

MILLIONAIRE RICE'S DEATH

Starting Stories Regarding the Case.

Sensational Developments in the Lapointe's Check-stealing Case at Montreal.

New York, Nov. 3.—Efforts are being made to determine the exact condition of the lungs of Mr. Rice, the millionaire, after his death. Charles F. Jones, Rice's valet, in his confession, said he saw Albert P. Patrick, holding a towel, in the shape of a cone, over the aged millionaire's face. Now it is stated that the autopsy revealed a state of affairs consistent with smothering.

Fred B. House, counsel for Jones and Albert P. Patrick, held a consultation of an hour and a half with Patrick in the Thomas yesterday. Mr. House said that he was still of the opinion that Jones had been induced into making his alleged confession, and he said that Patrick absolutely denied giving any knife to Jones.

Lawyer W. W. Miller, attorney for Capt. James K. Baker, who has more than any person to do with the investigation into Rice's death, said today that Jones, in the hospital, said to him that Patrick threatened to bring him to town to execute some papers. Morris Meyers went with me. When we reached the apartments, Jones let us in and escorted us to Mr. Rice's room. Mr. Rice drew some papers out of a desk and said to both of us: "This is my will, gentlemen. I have sent for you to witness my signature." He asked Meyers to read a particular clause of paragraph in the will. I do not remember what the subject matter of the clause was. I did not pay attention to it. Mr. Rice seemed to have much confidence in Meyers. He consulted him about his affairs frequently. I did not know the contents of the will. The will was not read aloud. I frequently executed papers for Mr. Rice. I executed the assignments to Patrick. Mr. Short further said that he never talked to Meyers or Patrick about the will or assignments, nor had Mr. Rice said anything to anchor another will.

TURNED QUEEN'S EVIDENCE. Montreal, Nov. 3.—A sensation was sprung in the Lapointe check-stealing case yesterday, when Carter Labelle turned Queen's evidence, and told how the check for \$2,000 seen stolen by Lapointe and Whalen, and had been cashed through the agency of Harry Phillips and O'Hare Baynes. After the check had been secured, Labelle says Lapointe was delegated to look after Lapointe, but, fearing he would not get his share, he telephoned the bank to stop payment of check, giving his confederates much trouble in getting cashed. Each of the men got about \$300, according to Labelle's story.

HELD FOR MURDER. Paterson, N. J., Nov. 3.—The Passaic county grand jury brought into court indictments against the brothers McAlister, Campbell, and Death for murder and rape, for having been implicated in the death of Miss Jennie Bouschetter.

FLED FROM COURT. Kingston, Nov. 3.—R. Kennedy, sentenced by the magistrate to two years in the Central Prison, jumped over the railing in the police court and escaped through the door. The police are in pursuit.

SCHOONER IN TROUBLE. Port Stanley, Ont., Nov. 2.—The schooner Reuben Doud, of Detroit, was caught on this shore by the southeasterly gale of yesterday and came to anchor off Port Bruce. She lay there all day, and when the wind shifted to the west last night it threw the vessel in the trough of the sea, and soon rolled the main and mizzen masts out of her. Capt. George Young, of the fishing tug Enterprise went to her this morning and brought messages from Capt. H. Estell, of the schooner, who sent to Buffalo for a tug. The Doud is in good shape and uninjured, save the loss of her masts, and is not leaking, so the cargo of wheat may not be injured. The storm was one of the worst that we have experienced in years.

MILD IN THEIR ACTION.—Parmentier's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

PHONE 485.

New Delicacies JUST ARRIVED.

Bloater Paste, Anchovy Paste, Soft-Shell Crabs, Rippered Herrings, Herrings in Tomato Sauce, Herrings in Shrimp Sauce, Herrings in Anchovy Sauce, N. v. Queen Olives in half pints and pints, Marinated Peaches, Morton's Pineapple in Syrup.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO 189 Dundas Street.

ARE VERY FEW. The Cases That Pyramid Pile Cure Will Not Reach.

The cases that Pyramid Pile Cure do not reach are few. The physicians are doing away with operations for piles and depend more and more upon this simple but safe and effective remedy to accomplish a complete cure and it never disappoints in any form of piles, whether protruding, itching or bleeding.

Mr. Thomas E. Wood, of 318 Seventeenth Street, Sacramento, Cal., writes: "It affords me much pleasure to state that after using only one 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure, I was cured of the most painful and annoying disease, after having suffered from piles for three years and tried everything and could only get temporary relief. I was advised by two of the best physicians in California to have an operation performed, and I did, and suffered almost death, but the piles returned, and my suffering at times was so great I was not able to walk until I saw an advertisement of the Pyramid Pile Cure. I got it at once and was relieved from the first application. I am so grateful that I feel like recommending it to any and everyone afflicted with this disease. The prompt relief and rapid cure which follows the use of this remedy gave the impression that possibly it might contain opium, cocaine, or some similar drug, but a careful and frequent analysis of the remedy has proven it to contain no injurious drugs whatever, but it cures by astrigent properties and healing oils.

FAIR WAGES

The following letter has been addressed to the Mayor and Empire: "Say—my dearest as fair wages officer keep me so busy that I am precluded the pleasure of regularly reading the daily papers, and hence my tardiness in this instance. Being in the city temporarily, my attention was this morning attracted to a very misleading reference to myself in a special dispatch dated Kingston, Ont., Oct. 25, ult., and appearing in your issue of the 27th. After referring to other matters your correspondent says: "In addition, non-union labor was employed on the new drill shed all summer, and even after the passage of the Labor Bill the government gave out another contract in connection with the armory in which non-union labor was employed. Mr. O'Donoghue, the labor agent, arrived here on Wednesday last in connection with the matter, but he was too late. The Trades Council say they wrote him to come some months ago, but he contends that he didn't get the letter."

In reply, permit me to remark that the current wages resolution of the House of Commons makes no reference to the employment of union or non-union labor on public contracts, and that I was not in Kingston because of any labor difficulty of that or any other nature, and consequently was not late in reaching there. It was, however, my duty to ascertain and determine the current wages to be paid services would be required on a contract to be awarded later in connection with the interior fitting of the armory in that city.

While in Kingston on the occasion referred to I informally met, as I usually do when visiting places where such an organization exists, the president, the secretary and some other members of the Trades Council there, and, during our conversation, the secretary remarked that on or about the 15th of the month before—some months before—he had written me on behalf of their council in reference to another contract on the armory, and that I had not acknowledged his receipt or answered in any way. This was news to me, and I told them that I never received such a letter, and that if such a communication was mailed, it was very singular that it had not reached me. I asked him if he had been returned to the secretary through the dead letter office, and the reply was no. I then requested the secretary to show me a copy of that letter, which he must have kept as an official record, and was informed that no such copy had been kept. It is strange that the letter in question did not come to my hands if written and mailed, and it is equally strange that the secretary of the Kingston Trades Council did not keep a copy of his letter to me for the information of the body in question. Had he done so no question of veracity could have arisen. My object in desiring to see a copy was, primarily, that I might be the better able to trace the letter said to have been mailed to me.

Evidently your correspondent, or those who lauded him up on the subject, were more interested in scoring a party political point than in simply stating the facts.

Trusting you will give this statement an insertion in your next issue. I remain, respectfully yours, D. J. O'DONOGHUE, Dominion Fair Wage Officer.

THE PRIZE WINNERS At Fairs and Exhibitions Used the DIAMOND DYES.

The fall fairs and exhibitions held this year in Canada were a source of pleasure and satisfaction to hundreds of energetic and artistic ladies. Magnificent displays of Mats, Rugs and Carpets made from rags dyed with the Diamond Dyes, drew the special attention of thousands of visitors.

In ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the exhibitors who used the Diamond Dyes to color the materials of which their Mats, Rugs and Carpets were made, took the best prizes. No stronger proof of the superiority of Diamond Dyes could be demanded. Women all over Canada will find it pays to use Diamond Dyes to recolor their faded and dingy-looking dresses, skirts, blouses, capes, jackets, ties, ribbons, etc. One package of Diamond Dyes will do as much work as three packages of the common dyes, and give colors far more beautiful, more brilliant and more lasting.

The infancy of British manufacturing was nursed by engineers from Holland, who superintended the erection of wind and water mills. Minard's Liniment Cures garget in cows. Perfect openness is the only principle on which a free people can be governed.—C. B. Yonge.

A LITTLE BIT OF HISTORY

How the Tories Refused to Help England in the Soudan.

The Difference Between Liberal and Tory Loyalty.

The Tories are taking advantage of the renewed enthusiasm called forth by the return of the boys from South Africa to resurrect the absurd Tupperian charges of one year ago, that the Government was unwilling to render aid to the imperial cause. This foolish contention has been so thoroughly disposed of, and the small effect that it might possibly have had at one time upon a handful of the people has been so thoroughly dissipated that it would not be worth referring to again, save for the purpose of reminding the electorate of a little incident which occurred in Canadian history shortly before the Tories went out of power.

It was at the time when serious trouble was threatening in the Soudan, and England was hurrying troops to the scene. New South Wales hastened to tender aid in men and money, offering to equip and transport a contingent at the cost of the colony. The offer was accepted, and the imperial authorities inquired of the Canadian Conservative Government if the Dominion was willing to make a similar offer. The ultra-loyal Tory administration replied that they were prepared to grant permission for recruiting to be done in Canada, but that all expenses in connection with the equipment, transportation and maintaining of any men who might go from here must be borne by the imperial cheque.

The London war office acknowledged this plea with a difference by pointing out the material difference in the attitude of New South Wales and Canada, and declined "with thanks," to avail itself of the Tory Government's generous offer.

The Tories in power absolutely declined to render aid to the empire though specifically invited to do so. The Liberals in power not only tendered the aid uninvited, and pressed the acceptance of even more than the home authorities would accept, for the Laurier Government was ready to pay the men while on service as well as to equip and transport them, but they made the action doubly acceptable by doing the work so promptly and so well as to call forth unstinted expressions of appreciation and thanks from the imperial authorities.

Bostonia Sextet Club.

The concert given at the Auditorium last night by the Bostonia Sextet Club was one that delighted in the highest degree the appreciative audience present. The personnel of the club was: Mr. C. L. Stala, clarinet, director; Mr. Walter E. Loud, violin; Mr. Louis Eaton, violin; Mr. W. A. Hochheim, viola; Mr. F. J. Landsman, cello; Mr. Alfred Reinhardt, bass. The club was assisted by Miss Edith Viola Edisbree, a young lady possessed of an attractive presence and a sweet and sympathetic soprano voice. The most pleasing numbers were probably the exquisite "La Vierge de l'Ange Gardien" (Pierne), the selection from Thomas' "Mignon" and Mr. Landsman's rendering of Servais' "Fantasia Polonaise," for the cello, with its sprightly movement and charming passages. The latter was so well rendered that Mr. Landsman was obliged to respond with an encore. The "Fantasia" for clarinet, given by Mr. Stala, with Mr. Loud's violin solo, were also very enjoyable. The programme was: Overture, "Tantalusquale" (Suppe), Sextet Club; (a) "La Vierge de l'Ange Gardien" (Pierne), (b) "F. Mignon," from opera "Der Bajazzo" (Czibulka), String Quintet; "Fantasia" for clarinet from "Fre Aux Cieux" (Paradis), Mr. Staats; aria from "Les Noces de Jeannette" (Massé), Miss Edisbree; cello solo, "Fantasia Polonaise" (Servais), Mr. Landsman; selection, "Mignon" (Thomas), Sextet Club; violin solo, "Fantasia Caprice" (Vieuxtemps), encore "The Lost Chord" (Sullivan), Mr. Loud; some with clarinet obligato, "Alpen lied," op. 157 (Spaeth), Miss Edisbree and Mr. Staats; marcello, "A Petis Pas" (Sudess), Sextet Club; selection from "The Serenade" (Herbert), Sextet Club.

TRADE INQUIRIES

Old Country Firms and Others Anxious to Open Up Business With Canada. Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 3.—The following trade inquiries have been made at the high commissioner's office, London: A firm of importers would be pleased to hear from Canadian shippers of chrome iron ore of good quality, details as to analysis and samples required. A Belfast house possessing an opening for evaporated apples asks to be placed in communication with Canadian producers. A Manchester manufacturer using large quantities of small turned-wood handles asks for names of Canadian makers in furniture to supply same. An Edinburgh house desires names of any Canadian manufacturer of wood mouth-pieces, suitable for United Kingdom requirements. An importer of considerable quantities of maple, manufactured into floor boards and blocks, asks for names of Canadian shippers of these goods. Canadian firms desiring to be represented in South Africa can be furnished with the name of an agent who is leaving London shortly to engage in business in that colony. If there were no honesty it would be invented as a means of getting wealth.—Mirabeau. THERE IS NOTHING EQUAL TO Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction. A man seldom loses the respect of others unless he has lost his own.—F. W. Robertson.

RELIEVED THE GERMANS

Good Work Done by British Troops in China.

Heavy Fighting in the Mountains on Shan Si Frontier.

London, Nov. 3.—The Pail Mail Gazette this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Ichow dated Oct. 28, which says heavy fighting has occurred in the mountains on the Shan Si frontier. An Anglo-German force of 1,500 men, commanded by Col. Von Norman, stormed Tzaiing Kung. The Chinese occupied a strong position on the crest and stubbornly resisted. They poured a hot enfilading fire on the advance party of 80 Germans under Major Von Forrester, but the British Royal Cavalry and Mounted Sappers, dismounting, scaled the heights, turned the enemy's flanks and relieved the Germans.

EJECTED. Tien Tsin Nov. 3.—On Wednesday at Yeng Tsun a party of French officers occupied a coach of the special train assigned to carry the 14th United States Infantry to Tong Ya, and declined to retire when requested to do so. Col. Daggett, of the 14th, called the American guard and forbade them to dismount. The French are greatly incensed over the incident, and demand an apology.

WATCHING. Paris advises say that the French authorities are watching the reception in the southern provinces of China very closely, and it is thought successful movements of the provinces would seriously affect Tonking.

AT "THE TOMBS." A Havas agency dispatch from Peking, dated Nov. 1, says: The French troops arrived at Si Lang, Oct. 28, and occupied the tomb of the empress. The Germans, the Russians and the English arrived afterwards and occupied the other imperial tombs. "No fighting is mentioned."

THE FAVORITE WIFE. A special dispatch to the Hamburg correspondent says: In a well situated in the imperial palace precincts in Peking was found the body of Empress Kwan, the empress's favorite wife, when she was found before the flight of the court from the capital. The second favorite, Shing Pi, and a number of ladies belonging to the imperial harem, are prisoners in the hands of the allies.

THE GERMAN TROOPS. Berlin, Nov. 2.—Official telegrams from Count Von Waldersee show that all the German troops have now arrived in China, and been distributed. The first and second armies, the first infantry brigade, and a small force of cavalry and artillery are stationed at Peking. The second infantry brigade, with a corresponding force of artillery, engineers and cavalry, is at Pao Ting Fu. One battalion is at Shan Hai Kwan. The third infantry brigade, with a company of sharpshooters, two squadrons of cavalry and several batteries of artillery, are at Taku, and there is a force of troops distributed along the railway from Peking to Yang Tsun, superintending the work of construction.

A dispatch from Pao Ting Fu, dated yesterday, says: "Telegraphic connection has been completed with Peking through the Germans. The railway from Pao Ting Fu to the capital is nearly completed."

ATROCITIES.

Another batch of letters from German soldiers in China appears today in a number of papers, among them the Hanover Courier, which stoutly demands official statements with reference to the details given by the writers of the cruelties alleged to have been committed by German troops in China. This demand is warmly supported by the Preussische Zeitung.

The Pains of Kidney Disease

Warn You Against the Most Dreadfully Fatal of Disorders—You Can Be Cured by Promptly Using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Pain is nature's signal whereby she warns man of approaching danger. Few diseases are so dreadfully fatal as disorders of the kidneys, and few are accompanied by more severe pains and discomforts.

One of the most common symptoms of kidney disease is the smarting, scalding sensation when passing water. Such is likely to come very frequently and at inconvenient times. Then there is the dull, heavy aching in the small of the back and down the limbs. When these pains are accompanied by deposits in the urine after it has stood for twenty-four hours, you may be sure that you are a victim of kidney disease, and should not lose a single day in securing the world's greatest kidney cure—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Take one pill at a dose, and in a surprisingly short time you will be far on the road to recovery. For Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act directly and promptly on the kidneys, and are certain to prove of great benefit to anyone suffering from irregularities of these organs. Don't imagine that you are experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are almost as well known as the great Repeal Balm, and have cured some of the most surprising cases of kidney disease on record, and have come to be considered the only absolute cure for kidney disease. James Simpson, Newcomb Mills, Northumberland county, Ont., writes: "This is to certify that I was sick in bed the most of the time for three years with kidney disease. I took several courses of medicine, but with no result, and a great many other kinds of patent medicines besides that, I was under treatment by four different doctors during the time, and not able to walk. I began to take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and since that time have been working every day, although a man nearly 70 years of age. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have cured me." Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

WHISKARD'S

Three Busy Stores, 228, 230 and 232 Dundas St.

A BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT OFFERINGS IN OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

AN interesting story is behind this special purchase of Hats. Bought at a price for spot cash, consisting of Felt Hats and Outing Dress shapes of all sorts, made up for fall selling, and every one is fresh and clean. Thank our wide-awakeness for this early opportunity. As a usual thing, you are not offered such values until the lag end of the season. These Hats were intended to retail at 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each, and the same styles may be seen elsewhere selling for these prices. But we share our opportunity with our patrons at 45c, 50c, 59c, 79c each.

Special Bargains in Tailor-Made Walking Skirts. Some Striking Values in Silk Velvets, Corded and Plain Velveteens.

Ladies' Tweed Skirts, in fawn, gray and navy, \$2.19, \$2.25, \$2.50 each. Black Ostrich Tips. Repeat order of 30 dozen of Fine Black Ostrich Tips, 10c, 15c, 25c each. Best value you have ever seen, ladies.

Hosiery Department.

Children's Fast Black, Wool Hose, the long-wearing kind, extra heavy, double knit, 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2, 8, these sizes for 25c pair; boys' sizes in \$1.50, 9, 9 1/2, 25c pair. Ladies' Black Pile Cotton Hose, 20c pair. Ladies' Plain Black Cashmere Hose, at 20c, 25c, 28c, 35c, 38c, 45c pair. Special line of Ladies' Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose, 25c, 35c pair. Children's White Wool Overstockings, 20c, 25c pair.

Domestic Department.

Special line Fancy Tickings, and blue and white stripe, heavy make, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c, 25c yard. Canton Flannel, unbleached, 5c, 6c, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c yard. Stripe Shaker Flannel, 32 inches wide, large assortment of patterns, 5c yard. Cream Shaker Flannel, extra heavy, 10c yard. Light and Dark Shaker Flannel, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c yard. Grey Flannel, light and dark, twilled and plain, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c, 25c yard. Heavy Navy Blue Flannel, 12 1/2c yard. Wrapperettes, red and black, assorted patterns, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c yard.

It is value such as we offer you every day that keeps the "Three Busy Stores" busy. Come everybody.

Heintzman & Co. PIANOS.

Do you know about the mechanism of a piano—the hammers, dampers, etc? Can you determine between cheap, unseasoned materials in the hands of poor workmen and high-class materials moulded by skilled mechanics? You must trust a house with a reputation. That is why so many pianos of this firm find a place in Canadian homes from one end of the Dominion to the other.

Heintzman & Co. 217 Dundas St., London.

ENEMIES OF HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

There are no greater enemies of the welfare of the human individual than the twin evils of the digestive organs—constipation and indigestion. Neglected, they mean lifelong discomfort, disease and perhaps death; remedied, life is worth the living. In their cure, when existent, or their prevention when non-existent, diet is all-important. GRANOSE and GRANOLA, the perfect foods, and CAMEL CEREAL, the perfect beverage, prevent these evils or cure them where they exist. Their trial is a duty that every individual owes to himself or his family. Palatable, nutritious and healthful, their use commends itself to aged and young alike, to the invalid and to the person in perfect health. The manufacturers will be pleased to send full particulars of these meritorious articles on application. Remember, a postcard costs only one cent; neglected health costs dollars. Leading Grocers Sell Our Foods. MANUFACTURED IN CANADA ONLY. Battle Creek Sanitarium Health Food Co., 651 Colborne Street, - - London.