the C.P.R. have all gone east. It is believed they are on important business. While all the under officials seem to agree that there are some important official changes in contemplation, nothing definite in the connection can be learned. Superintendent James went east a few days ago. It is rumored that James was offered an important position on the C.P.R.

C.P.R. Shuffle in Prospect.

There is no first vice-president of the C.P.R. at present, and another rumor is that D. McNichol will be appointed to that position, and that Manager Whyte of this city will succeed to the position of second vice-president and general manager, which Mr. McNichol at present holds. In the shuffle to provide Mr. Whyte's successor, it is probable that Osborne and James would be given promotion.

FORMERLY OF ST. THOMAS

Suspected Murderers Arrested at Pittsburg Found to Be Edward and John Biddle.

WIDOW AND SON OF MURDERED MAN

Identify "Jack" Biddle and Robert Wilcox as the Guilty Parties.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 15.—The real names of the two men who are suspected of the Mount Washington murder and the killing of Detective P. E. Fitzgerald have been discovered to be Edward and John Biddle, instead of Wright, the name they gave the police. They are brothers of Harry G. Biddle of Knoxville, and of William Biddle, a Consolidated Company conductor. The Biddle family was from St. Thomas, Canada. William Biddle was arrested today just after he had resigned his job on the traction road, preparatory, the detectives thought, to leaving the city. He had in his possession, the officers say, goods he admitted getting from his brother.

The most important developments in the case to-day were the identification of Robert Wilcox and "Jack" Biddle, alias Wright, by Mrs. Thomas D. Kahney and her son, wife and son of the murdered grocer.

"To stop toothache immediately use Gibbons' Toothache Gum." Price 10c.

Permit Me.
The ladies like the flavor of Clubb's Dollar Mixture. That's one reason why we sell such a large quantity. But another reason is that our customers have a fine taste in tobaccos also, and appreciate the mild, yet tonic, stimulant. Smoking is a pleasure to all concerned when Clubb's Dollar Mixture is used; 1-lb. tin, $1.00, ½-lb. tin, 50c; ¼-lb. package, 25c; sample 1-10th-lb. package, 10c, at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King west

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W.

MAIDEN LADY REFUSED TO TELL.

Ottawa Census Man Was Rebuffed and His Paper Was Torn to Pieces.

Ottawa, April 15.—The first summons for refusing to give information to a census enumerator was issued to-day, and a stalwart Dominion policeman will wait on a Sandy Hill lady and present her with the invitation to an at home with Magistrate O'Keefe as host.

She is a maiden lady, and turned a deaf ear to the enumerator's pleadings and warnings, and finally became so wrathy as to tear up the form and throw it on the floor. She considers it a piece of insufferable impertinence that the Government should ask her age and ancestry, and pry into the extent of her resources.

The enumerator reported her case to the Department this morning, and a summons will be issued. The enumerator will accompany the policeman who serves the summons, and if the maiden fair relents the Police Court proceedings will be suppressed.

BAILIFF McKAY DEAD.

Retired to Rest as Usual, But Feeling Ill, and Passed Away Before Morning.

Woodstock, April 15.—George McKay, the well-known and highly-respected bailiff of the Division Court, Embro, and county constable, was found dead in his bed this morning. Deceased retired to rest last night at the usual hour, but not feeling well, and on this account he slept by himself. This mornong Mrs. McKay, not hearing her husband rise at his accustomed hour, went up to his room at about 7.30, and found him lying on his side. She failed to arouse him. He was dead. Dr. Sutherland was sent for at once, but it was too late. The deceased was 60 years of age. He was born on the 8th line of West Zorra, and located in Embro about 23 years ago. He held the position of bailiff for the past 15 years. Deceased leaves a widow and three sons.

Hobberlin Bros. & Co. premier pants are cut with the same care and fitness of form as are all their other gentlemen's garments. They are great value at $4.00. Just call at 153 Yonge Street and investigate.

Special! Special!
A variety of plants in full bloom, left over from Easter, will be sold at very reasonable prices—lilac trees, azaleas, rhododendrons and many others. See them at Dunlop's salesrooms, 5 King-street west and 445 Yonge-street.

BEEF EDICT OF WAR OFFICE

Canadian Senators Had the Matter Brought to Their Attention by Mr. Lougheed.

"BRITISH BRED BEEF" TERM USED.

And Sir Mackenzie Bowell Thought That Would Include Canada.

Ottawa, April 15.—(Special.)—The question whether Canada is to be excluded from participation in British army beef contracts, under the recent War Office edict, was discussed briefly in the Senate to-day.

Hon. Mr. Lougheed asked if any communication had been received as to the order that only British beef should be supplied the army. The newspaper reports, he said, had caused quite a flutter in beef circles. It was quite important, especially in the present time of Imperial feeling, that nothing should have been done to injure our trade. He hoped that nothing would happen to re-enforce the embargo of some years ago.

Hon. R. W. Scott said that the Government had received no notice. If it became necessary they would enquire.

Hon. Mr. Lougheed said the reports stated that the United States Secretary had cabled their Ambassador on the subject, and surely our Government should be as alert.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said the term used was "British bred," not "home bred" beef. This, he thought, would include Canada.

Hon. David Mills said the term "British" would, if strictly interpreted, exclude Ireland as well as Canada.

TIGHT MONEY IN ENGLAND

Mr. Clouston, Manager of the Bank of Montreal, Predicts a Period of High Interest.

GUESSING ABOUT THE WAR DEBT.

Morgan's Scheme Attracting Considerable Attention in the Old Land.

Montreal, April 15.—(Special)—Tight money is what Mr. E. S. Clouston thinks is in store for the English public for some time to come. The general manager of the Bank of Montreal arrived home today from London, and he says that call loans were four per cent. when he left the other side. Mr. Clouston says that, altho the war is really over, the financiers are expecting new loans, consequently easy money cannot be looked for in the near future. There is, he adds, a great deal of guessing in London over the measures to be adopted to pay the war debt, and a great many long-headed people are of the opinion that a duty will be imposed on beet root sugar.

"Is J. Pierpont Morgan's scheme attracting much comment in London?"

"Considerable," was the banker's reply, and he heard that Englishmen would establish steel works in the United States so as to compete with the Americans. "I told them," said the general manager, smiling, "that they should buy out the Dominion Iron and Steel Works, for they certainly look upon the big Sydney concern as a very important factor in the world's steel supply."

MURDERED FOR HIS WAGES.

Canadian Woodsman Found Dead in Maine Woods—Home Was in St. Benoit, Canada.

Greenville Junction, Me., April 15.—Matheson Pare has been found murdered at Askwith. His home is in St. Benoit, Canada. He was a woodsman and was paid for his winter's work, $108, on March 8. He was last seen alive on March 11. When his body was found the money was gone. A rifle ball wound was in his head.

KENSIT WANTS A ROW.

Will Oppose the Installation of Bishop Ingram on Wednesday.

London, April 15.—It is reported that at the ceremonious installation of the Right Rev. Arthur Winnington Ingram as Bishop of London, on Wednesday, John Kensit, the irrepressible crusader, will object to Dr. Ingram's confirmation on the ground of his alleged leanings toward Catholicism. John Kensit says: "If I cannot stop the Ingram installation I shall attack him in the law courts." The police will look out for Kensit.

JAUNT TO THE COAST.

Sir Wilfrid Will Have a Large Party With Him on His Holiday.

Ottawa, April 15.—A big Ministerial party, it is said, will go out to the coast when the House rises, or very soon afterwards. The Prime Minister will be the central feature in the group, and he will be accompanied, according to report, by Hon. J. Israel Tarte, Hon. W. Paterson, and Hon. Clifford Sifton. The party are likely to make a trip to Dawson by way of Skaguay and the White Pass Railway. Elaborate preparations will be made at the coast for welcoming the distinguished visitors.

The Young Man's Hat.
The young man who attaches value to his personal appearance, and who is in search of this season's most fashionable hat, we have pleasure in directing to the W. & D. Dineen Co., Toronto's fashionable hatters, corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets. In their front window can be seen an exact copy of the five-dollar Knox golf hat, in pearl color. These hats are being sold for one dollar and seventy-five cents, and in style and quality they only require to be seen to be appreciated, and from their first appearance they received popular approval.

Cook's Turkish & steam baths, 204 King w., cures colds, coughs and rheumatism

St. George St. Residence for Sale.
A very desirable 12-roomed residence, St. George-street, is offered by the owners for $4000 if immediate sale is made. Apply to J. L. Troy, 52 Adelaide east.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

PENSIONS FOR THE SOLDIERS ADVOCATED BY THE LEGISLATORS

Col. Prior Started a Discussion and Urged Generous Treatment—Sentiment Generally Concurred In—Questions Answered—Manitoba Railway Bills Passed Second Reading.

Ottawa, April 15.—(Special.)—Chief Justice Sir William Henry Strong, acting as Deputy Governor, attended in the Senate to-day and gave the royal assent to the following bills, in addition to the Supply Bill:

Relating to the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

Respecting the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

Respecting the South Ontario Pacific Railway Company.

Respecting the Orford Mountain Railway Company.

Further to amend the Canada Evidence Act, 1893.

An act respecting the Supreme Court of the I.O.F.

Private Bills Boosted.

Private bills were given a "boost" to-day being the first order on the paper. These were read a third time and passed:

To incorporate the St. Lawrence Lloyds.

Respecting the Manitoba and Northwest Loan Company.

To incorporate the Manufacturers and Temperance and General Life Assurance Company.

An Amendment Moved.

While the last-named bill was under consideration in committee, Mr. Clarke Wallace moved an amendment, the effect of which was to oblige the company to publish annually in its report "a statement of the financial account of each section of the company's business as it stands to date."

The mover explained that two rates were given by the company, one for total abstainers, and another for policy-holders who were not abstainers, and it was desirable the House should know to what extent the discrimination was justified.

The leader of the Opposition put it even more plainly. He had heard it charged, he said, that under this arrangement persons who were not total abstainers were made to pay for those who were. [Laughter.] Nevertheless, he thought this compulsory separate statement should not be imposed upon a single company, but rather be made the subject of a general enactment.

The amendment was defeated, and the bill went thru as it left the Banking and Commerce Committee.

Manitoba Railway Bills.

After an explanation by Mr. James Sutherland, to the effect that, by consenting to the second reading, members would not be considered to have committed themselves to the principle of the measures, the two bills respecting the lease by the Manitoba Government of certain railways was read a second time and referred to the select standing committee on railways, where the merits of the deal will doubtless be thoroly thrashed out.

Mr. McIsaac, the Liberal member for Antigonish, N.S., declined Mr. Haggart's invitation to explain whether an act declaring the railways in question to be works for the general advantage of Canada would be binding upon the Province of Manitoba. He said it was a large constitutional question that he did not think need be discussed at the second reading stage.

Why This Peculiar Action?

In reply to a question by Mr. Monk, in regard to the awarding of the contract for the guide pier of the Carillon Canal, Mr. Fielding (Mr. Blair being absent thru illness), said this contract had been awarded to Messrs. Martineau & Lemoine. The tenderers were: Dunault & Hague, Martineau & Lemoine, Borthwick & McNaughton, John Quilar, W. J. Poupore and J. F. Keat-

Continued on Page 2.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF A CHILD CAUSED BY ALCOHOL OR POISON

An Inquest Held—One Witness Said the Little One's Father Had Given It Several Drinks of Gin—Mother Swore Baby Swallowed a Marble—Doctors Find Traces of Arsenic.

Port Arthur, April 15.—The inquest to enquire into the death of Gracie Prevost, the 4½-year-old child, who died at her parents' home on April 8, has disclosed an unexpected result. According to the evidence adduced, the child became ill, and when a physician was called in he found it to be suffering from convulsions, and detected a strong smell of alcohol. On Sunday, the day preceding the child's death, Maxime Prevost, the father, and Frank Duval, were in the house alone with the two children. They were both drinking, and Prevost gave his daughter, he said, about a thimbleful of gin and water.

His companion deposed that he had met Prevost at 7 o'clock Sunday morning, and together they went to the latter's house, where they drank gin, and Prevost gave several drinks of the liquor, undiluted, to the little girl. She became drunk, and about 9 o'clock, the mother, who had been to church, returned, and took the child, without comment, upstairs.

Mrs. Prevost, in her evidence, said that the child had swallowed a marble on Friday, and medicine had been given to relieve her. Her other evidence corroborated, in part, that of her husband and of Duval.

The doctors who performed the autopsy testified that the stomach contained about an ounce of slimy material, showing that the child had eaten nothing, or had vomited freely. The folds of the stomach were spotted as if with a corrosive poison. The nature of the poison he was unable to tell, but the spots had the appearance of being caused by arsenic.

The jury, after considering the evidence, returned a verdict that the child came to her death by poison, accidentally.

The stomach is in possession of the Crown, who will retain it until the facts in the case, so far as known, are laid before the Department of Justice.

The Attorney-General's Department have not yet been notified of the case.

NOT IN FRANCE FOR HEALTH.

It is Believed That Premier Waldeck-Rousseau and Premier Salisbury Will Meet.

Paris, April 15.—Doubts are expressed here concerning the ultra-favorable reports of M. Waldeck-Rousseau's health that have lately been circulated. The three physicians who attended the Prime Minister in Paris are now with him at Antibes. There seems to be no question that the Premier is in very much worse health than his medical and political advisers care to admit.

It is asserted that if M. Waldeck-Rousseau feels himself sufficiently strong to undergo the fatigue of an interview, a meeting will be arranged to happen "by chance" between him and Lord Salisbury, the British Premier. Antibes is near enough to Beaulieu, Lord Salisbury's residence in the South of France, to make such a meeting easy. It is believed that the British Premier is not in France merely for his health.

One of the leading London news agencies has stationed a special correspondent at Beaulieu to watch the British Premier's movements. It was reported a day or two ago that Lord Salisbury had left for Italy. The report proved to be incorrect. It is generally believed that the object of any meeting between the two Premiers would be to consider the future relations of France, Italy and Great Britain. At a later date Lord Salisbury and M. Waldeck-Rousseau might contrive to meet Signor Zanardelli, Premier of Italy, somewhere in that country.

Patents.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause

BIRTHS.

CUMMINGS—On Saturday, April 13, 1901, at 349 Bathurst-street, the wife of J. A. Cummings of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAIRD—PALMER—On Friday, April 12, at the residence of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. William Christie, 29 Queen's Park, Mary Edith Palmer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Palmer, to Henry Nicol Baird, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Baird.

DEATHS.

GATES—On April 13, at 32 Mercer-street, Octavia M. Gates, daughter of Charles and Hattie Gates, aged 2 years.
Funeral Wednesday, April 17, to St. James' Cemetery, at 3 p.m.

KEYS—At Weston, on Monday, April 15, Henry Keys, in his 48th year.
Funeral from his late residence at 2 p.m. on Wednesday to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

NOURSE—On Monday morning, April 15, 1901, at her late residence, 72 Macpherson-avenue, Agnes B. Galbraith, beloved wife of C. E. Nourse.
Funeral Wednesday at 3 p.m. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends will please accept this intimation.

SINCLAIR—At the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Snelgrove, 105 Carlton-street, on Saturday, April 13, 1901, Catharine Clyne Campbell, relict of the late John Sinclair, in her 71st year.
Funeral private, Tuesday, April 16, at 2 p.m.

PERFORATE THE FIGURES.

Editor World: Raising cheques after they have been marked by the ledger-keeper, by means of chemicals, is an old trick, yet, strange to say, no special precautions seem to have been adopted or even considered to preclude the possibility of a swindle of this nature being perpetrated. The suggestion has been made that when the ledger-keeper is handed a cheque to mark good, he should, in addition to the present precautions taken, stamp it with a perforated stamp. For instance, if a cheque was presented for $100, to be certified, the ledger-keeper could stamp it good for that amount. It would be impossible to raise the perforated figures.

C. C.

PRINCE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

London, April 15.—The Duke of York will have new titles soon, but the nature of them is undecided.

The King rather holds off conferring the title of the Prince of Wales. It is reported the title which meets his approval is Prince of Great Britain, as a commemoration of the Duke's tour of the colonies, which may have a tendency to unite Australia, Canada and the other British possessions more closely to the Crown.

WINTON.

Old Homer twanged the tuneful harp,
And won a glorious name;
Great Caesar had to slash and slay
To gain undying fame;
Our Shakespeare wrote immortal plays
Thru many a weary year,
To leave men in his debt and make
Them hold his memory dear.
But Winton chemicals the cheque,
Defying Banks and Fate,
E'en like another Ajax, takes
His place among the great.

Fine Weather Continues.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, April 15.—(8 p.m.)—A few scattered showers have occurred in Southern Ontario, and snow has fallen heavily from Qu'Appelle to Winnipeg. Elsewhere the weather has been generally fine.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 34—56; Kamloops, 52—60; Calgary, 26—38; Qu'Appelle, 24—30; Winnipeg, 34—44; Port Arthur, 32—42; Parry Sound, 40—56; Toronto, 43—61; Ottawa, 40—62; Montreal, 40—60; Quebec, 34—50; Halifax, 30—50.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fine and continued very mild.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fair; not much change in temperature.

Maritime—Generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Lake Superior—Fine and mild.

Manitoba—Fair and cool.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

April 15	At.	From.
Trave	Gibraltar	New York
Gr. Kurfurst	Bremen	New York
Werra	Naples	New York
Siberian	Boston	Glasgow
Numidian	Portland	Liverpool
Gros'r Kurfurst	Bremen	New York
Trave	Gibraltar	New York
Cecile	Liverpool	New York
Oceadian	Liverpool	Portland
California	Marseilles	New York
Bolivia	Leghorn	New York
Minnehaha	London	New York

A. E. Plummer & Co., financial agents, 16 King Street West.