

First Compounded This Newer Form of Iron For My Own Neighbors

Their Praise of This Remarkable Remedy Has Spread
So Rapidly That Now Over 4,000,000
People Use It Annually

Years ago I began to suffer at the great hands of my own neighbors. I was always ailing, complaining and doing nothing without ever coming to any better. Both working men and their wives were frequently all tired out by the evening, and a great many were weak, nervous and run-down. The kidneys were weak, and the blood was thin, pale and watery. I suffered from the symptoms of a great number of diseases when the real and true cause of all your trouble is a lack of iron in the blood. In the old days people often took metallic iron, which some physicians claim is not absorbed at all. In compounding this newer form of iron which I call Nuxated Iron, I employed a special form of iron, which is like the iron in your blood and like the iron in spinach, lentils and apples. Unlike the older forms of iron, it will not injure the teeth nor disturb the stomach, and it is ready for almost immediate absorption and assimilation by the blood. It is the people whose blood is rich in iron who possess great strength, force and energy. If you are not strong or well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two 5-grain tablets of Nuxated Iron three times a day after meals for two weeks, then test your strength again and see how much you have gained. An astonishing number of nervous, run-down people who were weak all the while, have greatly improved their health and increased their strength, energy and endurance simply by taking this newer form of iron. Thos. McMurdo & Company.



WHEN THINGS GO WRONG.

And It's Difficult to Rectify Them

(By JEREMY BENTHAM, JR.)

ARTICLE III.
EXTREMELY CRITICAL SITUATION.
And a feeling of disappointment and unrest prevails everywhere. The House of Assembly meets at the end of next month, hereafter to adjournment, but it is not certain that even then anything will be done to improve the outlook. The collective members of that body possess the power to withhold remedial legislation. But it does not follow that, because they possess this or any other power, it is wise or needful to exert it. They may find themselves so situated that they cannot do it if they would for fear of the concurrence of other judgments; and, therefore, a struggle might be as

Why Does Business Flock Here? Read the Answer in These Items.

- | | |
|--|--|
| SPECIAL.
Ladies' Singlets.
These are made of fine perfect bleached, cotton yarn. With Wing Sleeve. 19c. and 29c. each. | SPECIAL.
MEN'S SHIRTS.
Neat pin stripe negligee shirts. Soft cuff, sizes 14 to 17. \$1.29 & \$1.95 ea. |
| Cotton Blankets.
Not often you get them full size by the pound. Our prices average 69c. to \$1.19 for a Blanket. | Men's Wool Shirts.
Wool-flannelette; also Grey and Khaki. Point collar, faced sleeve. SPECIAL. \$1.39 each. |
| Ladies' Blouses.
We have a small quantity of Ladies' Blouses. White, scarcely two alike. All sizes. 99c. each. | Men's String Neck Ties.
Assorted patterns only 20c. each. |
| Bungalow Aprons.
Just a few left. Clean up price. \$1.39 each. | Men's Cotton Half Hose.
Black and Cordovan. 19c. pair. |
| Ladies' Heather Hose.
Extra value 35c. pair. | Ladies' Cotton Dresses.
For street and house wear. Reg. price \$2.95 and \$3.50 each, to clear \$1.95 each. |

Kindly Remember
W. R. GOOBIE
Is Just Opposite Post Office.

unavailing as it would be mischievous and unseemly. They might find themselves so situated that they ought not to do it if they could.

WHAT THE PEOPLE HAVE A RIGHT TO DEMAND.

Then, again, it must be remembered that all things which are lawful are not convenient and are not practicable, are not wise, are not kind. A sound and healthy discretion, therefore the moral coercion of irresistible circumstances, may fitly temper, and even wholly restrain, the exercise of the clearest power ever belonging to human government. Is not this the actual situation? Now, I think the people ought not to be made to wait for the relief they have a right to demand. They ought not to be made to suffer while we argue one another out of the recorded and inveterate opinions of our whole lives. I say, therefore, for myself, that anxious to afford them all the relief which they require, regarding the state of opinion around us puts it out of our power to afford that relief in the form we might prefer, we accommodate ourselves to our position, and make haste to do all that we can by the shortest way that we can. Consider how much better it is to relieve the needy to some substantial extent by the means available at once, than not to relieve at all, than not to initiate a system or measure of relief at all, and then go home at the close of the Legislature, weak and weary, and spend the winter in trying to persuade them that it was the fault of our friends that nothing was done. How poor a compensation for wrongs the people will be the victories over our political rivals!

OUR EXPERIENCE OF HOME RULE

Although our experience of Responsible Government has not been as long and eventful as that of the Dominion of Canada, yet we have had enough of it to convince most of us that we are unequal to the duties and responsibilities it entails. In 1855, when our forbears obtained from the Mother Country "the invaluable blessing of Home Rule," as they were then pleased to term it, they appeared to be under the impression that it would prove a panacea for all the political ills from which the colony suffered; but what ever advantage they, in their time, reaped from the "experiment," certain it is that we, in our day, have been bitterly disappointed. They, however, had the good fortune to have, in both branches of the Legislature, a very superior class of representatives—men who had the courage of their convictions and could not be seduced from the path of rectitude by the "spoils of office" or anything else. And so the Home Rule machinery, when first started here, worked fairly well, and continued to do so till 1908, when a policy of extravagance and graft was introduced and persisted in, with the result that the colony has been morally and financially ruined thereby. Our Prime Ministers, up to that date, were men of honor and integrity, such as the people could look up to with pride. Their veracity and probity were never questioned. Let me name them in consecutive order: Let me refresh the memory of my readers: Philip Little (who inaugurated Responsible Government here), John Kent, Hugh W. Hovley, F. B. T. Carter, Charles Fox Bennett, W. V. Whiteway, Robert Thorburn, A. F. Goodridge, James S. Winter, D. J. Green, Robert Bond. These were all men of fine abilities, and, for the most part, pre-eminently fitted for the high position they occupied. Then we come down to 1908 and continue to the present moment, with the following gentlemen in command of the ship of State, one after the other, as their names appear:—E. P. Morris, W. F. Lloyd, M. P. Cashin and R. A. Squires. Conspicuous among the former list is Sir Robert Bond. He is one of the few surviving public men of our country, who, after a long and honorable career, will remain, in the maturity of years, the enthusiasm and faith of his early manhood in the splendid possibilities of Newfoundland under efficient and economical government. Of his home life at Whitbourne I have not here space to speak, even if I had his permission to do so. It is enough for my present purpose to briefly refer to him as "one of the old heroic breed" whose lives ennoble the generation in which they live.

THE CINCINNATI OF TERRA NOVA.

Yes, one of the most outstanding personalities in the public life of the colony is Sir Robert Bond. As I remarked in a previous article, through most of the changing and eventful scenes here during the past forty years (Sir Robert Bond entered the political arena in 1883) he has been conspicuously in the van. How his voice has rung throughout the country, always brave, always hopeful, always true. How at times his speeches and messages in the press have been as those of one inspired; and he has risen beyond himself in the earnest and passionate longing that at length conditions of political purity should take the place of existing conditions. Rough and maddening taunts, coarse invective, cold and bitter answers, with no pity in them, the petty horseplay of inexperienced legislators—all flew past him as things of naught. His superb courtesy, his knightly chivalry, his glibly acquired knowledge, his command of language



his play of countenance and propriety and variety of gesture, his grasp of principle, his power of exposition, his love of accuracy, his intense moral earnestness, his force of conviction in the truth and justice of his cause—how these stand out against the counterfactual paucity of his successors in the Premiership and his opponents generally! Sir Robert has travelled much and everywhere he gives the impression of a kindly, cultivated gentleman, with a quick smile and a shrewd eye. But few of the casual acquaintances he made while in Canada, the United States, England and elsewhere, as delegates from the colony on important business, have any idea of the perfectum ingenium which lies beneath that impenetrable exterior, nor how stout and strong is the resolution within. His has truly been:—

"A life in public action warm,
A soul on highest mission sent,
A potent voice of Parliament,
A pillar steadfast in the storm."

THE PRESENT POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

At present the typical political situation here in the city is about like this: The forces that stand for what is obviously good government in the old-fashioned sense, line up behind a candidate conspicuously honest and truthful, often highbrowed and sometimes even an "educated gentleman." All the well-conducted newspapers support him. All the organizations devoted to orderly processes of government get behind him. It becomes evident, as the campaign grows warm, that around his opponent are gathered the evil influences of the community; the grafters, the underworld, the devotees of special privileges in political grafting. During the campaign disclosures come thick and fast. They are convincing to the mind and heart of the old-fashioned Newfoundlander, who is pained and surprised to discover that thousands of his fellow-citizens are not even critical about it. Too many respectable people stay at home on election day and let the other fellows win out. Our churches and social welfare agencies should redouble their efforts to reform the city, and the country. Our schools should wake up to the folly of trying to do everything but teach the subjects that schools ought to teach.

THE FATE OF ONE WHO BETRAYED HIS TRUST.

If we want to improve things we can take a hint or two from Denmark's political experience. Maurice Francis Togan, I notice, has an article in the August number of the Geographic Magazine in which he assured that the Danes will brook no corruption in their government if they can possibly prevent it. "They are extremely jealous," he says, of the National honor; no political power or even prestige will save a man in office from punishment if he has betrayed his trust. The case of one of the cleverest men in Denmark—Albert—was an example of this. No man was more admired, no man was more trusted, in spite of what may be called his immoral ideas as to the conjugal relation. The time came, however, in 1908, (the date is suggestive) when he was accused of the misuse of public money. The case fell; he was imprisoned, and no mercy was shown him, although a month before his incarceration he had been covered with decorations, not only of the Danes, but of those European statesmen, who had come in contact with him.

THE 1919 COMMISSIONERS AND EXPERTS.

As I proceeded with these articles I shall cite instances in which public men in Newfoundland, time after time since 1908, have "betrayed their trust" and misappropriated large sums of the people's money without



being prosecuted or even formally charged with the crime. I shall also have something to say about the work of the "Commissioners" appointed at the close of 1919, and the investigations of those experts who were imported about the same time to render special services in connection therewith: What they "unearthed" in some of the public departments, the compensation they received, and why the actual results of their inquiries and scrutinies have not been made public. Nor shall I omit to mention some of the more recent transactions of a misty nature which have come under my observation. The disclosures—besides being of vital interest to the public at this important juncture—will, I believe, have a wholesome effect on the future political life of the Colony and retard, in some measure at least, the tendency to extravagance and graft, so painfully evident here, during the past fourteen years.

"You Are Invited."

During the first two years we were in business, our customers used to drive up to our Greenhouse—make their purchase and stop to chat a while before their return to the city. The telephone and the pressure of modern business have somewhat crowded the personal element to the background. But we "were de lites" the old idea of personal friendship, and wish that more of our Customers and friends would pay us a visit occasionally. Perhaps you will be visiting us during the next few days. If so—we may be of some service to you—information, delivering of special parcels—in deciding on a design for bouquets—in connection with any special Floral Decoration required. "Say it with Flowers."

VALLEY NURSERY, LTD.
Phone 1518. Tessler Bros.
sep15, 21.

Curate's Good-Bye.

REV. A. CLAYTON PREACHES FAREWELL SERMON.

Rev. Arthur Clayton, C.P., who for the past ten years has been curate at St. Thomas', will preach his farewell sermon at the Parish Church tomorrow evening. Owing to the uncertainty as to the sailing date of the Sackham, there is some doubt as to whether he will be in St. John's another Sunday. Mr. Clayton is leaving Newfoundland to become Curate of St. Giles Parish Church in the Diocese of Litchfield, with every prospect of obtaining an English rectorate in the near future. He has served under three Rectors of St. Thomas'—Rev. George Ross Godden, M.A., Rev. Dr. Edgar Jones and Rev. E. C. Barr, B.A., and will leave his mark upon the Parish, particularly in connection with the Dunfield Boys Club which has been his special care. Mr. Clayton will also be held in grateful recollection by the men of the Newfoundland Regiment for the year he put in as Chaplain to the forces during the war. He has been an exemplary clergyman and a good citizen. It is not too much to say that Mr. and Mrs. Clayton will take with them to their new home in the Old Country the best wishes, not only of the people of St. Thomas' but of the whole city of St. John's. Mr. Clayton has a busy day tomorrow. He will preach in the morning at the C.L.B. Service at St. Michael's. In the afternoon, at the request of the people of Virginia and the Donor, he will dedicate the bell recently presented by Councillor Dowden to Virginia School Chapel; and at night he will hold his farewell service at the old Parish Church of St. Thomas'.

"The Poetry of Flowers"

Like the power of music is interpreted to fit a thousand moods or purposes. To the sick, to the sad, to the gay—to the friend we love or esteem, regardless of the particular occasion—flowers are always appropriate, always acceptable, and always understood. "Say it with Flowers"—beautifully and delicately. We have about thirty thousand blooms ready to say something.

VALLEY NURSERY, LTD.
Phone 1518. Tessler Bros.
sep15, 21.



Stafford's Liniment

An invaluable remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Brui- Sprains, Soreness of the Joints, etc. DIRECTIONS:—Apply by the hand, rubbing it in well then cover with a piece of flannel. BE PREPARED and keep in the house a bottle of this liniment. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. Manufactured by DR. STAFFORD & SON, Chemists and Druggists, St. John's, Nfld.

BARGAINS

That will attract Crowds

Extraordinary Sale 325 Women's & Misses New Fall SILK DRESSES

WONDERFUL \$12.98 VALUES

FOR \$6.98

The Finest Materials—CREPE DE CHENE, SILK, SATINS, TRICOTINE, SERGE—All Sizes.

HUNDREDS OF HIGH CLASS

SAMPLE HATS

Of Finest LYONS and PANNE VELVETS—Hundreds of Styles—Prices ranging from \$1.98

For a limited time only

—We Offer—

LADIES' FALL AND WINTER

COATS

Up to \$25 Values

—For—

\$7.98 and \$9.98

MISSSES', LADIES' and EXTRA STOUT SIZES

—Again—

We have made a Spectacular Purchase of High Grade

New Fall Costumes

\$25 to \$45 Values

TO BE SOLD AT

\$14.98 up to \$25.00

For Two Days Only

We offer all LADIES' GUIMPS, which sold formerly up to \$248

69 CENTS EACH

AN OPPORTUNITY YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS.

LONDON, NEW YORK & PARIS
ASSOCIATION OF FASHION.