

The Advertiser

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JOHN CAMERON, President and
Managing Dir.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Saturday, March 14.

The G. T. R. Shops.

The Brantford Expositor does not feel reassured over that car shops division of the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature. It reaches the conclusion that "the proposed removal of the shops has been postponed for some considerable time, if not knocked out altogether." Just as soon as the car shops are re-elected here will the concentration resolved on by the Grand Trunk directors take place. The officials of the Grand Trunk await the going of the frost out of the ground to lay out the foundations. Then when the shops are ready for use, the Brantford men will be moved to London, just as London men have from time to time been moved to other places. No decision of the Legislature, or of any other body can prevent the rearrangement, and it is just as well that Brantford should accept the inevitable. If Brantford had been deemed the best available center at which to concentrate the shops, they would have gone there. The G. T. R. experts chose London because of its availability, and no successful argument can be adduced to show that the company should resist from this decision.

Truth to tell, many Brantford workmen, some of whom formerly resided here, rather like the idea of the move. They know that if it is advantageous to their employees it will benefit them. And they also are assured that London is one of the best cities to live in on this continent. They will be heartily welcomed.

Coercion will be banished from the land,
Laurier's coming in!
Good times are near at hand,
Laurier's coming in!

A Telling Exposure.

The instincts which govern the life of Sir Charles Tupper were strongly in evidence in the revelations made in the House of Commons last night. Reluctantly, Sir Charles was forced to acknowledge that he had not only been guilty of reading to the House a confidential telegram which had been sent to Sir Donald Smith by Premier Greenway, of Manitoba, but that he had done so without the consent of either of those gentlemen, though the dispatch had only been shown to him by Sir Donald in the strictest of confidence. The would-be Premier further acknowledged, with an eleven-hour regret, that he had garbled Premier Greenway's telegram, so as to conceal the most important point in it.

This shameful confession emphasizes the most marked characteristic in the scheming politician. Even in his old age, he seems prepared to resort to unscrupulous and unfair tactics in order to secure a temporary advantage. Will such unstatesmanlike conduct pay? Emphatically, it will not.

Canadians have in recent years evinced a desire for the re-establishment of British fair play in Canada, which is highly creditable to them, and they will mark the man who strikes below the belt.

Brantford waxes hilarious over the temporary set-back administered to the Grand Trunk in regard to the desire of the latter to concentrate its car shops at the capital of Western Ontario. We are reminded of the hilarious son of the shambler, who, in the field with a bull, chortled cheerfully as he teased the animal. When the bull teased him over the fence, he picked himself up, rubbed his sore ribs, and walked on, with the reflective remark: "Faith, and it's well I had my laugh first." Moral: He laughs best who laughs last.

most double the increase of the previous year. The insurance in force at the end of the year shows an increase of \$274,448 89, the number of new policies issued being 17,230. Owing to the careful investment of the assets of the company, the average rate of interest realized last year was 5.70 per cent. While the assets are safely invested, policyholders will be interested to know that the reserve fund is now ample for all purposes, though it keeps steadily growing. The total reserve is now \$484,256 80, an increase over the previous year of \$47,808 31, or about 30 per cent of the total premiums received. There is the added security to policyholders of \$64,413 70 in subscribed stock of the company, which it has not been necessary to call up. It is gratifying to find this home company not only holding its own with its competitors, but by progressive and careful management, commencing itself to an ever-increasing number of the insuring public. It has started 1896 well.

Sports and Politics.

Our views have been asked as to the propriety of bringing political divisions into the out-door sports of London. The question has arisen because some of the leaders in the Conservative ranks have been urging their members to withdraw their support from existing clubs and associations in which in the past the best results have been achieved through the cordial co-operation of members of both political parties, and have been arguing that sports should be run on political lines.

Frankly, we consider that if citizens divide politically on questions of public policy, that is about all the division that should be encouraged in any community. In the past, our out-door manly sports have been co-operated in by members of both political parties, and the best results have been attained because political differences were scrupulously kept out of the friendly contests. In a city the size of London, the sporting organizations require a continuance of this unity, and not even in the time of a contest is any well-wisher of legitimate sport warranted in attempting to introduce political considerations in the management of citizen sports. Who can tell how wide the dividing influences may extend if they are countenanced in out-door sports? It should be foreseen that a natural result would be the extension of the dividing political lines into indoor amusements. From that the divisions would probably extend to social diversions, until finally Mrs. A. would cease calling on Mrs. B. because their political affiliations could not be adjusted, while Mr. C. would give up social intercourse with Mr. D. in consequence of their diverse views on how taxes should be raised! By and bye we would have Liberal and Conservative churches, and if the originators of the political division craze have their way, doubtless we would see all the friendly and benevolent societies parcelled out in the same manner. Would life be worth living in such a divided up condition of affairs?

Fortunately the views of the few who are anxious to have even our sports run on political lines are not likely to be endorsed by the large majority of citizens, and the dividing influences may be kept within reasonable limits. The Young Liberal Club, which has within its membership a very large proportion of the members of all the out-door sporting organizations, has promptly frowned down the proposal that the lovers of out-door sports should divide up according to their political leanings, and their attitude meets with warm commendation from members of both political parties, who hold with us that sports and politics may well be conducted separately. It would be an easy matter for the Young Liberal Club to form from their extensive membership many strong clubs for the promotion of all the out-door sports. But they prefer the British idea of fighting their political battles outside the sporting arena, and uniting all the forces of the young manhood of the city without regard to creed, nationality or political predilections, to maintain the prestige of London in the field of sport. That is a proper conception of their duty.

It is no small matter in connection with this question, it is a thing which ought to have a very considerable weight with this House, that one of the most eminent statesmen, my esteemed friend, Sir Oliver Mowat, has already publicly recorded his opinion that this bill, based on the remedial order, which the Government proposes to pass, is to the last degree ill-considered and ill-advised. (Cheers.) Sir Richard Cartwright on the Manitoba Coercion Bill.

MR. MONCRIEFF'S NEW NAME.

Sarnia Post.
Contrary to expectations, Mr. Moncrieff, M. P. for East Lambton, spoke in favor of the Remedial Bill down at Ottawa Friday. Therefore, Mr. Moncrieff's name is pants.

LOYALTY AND TARIFF.

The Sentinel, Toronto.
To pass a loyalty resolution one day and insist on a high tariff against British goods is a policy loyal Canadians do not mean to tolerate a moment longer than they are compelled to.

BANISH IT.

(Harper's Weekly.)
Every war is a calamity; but an unnecessary war is not only a calamity, but also a crime. We therefore most heartily second the efforts now making to obtain from the American people an expression of sentiment in favor of a treaty with Great Britain, providing for arbitration in all proper cases, to the end of not only limiting the possibility of war, but of banishing even the thought of it.

Another War.

British Expedition Bound for the Soudan.

The Situation in Abyssinia Looks Bad for the Italians.

Their Forces Retreat Before the Advancing Dervishes.

Treating With King Menelik for Terms of Peace.

Important Proposals from Mr. Chamberlain to President Kruger—Russian Treaty Signed—A New Flag for Norway.

RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY.

London, March 14.—A dispatch from Peking says the reported conclusion of a treaty between Russia and China is confirmed.

VISITED VICTORIA.

London, March 14.—Emperor Francis Joseph yesterday visited Queen Victoria at Chislehurst, and had a private conversation with her.

A NEW FLAG.

London, March 14.—The Odelsstjerna, or Lower House of the Storting, or Parliament of Norway, by a vote of 44 to 40, today adopted a bill providing for the recognition of a separate Norwegian flag.

RIDICULOUSLY INADEQUATE.

London, March 14.—The Graphic has an interview with Arnold Foster, in which he refers to the matter of Imperial defense, and incidentally mentions Canada's nine-pounders and Snider rifles, which, as a means of defense, are ridiculously inadequate.

HARRY WILL KEEP HIS SEAT.

The petition against the return of Harry H. Marks, proprietor of the Financial News, and formerly of New York, to Parliament for the St. George's Division of the Lower House, was dismissed yesterday. Marks is a Condemned yesterday. Marks is a Condemned yesterday. Marks is a Condemned yesterday.

CRETANS MURDERING TURKS.

London, March 14.—The correspondent of the United Press in Constantinople telegraphs that the agitation in Crete is increasing very rapidly. At Trubanos several Turks were alleged to have been murdered and 40 Cretans were arrested and tried for the crime. The men were acquitted, but the officials prevented their release, and they are still in jail. Indignation meetings are held throughout the island daily.

IN WOMAN'S INTEREST.

London, March 14.—Dr. Besant has issued a circular to officials of the Cambridge University advising them to imitate the example of Harvard University and found a woman's university which may confer degrees upon women. As the matter stands now on the result of the action of the Senate rejecting the proposal to appoint a committee to consider the question of conferring degrees upon women, the proposal is virtually shelved, temporarily, at least.

MONTEAGUE INTERVIEWS CHAMBERLAIN.

London, March 13.—The Canadian Minister of Agriculture, Hon. W. H. Montague, has had an interview with the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, and has urged that the evidence is conclusive that Canadian cattle are free from disease, and stated that Canada is confidently expecting that the existing restrictions should be removed, rather than made permanent. Mr. Chamberlain promised that the Imperial Government would carefully consider the matter.

PROSPECTS OF PEACE.

Rome, March 14.—Out of the terrible storm of popular anger which swept over Italy when the news of the defeat of the army under Gen. Baratieri reached here, little remains but a feeling of great resentment against the Italian commander. All rioting has ceased. The reservists who fled from the country sooner than go to Africa at the call of the Government for a class of 1872 are returning, and it is not believed any steps will be taken to punish them. Negotiations with King Menelik have been opened. It is anticipated that peace will be concluded before long. The new Cabinet is settling down to steady work, and the financial situation is brighter than anticipated.

CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFER TO KRUGER.

London, March 14.—A dispatch from Pretoria says that President Kruger

is considering an important dispatch in which Mr. Chamberlain, the British Colonial Secretary, suggests the abrogation of the Anglo-Boer Convention of 1884, which gives suzerainty to Great Britain, if the Transvaal will redress the grievances of the Uitlanders and enfranchise the British subjects in the Transvaal, who desire to become burghers. Mr. Chamberlain also suggests a treaty of amity, by the terms of which Great Britain will guarantee the independence of the Transvaal. President Kruger has intimated that he will reply to the dispatch in about three days. The dispatch adds that the preparations that have been made for President Kruger's visit to England indicate that he will probably start very shortly.

ANOTHER WAR FORESHADOWED.

London, March 14.—The Anglo-Egyptian expedition that is to make a demonstration towards Berber and Wady Halfa in favor of the Italians at Kassala is much discussed in the lobbies of the House of Commons. In an interview Sir Charles Dilke, M.P., denounced the decision of the Government to join in the expedition. He said that if the affair should result in a defeat Great Britain would be compelled to immediately intervene on a large scale, and it would possibly lead to another Sudan war.

The Times publishes a dispatch from Cairo, saying that the ultimate object of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition to the Sudan is undoubtedly the relief of Kassala, which, if it should be captured by the Dervishes, would be a serious menace to Suakin and Tokar. Possession of the fertile province of Dongola is essential to the protection of Egypt from a Dervish raid, inasmuch as, besides being a convenient base for hostile operations, it furnishes large food supplies to the Sudanese countries ruled by Khalfia. The writer of the dispatch hints at a final advance to Omdurman, and a reconquest of the Sudan.

The Telegraph says that the officers belonging to the British army of occupation in Egypt, who are now on leave of absence in England and elsewhere, have been peremptorily instructed to rejoin their commands.

ITALIANS WANT PEACE.

Rome, March 14.—The reports that the Italians are negotiating with King Menelik to the end of concluding peace between Italy and Abyssinia is confirmed upon official authority.

It is learned that Generals S. A. Albertone and Nava and many other Italian officers who were believed to have been killed in the battle at Adowa on March 1 are not dead. The Government has received information from Africa that the dervishes in strong force have attacked Sabab, between Kassala and Adigra, and that the Italian garrison, being greatly outnumbered, have retreated to the hills. The losses are not known.

The Vienna Neue Freie Presse says the entire Italian garrison at Verona have deserted, with their arms and baggage, and crossed the Austrian border into Tyrol. Hundreds of Italian deserters are crossing the border. The situation at Abyssinia is still extremely serious. Everything depends on the result of Baldissera's efforts. Crispien will make strenuous efforts to overthrow di Rudini as soon as Parliament meets.

The London Post publishes a dispatch from Rome saying that the report that the dervishes had attacked Sababadi is inaccurate. The dervishes defeated Chief Alimurin, an Italian ally, and not the Italians themselves. A hundred of the latter, reinforced by Chief Alimurin and enabled him to maintain communication with Kassala. The newspapers of St. Petersburg and Moscow are raising a fund for the benefit of the Abyssinian wounded and the families of the slain. Efforts are being made to obtain a large donation for this purpose from the Russian Red Cross Society.

A Rome correspondent telegraphs that the negotiations with King Menelik are mainly for the purpose of gaining time. The correspondent adds that the postponing of the departure of Italian reinforcements for Abyssinia is not connected with the negotiations.

NEW NATURALIZATION LAW.

Washington, March 14.—The bill providing that all officers of American vessels must be American citizens, and that the chief engineer and assistant engineers shall be considered as officers, passed the House yesterday morning. The bill is not to take effect until Jan. 1, 1897, and provision is made for the employment of alien officers in case of a great emergency. Licenses of engineers are to be issued for five years.

The James F. Hunt & Sons' hair matting and feather bed cleaning factory; manufacturers of new mattresses and goose feather pillows; a good variety on hand. Bedroom sets, spring beds, fancy rockers, tables, chairs, stoves and general house furnishing. 593 to 597 Richmond street. Telephone 997.

If you are bald or find that your hair is breaking or falling out, it will pay you to call at Adam Ireland's parlors, 211-1-3 Dundas street, who can positively restore your hair and prevent falling out. Her celebrated toilet and shaving soaps cannot be excelled, and her fine medicinal face powder is of the finest. These can be procured from Cairncross & Lawrence. ywt

DEADLY SPRING!

IF YOU SUFFER FROM

Spring Complaints, use SCOTT'S SARSAPARILLA. It is the best spring medicine to be had anywhere. Scott's is pleasant to take, mild and gentle in its action, and an absolute cure for Sciatica, Gout, Constipation, Scrofula, La Grippe, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Female Troubles, Nervousness, Chronic Headache, Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach; Syphilis, Skin Diseases arising from impure blood or a disorganized system, and

Gastric Stomach Troubles.

Mr. Joseph Morrow, Merchant of Fullerton, Ont., writes: "William Cornish says that Scott's Sarsaparilla is the best family medicine he ever tried. His son William who works for a farmer was laid up and unable to work. His system was generally run down. One bottle of Scott's Sarsaparilla cured him immediately." For further facts write either Mr. Morrow or Mr. Cornish, personally. Then

USE SCOTT'S SKIN SOAP FOR THE COMPLEXION!

SATURDAY NIGHT FAIR!

From 7 to 10 p.m.

CHAPMAN'S

- HOSE—Ladies' Fine All-Wool Cashmere Hose, plain, double heel and toe, worth 60c, **Tonight 45c**
- HOSE—Ladies' Heavy All-Wool Ribbed Cashmere Hose, double sole, heel and toe, worth 60c, **Tonight 40c**
- HOSE—Boys' Heavy Ribbed Wool Hose double heel and toe, worth 25c, **Tonight 15c**
- HOSE—Ladies' Plain All-Wool Cashmere Hose, double sole, heel and toe, worth 40c, **Tonight 29c**
- GLOVES—Children's All-Wool Cashmere Gloves, black or colored, worth 15c, **Tonight 10c**
- GLOVES—Ladies' Black Lacing Kid Gloves, worth 50c, **Tonight 25c**
- HANDKERCHIEFS—Ladies' Fancy Embroidered Swiss Handkerchiefs, worth 35c, **Tonight 25c**
- LACE—Lace, white and cream, worth 4c, **Tonight 1c**
- WAISTS—Ladies' Colored and White Shirt Waists, worth \$1 and \$1.25, **Tonight 58c**
- NIGHT ROBES—Colored Striped Flannel-ette Night Robes, worth 75c, **Tonight 52c**
- VESTS—Ladies' Ribbed Wool Vests, full fashioned, worth 25c, **Tonight 20c**
- SHIRTS—Men's Black Sateen Shirts, worth 65c, **Tonight 45c**
- CAPS—Men's and Boys' Astrachan Caps, worth 50c, **Tonight 25c**
- HANDKERCHIEFS—Men's Fine Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 15c, **Tonight 3 for 25c**
- SOCKS—Men's Heavy Seamless Socks, worth 12 1/2c, **Tonight 3 for 25c**
- SHIRTS—Men's Heavy French Cambric Shirts, fast colors, worth 75c, **Tonight 50c**
- SHIRTS—Men's Navy Blue Flannel Shirts, worth 90c, **Tonight 50c**
- TIES—Men's All-Silk Ties, light and dark colors, worth 25c, **Tonight 15c**
- MITTS—Men's Lined Kid Mitts, worth 75c, **Tonight 45c**
- SOCKS—Men's Lambwool Socks, regular price 25c, **Tonight 20c**
- HATS—Boys' Tweed Hats, regular price 25c, **Tonight 20c**
- ULSTERS—Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, worth \$10, **Tonight \$7 50**
- OVERCOATS—Men's All-Wool D. B. Melton Overcoats, worth \$3 50, **Tonight \$5**
- SUITS—Men's Fine All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth \$7, **Tonight \$5 50**
- SUITS—Men's Good All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth \$6 50, **Tonight \$4 75**
- COATS AND VESTS—Men's Fine Black Venetian Coats and Vests, worth \$10, **Tonight \$8 50**
- PANTS—Men's Fine All-Wool Tweed Pants, worth \$2 50, **Tonight \$1 90**
- PANTS—Men's Good Hair Line Tweed Pants, worth \$1 75, **Tonight \$1 25**
- ULSTERS—Boys' Heavy Tweed Ulsters, worth \$4, **Tonight \$2 95**
- SUITS—Boys' Nobby Sailor Suits, worth \$3 50, **Tonight \$2 90**
- SUITS—Boys' 2 piece Fine Tweed Suits, worth \$3, **Tonight \$2 40**
- SUITS—Boys' 3 piece Fine Tweed Suits, worth \$4 50, **Tonight \$3 75**
- TWEED—6 pieces only, Spring Tweed Dress Goods, combination check, worth 35c, **Tonight 25c**
- SILK—10 pieces China Silk, assorted colors worth 25c, **Tonight 15c**
- SERGE—6 pieces 42 inch All-Wool Fine Serge, in mixed colors, worth 35c, **Tonight 25c**
- SERGES—5 pieces Two-Toned Serges, suitable for Ladies' Skirts, in gray, blue, brown and fawn, mixed, regular price 42c, **Tonight 25c**
- TWEEDS—5 pieces Boucle Tweeds, in the new blues and browns, worth 50c, **Tonight 39c**
- DRAPERY—Japanese Tinsel Drapery, worth 25c, **Tonight 18c**
- CURTAIN ENDS—About 2 yards long, 27 only left, **Tonight 15c**
- CURTAIN ENDS—41 only, Curtain Ends, very fine, travelers' samples, **Tonight 25c**
- CURTAINS—Chenille Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, heavy dade and fringe, worth \$4 50, **Tonight \$3 25**
- LACE CURTAINS—15 pairs only, Lace Curtains, worth \$1, **Tonight 87 1/2c**
- LAWN—Victoria Lawn, 45 inches wide, worth 18c, **Tonight 6c**
- PRINT—1 table Fast Colored Print, worth 10c, **Tonight 8 1/2c**
- SHEETING—Unbleached Twill Sheeting, 2 yards wide, worth 22c, **Tonight 18c**
- COTTON—44 inch Pillow Cotton, worth 15c, **Tonight 11c**
- MUSLIN—Check Muslin, very fine make, worth 18c, **Tonight 10c**
- TOWELS—Linen Huck Towels, very large, colored border, worth 15c, **Tonight 12 1/2c**
- SERGE—Navy Serge for Boys' Suits, all wool, worth 40c, **Tonight 35c**
- MUSLIN—Fine Jackson Muslin, wide width, small checks, worth 25c, **Tonight 12 1/2c**
- COTTON—40 inch Factory Cotton, fine make, worth \$4 1/2c, for 14 yards for \$1, **Tonight**
- TABLE COVERS—Fancy German Table Covers, worth \$1 75, **Tonight \$1 25**
- QUILTS—White Quilts, fine make, with or without fringe, worth \$2, **Tonight \$1 65**
- TABLING—1 piece Red Tabling, 60 inches wide, worth 40c, **Tonight 29c**
- COATS—14 only, Ladies' Spring Coats, in black and blue, large sleeves, ripple skirt, worth \$4 50, **Tonight \$3**
- JACKETS—11 only, Ladies' Jackets, in black, navy and fawn, worth \$7 50, **Tonight \$4 50**
- COATS—Children's Recker Coats, plain and rough cloth, worth \$2, **Tonight \$1**
- COATS—Heavy Winter Coats, Ladies' size, worth \$7, **Tonight \$1 98**
- WRAPPERS—Ladies' Print Wrappers, made of fast colored prints, **Tonight 85c**
- COAT—1 only, Ladies' Astrachan Coat, worth \$30, **Tonight \$18 50**
- WATERPROOFS—Ladies' Waterproofs, with double adjustable Capes, worth \$5, **Tonight \$3 75**
- CAPE—Ladies' New Spring Capes, a beauty for \$1 25, **Tonight**

TERMS CASH.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street