

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

CANADIAN.

A young man named James Scott, for some years employed as clerk in Thornton's drug store, Dundas, committed suicide on the 12th inst., by swallowing twenty grains of morphine. The deceased was about twenty-seven years of age, a Scotchman by birth, and a brother of the editor of the Paris Star. He had been for some time labouring under a depression of spirits, caused by close confinement, deep study, and disappointment in love.

As a port of shipment of grain, Montreal stands next to New York, being ahead of Philadelphia, Boston and Quebec, all put together.

Between three and four o'clock, on the 13th instant, Mr. John Addison [of the firm of Sharp and Addison, Hamilton,] was putting some walnut planks through a circular saw of large dimensions, which was running with great velocity. A stranger at the other side took hold of a board to pull it through, but not drawing it clear away from the saw, it was again caught by the revolving machine, and hurried with tremendous force against the left side of Mr. Addison, knocking him insensible. He was at once removed to his residence and medical assistance promptly obtained, but without avail. He expired at 11 o'clock.

It is stated that arrangements are being made for all the volunteer companies to be inspected in detail by an officer of Her Majesty's forces, and that those companies who do not pass a good inspection will be struck off the strength of the force.

Mr. Richards, on behalf of the Government, obtained a verdict at the present Assizes against the Toronto Roads Company—Mr. James Beatty's Company—for the sum of \$400,000. Mr. Beatty allowed the verdict to be taken without opposition.

The Quebec Daily News says, that the friends and admirers of the Hon. T. D. McGee, are about to erect for him a suitable mansion and appurtenances at Montreal.

A movement has been set on foot in St. Catharines to collect contributions for the purpose of erecting a monument to the memory of the late Hon. W. H. Merritt.

The Hon. Mr. Foley has commenced the practice of law in London, in company with Mr. William Eccles, late of Toronto.

During the present year 120,000,000 feet of lumber have been manufactured on the Ottawa, and 13,000,000 by one firm on the River Trent. The total product of the Ottawa Valley is estimated at 150,000,000 feet. Nearly all of this has been marketed at good prices, and also a considerable amount that was held over from last year. Nearly all the manufacturers are enlarging their operations for the ensuing year.

Upwards of 90,000 acres of government lands in the County of Grey are advertised for sale at the office of the crown lands agent, Durham, on the 20th January next.

UNITED STATES.

The Washington Republican of the 17th inst., declares that it is expected that Generals Meade and Lee will have a battle ere the end of the present week, and the impression is confirmed somewhat, as we learn directly from the front to-day. It is understood that General Meade not only advances to the Rapidan, but that he is to cross it before the close of the week, and obtain battle if possible.

A Folly Island letter of the 14th, to the Tribune says matters remain pretty much in the same state as they were at last advices. The bombardment of Sumter is still continued at intervals, our batteries being occupied principally in returning the fire of Moultrie and the works on Sullivan's Island.

A despatch to the Times of the 6th says, although the enemy expose some infantry, it is believed that there is now only a strong picket line on the Rapidan, and that Lee's army has fallen back to some other position. But few camp fires can be seen at the side of the river, and some of their infantry, brought to the front yesterday, had their knapsacks on, and were otherwise equipped, as if ready for a march.

The Post's Washington correspondent [18th] says: There is some dispute here over an amusing question, and it is this, "Does General Meade desire to advance upon the enemy?" It is claimed by some of his friends that he does desire to push on at once, but that Gen. Halleck is opposed to it. Halleck and Gen. Meade are agreed that no further advance shall be made this winter, but that the President insists upon more fighting before the winter compels the army to cease its operations until next spring. It is a singular condition of things that at least four different men have the reputation of being opposed to the further prosecution of the war. I feel very certain of two things, that Gen. Halleck is not eager for another battle on the southern side of the Rapidan, and that Gen. Meade is. The General was urged to go to Gettysburg, but he has refused peremptorily and has gone back to fight. If the enemy affords him anything like a fair field, and will stand up for battle, he will try the hazard. Gen. Meade is a prudent General—too cautious at times,—but even he is convinced that it is in his power to beat the army under Gen. Lee.

350 paroled men have arrived at Annapolis from Richmond. They are in a wretched condition; six of them died on the way up. The Christian commission is administering to their relief.

The New York Herald describes Johnson's Island as being "a quarter of a mile broad and a mile long."

We suppose the 'high latitude' of the island has diminished its length, while its breadth remains is great as if it were on the equator.

The Tribune says that a fleet, almost large enough to blockade Great Britain, is vainly cruising the ocean in search of the Alabama.

It is estimated that the Russian ball in New York cost the neat little sum of \$1,340,000.

It has just been discovered that a man in the Maryland State Prison whose term had expired twelve years ago. He has served nineteen years on a sentence of a little less than seven years.

The Star of the 13th says the latest information from East Tennessee is that Longstreet is moving in that direction, and that some skirmishing has already occurred between Burnside's outposts and the outposts of Longstreet's advance.

The exact position of Burnside's outposts is not known.

From St. Louis (18th) we learn that the telegraph has been extended to Fort Smith. Gen. McNeil has issued an order that all molestations of the telegraph shall be regarded as the work of bush-whackers, and for every cutting of the wires a guerrilla prisoner shall be hung. Our forces occupy Walden, about forty miles south of Fort Smith. Our scouting parties have captured a rebel major, two captains, and quite a number of prisoners, together with a portion of Cooper's train, laden with commissary stores and ammunition. At last accounts, Cooper was flying rapidly towards Red River.

A telegram dated Nov. 16, from the headquarters of the army of Tennessee, states that Major-General Sherman was in Gen. Thomas' headquarters, having made a junction with his entire corps, with the right wing of Gen. Grant's army at Chattanooga.

EUROPEAN.

A poor woman in England has been sentenced to fourteen days imprisonment for stealing a turnip to satisfy the pangs of hunger. She had undergone five days imprisonment previous to the trial.

Among the new companies which have been announced is the National Steam Navigation Company, of London and Liverpool, with a capital of two millions sterling. The object is to accelerate the substitution of powerful screw steamers for sailing vessels in American and other trades. The first steps will be to establish lines from Liverpool and London to New York, of steamers of large size and capacity for freight and passengers. Three new steamers have been provisionally purchased, and contracts made for others of 3,500 tons each.

La France notices with regret England's and Austria's want of decision with regard to Poland. France, it continues, has clearly defined her views, and for the efficacious form of united action, she wants England and Austria to come to an understanding.

It is said that Marshal Neil will go to St. Petersburg on an extraordinary expedition, during the absence of the Duke of Montebello. This is presumed to be a last attempt, on the part of Napoleon, to persuade the Czar Alexander to grant the Poles the concessions which the diplomacy of Europe has hitherto failed to obtain.

A Stockholm journal reports a recent speech of the King of Denmark, in which he declared his readiness, in case of his State being overpowered by Germany, to start a Republic, to consist of the Danish Isles. The King said: 'I will descend from the throne to proclaim a Republic. I am convinced that no people in Europe is more fitted for the Republican sceptre than my dear Danish people.'

SELECT DAY AND EVENING SCHOOL.

J. B. SMITH, Bay Street, corner of Market Street. Terms for the lower branches, \$3.00 per quarter, \$1.00 per month, 25 cents weekly. For the higher branches and extra attention, \$4.00 per quarter, \$1.50 per month, 37 1/2 cents weekly.

N. B.—The above arrangement to take effect from January 1st, 1864. All pupils entering before that time will be charged the lower rates. Private lessons given if required, at 50 cents per lesson. October 24, 1863. c22

R. W. ANDERSON, (FROM NORMAN'S MONTREAL) PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,

45 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, C. W. FIRST-CLASS Cartes-de-visite equal to any in Upper Canada, \$3.00 per dozen. Private Residences, Churches and Public Buildings Photographed in any part of the country. Rooms, First Floor.

Old likenesses sent from the country, copied for the Album, and promptly returned at a very moderate charge. TORONTO, May 30, 1863.

THE EVENING "TIMES"

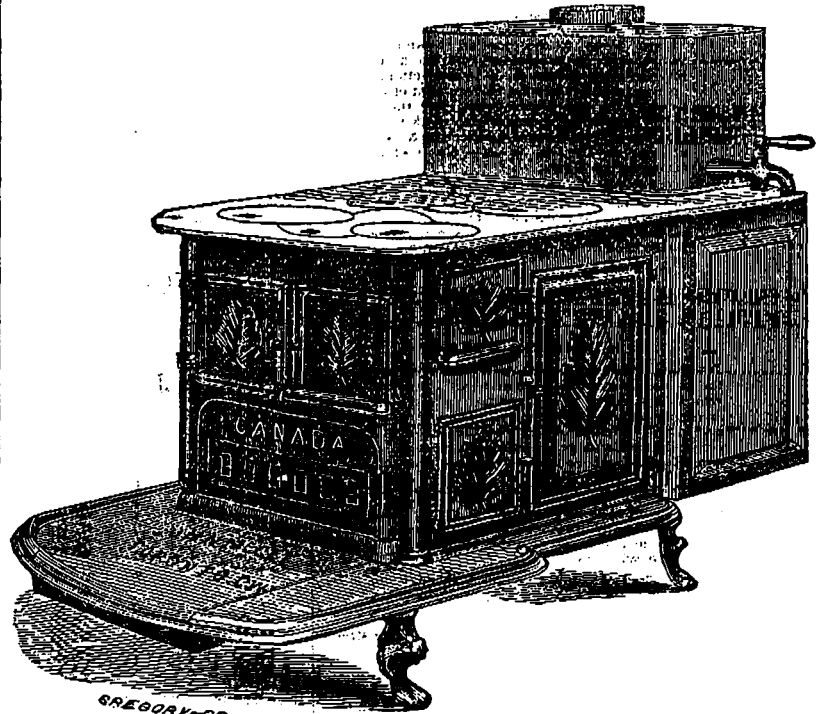
Is published every evening at the Office, corner of Hughson and King Streets, by the Proprietors, C. E. STEWART & Co.,

Price, \$5.00 per annum, in advance. Ten cents payable weekly to the carriers.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Six lines and under, 1st insertion.....\$00 50 Each subsequent insertion..... 00 12 Over six lines, 1st insertion, per line..... 00 08 Each subsequent insertion..... 00 02 Advertisements without written instructions to the contrary, will be inserted till ordered out, and charged accordingly. Favorable arrangements made with parties advertising by the year.

PHENIX FOUNDRY, TORONTO, C. W.



JOHN MCGEE.

THE "CANADA" COOK STOVE, FOR COAL OR WOOD, an original and Patented Stove, got up especially for the City Trade; the most economical and efficient Cook Stove in the market; it completely takes the place of, and supercedes the other flat-top stoves now in general use. The "Canada" is the best finished and most durable Stove of the day. The "Canada" combines every advantage for cooking ever offered to a stove. The "Canada" will Bake, Broil, Roast, Fry, Toast and prepare every other operation of Cooking at the same time, in the most perfect manner, and with the greatest economy in fuel. The "Canada" is neat and substantial in appearance, and operates with success every time.

The Canada is Warranted.

TORONTO, November, 1863.

p27

Commercial.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

TRAFFIC FOR WEEK ENDING 13TH NOV., 1863.

Table with 2 columns: Item (Passengers, Freight and Live Stock, Mails and Sundries, Corresponding Week of last year) and Amount (\$22,272 56, 37,234 49, 1,668 92, \$61,276 97, 69,443 11).

Decrease.....\$8166 13

JAMES CHARLTON.

AGENT OFFICE, HAMILTON, } Nov. 14, 1863.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

RETURN OF TRAFFIC, FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV. 7TH, 1863.

Table with 2 columns: Item (Passengers, Mails and Sundries, Freight and Live Stock) and Amount (\$28,019 45, 2,800 00, 61,446 67).

Total.....\$95,266 12

Corresponding week, 1862..... 89,622 53

Decrease.....\$4,256 41

JOSEPH HICKSON.

MONTREAL, Nov. 13, 1863.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

A. R. MACPHERSON & CO.'S REGISTERED PRICE CURRENT.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 17th, 18 3.

Table with 3 columns: Item (Beef, Prime mutton, Pork, Bacon, Middles, Long Middles, Cumberland cut, Lard, Middling to good, Inferior and Grease, Cheese, Fine, Butter, Canada, extra, good middling to fine, Green sorts, Tallow, Wheat, Canadian, American, French, Flour, Western Canal, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Ohio, Canadian, Extra Canadian, Yellow per 450 lbs., Mixed) and Price (e.g., 75 0 a 82 6, 65 0 a 75 0).

PETROLEUM.

Table with 2 columns: Item (American Crude, Canadian, American Refined, Imperial Gallon, Canadian do, Spirits of Petroleum or Benzine, Lubricating, Grease) and Price (£16 a 17, £10 a 11, 1 10 a 2, 1 6 a 1 9, 1 3 a 1 6, £9 a 9 10, £11 a 12).

ESTABLISHED 1818.

SAVAGE & LYMAN.

Manufacturers and Importers of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE, Cathedral Block, Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

Superior plated goods, fine Cutlery, Telescopes, Canes, Fans, Dressing Cases, Papier-Mache and Military Goods, Moderator Lamps, &c. Montreal, January 24, 1863.

JOHN GREGORY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

KEROSENE, PENNSYLVANIA AND CANADIAN COAL OILS LAMPS, WICKS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS, &c. &c. No. 35, St. Francois Xavier Street, MONTREAL.

JOSEPH LYGT,

DEALER IN

PAPER HANGINGS, SCHOOL BOOKS, Stationery, Newspapers, Magazines, &c. CORNER KING AND HUGHSON STREETS, HAMILTON, C. W.

Agent for TORONTO STEAM DYE WORKS. (Stamping for Braiding and Embroidering.)

McELCHERAN & BALLOU,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTERS, GLAZIERS, PAPER-HANGERS, GRAINERS, GILDERS, &c.

Manufacturers of Druggists' and Brewers' SHOW CARDS ON GLASS, DOOR PLATES, BLOCK LETTERS, &c. NORTH SIDE JOHN ST., 3RD DOOR FROM KING, HAMILTON, C. W.

A. S. IRVING,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Books, Newspapers, Stationery and Pictures No. 19, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO. (Faulkner's Old Stand.) New York Dailies received by early Trains every Morning, and Mailed or Delivered to any part of the City or Country for 25 Cents per week or \$10 per year Agent in Toronto for the CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS.