



Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor; C. T. JAMES, Editor

Tuesday, January 18, 1921.

Keeping The Sword Sharp.

The German Military Commander-in-Chief did not beat about the bush any in his New Year message to the army, but made as blunt, and therefore very significant, statement as any made previous to or during the war by the Kaiser himself. 'We will keep our sword sharp,' said General Von Seeckt. 'The army must and will remain a real national army.' This is a frank admission of German intentions militarily. The sword is to be kept sharp and the army must remain national. What is the purpose? Is it to repel anticipated invasion, or is it with the object of again entering upon a war of aggression and revenge, when Germany thinks she is strong enough to take the offensive? While other nations have been reducing their military forces keeping only such a strength as deemed necessary for home and foreign service, the aim of Germany still is apparently to evade the terms of the Treaty of Versailles and maintain a vast military organization to the members of which the official message to 'keep the sword sharp' has been sent. Because of this and other defections from the provisions of the Peace Pact, is it any wonder that France has become genuinely and unaffectedly alarmed over the conduct of Germany. Since the signing of the armistice in November, 1918, up to the present day the tone of the Germans has been arrogant, and more of the tenor of the victor than the vanquished. Insolent in bearing and speech when summoned to Paris for the acceptance of the conditions of peace, the Hun envoys declared that they were not signing because they had no alternative, and that they would afterwards repudiate as many as possible of the terms to which they were but nominally agreeing.

And they have kept faith with themselves and their threats, for they have neither surrendered nor destroyed arms and munitions according to agreement. The fortresses named to be dismantled have not been. The manufacture of weapons and munitions, clearly a gross violation of the treaty, is being carried on. Their police force has been converted into a military body, representing a large standing army. William Hohenzollern, in his Dutch retreat, is being paid a huge sum annually, while the German authorities plead poverty for their inability to meet their financial obligations to the Allies. The 'keep the sword sharp' injunction of General Seeckt, might have been a paraphrase of Maximilian Harden's testimony, published in a recent German journal: 'The Chief of the German Army, and before him, the Chancellor, has appealed for armament for vengeance. The President of the Empire (note the Imperialistic expression) has glorified the old army, which, he said, was never vanquished by any enemy.' Some

days ago the French Premier, speaking to the Chamber of Deputies, told the members of that body that the new German Army is costing that nation, which declares itself bankrupt, five billions of marks yearly, and that its ranks are 'bloated with officers,' there being one for every twenty privates. The War Department has on its staff the most competent and capable military experts, among them being the greater portion of the officials of the General Staff. The French Premier further pointed out that the police have been formed into the nucleus of an army, ready to undertake a war under cover of the Peace Treaty, and added that Germany had evaded all her obligations at every opportunity, and that he was convinced that vast quantities of arms had been concealed, regardless of her treaty undertakings. Other deputies corroborated the statements of Premier Leygues, the consensus of opinion being that the more there is ceded to Germany, the more will have to be ceded, and that Germany sees in the generosity and well-meaning of the Allies, signs of weakness and timidity, 'which but serve to reawaken her primitive instincts of conquest and all her old inherited passions.' Such may sound as approaching the extreme of sentiment, but France is so near Germany that the doings of the latter country can be observed clearly, and there can be no doubt but that there is moving apace in Germany circles an idea that the time to strike for revenge is not far distant. Long the enemy of Britain, it were folly for Britons to treat Germany as a friend, as it appears is the misguided intention of a certain section in England. In keeping the German sword sharp, its point may, at the opportune moment, be directed at the heart of the Empire, for the German spirit is exceedingly bitter toward Britain, and the toast of the Hun may well continue to be 'Der Tag.'

days ago the French Premier, speaking to the Chamber of Deputies, told the members of that body that the new German Army is costing that nation, which declares itself bankrupt, five billions of marks yearly, and that its ranks are 'bloated with officers,' there being one for every twenty privates. The War Department has on its staff the most competent and capable military experts, among them being the greater portion of the officials of the General Staff. The French Premier further pointed out that the police have been formed into the nucleus of an army, ready to undertake a war under cover of the Peace Treaty, and added that Germany had evaded all her obligations at every opportunity, and that he was convinced that vast quantities of arms had been concealed, regardless of her treaty undertakings. Other deputies corroborated the statements of Premier Leygues, the consensus of opinion being that the more there is ceded to Germany, the more will have to be ceded, and that Germany sees in the generosity and well-meaning of the Allies, signs of weakness and timidity, 'which but serve to reawaken her primitive instincts of conquest and all her old inherited passions.' Such may sound as approaching the extreme of sentiment, but France is so near Germany that the doings of the latter country can be observed clearly, and there can be no doubt but that there is moving apace in Germany circles an idea that the time to strike for revenge is not far distant. Long the enemy of Britain, it were folly for Britons to treat Germany as a friend, as it appears is the misguided intention of a certain section in England. In keeping the German sword sharp, its point may, at the opportune moment, be directed at the heart of the Empire, for the German spirit is exceedingly bitter toward Britain, and the toast of the Hun may well continue to be 'Der Tag.'

Explanation. In the Evening Telegram of December 15, 1920, an item referring to certain cablegrams received from Mr. W. A. Mann, who was then at Genoa, contained the statement, in commenting upon the Italian situation and the Consorzio that 'The Consorzio absolutely refuse to have anything to do with Hawes.' On several other occasions assertions have been made in our columns which have been considered to reflect on the business of Mr. Hawes in a similar manner. We have since learned that these statements are altogether incorrect, and being reluctant to do any injury whatever to the business of Messrs. Hawes & Co., or anyone else for that matter, we can only say in justification for publishing the allegations in question that they were deduced from reports in circulation at the time. We regret exceedingly if anything in the extracts quoted above, or in any of our other references, has been damaging to Messrs. Hawes & Co., and though these statements have been circulated through the medium of the Telegram yet we trust that they have not caused any serious reflection on the relations between Consorzio and Messrs. Hawes, either in the past or present.

Wedding Bells. KING-EVOY. On Sunday, Jan. 9th, at St. Joseph's Church, a very pretty wedding was solemnized, when Miss Violet King of this place, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. King, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to ex-Pte. Andrew Evoy of Haricot. The bride was neatly attired in a bridal gown of cream silk and large picture hat and was attended by her cousin, Miss Bride King of Bell Island, who was dressed to match that of the bride. The groom was ably supported by his brother, Thomas Evoy. The bride entered the church leaning on the arm of her brother, Denis King, who gave her away. After the ceremony was performed the happy couple drove to the home of the bride's parents, where their immediate friends and relatives were entertained, and from there they proceeded to their future home at Haricot, where a very enjoyable time was spent, dancing being kept up till the small hours of the morning. Many and useful were the presents received by the happy couple, showing the esteem in which they are held by a large circle of friends, with whom we join in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Evoy many years of wedded happiness.—Com. Salmonster, Jan. 15th, 1921.

Leaves From a Diary. A very interesting article from the facile pen of Mr. H. F. Shortis, will be published in the Telegram tomorrow. The title is 'Leaves from a Diary and some Recollections.' It is needless to say that this article, as is usual with all the contributions of Mr. Shortis, contains a fund of information regarding the seal fishery and many reminiscences of the 'Captains Courageous' who flourished in the days of the sailing fleet.

Oporto Stocks. (January 17.) British 21.75 Consumption 2.823 Norwegian 29.057 Consumption 3.429 Walking Orders—Generals Plummer, Maude, Allenby and Ironside, Frances Moulton, Russell Lake, Mary H. Dazale, Ellen Mary, Paz, Rio, Port Union and Maria. INSTRED FOR \$18,000.—In the Arc at Burin reported in yesterday's issue, we learn that only Mr. Goldstone was insured, he having a policy with the Phoenix Fire Insurance Co., of which Messrs. W. & G. Handall are agents, for the amount of \$18,000.

Newfoundland Club a Success.

Honorary Presidency is Accepted by Sir Thomas Roddick. A regular meeting of the Newfoundland Club was held last night at 7 o'clock in Strathcona Hall. The first important phase of the evening's business was a hearty discussion on changes in the constitution, held over from last meeting. One important change regarding the raising of the percentage to constitute a quorum was passed after several exchanges of diversified opinions. Great enthusiasm was displayed when the president, C. F. Davis, read a letter from Sir Thomas Roddick, M. D., LL.D., F.R.C.S., accepting the honorary presidency of the club. Sir Thomas is one of the many Newfoundlanders who have made good in their adopted country. Three new members—R. H. LeMessurier, J. O. Fraser and Martin Cashin—were elected to the executive. It was decided that a skating party be held immediately after the mid-term exams, whereas other club functions will be discussed at the next meeting. The success of the annual dinner has meant more for the success of the club than was conceived by the most astute optimists.—The McGill Daily, Dec. 17.

New Vice-Consul.

Mr. T. J. Kennedy, the well-known manager of the Furness Withy Co's Shipping Department received a notification by yesterday's mail, of the fact that he had been appointed Vice-Consul for the Netherlands in Newfoundland. The notification, which was sent by the Consul General of the Netherlands in Canada, is as follows: To T. J. Kennedy, St. John's. Dear Sir,—I have the honour and pleasure to inform you that Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands, has been pleased by Royal Decree of Nov. 24th, 1920, to appoint you to the post of Vice-Consul for the Netherlands at St. John's for Newfoundland. I wish to add my congratulations in connection with same. Yours truly, A. NORDHEIMER, Consul General for Canada.

Ladies' Auxiliary Formed. A large number of lady friends of the Elks met yesterday in the club's rooms for the purpose of forming a Ladies' Auxiliary. After the matter had been fully discussed the election of officers took place, and resulted as follows: Pres.—Mrs. (Dr.) Perkins. Vice.—Miss O'Mara. Treas.—Mrs. J. Larkin.

St. Andrew's Society ANNUAL MEETING. At the annual meeting of the St. Andrew's Society held last night Vice-President A. K. Lumsden occupied the Chair. The report for 1920 was submitted and showed the Society to be in a flourishing condition, and although there was a big outlay in fitting up the new club rooms nevertheless there still was a substantial balance on hand. The report referred at length to the splendid efforts of the Ladies' Auxiliary during the past year, who not only assisted in the various social undertakings but were able to hand over the splendid amount of \$1,500 to the Society. After the adoption of the report the election of officers for the current year followed as below: Pres.—H. D. Reid. Vice Pres.—A. K. Lumsden. 2nd V. P.—R. G. Ross. Sect.—Treas.—R. H. Tait. Asst. Sec.—Treas.—W. Curran. Committee—J. Wallace, D. McIntosh, I. Irvine, T. Curran, D. McPherson, W. B. Edie, W. R. Neal, R. B. Innes.

From Cape Race. Special to Evening Telegram. CAPE RACE, To-day. Wind West, blowing strong, weather dull; nothing sighted to-day; Bar, 29.94; Ther, 33. MINARD'S LUMBER RELIEVES COLDS, Etc.

Poultry Association.

ROLD ANNUAL MEETING. The twelfth Annual Meeting of the Newfoundland Poultry Association was held last night at 8 o'clock in the Board of Trade Rooms. Owing to the illness of the President, Mr. H. W. LeMessurier, C.M.G., the chair was occupied by Mr. Steven Embery, Vice President, and one of the Association's best breeders of Rhode Island Reds, Mr. J. F. Calver as usual acted as Secretary. The attendance was good and the following new members: Dr. Arch Tait, James Shields, Alex Foster and Clarence Godden, joined, the three latter being in attendance. A resolution was passed to President LeMessurier, C.M.G., expressing the Association's regrets at his absence at this Annual Meeting and hoping that he will be physically fit for the February conference. The Association Cup awarded for the largest class in the 1920 show was decided in favor of the Rhode Island Red breed and the winner is Mr. W. R. Butler, and the Association's decision was unanimous. A committee consisting of Messrs. S. Embery (Convener) Stanley White, John Duff and W. B. Butler were appointed to draw up regulations governing the next year's exhibition. The election of Officers for the ensuing year then took place, this being kindly conducted by Mr. Clarence Godden. The results were as follows: Hon. President—Geo. W. Gushue, Esq. Hon. Vice Presidents—Hon. Dr. Alex Campbell, Percie Johnson, Esq., R. B. Job, Esq., Angus Macdonald, (Bell Island Poultry Association); and P. F. Feary, Esq. President—H. W. LeMessurier, Esq., C.M.G. 1st Vice President—John F. Calver, Esq. 2nd Vice President—John Duff, Esq. Secretary—Stanley White, Esq. Asst. Sec.—Steven Embery, Esq. Treasurer—W. R. Butler, Esq. Directors—Geo. R. Williams, Judge Walter Reid, Clarence Godden, Alan G. Carter, Harvey McNeill, Esq., Auditors—E. A. Payne and S. Embery, Esq.

Police Court.

ASSAULT CASE.—A man who was charged with assault pleaded guilty through his counsel, Mr. W. J. Higgins, K.C., who asked for leniency, stating that an apology had been made. Hon. Mr. Gibbs, K.C., for plaintiff, opposed the motion for leniency as the assault was entirely unwarranted. He put plaintiff in the witness box. The facts of the case as gleaned from the witness's statement are as follows: After the Rosalind arrived here on her last trip from New York, defendant applied, with about 200 others, for work in connection with discharging the ship's cargo. Plaintiff, whose duty it was to hire the men required, wanted only 70, whom he had already selected, and as a consequence there was no work to be given accused. The latter returned in the afternoon seemingly under the influence of liquor, and removing part of his clothing, he made a mad rush at plaintiff, hitting him in the face with his head. Mr. Higgins, cross-examining, asked: 'It were not true that defendant apologized. The witness replied in the affirmative.' In reply to other questions, however, he insisted that defendant must have had some 'spice' against him, although he did not know the cause of it. Two other witnesses were examined after which Mr. Higgins addressed the court, asking for leniency as the man had a wife and seven children to support and was out of work. His Honor said the assault was a deliberate one and if it were not for the man's family he would impose a heavy fine. He fined the defendant \$10 or 20 days.

Curious Prohibition Case.

The case of Constable Wade against a man of the West End for selling intoxicating liquor was next heard. The Inspector General prosecuted and Mr. Higgins acted for defendant. The Government Analyst gave evidence as to the strength of liquor contained in two bottles submitted to him. It was over 50 underproof. The next witness called admitted buying two bottles of rum from the defendant at \$5 per bottle. He brought it up to some friends of his in the West End, who after sampling the stuff objected strongly to it, saying it was unfit for human consumption. Cross-examined by Mr. Higgins he admitted offering his services to the police as a private detective but was not accepted. On the night of the 18th he drove in a sleigh to the house of defendant and asked him to come for a drive. He could not remember the name of the cabman whom he had engaged, opposite the British Hall he paid the defendant \$12. They had some drinks in the sleigh, leaving only what was now in the bottles. About 1.30 a.m. witness informed police of the transaction and gave them the bottles. Constable Wade swore to seeing one of the principals at a boiler house in the West End, who spoke of an awful soaking he had received and told the police the story. Constable Case confirmed the testimony of the last witness. This ended the case for the Crown. Mr. Higgins testified that witness called and asked him to come for a drive. He thought he wanted to give him a drink. They had several drinks during the drive. He left him at Queen Street and went home. The latter returned at 11.15 and said he had sold two bottles to a man at Reid's who wanted either his money back or better booze. He had not sold any liquor to witness. Mr. Higgins, in concluding, said that it was up to the prosecution to prove its case. The defendant and the complainant had contradicted one another. He thought it ridiculous, however, that complainant should buy liquor to give it away. The defendant had answered the accusation and now the onus of proving the charge was on the prosecution, whose evidence had been entirely unconvincing. The Inspector General said that it was up to the defendant to disprove the charge. His Honor said the burden of proof was cast on the complainant. He believed the defendant's story and dismissed the case. Incidentally he suggested that complainant is open to prosecution under the Prohibition Act for having intoxicating liquor in his possession.

Shipping Notes. S.S. Digby leaves Halifax to-morrow for this port. S.S. Rosalind leaves for Halifax to-morrow evening. S.S. Coban sailed this morning for Lousburg in ballast. Schooner Energi has cleared for Alicante with a cargo of fish from the Monroe Export Co. The schooner Duty which sailed from Port Union on Dec. 29th with a cargo of 4,300 qts. Labrador fish arrived at Gibraltar on the 15th inst., making the passage in 17 days. The American tug Balena which left Halifax at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning for this port had not arrived up to one o'clock to-day. The Balena is coming here to tow the disabled steamer Passant to Norfolk, Va.

Police Court.

ASSAULT CASE.—A man who was charged with assault pleaded guilty through his counsel, Mr. W. J. Higgins, K.C., who asked for leniency, stating that an apology had been made. Hon. Mr. Gibbs, K.C., for plaintiff, opposed the motion for leniency as the assault was entirely unwarranted. He put plaintiff in the witness box. The facts of the case as gleaned from the witness's statement are as follows: After the Rosalind arrived here on her last trip from New York, defendant applied, with about 200 others, for work in connection with discharging the ship's cargo. Plaintiff, whose duty it was to hire the men required, wanted only 70, whom he had already selected, and as a consequence there was no work to be given accused. The latter returned in the afternoon seemingly under the influence of liquor, and removing part of his clothing, he made a mad rush at plaintiff, hitting him in the face with his head. Mr. Higgins, cross-examining, asked: 'It were not true that defendant apologized. The witness replied in the affirmative.' In reply to other questions, however, he insisted that defendant must have had some 'spice' against him, although he did not know the cause of it. Two other witnesses were examined after which Mr. Higgins addressed the court, asking for leniency as the man had a wife and seven children to support and was out of work. His Honor said the assault was a deliberate one and if it were not for the man's family he would impose a heavy fine. He fined the defendant \$10 or 20 days.

Curious Prohibition Case.

The case of Constable Wade against a man of the West End for selling intoxicating liquor was next heard. The Inspector General prosecuted and Mr. Higgins acted for defendant. The Government Analyst gave evidence as to the strength of liquor contained in two bottles submitted to him. It was over 50 underproof. The next witness called admitted buying two bottles of rum from the defendant at \$5 per bottle. He brought it up to some friends of his in the West End, who after sampling the stuff objected strongly to it, saying it was unfit for human consumption. Cross-examined by Mr. Higgins he admitted offering his services to the police as a private detective but was not accepted. On the night of the 18th he drove in a sleigh to the house of defendant and asked him to come for a drive. He could not remember the name of the cabman whom he had engaged, opposite the British Hall he paid the defendant \$12. They had some drinks in the sleigh, leaving only what was now in the bottles. About 1.30 a.m. witness informed police of the transaction and gave them the bottles. Constable Wade swore to seeing one of the principals at a boiler house in the West End, who spoke of an awful soaking he had received and told the police the story. Constable Case confirmed the testimony of the last witness. This ended the case for the Crown. Mr. Higgins testified that witness called and asked him to come for a drive. He thought he wanted to give him a drink. They had several drinks during the drive. He left him at Queen Street and went home. The latter returned at 11.15 and said he had sold two bottles to a man at Reid's who wanted either his money back or better booze. He had not sold any liquor to witness. Mr. Higgins, in concluding, said that it was up to the prosecution to prove its case. The defendant and the complainant had contradicted one another. He thought it ridiculous, however, that complainant should buy liquor to give it away. The defendant had answered the accusation and now the onus of proving the charge was on the prosecution, whose evidence had been entirely unconvincing. The Inspector General said that it was up to the defendant to disprove the charge. His Honor said the burden of proof was cast on the complainant. He believed the defendant's story and dismissed the case. Incidentally he suggested that complainant is open to prosecution under the Prohibition Act for having intoxicating liquor in his possession.

Shipping Notes.

S.S. Digby leaves Halifax to-morrow for this port. S.S. Rosalind leaves for Halifax to-morrow evening. S.S. Coban sailed this morning for Lousburg in ballast. Schooner Energi has cleared for Alicante with a cargo of fish from the Monroe Export Co. The schooner Duty which sailed from Port Union on Dec. 29th with a cargo of 4,300 qts. Labrador fish arrived at Gibraltar on the 15th inst., making the passage in 17 days. The American tug Balena which left Halifax at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning for this port had not arrived up to one o'clock to-day. The Balena is coming here to tow the disabled steamer Passant to Norfolk, Va.

Shipping Notes. S.S. Digby leaves Halifax to-morrow for this port. S.S. Rosalind leaves for Halifax to-morrow evening. S.S. Coban sailed this morning for Lousburg in ballast. Schooner Energi has cleared for Alicante with a cargo of fish from the Monroe Export Co. The schooner Duty which sailed from Port Union on Dec. 29th with a cargo of 4,300 qts. Labrador fish arrived at Gibraltar on the 15th inst., making the passage in 17 days. The American tug Balena which left Halifax at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning for this port had not arrived up to one o'clock to-day. The Balena is coming here to tow the disabled steamer Passant to Norfolk, Va.

KNOWLING'S CHINA & GLASS DEPT.

Jugs. We have just opened a shipment of White Earthen Jugs at 25c, 25c, 30c each.

Milk Jugs. Suitable for KLM or any other good milk; 3 sizes in White and Gold, 24c, 26c, 33c each.

Hot Water Jugs. We have some very neat designs with perfect fitting Nickel cover. Prices range from \$1.50, \$2.25, \$2.45, \$2.55.

Dutch Girls & Boys. A sample line of Dutch Figures consisting of SKIRT DANCERS, GIRLS and BOYS. Very attractive colours. Our price while they last. 25c each or 45c a pair. Also SAMPLE VASES at 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, \$1.00, \$1.50. Nice bright colours.

Egg Cups. Gold Band, only 9c each.

Tea Sets. 21 pieces, White with Green edge, only \$4.50. Other designs, including Crimson Rosebuds, and Dark and Blue Band, at \$6.10 and \$6.50.

IF YOU WANT Cheap Glassware, Cheap Cups and Saucers, Cheap Tea Pots, TRY KNOWLING'S FIRST.

Our Bargain Counter has been working overtime all the week handing out Odds and Ends at HALF PRICE. Did you get your share? It can't come right along this week. G. KNOWLING, Ltd. Jan 17, 21

Here and There.

The Gift for Health from the East, 'LES FRUITS' ELLI'S.

Prince of Wales' Rink will be open to-night, Band in attendance.—Jan 18, 21

Make your Boots Waterproof. Use Arctic Dubbin, only 15c a tin, at PARKER & MONROE'S. Jan 18, 21

LADIES' CURLING CLUB.—The postponed Point Competition for the Syme Trophy will take place first opportunity (ice permitting).—Jan 17, 21

On your way to the Rink call in at COLLETT'S, 106 Duckworth Street, and get your Cigarettes or Chocolates. Jan 17, 21

Miss Power's Dancing Classes will re-open in the C. C. Hall on Thursday, Feb. 3rd, at 8.30 p.m. Those wishing to enter please make application at 21 Freshwater Road.—Jan 18, 20

Floral Tributes to the Departed.

Nothing so nice as Flowers in time of sorrow. We can supply Wreaths and Crosses on short notice, and guarantee satisfaction. We will endeavour to meet the blindest purpose. 'Say it with Flowers.' VALLEY NURSERIES, Phone 134. Box 394, St. John's, Taster Brothers.

BORN.

On the 13th of January, a son to Mr. and Mrs. William Dwyer, 24 Bond Street.

DIED.

On January 6th, at Brooklyn, New York, Alexander Campbell, darling child of May and Alexander Lamb of St. John's, aged 7 1/2 months. Passed peacefully away on Monday, after a long illness, ex-Sergt. John O'Ryan, aged 52 years, leaving a wife and seven children to mourn their sad loss. Funeral on Thursday at 2.30 p.m. from his late residence, 13 Prospect Street.



only \$7.00 the Pair. We have 64 Pairs MEN'S TAN and BLACK ARMY BOOTS, solid leather soles and heels. Reg. \$9.00 value. Selling at \$7.00 to clear out the lot.

Parker & Monroe, Ltd.

m,tu,th,s

METHODIST GUARDS BAND CONCERT

Assisted by Leading Artists of the City. (Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Prime Minister of Nfld.) METHODIST COLLEGE HALL, MONDAY, February 24th, 8.15 p.m. Reserved Seats50 cents General Admission30 cents Tickets on sale at Dicks & Co.'s Bookstore. Jan 18, 21

CHEESE, BUTTER, OATS.

Money cannot buy better Butter than that which we offer you to-day— CHOICE CANADIAN CREAMERY—Put up in 60 lb. boxes, 2 lb. slabs. New Shipment CHOICE CAN. CHEESE. P. E. I. POTATOES, TURNIPS, WHITE OATS MIXED OATS, CORNMEAL, GLUTEN MEAL CALIF. ORANGES, WINESAP APPLES. Fancy stock, about 150 apples in box. Also Shipment NEW YORK JOWLS, and 1,000 barrels "VICTOR" FLOUR.

GEORGE NEAL, Ltd.

Sydney Had \$100,000 Fire.

FIERY BLAZE WHEN TRAVIS BLOCK DESTROYED. Sydney suffered another bad fire this morning when the Travis Bros. block on the corner of Charlotte and Prince Streets was totally destroyed causing a loss of well over \$100,000. The blaze was discovered at a quarter to twelve by people on Charlotte Street who rang in the alarm. When the firemen arrived on the scene dense smoke was issuing from the rear of the building where the fire presumably started. So thick was it that when efforts were made by the fire fighters to enter the building by way of a fire escape, they were driven back. It was over an hour before the flames broke out. When they did it was not fifteen minutes before the whole interior was gutted. The destroyed building was occupied on the bottom floor by Travis Bros. music store, and McDonald's shoe store; the second story by the offices of A. G. McLean, Dr. McIntosh, Dr. Lebbetter and several others and the third story was occupied by the A.O.H. When the roof of the burning structure gave way the wall on the opposite facing Prince street fell with a terrific crash clear across the street causing a moment the spectators along the wooden buildings across Prince street that the firemen who had a stream of water playing near—Sydney was trapped in the debris—there were Jan. 14. The whole stock of Travis Bros. music store and McDonald's shoe store; the second story by the offices of A. G. McLean, Dr. McIntosh, Dr. Lebbetter and several others and the third story was occupied by the A.O.H. Unfailing in its results. A Pure Wholesome and Delicious Laxative, 'LES FRUITS'—dealt

O-DAYS

NEW YORK NEWS. The wind to-day over New York, blowing in several directions, reported further as a result of

The barricades in a wide area were removed to-day. The streets were posted with police and armed men. The neighborhood was a scene of confusion. FATAL BOY. PHILADELPHIA. One man was dead and six others were injured in an explosion of dynamite at the headquarters of the C. I. Chauveaux. Police orders were issued to-day at the expense of the strike. EXECUTION. An appeal against the death penalty was issued before the court to-day. It was heard until January 27th.

SIX ARRESTS. Six men were arrested in connection with the fire at the vacuum Oil Co. Saturday. The fire's belief—only leader. The fire's belief—only leader. The fire's belief—only leader.

FAKED. A supplement to the estimated bond was issued this party. It states of the testimonies before the investigation. It is a violation of a rule. It is a violation of a rule.

TO. Five men were caught in connection with a \$12,000 railway robbery. The robbery was a violation of a rule. It is a violation of a rule.

LIMITED. Congress was in session. The States to 17. The States to 17. The States to 17.

WILL. Since the nations, with a complete conversation. It is not likely that the States to 17. The States to 17.

WILL. Since the nations, with a complete conversation. It is not likely that the States to 17. The States to 17.

WILL. Since the nations, with a complete conversation. It is not likely that the States to 17. The States to 17.