

SCHOOL CASE CHRONOLOGY.

1887.

Dec.—The Harrison Government in power.

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Jan. 12—St. Francois Xavier election. The Hon. Mr. Burke defeated by Mr. Francis, with the help of Liberal promises to the Catholic electors to protect their schools.

Jan. 16—Resignation of the Harrison administration. Mr. Greenway becomes Premier.

Feb.—Mr. Greenway's voluntary assurances to His Grace the Archbishop of St. Boniface, and the Catholic members of the the House, to protect the schools. Mr. Prendergast joins the Government.

July—The General Elections. Mr. Greenway, aided by the Catholics, carries five out of the six French constituencies.

The Jesuits' Estates Act passed in Quebec.

1889.

Jan.—Dominion Government refuses to disallow the Jesuits' Estates Act. Equal Rights' Association formed in Toronto to aid in the appeal from the Jesuits' Estates Act to the Governor-General-in-Council. Principal Caven's address as President of the Association:

"The right of appeal to the Governor-General which minorities at present have must remain," &c.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy's speech;

"The worship of what was called local autonomy . . . is fraught . . . with great evils to this Dominion," &c.

Aug.—Mr. McCarthy, at Portage la Prairie, urges an attack upon the Separate Schools in Manitoba (see argument before Governor-General, p. 106-7).

Oct.—Hearing of the Protestant appeal in the Jesuits' Estates case before the Governor-General fixed for this date. Settlement made by local authorities and appeal withdrawn.