byy words aud seen my works these years pest-who hast had such opportunities of becoming acquainted with me, and for Whom I have done and suiffered so much. ${ }^{\text {" }} \mathrm{Y}_{\text {ea, }}$ mine own familiar friend, in whom I trusted, which did eat of my bread, hath lifted up his heel against me." It was an extenuation of the sin of Paul that he "did it ignorantly :" and of the " princes of this Horld that they did not know Christ, for, tad they known him, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory." No such Wace had Iudas. On the contrary, be Wha admitted to the most intimate fellow8hip with Jesus. He therefore simed against the clearest light. "Betrayest thou the Son of Man-a title in which Deity friend, huanity were blended-thy truest "Betrayest the world's greatest benefactor. Betrayest thou the Son of Man with a Whit This makes the sit aggrawated to
megree. When Joab iook Amasa mide, ast degree. When Joab took Amasa
with he woudd have a tamiliar talk With, him, he would have a familiar talk bethert:' and then drove a dagger to his art: when he took Abner by the beard bim a would kiss him; and then stretched
fese a blody corpse on the plain, the professens of friendship deepen the dye of the
vouble murder indee murder. The kiss of Judas, like the erpent, and Jab, sounded like the hiss of the This and had in it the sting of thescorpion. expressive emphatic, withering sentence, that bis shrive, gently reproving look, sunk into up the shivelled, shrunken soul, and stirred Each dying embers of his conscience. Pare of rolled up into his soul like a ire. The light of that countenance burning brand in his conscience. goes, these words ring in his meek and gentle look haunts himo. It is as if fiends and furies chased in Which the avails money to a conscience hen! His silver is of the Almighty stick Atogeth it were fire. We cankered, and ents his gether fore a fire. We lose sight of him
He follows not his
master. He had confronted him unblushingly, and boldly given orders to the soldiers, "Hold him fast,"-bent on making a sure seizure, knowing tas he did how easily on three different occasions he had slipped from the hands of his foes; but a single glance, and that appalling sentence, send him away abashed. He never faces Christ again. The rulers wait for him. They had counted on his acting the part of king's evidence. But they wait in vain. At length the traitor, hargard and woe-begone, makes his appearance. There is a sensition in the crowdel court. "Make way for Judas." A death-like silence reigus. Disclosures are looked for-a thorough exposure of the Nazarene imposture. Bat no The pieces of silver are thrown convulsively down, and shritking in agony, "I have sinned in that I have betrayed innocent blood," he rushes from the court into eternity. "He that, being often reproved, hardeneth his neck, slall suddenly be cut off, and that without remedy." I know not if these unhonoured remains ever wero eutombed, but if so, surely no better epitaph could have been found than this-" It had been good for this man if he had not been born." From this melancholy story leara the following lessons:-

## I. The hardening influence of Sin.

How thoroughly hardened Judas must have become to join the boly family in the upper room, after having entered into the fiendish conspiracy with the Jewish rulers! For him, a devil incarnate, to recline on the couch aljoining his Master, to meot unblushingly his Mastel's eye, to let his ieet be washed by his Marster's hand, and to swallow without shrinking the extended "sop," at the very moment when a hellish. hate was harboured in his heart, when the brand of blackest infamy was printed on his brow, when his foul soul was stained with a crime such as can never find its parallel in earth's voluminous calendar. when the poison of asps was under his lipa

