INTERESTING LETTER.

B. STREET, B. A., OF PALMYRA, TRAVEL-LING FOR HIS HEALTH.

Tustin City, Cal., Jan. 8th '86. DEAR FATHER :-- You have asked me several times to give you a fail description of the country, and I am at last settled down to the task. Well, as this is a description epistle, I am at a loss where to begin, as I have already given you an account of my journey.

After crossing the Colerado, you enter California at a point called the "Needles," so named, because there are three pyramidal shaped summits towering hundreds of feet above the neighboring hills, and which some imaginative mind thought resembled a needle. As you look back upon them they remind you of a gigantic tree divested of its branches. About three miles from this point is the station of the same name where everybody eats the first California meal. After leaving this place you enter the plain of "Sage bush and "Cacti," where, for hundreds of miles, not hill nor -tree of any kind is to be seen, and all the water used on the road is bronght to the tarks in mmense tubs fastened upon flat-bottomed cars. It was a common sight to see a water . train lying at the foot of a high enbankment, and many times I wished our train would not ran quite so rapidly around the curves. After a half-day's run we came to a track of alkali soil, perhaps fifteen miles in width, upon which no verdure of any kind is visible. It is as level as a house-floor. A hot box gave us the privilege of examining it, and upon nearer approach it was found to be a solid rock of a reddish color. Many comments were made by the passengers. Some pro- bat I do not particularly care to venposed starting a roller skating rink, " others a bycicle track. Soon the usual signal called us to our berths; and ere long we were sweltering under a broiling sun. We were now crossing the "Mojave" desert. The mercury registered 116° in the shade under a double roofed house. There are no sta-tions in the desert. The battery and instruments used in Telegraphy were fastened to a pole, and there the ope-rator stands in the sun the livelong day receiving and sending messages: At night he sleeps in his tent. After changing cars for the south we cross the Antelope Valley all studded with tree cactus, some twenty-five feet high. Now we are enveloped in utter darkness, and upon inquiry learn that we are in the San Fernando tunnel, which is about two miles in length. In a few more minutes we are in the

- April

breeze. This is what we call a Santa Anna, and must be experienced to be enjoyed. To-day the air is still and calm, and brightly beams the sun from a cloudless and serene, sky. No sound is heard save the footsteps of the stranger as he wends his way to the narrow gorge to over-flowing and "he knows not where," and the bark over-spread the velvety carpeting of ing of the bandy-legged coyotes. No monotone of busy life is heard save the buzz of 'the "Butcher" bird and the hum of the bee as he ex tracts the sweetness from the orange blooms and hies away to his mountain home.

Such is Tustin, surrounded by succession of beautiful rounded mounts, and situated in the "Santa AnnaValley," about twelve miles from the slumbering, sluggish Pacific, and to which, I, waif-like, and by some fortuitous circumstance drifted a few months ago.

Fruit raising is the only industry. Each resident has his vineyard and grove of oranges, prunes and apricots. Our street are spacious, laid out at right angles to one another, and mediately on arriving I seized a lamp macadamized with either "deep dust" or "mud."

Tustin is acknowledged to be one of noted as a health resort. Hedges of everygreen surround each ranch, and the streets are shaded by lofty poplars, eucalyptus and peppertrees. It is a parfect little paradise.

To me, however, its beauty is marred by the way in which its inhabitants desecrate the Sabbath. Very few attend service, while many enjoy the pleasure of a hunting expedi-1 have had numerous tion. rambles among the lower mountains, tion, and the caning of raisins. ture in too far alone as the lion has his haunts there.

The surface of the ground is remarkatly level, looking toward the southwest and the ocean. Through a break in the mountains and bordering the valley on the north flows the Sante Anna river, a considerable stream, which reaches the ocean during the rainy season, but which in summer, like all other California streams, after leaving the foot-hills, mostly disappears in the sand and by evaporation.

Rising in the Santiago Canyon and running through the northern part of the valley in the Santiago creek, from which most of the year a goodly supply of water for irrigation purposes is obtained. This Canyon is a favorite picnic resort, and three days ago it was my privilege to visit, it.

An early morning drive brought us city of Los Angeles, the pride of the to the mountains and long ere the south. It has some beautiful streets sun began to shine we had commenced and fine buildings, but its magnifithe weary task of ascending. The way lay along the side of the mountain, cence is marred by China town and Signora town, from which the stench winding in and out and many places rises so dense that it would kill an cut out of the rock and so narrow that Easterner in a week. The grandeur there is barely room for the passage of the city lies in the palatial homes of a wagon. Many times I thought and the artistically decorated lawns of we would roll to the foot, which lay the English populace, its groves of hundreds of teet below us. Sometimes oranges and lemons, and the 'everwe would go down the ravines at greens which adorn the streets. Albreak-neck speed. I almost wished I most every kind of shrub flourishes had remained at home, but I would cousin. In 1865, on the death of the in this salubrious climate. There shut my eyes and hang on. After are to be found those native to Brazil three miles of this kind of road, we and to the tropical countries of Amerentered a beantiful little valley of ica, the south of Europe and west of amphitheatre shape just as the sun came peeping over the summits, and Asia. I remained a tew days in town, long enough to take in the sitthe picture there revealed was one of nation. I was very much surprized the most magnificent sulendor. We to see how little business is transacted were surrounded by a succession of therein. Its public buildings, places char ming hills so arranged that they of business, and thoroughfare, are all appeared the work of art. There we inferior to those of our eastern towns. go by a winding path over hill and Alone in my room simply letting the dale, through a perfect labyrinth of idle thoughts of my fancy play, as I sylvan beauty. On either side of you, look out of my window my eyes are like hill upon hill, beyond the pinnagreeted by the appearance of large cle of each, appear others still higher. ancestral trees whose beautiful green What charming distance! What branches spread like a benediction s plendid perspective! The whole is over the ground, and whose trunks enveloped in a growth whose foliage seemed to possess numberless trees are bright with moss or grey with age. Far to the north lies the snow-capped magnificently and harmoniously blend-"Baldy" like a sleeping monster, yet ing in the first rays of the brightly rising with majestic grandeur far beaming sun. When I attempt to above all the other peaks of the describe landscape, how utterly ina-"Sierras" or as we teach, the "Coast dequate words become. No matter Range." From it the wind swoops how exact the description may be, its

down in mad career filling the sur with breadth, grandeur, and splendor, of dust, and chilling the warm coast coloring hold you spell-bound, and must be seen to be appreciated. These enchantments are medicinal. They sober and heal us. ... Through such scenes we passed until we enter-ed the Canyon, and there we found a lovely grove of "live oaks," which fill green. Wild grapevines have climbed to the very top of even the highest of

them, and in spring mantle them with lairy destoons. Here the holly and mistletoe flourish. Through dangerous passes we drive, but what of that ? When a boy I always had a desire to travel and to see strange sights.

Some one the said that "travelling increases a man's vitality if it, does not kill him at the start." Well I am not dead yet and as far as flesh is concerned I will soon be a typical Tenton. I enjoyed this dangerous ride through the dry bed of a moun tain torrent, perhaps, because one of my youthful freams is going to be realized at its coupletion, viz., a visit to a mine. We were after coal. Imand underground I go, a quarter of a mile. There the men are at work digging the "dusty diamonds." But, the first settlements of the south and oh ! the blackness is so dense that your flickering lamps gives scarce light enough to show yon where to step. We return by a safer road which has no marked interest except it has a peculiar as an appetizer.

I am afraid I shall weary you with so long a letter but there are so many things of interest to me that I do not know where to stop.

I shall write you shortly giving you some idea of the system of irriga-

I have about recovered from the effects of the fever. My nealth generatly is improving and I am enjoying my trip very much.

Hope you are all well. Love to all.

> I Am Still, mate Son. Your Affectio RICHARD.

Sir George Stephen Toronto Mail :-- In honoring with

a baronetcy the President of the Canadıan Pacific railway HerMajesty has worthily recognized the extraordinary ability and energy with which that gentleman has carried on the colossal work which he and his associates have had in hand during the past five years. * Sir George Stephen, although not a Canadian by birth, is one of the men of whom this country may well be proud. He was born at Dufftown, Banffshire, Scotland, on June 5th, 1829, and received his education at that place. At the age of fifteen he went into the drygoods business in Aberdeen, in which city he remain-William Stephen, his father's first took over the business and carried it on very successfully for several years. He was also one of the pioneers of the woolen industry in Canada, and di-rectr of the Bank of Monireal, and afterwards became the President of that institution. On retiring, from the latter position he with others took hold of the Manitoba and Minneapo-lis railway, and finally, when the Canadian Government called for capi-talists undertoek the construction of our great national highway. Sir George Stephen was married in 1853 to Miss Kane, daughter of a clergyman of the Church of England.



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CHAS. F. COLWELL, ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVICE TO OUR PRIENDS. (From the London Free Press.)

(From the London Free Press.) in Aberdeen, in which city he remain-ed four years. Thence he went to London, where he continued in the same business until 1850. In the latter year he came to Canada, and took an interest in the wholesale dry goods business in Montreal of the late William Stephen, his father's first

William Stephen, his father's first cousin. In 1865, on the death of the head of the firm, Mr. George Stephen took over the business and carried it took over the business and carried it

THE PLAINDEALER.

The Panama Canal.

M. de Lesseps will remain a fortnight at Panama. He declares his task there is a far easier one than was the construction of the Suez canal. He says the Panama canal will be completed by the end of 1888.

The Donkton Planos of Bowmanville, the best make in Canada. In Cabinet Organs the "Dominion" continues his favorite; although organs by other good makers can always be found in his store. In small musical instruments, mutical merchandise, strings of all kinds and fittings, Mr. Colwell, as assual, keeps the lead, and sells the best goods made, at leas prices than all other dealers. He has a very large, haddone store, centrally located; and carries in it all lines portaining to to his prefession, the choicest, cheapest, and best selected stock in Western Ontario. In addition to his regular business, Mr. Colwell has a well managed order department, by which his jumerous customers can leave their orders for Sheet Misic, Music Books, and instruments not in stock; and feel certain of having their musi-cal wants supplied properly and expeditionally, at much less prices than all competitors. His patrons need not be afraid of getting old shop-worn or cheap jobbing stock; but can confidently rely upon being supplied with the newest and nicest goods the market affords, at " Chas. F. Colwell's Popular Music House," 171 Dundas Street, Londom, Ont. Our readers will do well to make a note of these facts; so that when in want of any Musical Instruments or goods, they wilk have where to buy, with the assurance of getting genu-ine astisfaction, and full value for their money.

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