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JOHN CAMERON,

Pres't and Managing Director.

All's right with the world. -Browning.

London, Tuesday, May 7.

WHEREIN SIR FRANK SMITH WAS MISREPRESENTED BY HIS OWN FRIENDS AND THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL TREATED MOST OF-FENSIVELY.

Hon. Mr. Laurier, in his speech on the formation of the Bowell Governwas somewhat severe in his criticism of the line of conduct pursued by Sir Frank Smith. It is now contended, and no longer denied, that Sir Frank Smith was not to blame for the officially-inspired paragraphs which appeared simultaneously in the various Government organs on 15th December last. That the statement emanated from a Cabinet source is very clearly made evident from the three illustrations which we herewith give:

The Ottawa Citizen of 15th December

"Only yesterday afternoon did it transpire that previous to calling upon the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell on Thursday night to form a Ministry, his Excellency the Governor-General, when he sent for Sir F. Smith, consulted with him as to the formation of a Government. Sir Frank Smith, while highly appreciating the honor, informed his Excellency that he had no ambition in that direction, and suggested that his Excellency should call upon the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell as the most suitable person to be intrusted with the task of forming a new Ministry."

The Toronto Empire of Dec. 15 said: 'In conversation with the Empire tonight, Sir Frank Smith spoke as fol-'It is true that his Excellency did me the honor of consulting to the formation of the new Ministry, but I told him at once that I was not a candidate for the office of Premier. I suggested that he should send for the acting Premier, Mr. Bowell. We had a long talk, but I do not feel at liberty to report what transpired. I think (continued Sir Frank Smith) that I could not have given his Excellency better advice. I have known Mr. Bowell for a great many years, and although he has been a strong Orangeman, and very earnest and outspoken in his opin-ion, as he has a perfect right to be, yet I have never known him to say an offensive word against Catholics or to do anything which they could regard as offensive."

And the Montreal Gazette of Dec. 15 had the following:

"It has transpired today that pre-vious to the calling of the Hon. Mr. Bowell last night to form a Ministry, his Excellency the Governor-General sent for Sir Frank Smith and consulted with him as to the task of the formation of the new Government. Sir Frank. while highly appreciating the honor, informed his Excellency that he had no ambition in that direction, and suggested that he should call on the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell as the most suitable person to be intrusted with the task. In conversation with the Gazette correspondent tonight, Sir Frank Smith said. 'Yes, it is quite true that his Excellency did me the honor of consulting me as to the forming of the new Mintry, but I told him at once that I was not a candidate for the office of Premier, as it would not suit me. I then suggested that he should send for the acting Premier, Mr. Bowell."

' If Sir Frank Smith had divulged to the newspapers the secrets of the Privy Council, as attributed to him, he would deserve severe censure. We would be loath to believe that a Minister of the Crown, who has taken the oath of office as a privy councilor, and who has sworn to keep secret the counsels of the Queen's representative, would, contrary to the provisions of that oath, knowingly consent to the interviews given in the above paragraphs.

Indeed, we have good reasons for the belief that the announcement attributed to our former fellow-townsman was not written by him, but was the product of another member of the Cabinet. A friend of Sir Frank Smith, who is in frequent association with him, assures us that this is the case, and that it was so shown in the House of Commons, when a challenge for an explanation of the published interview was avoided by the Government leader. The document, as prepared for publication in Cabinet circles, was in fact shown to Sir Frank Smith, who gave his hastened consent to the publication of its contents. We are now told that the full effect of what these paragraphs contain was not realized by him in the hurried way in which the information was

imparted to him. What was the motive for this unprecedented course? It is to be found in the fact that a section of the Cabinet insisted on Mr. Bowell becoming Premier, and we do him no injustice when we say that he was himself among the number who favored the arrangement.
Some fears were entertained by him and his friends with regard to his acceptability to the Roman Catholic sec-

tion of the Conservative party, as he was not only past grand master of the Orange Order, but had personally been known to entertain strong prejudices. We may give an instance of this. At the time when Manitoba was admitted into the Dominion, Mr. Bowell made an attack upon Father Richot, one of the delegates upon behalf of Manitoba, whom he sarcastically described as "the meek and lowly priest who had actively labored to prevent a representative of the Crown from entering

the Northwest country." It is not surprising, then, that it should occur to Mr. Bowell and his friends that a certificate from Sir Frank Smith, in which he was described as "one who had never made himself offensive to the Roman Catholic population," should be sent abroad on the eve of his appointment, in order to strengthen him with a section of his party, with whom otherwise he might not stand well. And so Sir Frank Smith's name, and his alleged "call" by the Governor-General were used in a most reprehensible manner, inconsistent with his duty as a Privy Councilor, and in the highest degree offensive to her Majesty's representative.

When the present Secretary of State published a manifesto, to which her Majesty's name was attached, expressing to her Indian children in Haldimand how much she would be obliged if they would vote for Dr. Montague, a use was made of the name of the sovereign not unlike that which has been made, in this case, of his Excellency the Governor-General. Lord Aberdeen has been represented by members of the Cabinet as possessing so little knowledge of Canadian affairs, and as being so ill-qualified to judge of the capacity, fitness and experience of men as to have sent for Sir Frank Smith to form a Government, though his Excellency must have known that with Sir Frank Smith political affairs have always occupied a subordinate place. It is true that his Excellency did not make a remarkably happy choice when he sent for the present Premier, but when one considers the material which the majority in Parliament places at his disposal just now, we do not pretend to say that he could have done better.

A SWINDLER'S WELCOME HOME.

Jabez Balfour, Ex-M.P., Brought to London for Trial.

Great Crowds Assemble to See Him But Are Baffled_Balfour Arraigned.

London, May 6.-Jabez Spencer Balour, the absconding ex-member of Parliament, who is responsible for the collapse of the Liberator Building Association and other companies, whereby thousands of investors were ruined, morning. When the steamer Tartar upon which Balfour was brought from Buenos Ayres, arrived in the harbor a custom house launch immediately went to her aid. Balfour was was not allowed to do so. Meanwhile the detectives on board the customs launch avoided the docks, which were crowded with excited people, and landed Balfour at Nettley wharf. The landing was quietly made, and Bal-four was put on board a train without being noticed, and started for London

Arriving in London, the train was stopped at Vauxhall station, and Balfour, instead of being taken to the Waterloo station, where an immense crowd was awaiting his arrival, was transferred to a cab and driven to the Drew street police station. The expectant crowds were baffled at every point, and not one of them was gratified in catching a glance of the prisoner. Balfour was immediately put into the prisoner's dock and charges were formally lodged against him. He appeared to be in good health, but was downcast and taciturn.

Balfour, upon being arraigned, was remanded until May 9.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

Preston's assessment returns an increase in population of 143, being 13 per

Sarnia proposes to have a military demonstration on May 24, and to have the Twenty-Seventh Battalion in a pile. David Bovington, a clever student of the third year at the Woodstock College, met with a serious accident on Friday while playing football. When checking another player, both bones of his leg between the knee and foot were broken. There is a great string of bicycle riders training on the track at Sarnia. Besides the Brantford trio, McLeod, Davison and Gibbons, there are also Fred Loughead, E. B. Phelps and James Shillinglaw, of Sarnia; Leslie Rawley, of Port Huron; Harry Porter, of Wayne; A. F. Little, of London; and Harley, of Petrolea. The men are getting into

first-class shape. A number of changes have been made among the agents on the L. E. and D. R. R. through the resignation of Agent Grainger, at Blenheim, who is going to Wheatley. W. Stokes, Merlin, who was formerly connected with Leamington station, goes to Blenheim; Agent An-derson, Coatsworth, goes to Merlin; Agent Toll, Sandison, goes to Coats-worth, and Sullivan, for some time assistant at Leamington goes to San-dison. Edward Liddle takes Mr. Sul-

livan's place. Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy all general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earaches, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action. Commend a fool for his wit or a knave

for his honesty and he will receive you into his bosom

How to Cure All Skin Diseases Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale

J. W. STRONG, 393 Simcoe street. does papering and sign painting at very reasonable prices. ywt

House and Lobby_

Who Owns the Old Carling Brewery and How It Is

deal of skeptical laughter when some of the answers were given to Mr. Mc-Mullen's question regarding the old Carling brewery in London in the Commons this afternoon. The Minister of Militia said it was leased from John Christie; that it is used for military stores and as a residence for Col. Dawson. The Government has not purchased it, or promised to do so, but has leased it for ten years, at a rental of \$720 a year. The Government had spent \$1,000 in repairing the building, but it does not know that the property until lately belonged to Sir John Carling.

In reply to Mr. Lister, who asked if it is the intention to have the annual drill and militia camps this year, the Minister said that was the present intention. This is not very candid, for not a dollar is provided for this service in the estimates.

In reply to Mr. Lowell, the Customs Comptroller said the collectorship of customs at Niagara has been vacant since March last year, and that an appointment will soon be made. No one has been promised it.

There will be no revision of the Dominion voters' lists this year.

Mr. Campbell was informed that the Government had been made aware that the street piling constructed on Mc-Gregor's creek, Chatham, is giving way. A promise to soon repair it was made.

Mr. McCarthy asked whether the Minister of Works caused to be published the following dispatch in La Presse newspaper:

"Ottawa, April 5 .- You are authorized to deny as being absolutely false the rumor published in the Herald that Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper demanded from his colleagues that remedial legislation should be postponed until after the general elections, if such legislation was rendered necessary by the refusal of Manitoba. In the latter case it will be presented with the shortest possible delay, in order to secure its passage.

—J. A. OUIMET.

Mr. Ouimet replied "Yes." Mr. McCarthy further asked if it was true that the Minister of Public Works said at the nomination in Vercheres that Dominion Ministers were unanimous in the resolve to pass a remedial law, and had further said: "Some have left our ranks, more will leave, but it will not prevent the Government from carrying out its purpose. I ask you to forget party ties and think of your God." Mr. McCarthy asked: "Whether in these statements of the Minister of Public Works the policy of the Govern-

ment is correctly defined?" Mr. Ouimet evaded a direct reply as to the speech, but explained that he transferred to her and landed. A tug stated the policy of the Government containing 60 press representatives was to be guided by the law and the sought to board the Tartar Prince, but of the Government was correctly defined in that declaration," said Mr.

Ouimet. Mr. McCarthy next asked: "Whether, if the remedial order which the Governor-General-in-Council had passed with reference to the Manitoba school question is not executed by the Legislature of that Province, this Parliament will be invested with authority or jurisdicton to pass or enact a law or laws to carry out the decision of the Governor-General-in-Council embodied in the re

medial order?" Sir Hibbert Tupper read from the official report of the case at Ottawa an opinion by Mr. McCarthy, one of the counsel, as to what would follow if Manitoba declined to submit to Ottawa's demand that separate schools be again established in Manitoba. Its effect was that the power of the Dominion to act arose when Manitoba definitely refuses, and that the power is a legislative authority to be exercised like any of the other legislative authorities conferred by section 91 of the B.

N. A. Act. There was much laughter on both sides when Sir Hibbert Tupper thus answered McCarthy from McCarthy. Subsequently the Minister and Mr. Mc-Carthy had a conference.

Mr. Smith (Ontario) moved that the Government should engage the services of one or more competent veterinary surgeons to examine and report on the health of Canadian cattle herds, so as to convince the British Government that Canadian animals were free from

Dr. Sproule seconded the motion, and the question dropped after Dr. Mon-tague had stated that an offer of this kind had already been declined by the British authorities.

Nearly the whole of the afternoon Nearly the whole of the afternoon was taken up in discussing the motion by Mr. Mills (Annapolls) disfranchising drives away the blues, and is of such exevery person who was a providing drives away the blues, and is of such exevery person who was a providing drives away the blues. every person who two years previous to a Dominion election has been been paid for any service whatsoever by any Provincial Government, who may disfranchise any employe of the Dominion

Government. This is a motion which was fully discussed last year, the mover then, as now, arguing that disfranchisement was a great wrong, and stated that he only favored retaliation. The motion is specially aimed at the Nova Scotia Government and Mr. McIsaac, who cap-tured Sir John Thompson's seat in Antigonish, made his maiden speech in reply to Mr. Mills.

and had been generally indorsed by the speak highly of it. people. It disfranchises Provincial as well as Dominion officials. Mr. McIsaac said that Mr. Mills' greatest trouble was that Nova Scotia was Liberal, and had again and again so voted. It would lo so in Dominion affairs in the near future. That was the trouble with

Mr. Mills and his friends.
Mr. Tisdale defended Mr. Mills, and argued that one wrong should not be remedied by legalizing another.

Mr. Davies said it was remarkable

that an aspirant to a Cabinet position should bring himself down so low as to vote for what he declares to be a vicious and immoral practice as a retaliatory measure. Mr. Mills was not in earnest in this matter.

"I am strongly in earnest now," said "Perhaps so," said Mr. Davies:

would disfranchise every Liberal because he opposes his views."
"That is personal." retorted Mr. Mills,
"and I repudited it."

Financed for Government Use-Report on Western Militia Corps—Some Odd Episodes in the Commons -Confessions as to the Manitoba School Question

be their own masters.

vatives threw out the ballot act in Prince Edward Island, and the legislation there was passed because Dominion civil servants were not allowed to

Mr. Curran said the best Liberals believed in entire freedom to vote. Mr. Casey poked fun at the mover, said his address was ser-comic, and urged him to take a locus penitentae for

Mr. Northrup (Hastings) was prepared to vote for the resolution to teach the Province a needed lesson Mr. Fraser (Guysboro) asked what right had the House to dictate to local legislatures the course they should pursue in making up their lists of voters. They are the best judges of what is right. Six clock arrived while he spoke, and Mr. Foster asked, as the weather was very hot that the House adjourn, and adjourn it did. The subject drops for the pres-

Today the new Minister of Militia. Mr. Dickey, was introduced to the House by Sir Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Foster. H sits where Sir John Carling formerly

.... The annual report of the Minister of Militia for 1893-4 was only issued to-night. The expenditure was \$1,284,-517 17. For pensions, \$25,409 40. Revenue, \$42,610 11. Of the London Barracks and the old Carling brewery this is report-ed: "A building in the town was fitted up for a store building, and the stores moved from the barracks into it." The following reports of annual drill in London district are made by the inspecting officer: First Hussars, Col. Gartshore-"Good corps, well commanded and looked after." Twenty-Sixth Battalion, Col. Irwin, London—"Corps has shown marked improvement since 1891." Twenty-Eighth Battalion, Col. Mc-Knight, Stratford—"Corps has shown marked improvement since 1891." Thirtieth Battalion, Col. White, Guelph -"Good corps, well commanded and looked after." Thirty-Third Battalion, Col. Wilson, Goderich-"Though weak in numbers there is much esprit de corps in this battalion." Seventh Battalion, Lieut.-Col. Payne, London-"Conduct of corps very good, condition of accourrements, etc., good."
Twenty-Fifth, Col. Lindsay, St. Thomas -"Is reported active, intelligent and well-behaved, though weak in numbers." Gen. Herbert praises the new Martini-Metford rifles. Absence of recoil, of smoke, and of fouling, he says, are all that could be desired. The general also urges greater care to systematically organize the forces.

Lumbermen here are alarmed at the great fall in northern streams, and say much of the lumber cannot be floated

Hon. Mr. Laurier and other Liberal here on Wednesday night. Prof. McCoun says this spring is only six days late. This afternoon the Ottawa Ministeri-

al Association indorsed Mr. Charlton's Sunday Observance Bill. Lord and Lady Aberdeen spent Sunday at the Gatineau Cascades. They will give four large dinner parties at Rideau Hall this week.

At Dunraven, near Ottawa, Arthur Bonnette has lost three children in a week from scarlet fever. The public school is closed. Mr. Featherstone, member for Peel, arrived back from London today. He purchased some good cattle in Middle-

Sir Richard Cartwright will resume the budget debate tomorrow.

Mr. Lister is asking for full information regarding the Sault Ste. Marie and Sheik Island dam jobs. Mr. Foster will bring a bill to amend

the Superannuation Act. VICTORIEN SAMDOU



The mobile features of this great man are

een above. Sardou is the great wizard of the stage, clothing his characters in flesh and blood, and making them live. . He makes, not mummies, but men and women, as witness the realistic portrayals of Bern hardt, - chiefly the master's thought. When body and brain are weary with work, anything that will drive away the blues must possess a great value, It is the ver dict of Sardou that "Vin Mariani," the great tonic-stimulant, possesses this subtle cellent quality that whoever tastes it might almost desire to be forever debilitated and depressed, thus to have a pretext to drink it." Celebrated men and women, the world over, have spoken similarly of the stimu-lating, nourishing effects of "Vin Mariani" upon body and brain. A preparation from pure grapes and carefully selected coca leaves, "Vin Mariani" is more tonic than quinine, and yet it never constipates. For he convalescent it is invaluable; for all enfeebled people, it has a magic restorative property. Send your name to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian Agents, and you will receive an album con-Mr. McIsaac said that the Nova Scotia taining the portraits of a large number of law disqualifying certain officials had been on the statute books since 1871.

And had been generally independ by the

"Does Morrison know anything about music?" "He knows that the correct

pronunciation is 'Vogner.'" Mr. Thomas Ballard. Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a car with that most-to-be-dreaded disease Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. would not be without them for any money. Speaking of famous old people, Lot's wife was remarkably well preserved. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

All modern dental operations per-formed DR. ZIEGLER, dentist, 1921-2 Dundas street, London,

You can't stop the crowd. They won't be switched off, they dire going

-Wholesale Disfranchisement Advocated. Specially Telegraphed by Our Own Representative. Ottawa, May 6.—There was a good to leave a few, but not many." Leal of skeptical laughter when some Mr. Davies pointed out that Conserved Mr. Davies pointed out that Conserved Mr. Davies pointed out the ballot act in

Big Drygoods Emporium, Where They Get Endless Variety, Sparkling Beauty, Latest Novelty, Lowest Price.

Washing Fabrics.

Marvels of value are our Scotch Chambrays at 121c, striped, checked and plain colors, including navy blue pink, cardinal, gray, cream and heliotrope.

14 Cents

Is our price for a beautiful corded, striped Chambray, wide width, fast color, in all the most desirable shades, equal in appearance to goods at 25 cents.

PRINTS

You have not seen the nicest and best if you have not seen ours. The manufacturers have suited every taste-we suit every pocket. Every time a leader at 5c, 64c, 72c, 10c and

Spot Muslins

High quality and low price prevail here to a degree hitherto unknown. See these fine Muslins at 7½c, 8½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c.

White Piques and Brilliants, very choice goods, at 12 c, 15c, 20c, 25c, also with pin dots of blue and pink, at 20c.

Linen Department

Unbleached Table Linen, special value, at 25c, 27c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 65c, Bleached Table Damask, fine qualities, at 35c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c, \$1.

TOWELS

Large All Linen Huck Towels at 72c. 8½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c.

BATH TOWELS

Large size, great water drinkers, at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 38c, 45c.

TOWELLING

Linen Roller Towelling, 5c, 61c, 72c, 8c, 10c; Linen Huck Towelling, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c; Turkish Towelling, 10c, 12½c, 20c, 25c.

GLASS TOWELLING

Red and blue check, all linen, at 5c, θ_2^1 8½c, 10c, 12½c. Butcher Linen, 12½c, 18c, 20c and 25c.

CHAPMAN'S