# FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

FRANCE.

MEMORIAL OF FRENCH BISHOPS TO THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY .- Five French Prelocas. the Cardinal Archbishop of Rouen ar d the Bishops of Seez, Coutances, Bayeux an Ryreux. have addressed a memorial to the National Assembly, in which they say, that as spokesmen of the wishes of their own flocks, and as guardians of Catholic interest; generally, they pray the Assembly to call apon the Government to concert measures for the re-establishment of the Sovereign Pontiff in the position which is indispensable to his liberty of action and to the due discharge of his high functions as Ruler of the Catholic Church.—The memorial, besides giving and able an luminous expose of the facts and arguments bearing on the question of the Temporal Power, which are already familiar to our readers, touches on the part allotted to France in the designs of Providence as the protectress of the Holy Sec, and the consequences for good or evil to herself which have resulted from the manner in which she has discharged her duty to the Pope. Referring to the actual position of His Holiness, the Bishops say-" Placed in contact with the bayonets, and under the eye of the Italian police. the Pope has not the liberty necessary to the good government of the Church. It is simply a mockery to pretend that, shut up as he is in the Vatican, under the surveillance of a hostile and jealous Power, he can speak, write, move, and, without impediment, communicate with the Bishops and the Faithful; issue decrees, order their publication—in a word, preserve in all his official acts that complete independence which is necessary to make them authoritative." In allusion to the so called Guarantees, the Bishops remark that the conduct of the Italian Government since the occupation has shown the assurances which it professes to give the Pope to be delusive; and that it has neither the intention nor, in fact, the power to carry them into effect. In conclusion, the Bishops show that the national faith of France is pledged by the Treaty of Zurich to protect the Holy See, and the more so, as France has on several occasions declined the proffered intervention of other Catholic Powers for the same purpose.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.—The negotiations between M. Thiers and the majority have terminated in a somewhat one-sided compromise. The laws which condemned the Princes of the House of Bourbon to exile have been abrogated by a large majority, 484 to 103, and the elections of the Prince de Joinville and the Due d'Aumale have been validated by 448 votes against 113. On the other hand, the scruples of M. Thiers have been appeased by an assurance given to him by the friends of the Princes, that the latter would resign their seats, and would do nothing to justify his fears. But as, if monarchy is to be restored in France, it will not be the presence in the Assembly of Princes of the Blood that will restore it, we cannot see that there is much to reassure M. Thiers in the promise which appears to satisfy him. The danger which he saw looming on the horizon,—the nomination of the Duc d'Aumale as Lieutenant-General of the Kingdom-is as possible a contingency with the Prince out of the Assembly as it would be if he were in it. The immediate future of Republican papers stand aloof. France will depend very much on the elections, which the Government has fixed for the 2nd July. 113 seats are vacant, many of which, including 21 for Paris, are to be returned by constituencies which have hitherto been very republican in their votes. It remains to be seen how far these elections may be affected by the crushing of the Red party and the present disgust of the bourgeoisic with republican institutions. — Tablet.

COMMUNIST CRUELTIES.—Such an incident as the following would necessarily provoke the army to severe reprisals. The Commandant de Sigoyer, of the 26th Chasseurs-a-pied, was found on the Place de la Bastille with both his hands cut off and burnt to death, his clothes having been saturated with petroleum. The facts are confirmed by a letter which a retired naval officer, a relative of the deceased, has published in the provincial papers.

A fraction of the Left in the National Assembly has issued the following address to the electors :- " Dear Fellow-Citizens-The moto declare what he desires, thinks, and believes. To abstain under present circumstances, is to renounce political life. What is the task before us? To reconstitute France, mence with you, by the vote which you are about to throw into the run. Such is the Church of the Recollet Fathers and the Jesuits. principle of our resuscitation. That resuscitation The Papal colours floated from the various tion is once more in your hands. The Monarchy has again displayed its flag. It is for us to unfurl ours. Do not allow yourselves to slumber, and awake under a Monarchy. -Monarchy can only lead you back to Casarism, and Cæsarism to final and hopeless decay. To escape such a fate you have only one issue. You are separated from the abyss by the Republic. Therefore cling fast to the last means of safety, as beyond it there is only fall after fall in an empty void. You are in one of those hours when a nation has to choose between life and death. Any illusion on that point would destroy you inevitably. Death is the return to a past which everything has condemned in our country, no matter by what name it has been called; old regime, Napoleon, Charles N., Louis different manner. There was a small display Philipe, or Louis Bonaparte. These various of flags, and a still smaller illumination in the regimes only call to mind failure and ruin. evening, which was extinguished, about an regimes only call to mind failure and ruin. evening, which was extinguished, about an Enough of ruin. Let us at last rest on what hour after it was lighted, by the rain. In the lives, on what exists, on the spirit of modern morning two marble tablets were uncoveredtimes, or, in other words, on Liberty, on the at the Porta Pia and the Porta S. Panerazio; Republic! Let us not struggle against the the former to tell future generations that the force of things which carries away dead things | Italian army entered Rome by that gate on the dynasties, monarchies. They would drag us 20th of September, and the latter to record the down into their tombs. Let us make an alliance with living things, for they will cure our check they received in 1849 from the Comills, give us hope, and impart strength. They mune that then ruled in Rome. Neither tablet genuine.

will render to our France her immortal youth. Vive la Republique!"

THE COMTE DE CHAMBORD AND THE FRENCH ARMY, -A letter addressed by the Comte de Chambord to one of his friends has been published in a local paper, the Guienne, and republished in some of the Paris journals. The letter runs thus:

I thank you for the complete details you have given me concerning the lamentable events that have recently occurred. They are a disgrace to humanity, and will be a subject of astonishment in history. It is heartbreaking to hear such accounts, Paris, witnessing, after eighty years, the return of the worst days of the Terror; writhing during two months under the most odious yoke. Paris menaced with total destruction by incendiaries specially inveterate against those incomparable monuments which excite the envy of Europe; this does, indeed, confound all human prevision. But how admirable has been the conduct of our officers and soldiers! What self-denial, what bravery in the performance of their lamentable duty. Imbued with the spirit of discipline, the army immediately resumed all its military virtues. It is to the French soldier only that it is given to recover himself so quickly and so well. Providence owed a compensation to the men who represent so completely in France military honour. A few weeks were sufficient to enable McMahon to reconstitute an army worthy of himself and of the great cause he was about to serve. He has known how to inspire those troops with that coolness, ardour, and energy, and that sentiment of duty which alone could afford him the means of avenging civilization and saving France. I have read with deep interest the account you have given me of the plans of the Marshal, sagaciously conceived, and faithfully executed, and which enabled him by means of turning movements to avoid taking the most formidable barricades, and thus to economize the precious lives of our soldiers. My confidence, however, was un-hesitating. I knew well what might be expected from the illustrious Marshal and the brave Generals under his command. For yourself, my dear Carayon, you have laid aside your valiant sword. By selecting you to represent them your fellow-citizens have imposed other duties upon you. You still serve France; for if good armies are necessary to protect society against enemies at home and abroad, good laws are not less indispensable to insure their stability, and to render impossible the triumph of their assailants.

"Agreez, "HENRI."

THE SWORD OF HONOUR FOR MARSHAL M'MAHON.—The Figuro publishes the receipt of the Count de Melun for 40, 168fr. 25c., the amount of the subscription for a sword of honour for Marshal M'Mahon, and reminds its readers that there yet remain at the disposal of the donors several diamonds and other precious stones sent in for ornamenting the hilt of the proposed weapon.

Eighteen of the leading newspapers of Paris have formed themselves into an electoral Committee to recommend and support candidates whose antecedents afford a guarantee for the maintenance of order. Among these newspapers are the Debats, the Figure, the Gaulois, and the Legitimist and Clerical organs, but the

# BELGIUM.

letters in the annals of Catholic Belgium. On capable of producing a sound mind and a sound the evening of the 15th all was movement, the body. countless bells proclaiming, in varied tones, the glorious coming day. At the early masses the worshipping crowds were dense beyond even those of great feasts, and the communions boyond number, a striking feature being the attendance of the working classes, who, despite the International, remain devoted to Rome. The Papal Zouaves communicated in a body at the Dominican Church. At the High Mass in the Cathedral the Lord Bishop officiated, and the corporation, and societies attended. The Zouaves headed their glorious banner. The moment of the Elevation, when the Zouaves carried arms to the "present," was solemn in the extreme. At a banquet in the afternoon a the extreme. At a banquet in the afternoon a indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic pains discourse was pronounced by a Dominican quiet sleep, and its parents unbroken rest at night. Father, late chaplain to the Zouaves. Great enthusiasm prevailed. The dwellings were illuminated and tastefully adorned with the ment has arrived when every Frenchman ought antional and papal colours. The Government establishments, excepting the post-office, showed no sign of rejoicing. Those buildings deserving special mention are the College of the Jesuits, of the Barbara, the Catholic Circle-where a to regenerate her. But regeneration will com- grand banquet was given by the Catholic youth to over 250 Zouaves—the Bien Publique, the churches and convents. The whole city was keeping festival, all were in the streets, seeing and admiring the illumination. Some troubles have been caused in Brussels by the Sect; and much bitterness is manifested at the teleration, and protection afforded by England to the International, which is responsible, directly or indirectly, for these outrages on society.—Cor. of Catholic Opinion.

# ITALY.

ROME.—The Roman correspondent of the London Tables writing on the 8th June, says: -In spite of the numerous proclamations and invitations of the Municipality the Festival of the Statuto passed off in a very cold and in-

records an act that any nation should be proud of; but no doubt the present rulers of Rome think that cowardice and villany should receive special honor and notice from their hands.-Two other tablets were uncovered at the Capitol, recounting the inundation and the visit of Victor Emmanuel. The Royal Princes left on Monday for Monza. Not only their social, but, if report speaks true, their domestic relations, are not so happy as their admirers might wish. In order to fill the rooms at the Quirinal, they have invited the shopkcepers and their wives, besides having to entertain at dinner each day some of the officers of the National Guard, amongst whom there is not one of the higher or respectable class of Rome .-With the exception of three, the ladies in waiting are not noble, and the same may be said of the gentleman who are daily in attendance .-Although there are many reports on the subject of their domestic arrangements, let us hope that they are at least very much exaggerated. A further insult has been offered to the Holy Father by the erection of an enormous flagstaff which towers above the Angel on the Castle of S. Angelo, to which has been hung the Italian flag. The Festival of the Statuto was Italian flag. The Pestival of the Statuto was the day chosen for this display, besides a salute ARNOLD, DIRECTOR. of 101 guus from S. Sabina.

GIFTS OF THE POPE TO FRANCE. - The Holy Father has lately presented to Count d' Harcourt 80 chalices, besides a large quantity of vestments and sacred ornaments, for the since their arrival in America, it will be kindly re-Churches that have been sacked by the insurgents of Paris. They were mostly offered to him on the 50th anniversary of his first

CORPUS CHRISTI.—The most beautiful and most solemn act of worship that Rome can ever see, is the Procession of the Blessed Sacrament on the Feast of Corpus Christi. This year, however, it cannot take place, as the Holy Father cannot leave the Vatican, and, ing, however, the Novena to the Sacred Heart began in the Gesu and in several other Churches in Rome, and all were crowded with the faithful, anxious to pray for the Church and the Holy Father.

"LA MADONNA DEL PAPA."—Great numbers go daily to see the Madonna over the Church of S. Crisogono, which for some days past has moved the eyes. Hundreds of people have already witnessed the miracle. A few nights ago the sacred image was covered with mud, which had been thrown on it by some of the rabble, who are now so numerous in Rome. The next morning, however, the peoreparation for the insult offered to the Blessed Mother of God, and have appointed people to guard it by night and day.

An old colored washerwoman, who used to groan over her tubs, found consolation in the hope that she would soon be where robes won't need washind, and a poor creature can upset her tab and dance on the bottom of it, singing, glory, hullabaloo, forever and forever!

No organ of thought or action can be employed without the assistance of the blood, and no organ can be employed safely or with impunity without a supply of healthy blood. With healhty blood the exercised organs become well developed, whether they be muscular or intellectual. By the use of yrup of Hypophosphites the June 16, 1871, will be written in golden blood is speedily vitalized and purified, and so made

> An Eminent Divine says, "I have been using the Peruvian Syrup. It gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, elasticity of muscle." J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York, will send, free, a pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a full account of this remarkable medicine, to any one sending him their address.

# MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

REV. SYLVANUS COBB thus writes in the Boston Christian Freeman:-We would by no means recommend any kind of medicine which we did not know to be good-particularly for infants. But of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing Most parents can appreciate these blessings. Here is an article which works to perfection, and which is harmless; for the sleep which it affords the infant is perfectly natural; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." And during the process of teething its value is incalculable. We have frequently heard mothers say they would not be without it from the birth of the child till it had finished with the teething siege, on any consideration whatever.

Sold by all Druggists. 25 cents a bottle. Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think better of that which I began to think well of."

" For Throat Troubles they are a specific."
N. P. WILLE. REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

" Contain no opium or anything injurious."

Dr. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston. " An elegant combination for coughs."
Dn. G. F. Bigelow, Boston.

" I recommend their use to public Speakers." REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

" Most salutary relief in Bronchitis." Rev. S. Seigemen, Morristown, Ohio.

" Very beneficial when suffering from Colds." Rev. S. J. P. Anderson, St. Louis. " Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breath-

ing peculiar to Asthma." Rev. A. C. Egglesron, Mew York.

"They have suited my case exactly — relieving my throat so that I could sing with ease."

T. Ducharme, Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal. As there are imitations, be sure to obtian the

The microscope shows the color of the hair due to a deposition of pigment in its substance. When the hair glands become enfecbled, this pigment fails. One after another the hairs become white, or fall out, producing baldness. Baldness is easy to prevent, but hard to cure. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops it; even restores the hair sometimes; always restores its color. Immediate renovation is at once visible; softness, freshness, and the gloss of youth. This great ornament should be preserved since it can be by Ayer's Hair Vigor, which is beautifully clean and free from anything injurious to the hair.— Tribune, Springfield, N.1.

#### The Drawing of Prizes at De La Salle Institute, Toronto, has been postponed until the 25th inst.:

BROTHER ARNOLD'S BAZLAR!

GRAND BAZAAR & DRAWING OF PRIZES, IN THE

### LA SALLE INSTITUTE, TORONTO,

To raise funds for liquidating the debt incurred in the purchase of the Building formerly known as the Bank of Upper Canada, by the Brothers of the

Being urged by their good Archester, and the many friends of their Institute, to purchase this magnificent structure, for the Glory of God, and the advancement of Education, the Brothers feel confident that as this is their first appeal to the public

The following is taken from the TRUE WITNESS of February 10, 1871:-

#### MONTREAL, FEAST OF St. AGATHA, 1871.

DEAR SIR,-In the present age of the world when Christian education is more than ever necessary to qualify and prepare the rising generation for the mighty struggle that is going on in the whole world over between the Church and the World, God and the Devil, the deepest and holiest sympathies of the principally, lest the Blessed Sacrament should Catholic heart are with those heroic orders of men be exposed to the insults that would be offered and women who are devoting their lives to the great be exposed to the insults that would be offered work of education. Amongst these the Brothers of the to it by the Revolutionary party. This morn-the Christian Schools hold, as every one knows, a place second to none. For nigh fully two hundred years have they labored heart and soul in carrying out the benign intention of their saintly founder, the Venerable De La Salle in forming the minds and hearts of children according to the teachings of the Gospel. There is scarce a country in the civilized world wherein they are not to be found pursuing their heavenly task; in silence and humility they journey on through the world, shedding light and peace all around them, and casting broadcast on the earth the beneficent seeds of Gospel truth and its sublime morality.

These remarks have been suggested to us by news that has reached us from Toronto, viz :--that the Christian Brothers there have purchased the large building known as the Bank of Upper Canada, Rome. The next morning, however, the peo-ple of the neighbourhood, indignant at what much more greater number of pupils in that city, had happened, immediately began a Triduo in hitherto all but exclusively Protestant, but having now a considerable, and still-increasing population. In order to pay at least a portion of the purchase money, Brother Arnold, the active and energetic Director of the De La Salle Institute of Toronto, has inaugurated a Grand Bazaar to be held on the three last days of June and the 1st of July next, the drawing of prizes to be made on the same principle as those of the Art Union. Many friends of Christian education have donated valuable objects for prizes, among which may be enumerated the following :-

1st Prize—Especially presented by his Grace the Most Rev. J. J. Lynch, Archbishop of Toronto.
2nd—Presented by Very Rev. J. F. Jamot, V.G.
3rd—Presented by Very Rev. F. P. Rooney, V.G.
4th—Presented by Rev. J. M. Laurent, P. P., St.
Described Claured. Patrick's Church.

5th—A magnificent Painting of the Virgin and Child, from the original of Carlo Dolci-value The Prizes will be on Exhibition, at \$100. 6th-Presented by Rev. Bro. Patrick, Provincial

of the Christian Brothers, U.S. 7th—Presented by Rev. Bro. Hosea, Provincial of

the Christian Brothers, Canada. 8th—Munich Statue of the Blessed Virgin, presented by Rev. Bro. Candidian, Director of the Christian Brothers, Baltimore, U.S.

9th-Life of Our Lord Jesus Christ-valued at \$30—presented by the Students of St. Joseph's the Christian Brothers.

10th-Presented by Rev. Bro. Teliow, Director of the Catholic Protectory, New York.

11th—A magnificent Bible—valued at \$30—pre-

sented by Messrs. D. & J. Sadlier, New York. 12th-A magnificent Bible-valued at \$30-presented by P. Donahoe, Esq., Boston.

13th—Fine Guitar—valued at \$20—presented by

Messis. A. &. S. Nordheimer, Toronto. 14th—Pearl Cross, silver case—valued at \$25-presented by J. A. Sadlier, Esq., Montreal.

15th-Presented by the Young Irishman's Catholic Benevolent Association. 16th-Ecce Homo, an Oil Painting, presented by

the Artist.

17th—An Oil Painting of the Archbishop of Toronto, Most Rev. J. J. Lynch.

18th-Picture of St. Patrick, worked in wool, presented by the Rev. Sisters of St. Joseph's Con-

vent, Toronto.
19th—An Oil Painting, presented by the Rev. Ladies of Loretto, Toronto. 20th—Rich Irish Poplin Dress.

21st-Richly-mounted Chair-valued at \$60gift of the Pupils of the Christian Brothers'

Commercial Academy, Toronto. 22nd-An Eight-day Clock, gift of the Pupils of

St. Paul's School, Toronto. 23rd—A Beautiful Clock, in glass case—valued at \$70.

24th—A Circular Centre Table, gift of the Pupils of St. Patrick's School, Toronto. 25th-A Silver Watch and Chain, gift of the Pu-

pils of St. Michael's School, Toronto.

26th—Writing-Desk and Dressing-Case (rosewood, with pearl bands), gift of the Pupils of

St. Mary's School, Toronto. \*
27th—An Elizabethan Chair, with Gothic back,
28th—Valuable Prize, the gift of Bro. Rogation, Quebec.

29th-Set of Stations of the Cross, with Oxford Frames.

30th—A nice selection of Religious Pictures. 31st—Picture of His Holiness Pope Pius IX. 32nd—A Silver Goblet. 33rd—Marble Busts of Eminent Musicians.

34th—Six Fine Silk Pocket-handkerchiefs. 35th-A Doll, magnificently dressed.

36th-A Silver Pencil-case with Gold Pen. 37th—A Handsome Album.
38th—A beautifully furnished Inkstand. 39th-Japanese Lady's Cabinet, valued at \$20.

40th—Lives of the Popes, 2 vols., richly bound. 41st—Magnificent Picture of the Immaculate Conception. Blessed Virgin, by Abbe Orsini 43rd-Japanese Leatray. 44th-A beautiful Chromo-the Ruins of Elgin

Cathedral. 45th-Bamboo Cabinet, valued at \$18. 46th-A Collection of Medallions, set in hand. some cases, valued at \$15.
47th—Portrait of Marshal McMahon.

48th-Japanese Lady's Work-box;

49th—A Silver Cruet Stand. 50th—A Lady's Work Box, valued at \$20.

51st-A Valuable Silk Dress. 52nd—A magnificent Picture of St. Patrick. 53rd—A Pair of Branch Candlesticks.

53rd—A Pair of Statues—St. Patrick and St.

Bridget.
56th—A collection of Irish Views.

57th-A handsome Inkstand. 58th-A handsome Door Mat.

58th—A handsome Door May.
59th—A General History of the Church.
60th—A Boy's beautiful blue cloth Jacket.
61st—A magnificent Writing Desk, the gift of Rev. Bro. Aphrastes, Director of the Christian Brothers, Quebec. 62nd—General History of the Church, 4 vols., by

Abbe Darras—the gift of Rev. Bro. Owen, Director of the Christian Brothers, Kingston. 63rd—A Bible—valued at \$15—the gift of the

same.
64th—A magnificent Prayer-book—same donor.
65th—A Silver Ink-stand, the gift of Rev. Bro. Cassian, Queuce.
66th—A magnificent Picture of St. Patrick,

worked in silk, the gift of a lady friend, of th—Pair of Drawings, in frames (Idols of the 67Kings) by Gustave Dore.

68th Magnificent piece of Needle-work, the gift of a lady friend, of Montreal. 69th-Magnificent Missal, bound in velvet-

valued at \$7. 70th-Lady's Cabinet-valued at \$20. 71st-A beautiful Holy-water Font.

72nd—Japanese Bamboo Work-box. 73rd—Lady's Work-box. 74th-Silver Goblet.

74th—Silver Gobiet.
75th—A fancy Egg-stand, with glasses.
76th—A large Oil-Painting of St. Vincent] de Paul, the gift of St. Patrick's Conference of St. Vincent de Paul's Society, Toronto.

77th-A Lady's Jewel-case. 78th-A set of Vascs-valued at Sc. 79th-A Silver Goblet.

80th—A French Prayer-book, bound in velvetvalued \$5. 81st—A magaineent copy of Moore's Melodies,

bound in green and gold. 82nd—A rich Holy-water Font and Statue of M. B. V. 83rd-Select Speeches of O'Connell, 2 vols.

84th—Two magnificent Pictures—Jesus and Mary. 85th—A Set of Vases, marked "Mary"—valued

at \$6. 86th—A Gentleman's Toilet-box, valued at \$20.

87th—A Lady's Toilet-box. 88th-A beautiful Harmonium. 89th—A collection of Japanese Puzzles. To any

person opening the entire collection, a prize of \$10 will be given. 90th-A Pearl Cross-valued at \$8.

91st-A Tea Caddy. 92nd—A magnificent Picture of the Cruciflxion.

93rd-A magnificent Piano from the Ware-Rooms of Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto, valued

94th.—Ten large volumes, in library binding, containing all the numbers of "The Catholic World" from its commencement to the present timethe gift of Rev. Bro. Paulian, President of Manhattan College, New York.

Many of the most valuable prizes were presented to Brother Arnold by the pupils of the Christian Schools in Canada and the United States. Altogether the Bazaar will be one of the most important in its results, and interesting in its associations that can be imagined. Every Catholic who can, ought to make it a duty to second this praise-worthy effort, to provide a noble educational estab-lishment for the Catholic boys of Toronto. The Catholic population there is not wealthy, yet from its numbers it requires large schools, and it ought to be the pride and pleasure of Catholics every where to contribute to so admirable an undertaking

I am, Mr. Editor, very respectfully, A FRIEND OF EDUCATION. La Salle Institute, a week previous to the

opening of the Bazaar. On the 1st July there will be a Pic-Nic on the

Grounds attached to the Institute, and in the Evening a Grand Concert, when Four Brass Bands will be in attendance.

As a guarantee that the Drawing of Prizes will be properly and impartially conducted, so as to assure to every ticket a fair and equal chance, the follow-College, Buffalo, N. Y., under the direction of ing gentlemen will superintend the Drawing and

# HONORARY COMMITTEE.

Hon. F. Smith, Senator; J. Stock, Esq.; P. Hynes, Hon. F. Smith, Senator; J. Stock, Esq.; P. Hynes, Esq., J. P.; J. Shea, Esq., J. P.; J. O'Donohue, Esq., Barrister; W. J. MacDonell, Esq., French Consul; C. Robertson, Esq.; E. O'Keeffe, Esq.; P. Hughes, Esq.; J. D. Merrick, Esq.; T. McCrosson, Esq.; Thos. Walls, Esq.; J. Britton, Esq.; Thos. Wilson, Esq.; L. Coffee, Esq.; F. Rooney, Esq.; J. Mulvey, Esq.; P. Burns, Esq.; B. B. Hughes, Esq.
After the Drawing, the winning numbers will be published in the papers, and Lists of winning num-

published in the papers, and Lists of winning numbers will be forwarded to any address, on receipt of a stamped addressed envelope. The Prizes can be obtained on production of the winning tickets, either personally or by letter. Persons residing out of Toronto can have their prizes forwarded to any Railway or Express station, if required. Parties wishing to act as Agents for the disposal of Tickets, can obtain them singly or in books, on application,

Book of Ten Tickets a Special (Free) Ticket is pre-

The Tickets consists of two parts, the larger of which should be retained by the purchaser, until after the Drawing and produced on the delivery of the Prize, if it should win one; the smaller part called the duplicate should be returned to Bro. Arnold on or before the 29th June, with the purchaser's name and address legibly written thereon. It is particularly requested that the Duplicates bo returned as early as possible, before the great pressure of the drawing begins. Agents are requested to account and remit the balance in their hands every two or three weeks.

Parties receiving Tickets will confer a favor by kindly making an effort to dispose of them, or transfer them to others in a better position to do so, and by returning Tickets not disposed of.

TICKETS FOR THE DRAWING ONE DOL-LAR EACH.

All communications, remittances, and demands for Tickets, to be sent (postage paid) to BRO. AR-NOLD, DIRECTOR OF THE CHRISTIAN BROTHER'S ACA-DENT, Toronto, Ontario, to whom all Drafts and Post Office orders are to be made payable.

Tickets are also for sale in Toronto by Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimer, King street East; A. S. Irving, King-st. West; T. O'Connor, King-st; P. Doyle, Arcade; C. A. Backas, Toronto-st; J. Birmingham, Ottawa; M. Fahey, Kingston; Messrs. D. & J Sadlier, Montreal.

# WRIGHT & BROGAN

NOTARIES,

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