

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

More About Men's Shoes

We are keeping our Shoe Department prominently before you—much to your advantage. Every few days we tell you of a splendid chance for buying Footwear at money-saving prices. To-day we tell you of 380 pairs of good, every-day boots that we're going to sell on Saturday morning at

One Dollar and Fifty Cents a Pair.

The usual retail prices are \$2.50 and \$3 a pair. Most of them are calf leather boots, while a few are made of bright buff leather. You can choose between laced and elastic side boots. Sizes, 6 to 10. All have good solid extension soles, and are whole foxed. Come and choose early if you can. The 380 pairs will not last us very long on Saturday morning.

Our Clothing Will Satisfy You



Quality first—that's the thought standing back of the Clothing we sell. The cloth, the style, the making and finish must satisfy us, and therefore is sure to satisfy you. But that's not enough. We also insist on crowding prices on this worthy Clothing down to the lowest notch. That means values like these:

This 6.50 Suit for Men at 3.95

43 Men's Single-Breasted Sack Suits, made of heavy all-wool Canadian tweed, in dark fawn shade in a herring-bone stripe, lined with good twisted Italian cloth, sizes 36 to 44 chest. Our regular price 6.50. Saturday for

3.95

Men's Clothing.

Men's Suits, imported English clay twilled black worsteds, made in three buttoned cutaway and single-breasted sack shape, unbound, narrow silk stitched edges, best linings, sizes 35 to 44.....

2.00

Men's single-breasted Sack Suits, heavy Oxford grey whipcord, neat silk stitched edges, bottom facings, best linings and trimmings, sizes 36 to 44.....

12.50

Men's Suits, very best West of England black worsteds, venetian finished, sack and three button cutaway styles, choice Italian linings, silk stitched edges, sizes 36 to 44.....

15.00

Youths' 3-piece Suits, short pants, single and double-breasted, dark and light brown colors, neat patterns, well made, good linings, sizes 27 to 33.....

4.00

Men's Pants, all-wool English hair line and colored worsteds, neat pin striped patterns, three pockets, good trimmings, sizes 32 to 42.....

2.50

Men's Hats.

Men's Stiff Hats, extra fine quality fur felt, all leading styles for spring wear, with low, medium or high crowns and roll curb brims, also Fedora Hats with flat set or

Visit our Clothing Section on Saturday. Bring your expert friend with you. See what a worthy stock we have. Note our prices and then compare them with what you see outside. That's all we ask.

Another Sale of Watches. Didn't take of a lot of Watches last Saturday morning, and every buyer went away well pleased with his purchase. Perhaps some were unable to take advantage of the offering. For them this will be welcome news:

A Watch for Eighty-Five Cents It has a nickel case and is fitted with a genuine American movement, guaranteed for one year, open face, with heavy bevel edge glass, No. 18 size watch.

Who would be without a timepiece when eighty-five cents will procure one that is guaranteed for one year? Come for them on Saturday morning at eight o'clock.

Sterling Silver Novelties. Three items will be enough to show how helpful we can be to economical buyers. These on sale Saturday:

Clintone or Vaseline Jars, with sterling silver tops, the 15c kind, for... **10**
An assortment of Piles, Button Hooks, Tooth Brushes, Blotters, Emery Balls, Cuticles, Curling Tongs, that sell at 35c to 50c each, for... **25**
The same articles, but larger and heavier, regular 75c each, for... **50**

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

THE TORONTO WORLD

ONE CENT MORNING PAPER
No. 21 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE GLOBE.

The Globe is the enemy of monopolies. Everyone knows that. And there is universal surprise, therefore, that it has not taken the Liberal Government to task for giving a monopoly of Niagara Falls for the production of power to an alien company. No one can preach a better theoretical sermon against monopoly than The Globe, but no one has yet seen it oppose any monopoly in particular in which its friends were interested. If ever a crime were perpetrated upon a community of representatives it was the alienation of the Falls, the greatest repository of electrical power in the world. Of the hundreds of thousands of horse-power that can be developed from Niagara Falls, all that Canadians can now legally claim is a beggarly 10,000, not enough to supply one of the factories that has been located on the American side of the river. The Carbridge Company is contracting for 17,000 horse-power from one of the American companies producing electricity at the Falls. An alien company has it in its power to prevent any such factory starting on the Canadian side, because it possesses a monopoly of the Falls. It need not sell back to the people more than 10,000 horse-power. The balance of the available power we don't know exactly how many hundred thousand horse-power there actually is—tied up. The alien monopolists can do just what they please with it. By limiting the output of power on the Canadian side to 10,000 horse-power they can force all industries seeking cheap power to the American side. That is exactly what the alien corporation has done in its doing. Power can be developed more cheaply on the Canadian than on the American side. This is owing to the more favorable topographical features of the Canadian bank. If the right to develop power on the Canadian side had not been tied up we would have had as large a carbide factory in Ontario as they have at Niagara Falls, N. Y. The carbide that is produced by the cheap power of Niagara Falls is principally exported to Europe. Carbide for such purpose can be more economically produced in Ontario than in New York. The big concern that has contracted for 17,000 horse-power located on the American side because the monopolistic power company forced them to do so. Independently of this, Canada would have had a great carbide factory of its own at the Falls if adequate power were available. But the monopoly has done nothing to help, nor at all, anyone else to do anything in this direction.

These facts have been repeatedly called to the attention of The Globe, yet not a word has it uttered in condemnation of the Government that is responsible for the monopoly. Now that the question has come to a crisis everyone has been expecting to see the great enemy of monopolies come out of its shell and denounce this particular monopoly after the manner it used to denounce the O. P. R. monopoly. But every morning we look in vain. Next Saturday The Globe will probably have a nicely worded thesis on the right of the Canadian people to have a word to say in the Government that allowed an alien corporation to come into this country and get possession of the entire water power of Niagara Falls, 10,000 horse-power excepted.

As The Globe has not in the past denounced the Government that is guilty of this outrageous action, the people, heretofore so we hardly expect to see it make a demand on Mr. Hardy to tell the monopolists that the Government will insist on an altar and specific compliance with the terms of the agreement. Ontario has the good fortune today to be in a position to demand back the franchise that the Government so scandalously squandered seven years ago. The money expended in thinking it had us body and bones, has neglected to fulfill the meagre obligations imposed by the agreement. They cannot possibly complete the work in time, although they have had a year longer than was intended by the agreement. They have practically defaulted. It is The Globe's duty to take the side of the millions of American monopolists, or is it going to defend the rights of the people of Ontario?

MR. CRAWFORD'S BILL ALL RIGHT According to Manager Keating, Mr. Crawford's bill is "perfectly ridiculous," as people would wait for an overcrowded car in order to stand up and only pay half-fare. The principal overcrowding occurs between 5 and 6.30 in the evening. It is to prevent the congestion that takes place during these hours that the bill is specially intended. With its present service of cars the public would not have long to wait to get a crowded car. It is, in fact, impossible to find an outward going car during these hours that is not crowded. Are citizens who are tired and hungry after their day's toll going to hang about the street corner for a couple of hours in order to save one or two cents? The idea is more ridiculous than Mr. Keating's assumption.

The company will have to put on twice the present number of cars at night before the congestion which Mr. Keating expects to become possible. The company is presently not put on a sufficient service to render such legislation as is proposed by Mr. Crawford unnecessary and uncalled for. It is just because the company has made no effort to afford sufficient seating capacity for its patrons that the proposed legislation is deemed necessary and in the public interest. Let the company reduce the present overcrowding to a minimum and Mr. Crawford's legislation will not be necessary. We still maintain that the principle involved in the proposed bill is equitable. When every seat in a car is occupied it is evident that the company is making money. Under such conditions it is well enough to carry those who have to stand for half-fare. The overcrowding nuisance is not only a fraud on the passenger who has to stand but on the one who gets a seat likewise. The latter cannot read the paper, his feet are cramped on, he is little better off than his neighbor hanging by the strap. Every one suffers from the overcrowding. The atmosphere in the car becomes foul and unbearable. The way people are crowded together in the cars at night is more suggestive of cattle cars than anything else. Thousands of citizens never get a seat when going home at night from one month's end to the other. This overcrowding nuisance must be abated. The only remedy in sight is that embodied in Mr. Crawford's bill. This bill provides a penalty which exactly fits the crime. The remedy is automatic and requires no legal machinery to put it into operation. The company is now making close on to \$1000 a day profit. The

Legislature can well afford to compel the company to furnish better accommodation to the people out of whom these profits are made. We would like to ask Mr. Keating which is the more "ridiculous" situation: that the company should be compelled to carry passengers who have to stand for half-fare, or that thousands of citizens should be compelled to go without a seat every night month after month? That the company should lose a few dollars is "perfectly ridiculous," of course. But, according to Mr. Keating, there is nothing ridiculous about a flagrant breach in the agreement, when that breach is committed by the company.

REARRANGE THE ROUTES. Mr. Keating, on behalf of the Toronto Railway Company, says it is a physical impossibility for the company to adopt the City Engineer's timetable unless new lines are built. So many routes converge at King and Yonge-street corners that it would be impossible for the number of cars provided for by Mr. Rust's schedule to pass within the time specified. If such be the case, although we do not admit it, then it is time that there was a re-arrangement of the routes or that new routes be laid out.

King and Queen-streets are undoubtedly insufficient to provide for the traffic east and west along the lower part of the city. The proposed line along Wilton-avenue and Arthur-street should be laid out and built. The congestion clearly points to the necessity of another street car line through the city, one that would run east from Carlton and Queen-streets. Pending the construction of new lines, we think it would not be difficult for Mr. Keating to effect such a re-arrangement of existing routes as would permit of a larger number of cars being used, and thereby relieve the overcrowding. King-street is the thoroughfare that needs relief more than any other. This could be a measure effected by having alternate Belt Line cars run along Queen-street from Sherbourne to Spadina, instead of along King-street. This diversion would not only relieve the latter street, but it would prove a direct convenience to the people. Queen-street is now as much of a business thoroughfare as King. It is the centre of the retail trade, and we imagine that the people who use the Belt Line cars would appreciate alternate trips via Queen-street. Another change that might be made to relieve the central part of King-street is the diversion of some of the cars on the King-street route to Queen-street. We believe a line like the following would both relieve King-street and afford better accommodation to the public: From Roncesvalles-avenue to Spadina, to Queen, and along this latter street to the Woodbine and Balmis-avenue. Such a route would be a popular one for ladies out shopping, as it would pass through the retail district and, therefore, would do away with many transfers and, therefore, it would also be very convenient for the large army of people who are employed in the Queen and Yonge-streets district. Other changes of a similar character might be suggested. We believe a re-arrangement of the routes on some such principle would allow more cars to be used, would do away with many transfers and would give the public a more convenient service. The suggestions are worth trying.

MUTUAL FIRE UNDERWRITERS. Counselling by Dr. Hunter Yesterday—Officers Elected for the Current Year.

The Mutual Fire Underwriters Association held its annual meeting and got up at 8 a.m. at the Walker House yesterday. The chief topic of discussion in the forenoon was the proposed amalgamation of the company with the Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Company. The meeting took no steps towards following in the footsteps of the Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Company, but seemed to favor the union of the insurance department with the detective force of the province. An important item on the agenda was the proposed amalgamation of the company with the Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Company. The meeting took no steps towards following in the footsteps of the Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Company, but seemed to favor the union of the insurance department with the detective force of the province.

FOR CANADIAN CREDITORS. Massachusetts Benefit Life Deposit Awarded to Dominion Holders.

The Master-in-Ordinary gave judgment yesterday that the Canadian policyholders of the Massachusetts Benefit Life Insurance Company are entitled to that company's deposit of \$112,000 at Ottawa. He dismissed the claim of the American receivers, who contended that the sum was taken from the company's assets under a branch of trust, under which the funds had been collected. The Massachusetts law, under which the company's assets available for the creditors of the United States.

The Priest Heard Confessions. Winchester, Feb. 9.—The charges made by Mr. R. R. Keane of Lorette, that the schools of that district were conducted as a branch of the Roman Catholic Church, have been investigated by the Superintendent of Education, Dr. Blakey, who, though finding some of the charges groundless, says that Father Dufrane, a Roman Catholic priest, visited St. Ambrose school and held confessions between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock. Confessions were also held at the East Lorette school from 10 o'clock until noon.

This Shoemaker in Luck. Oshawa, Feb. 9.—Mr. Richard Smith has quit the trade of shoemaker. He can afford it, as by the death of a brother-in-law, a fortune of \$115,000. He has left for Toronto, which place he leaves to-morrow for his future home in Ohio.

SHAREHOLDERS' DISPUTE.

Request for Winding Up the British American Bank Note Company—Argument Yesterday.

Argument was heard yesterday by Chief Justice Armour at Osgoode Hall on an action, the evidence in which he heard at the Ottawa Assizes. The suit is brought by Henry Harle and others against George B. Burland, Jeffrey Burland, G. E. Valieu and G. Hope Burland, together with the British American Bank Note Co. The plaintiffs claim that the accumulation of a surplus, or reserve fund, is unauthorized, that certain salaries have been wrongfully paid and investments illegally made, which they claim should be restored. They also seek a declaration that the purchase by the company of the Dominion Bank Note Company be declared illegal and beyond the power of the defendant company, and also for a declaration that G. B. Burland, one of the defendants, purchased the plant and material of "The Burland Lithographic Co., an alternative winding-up order is asked for.

Mr. Aylesworth, Q.C., and Mr. Chrysler appeared for the plaintiffs, who represent shares to the value of \$45,000. Mr. Christie, Mr. Borden, Q.C., and Mr. Hogg were for the defendants.

THE SIX NATIONS.

Canoe Reform Question Discussed at a Pow-Wow of the Ojibwas at the Long House.

Middleport, Ont., Feb. 9.—The Ojibwas have just held a gathering at their Long House, the occasion being a discussion on canoe reform, which is at present agitating the people. There was a large attendance of chiefs and those who are opposed to a change. Among the chiefs in the circle were Mr. Williams, Peter Sky, Josiah Hill, Jacob Johnson, James Sky, George Key and others. The leading exponent of the reform party, was present and spoke at some length. In the main, the chief of the reform party, which he said was a reasonable excuse for a change.

Mr. George Key, the leading exponent of the reform party, was present and spoke at some length. In the main, the chief of the reform party, which he said was a reasonable excuse for a change. Mr. Josiah Hill followed, taking the same stand. He delivered an able address touching upon the constitution of the Six Nations.

The sentiment of the meeting was decidedly against a change, and it is a criterion of the result following a vote of the people, there will be a large majority to sustain the position of the hereditary chiefs.

The Most Popular Piano. It is surprising how many of the public performers nowadays demand that "Bell" pianos shall be used at the various concerts and entertainments at which they are engaged. Take last evening, for instance. At a concert given in St. Stephens Church, the "Bell" piano was used; at a concert in Euclid-avenue Methodist Church the "Bell" piano was used, and at the banquet of the British America Assurance Company, at Webb's, the tone of the "Bell" piano was admired by all. The reason why singers because they can be tuned by singers and they stay there. At the recent examinations held at the Toronto Conservatory of Music, Signor Agromonte of New York, the renowned local examiner, chose a "Bell" upright piano on which to conduct his examinations in preference to any other make of piano. (Continued on page 2.)

To Protest Against Willis' Bill. Albany, N. Y., Feb. 9.—An important committee of the Live Stock Association arrived here from Buffalo at 10 o'clock this morning for the purpose of making a protest against the passage of Senator Willis' bill for a tuberculosis test of all cattle imported into this State. The stock yards ported into Buffalo would be seriously affected if this bill should pass. The opinion of the members of the delegation.

CATARRH OF STOMACH.

A Pleasant, Simple, But Safe and Effective Cure for It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloated sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery eructations, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing; headaches, hickie appetite, nervousness and a general play on languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition. The cure of this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harrison, the safest and best method of cure is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Distasie, Ascorbic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. N. J. Booher of 2710 Dearborn-street, Chicago, Ill., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonous discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, thus producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but to-day I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, heartburn and bloating after meals.

Send for little book mailed free, on stomach troubles, by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. The tablets can be found at all drug stores.

Face to Face. Learn about Pearline that way, if you like. Any woman who has been using Pearline in the right way will tell you the truth about it just as strongly as we could. If Pearline has made the washing easy and economical for her, why not for you? Is your case so different from that of the millions of women that are being helped by Pearline? Isn't "washing without rubbing" worth looking into?



PERMANENT CURE OF CANCER.

Burdock Blood Bitters cured Mrs. Gilhula, of Buxton, Ont., 12 years ago, and she has had no return of the disease since.

SOME 12 years ago, Mrs. Elizabeth Gilhula, wife of the well-known postmaster at Buxton, Ont., was taken ill with an obscure stomach trouble that baffled for a time the skill of the leading local physicians. At last, after a careful examination, they pronounced it cancer of the stomach, and informed Mrs. Gilhula that in the nature of things her lease of life would be short, as they knew of no remedy that could possibly cure her.

On advice of friends she commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters. The results that followed were very little short of the marvellous.

Every day she improved in health, her strength and vigor returned and in a short time she was completely cured.

Best of all, though, Mrs. Gilhula is to-day in the full enjoyment of good health, and in all these long years there has not been the slightest return of the trouble, which goes to prove how complete and permanent is the cure B.B.B. always makes.

Here is the letter Mrs. Gilhula wrote at the time of her cure:

"I wish to bear testimony to the good which I have received from the use of Burdock Blood Bitters. About four years ago I was taken sick with stomach trouble and consulted several of the leading physicians here, all of whom pronounced the disease to be cancer of the stomach of an incurable nature, and told me it was hardly to be expected that I could live long. Afterward the two doctors who were attending me gave me up to die."

"Through reading your advertisement I learned of the existence of Burdock Blood Bitters, and I at once procured a bottle of it. I took it as directed, and in a short time I was completely cured. I have since taken several more bottles, and I am now as well as ever. I can truly say that Burdock Blood Bitters is a permanent cure for cancer of the stomach."

Could anything be more conclusive as to the permanent curative powers of B.B.B.? The secret of its wonderful success lies in the fact that it goes to the very source and origin of disease and cleans it out of the system, root and branch, so that not a trace remains to again cause trouble.

In severe and malignant diseases, such as cancers and cancerous growths, tumors, scrofulous sores, large ulcers, even if to the bone, B.B.B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions never fails to give relief, and in most cases to effect a cure.



MRS. ELIZABETH GILHULA.

Yours truly,

ELIZABETH GILHULA.

Here is a letter received from her, dated March 27th, 1893:

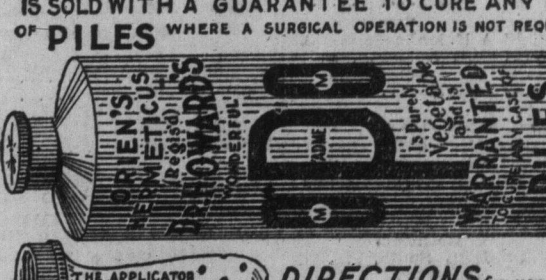
"I am still in good health. I thank Burdock Blood Bitters for saving my life. I have now been over five years ago, and highly recommend it to other sufferers from stomach troubles of any kind."

Yours truly,

ELIZABETH GILHULA.

DR. HOWARD'S ORIENTAL PILE OINTMENT

IS SOLD WITH A GUARANTEE TO CURE ANY CASE OF PILES WHERE A SURGICAL OPERATION IS NOT REQUIRED.



DIRECTIONS For use: Uncover the Cap from the Tube and screw on this APPLICATOR. In the Rectum, use the length of Applicator, press the Tube and the medicine does the work.

A CLEAN, CONVENIENT CURE. Made only by ORIENTAL MANUFACTURING CO., CARLETON PLACE, ONT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE COMPLETE \$1.00. Or will be sent anywhere by mail on receipt of price.

THERE IS NOTHING Just Like It. Just as Good, Just as Cheap. BECAUSE THIS CURES.—SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Doctor HOWARD, Manager Oriental Mfg. Co., Carleton Place, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I have been a great sufferer from Piles. The last attack was the most severe I have experienced. For ten days I could neither sit nor stand, and walking was out of the question, so great was my suffering. I could find no relief anywhere until your Pile Ointment was recommended to me. I got a box and felt perfectly cured within a week. I volunteer this testimonial, I desire that people who suffer as I have done know where to get such prompt relief as I found in the use of Oriental's Pile Ointment.

Sept. 4th, 1897. (Signed) ANDREW JENNINGS, Bell St., Carleton Place.

Lyman, Knox & Co., Toronto and Montreal. Wholesale Agents.

ST. LEON

Tones the System

La grippe leaves the system all run down and its victims listless and lifeless. St. Leon gives tone to the nerves—new life—new vigor—nature's natural and perfect regulator.

ANY DRUGGIST OR GROCER WILL DELIVER IT TO YOU.

FURRIERS IN DIFFICULTY. Winding-Up Order for the Firm of Kahnet & Herud—Receiver Appointed.

An order was made yesterday by Mr. Justice Street for the appointment of a receiver to wind-up the business of Kahnet & Herud, furriers, Yonge-street, in this city. This action is the result of a dispute between the partners. Mr. J. E. Hamford made the application on behalf of Herud, the junior partner, who states the firm is insolvent. The stock is valued at \$2700. There are \$1000 of book debts. Mr. Herud claims the firm owes him \$2700. Mr. E. B. C. Clarkson was appointed receiver.

Protest Against Return of McNish Filled Yesterday at Osgoode Hall. The protest in West Elgin against the return of Donald McNish was filed at Osgoode Hall yesterday afternoon. Returning Officer Dugald Brown is added as co-spondent, owing to the result of the charges made by the Conservatives that certain ballots marked for Finlay McDonald were destroyed, and other ballots put in their place. Irregularities at the poll are the chief additional charges.

Agree to Drop Proceedings. The action by the Toronto Club against Charles Brown in respect to an alleged infidelity by reason of the proximity of the defendant's stable, was yesterday dismissed by consent of both parties.

Headaches and Neuralgia. It is not necessary to dose yourself with powders and pills when headache comes. Griffith's Menthol Liniment goes direct to the spot in an instant. It is clean and pleasant to use, and relieves the minute applied. Price 25 cents, by all druggists.

Mail Order. Always filled. JOHN KING STREET.