1889

Money Wanted.

Fifteen Hundred Dollars

wanted on mortgage of

Freehold Property

in the town of Newcastle.

For Particulars apply o

M. ADAMS,
ATTORNEY.

Newcastle, August 1, 1887.

S. R. FOSTER & SON,
MANUFACTURER OF
CUT NAILS AND CUT SPIKES,
TACKS, BRADS,
FINISHING NAILS
SHOE NAILS,
HUNGARIAN NAILS, &c.

Office, Warehouse and Manufactory
GEORGES' STREET St. JOHN, N B
Apr 10 1882. 2-1yr

NEEDFUL!!

My STOCK of FALL and WINTER GOODS will be found complete and Prices Low.

Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers,
all sizes, Men's Youth's, Boys, also
SUITS.
Coats, Pants, Vests.
Blankets, Quilts, Rugs,
White, Grey and Bright Colors.

DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS.
Checks, Plain Colors, in Unions and All Wool.
Ulsterings,
Overcoatings,
Tweeds.
Fancy Woolen Goods,
IN
Clouds, Squares, Fascinators
Tuques,
Shawls, Jackets,
Ulsters.
New Styles and Nice Goods.
Cardigans, Leggers. Drawers,
All sizes for Women, Misses, Men and Boys.
White and Grey Cottons.
See them, they are selling fast.
Gloves, Hosiery, Caps, Hats, Waterproofs, Boots, Rubbers.
Teas, Tobaccos, Trunks, Valises, Guns, Revolvers, etc.

The Cheap Cash Store.
JAMES BROWN.
New goods. Nov. 7th, 1888.

English Cement.
In Store—Just Received:
75 Bbls. WHITE BROS. Portland Cement.
A. J. BABANG & CO.
Moncton, Nov. 12.

WORK FOR ALL. Permanent employment given to energetic men and women everywhere. *$50 a week and all expenses paid* Send at once for full particulars of the great est money making business in the world. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine, U. S. A. *Don't miss this chance. Write to-day.*
Jan. 4, '88. 1yr

SPRING & SUMMER MILLINERY.

I have just opened a beautiful line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Bonnets in all the leading styles and colors. Also—Plumes, Flowers, Ribbons, Gauzes, Silks, Satins, Crapes, and Hat Ornaments, Old Ladies' and Widow's Caps, Ladies' Jerseys and Underwear, Ladies' and Children's Collars and Infant's Robes. I have also a handsome variety of dress trimmings, in Gimps, Lace Flouncings, Jet, etc.

Trimmed Millinery

always on hand and orders promptly attended to.

Thanking the public for their generous patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same.

Mrs. J. Demers.
Newcastle, April 15, 1889.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE,

THE following Properties belonging to the state of the late William Masson of Newcastle, is offered for Sale:—

THE LOT AND HOUSE
thereon, on the corner of Castle and Henry St., near the Ferry,

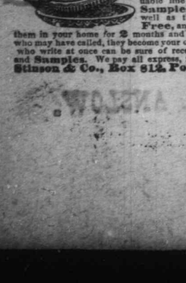
THE WATER LOT,
with buildings thereon, on Castle St., adjoining the Ferry Slip,

THE LOT,
with House, Barn, and Out-buildings thereon situated on Henry St., now occupied by Mr. John G. Kethro.
Ten desirable and pleasantly situated

BUILDING LOTS,
situated between the residences of A. A. Davidson, Esq., and Mr. T. W. Crocker.

A LOT OF LAND,
rear of the Railway Buildings consisting of eleven six and seven acres, in a good state of cultivation.
The above properties are offered for sale on liberal terms. Apply to
WILLIAM MASSON.

Our
MINCE MEAT
NOW READY.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
JOHN HOPKINS.
Nov. 26, '88. 186 Union St., St. John.
Send for Prices.



FREE FREE
$85 Solid Gold Watch Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value.
One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch and Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812 Portland, Maine.**

ROYAL

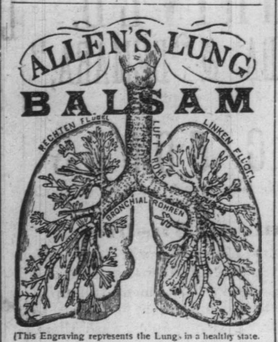
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude low test, short weight alum or phosphatee powders. *Sold only in Cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St. N.

MIRAMICHI
STEAM BRICK WORKS
The Subscriber call att ion to the
BRICKS MANUFACTURED
by them, which are large size, 18 to th solid foot, and pefect in shape and hardness.
All orders attended to promptly.
Telephone Exchange, No. 4, Nelson.
Brick delivered f. o. b. cars or at wharf, or can be got at the store of Mr. Wm. Massou, Newcastle.
G. A. & H. S. FLETT
Nelson, Miramichi, N. B. Feb. 20, 1888.

UNDERTAKING.
The Subscriber is now prepared to attend to orders in Undertaking.
He will keep constantly on hand or make to order,
Coffins and Caskets
all kinds, and will supply BURIAL ROBES and all the FURNISHINGS necessary.
HEARSE SUPPLIED
when required.
GEORGE BROWN.
Newcastle, June 29, 1885.

TUNING and REPAIRING.
J. O. Biedermann, PIANO FORTE and ORGAN TUNER,
Repairing .. Specialty.
Regular visits made to the Northern Counties, of which due notice will be given.
Orders for tuning, etc., can be sent to the Advocate Office, Newcastle.
J. O. BIEDERMANN.
St. John, May 6. 1887

1887 1888.
INFORMATO'N.
I will pay the highest prices in cash for any the following RAW FURS:—Otter, Beaver, Mink, Martin, Lynx, Fox, Rat.
JAMES BROWN.
Newcastle, Oct. 12 87.



(This Engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.
THE REMEDY FOR CURING
CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP,
ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND PULMONARY ORGANS.
BY ITS FAITHFUL USE
CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN CURED
When other Remedies and Physicians have failed to effect a cure.
Recommended by PHYSICIANS, MINISTERS, AND NURSES. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. *It never fails to bring relief*
AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL
It is harmless to the Most Delicate Child.
It contains no OPIUM in any form.
PRICE 25c. 50c AND $1 00 PER BOTTLE.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited).
General Agents, MONTREAL.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Star, Waterloo, Niagara and Charter Oak Cook Stoves.
Parlor, Hall and Shop Stoves for firewood or coal.
Zinc and Crystal lined Stove Boards; Coal Hods and Shovels, Stove Pipe and Elbows.
—A LARGE LOT OF—
TINWARE!
—SUITBLE FOR LUMBERER'S USE.—
Call and inspect my stock in my new premises, next door to the old stand.
J. H. PHINNEY.
Newcastle Sept. 29, 1886.

Intercolonial Railway.
'88, WINTER ARRANGEMENT. '89.
On and after Monday, November 25th, 1888, the trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follow
Will leav Newcastle
For Halifax and St. John.....24.25
For Quebec.....1.40
For Moncton and St. John.....11.15
For Campbellton.....15 45
A trains are run by Eastern Standard Time
D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B.,
Nov. 2nd, 1888.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Government by J. F. Connors.

APRIL.

DATE.	Standard Time.	5th Meridian.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Maximum Thermometer	Minimum Thermometre.
Sun. 14	8 a.m.		29 822	36 7		
"	3 p.m.		29 883	40 6		
"	8 p.m.		30 024	36 6	42 2	32 4
Mon. 15	8 a.m.		30 252	36 5		
"	3 p.m.		30 253	52 6		
"	8 p.m.		30 309	41 2	52 8	30 0
Tues. 16	8 a.m.		30 351	42 9		
"	3 p.m.		30 250	67 6		
"	8 p.m.		30 260	45 1	68 1	28 8
Wed. 17	8 a.m.		30 264	43 1		
"	3 p.m.		30 162	66 0		
"	8 p.m.		30 186	50 1	68 4	30 4
Thu. 18	8 a.m.		30 168	44 6		
"	3 p.m.		30 049	64 6		
"	8 p.m.		30 101	45 6	65 7	34 5
Fri. 19	8 a.m.		30 182	46 6		
"	3 p.m.		30 175	46 5		
"	8 p.m.		30 145	42 6	48 9	39 7
Sat. 20	8 a.m.		30 018	42 6		
"	3 p.m.		29 852	62 6		
"	8 p.m.		29 903	54 1	62 9	37 0

The maximum and minimum columns show the highest and lowest temperture in the 24 hours.

Miscellaneous.

The value of a remedy should be estimated by its curative properties. According to this standard, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best and most economical blood medicine in the market, because the most pure and concentrated. Price $1. Worth $5 a bottle.

Young man (haughtily to old man)—"No, sir; I have no reference. I belong to the famous Key family, sir; and that is enough."

Old man (bluntly)—"Any relation to the Mon-Key and the Whis-Key and the Don-Key families?"

A dry, hacking cough keeps the bronchial tubes in a state of constant irritation, which, if not speedily removed, may lead to bronchitis. No prompter remedy can be had than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which is both an anodyne and expectorant.

Mrs. Walworthy—"I declare, Henry, your eternal talk, talk, talk of how good a cook your mother used to be will drive me wild some day! My most fervent wish is that little Johnny will never worry his wife that way when he grows up and has a home." Mr. Walworthy—"There's no danger of that."

Hall's Hair Renewer enjoys a world-wide reputation for restoring the hair to bald heads and changing gray hair to the original color of youth.

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & Co.
Gents.—Having used MINARD'S LINIMENT, for several years in my stable, I attest to its being the best thing I know of for horse flesh. In the family, we have used it for every purpose that a liniment is adapted for, it being recommended to us by the late Dr. J. L. R. Webster. Personally I find it the best allayer of neuralgic pain I have ever used.
B. TITUS,
Proprietor Yarmouth Livery Stable.

Bartender—"Seems to me you are pouring out a pretty big drink for that dime."

Tramp—"I drink, sir, because the weather is cold. I want to get warm, and you know it is a well ascertained scientific fact that one swallow does not make a summer."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

A lawyer, entering the office of his family physician, said, in a hoarse whisper: "Doctor, I've got such a cold this morning that I can't speak the truth." "I'm glad that it isn't anything that will interfere with your business," responded the doctor in a tone of sympathy.

Mothers
Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

Family Doctor—"Your wife needs outdoor exercise more than anything else."

Husband—"But she won't go out. What am I to do?"

"Give her plenty of money to shop with."

It is written of Voltaire that when, in his painful effort to learn English, he discovered that the letters a-g-u-e spelt "agu," a word of two syllables, but if you increased the length by adding two more letters, and so got p-l a g-u-e, the word became one syllable, and was pronounced "plag," he threw the box across the room, fairly danced in rage, and wished in his own bitter way that one-half of the English nation might have "ague" and the other half the "plague."

HATCHING THE SHEEPSHEAD.

FIRST INSTANCE ON RECORD OF SUCCESS WITH THE FISH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.—A telegram has been received by the fish commission from Capt. Robert Platt, commanding United States fishing commission steamer Fish Hawk, which has been stationed at Charlotte Harbor, Fla. for the propose of conducting experiments in the propagation of the most important species of food fishes of that region, announcing the fact that he had successfully hatched 3,500,000 eggs of the sheepshead. This is the first instance where the valuable food species has been hatched artificially, and it may be considered an important event in the propagation of marine species, and broadens to this extent the work of the fish commission. The apparatus in which the young fry were hatched is the same that is used for hatching other species, and is the invention of Col. Marshall MacDonald, the world-famous deviser of successful fish cultural apparatus.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Farm and Household.

AMUSING THE LITTLE ONES.

A mother asks how she shall amuse the babies, under five years in the Winter time in the house. We think she will find just the hints she needs in the following excellent article from GOOD HOUSEKEEPING:

Bring in the bag of clothespins some day when the children feel fretful, and build pig pens for them. If they take a great fancy to the pins buy a few dozen to add to their playthings. One mother anxious to finish some stitching, quieted the clamorous little people with some clothespin dollies, which she dressed in a few moments from scraps of gingham picked up from the floor at her side. Suppose you buy some tack hammers blocks or shingles. Empty baking-powders cans with lids, empty bottles without the corks (which are said to be poisonous), large glass marbles to roll from one to the other across the carpet, small brooms to help mother with sweeping can all be included in the list of inexpensive toys.

To a mother horrified at sight of the dingiest stew-pan in the cupboard, brought by her young hopeful into the parlor, where sat a distinguished caller, was suggested the idea of buying cheap new tin-ware just for the children's play house. Bright, new tin pails filled with the smallest potatoes or apples from the cellar bin are sure to please. Could the bady hurt himself with an egg beater to while about? A ten cent one would answer. Mrs. Gilmore allows her little folks to play with the large dripping-pans. With a worsted horseline tied to one handle, the beloved dollies are given a fine sleigh ride. Whenever a neighbor of ours bakes a batch of ginger cookies her boy and girl hunt up their wooden rolling-pins. Each is provided with a flat board and a wad of dough which frequently dropped on the floor and stepped on before it is placed in tiny scalloped pans into the oven. This indulgence is granted only on days just before the scrubbing is done.

From the kindergarten dealers, you can obtain a box of paste-board money for a quarter. These with eight cent pocket books and a 'store' stocked on chairs will count on a whole afternoon's entertainment. Teach the oldest children to 'make change.' Rig up a tent with a blanket over the dining room chairs, or lend them cast-off clothing in which to 'dress up.'

Now, in face of all these hints for children's pleasure, one word of caution must be added: Don't do too much! Don't get them into the habit of always depending upon you for entertainment, or of throwing themselves upon your hands as soon as one toy ceases to please. Teach them self reliance. Let them alone when they are good. Let them sit down in their little rockers and indulge in some original baby reflections. Solitude is as good for them as for you.

WATCHFULNESS IN POULTRY.

To attempt to name the ways in which the poultry man may be helped in his labors through watchfulness, would be almost impossible, yet it is in this line that the greatest returns are to be secured. To carry on the business without a knowledge of the average production of the flock, is the greatest folly. This is not a matter to be laughed at or neglected, but beyond is another and still more important matter. It is to know the production of individuals. If it costs 75 cents a year to keep a hen, is it of no account whether she pays a profit, or is a bill of expense? The fact is, we are not realizing as we ought, because there are hens that do no return enough to pay their keeping. The total production of the flock does not tell the story of individual merit. There must be a weeding out of the poorer ones. Better by far reduce the flock to 50 and secure an average of 120 eggs, than to keep 50 more that do not pay the feed bill, and simply load the remainder. Even though the average be above the cost line, there is need of weeding out the poorer ones, that in the saving of food there may be greater profit. It is in the study of individual merit that the most is to be realized in the year before us. It is by getting rid of the poorer hens that one makes money in the business. This is not a difficult task. A little watchfulness will soon tell the story of merit, and the saving will pay for time and trouble. There must be a difference in individual worth, and so long as this exists the best should be selected. A little watchfulness will very soon enable one to measure the refuse from the table, and know what to add to complete the ration. It requires watchfulness to know how much to feed, or what to combine, in order to make the cheapest ration, and at the same time secure the best returns. In feeding a flock of 50, enough can easily be wasted to overcome what would be a fair profit on each hen. If the idea prevails that a hen needs all she will eat, then the year's footing cannot tell the story of success in poultry raising. There is more demand for watchfulness here than elsewhere, because our flocks are largely confined, and dependent entirely on the compounded rations we may provide. In proportion as they have their liberty and wander over the fields, the food given should be modified. An egg is made up of elements, and these must be supplied the hens in order for the product to be continued. It is watchfulness first, last and all the time, that insures success in poultry breeding.—*Maine Farmer.*

RUBBING DRY.

Rubbing dry after heavy exercise or hard work, which causes the animal to prespire freely, is a luxury that few farm horses ever enjoy. As a rule owners do not understand the benefits derived from such practice, and those who know or admit that it is beneficial are prone to think that they have not the time to attend to it. The good results from such work are many and various. There is no better way to remove all dirt from the hair than when it is loosened up by the moisture. A thorough rubbing when the skin and coat are damp is worth half a dozen of the kind of groomings that horses usual get with the curry-comb and brush. It will also prevent that harshness of the hair which follows when the sweat is left to dry upon the animal. In the matter of preventing colds a good rubbing at this season of the year, when horses have been heated up to the sweating point, will more than repay for the time and trouble that it requires. It also has a good effect upon the health and general condition of the horses to give them this attention. The labor or exercise that causes the horses to perspire must necessarily be of a wearing nature, and the relaxing effect upon the nervous system of a thorough rubbing will produce good results. The legs of a horse should not only be rubbed dry with a rag, but the hands should be used freely over the muscles and tendons, which prevent soreness. The farmers' horses are entitled to as good treatment in every way as those which are used upon the race tracks, and the owner of running and trotting horses would about as soon think of letting their horses go without feed or water as without a thorough rubbing after each time they are warmed up.—TEXAS STOCKMAN.

PLANTING TREES.

The trees being snugly heeled-in, do not plant until the weather is settled, especially until the long wind storms are over. These winds are dangerous and shrivel up the bark and destroy the verdure of the buds, which the roots cannot yet supply with moisture. If the trees come to hand early this spring, it is best to heel them in until the weather gets warm. If trees after a long journey in warm weather are found to have buds started and the bark shriveled, trim them back, and cut each branch back to a sound, dormant bud. Then dig a trench in suitable soil, and lay in the trees one by one, taking care that in filling in every part of the shriveled bark is in contact with the moist soil. Cover all completely, root and branch, taking care that the labels are properly preserved. When the trees are taken up at the end of a week or more, the bark will be found completely restored. Examine the roots and prune the mutilated ones with a smooth cut. Prune the tops into proper shape. Some nurseries give a large head, while others cut trees into shape while yet in the nursery rows. A covering of finely divided, light soil over the roots is a great benefit to newly-planted trees.—*American Agriculturist.*

FEEDING GRAIN TO HORSES.

A habit still prevails with some persons to feed grain only on extraordinary occasions. Just before starting on a long drive they will give a heavy ration of grain. If they stop at noon they will repeat, because it costs no more to stable the horse and feed six quarts than two and if the horse is no better, there is so much got out of the livery man. A little common sense applied here might save many a valuable animal. Food, to be of service, must be digested and assimilated. This requires time and rest of body. Moreover, if the quantity fed varies much from the regular ration, it provokes disturbance, creates inflammation, disarranges the system, and produces disease. It is simply ridiculous to suppose that a horse fed entirely on hay can take into its stomach four or six quarts of grain, and be ready at once for a long drive. Trouble and that only will result. A moderate grain ration daily is what insures the greatest amount of work, and keeps the horse in best condition. As work increases the grain should be proportionately increased, but not too rapidly. Give the digestive organs time to adapt themselves to the change, and thus avoid unpleasant results. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

MAKING FARMS VALUABLE.

To increase the value of his land is for the great majority of farmers the readiest and most obvious means of making money. This is commonly attempted by securing the cooperation of others. In a new country each additional settler adds to the worth of all the land in his neighborhood, provided he be honest and able and willing to work. If a railroad can be induced to establish a station on or near the farm, its value appreciates still more. Many a man has been made wealthy by the increased value of original purchase of a farm from the growing up of a village or city near it. These facts have to some extent diverted the minds of farmers from their true business. It has brought many to consider the buying of land as a sort of speculation, instead of for the purpose of working and improving it.

Yet it is in farm improvement, if judiciously followed, that good farmers must look for the greater portion of their profits. The farm from year to year is expected to afford them a living and pay cost of cultivation, wear and depreciation of tools. If the farmer apparently makes more than this, if he skins the land as it is called, to put money in the bank or in other investments, it is reasonably certain that he is to that extent depreciating the value of his land. His so-called dividends are in reality taken from his capital. It may not seem so at first. We will suppose a man to engage in farming with a certain amount invested in land and another certain amount in stock and tools. At the end of the year he has produced and sold enough to pay a handsome interest on the investment. But he finds after a little that there are unreckoned offsets to this. If he sells all the produce from his land, he has little or no manure, and there is depreciation in fertility. In any event his tools and farm implements will be depreciated to some extent by one year's use. Unless he is careful about sheltering tools from the weather, then injury from exposure will take a large share of apparent profits.

There is besides a reasonable certainly that continuance in that course will impair the farmers' profit, so that even the apparent profit must cease. The land will no longer be worth cultivating, and though he still holds his acres unimpaired in extent the farmers' capital will be gone. It is clear that the only safe way for a farmer is to think less of present profit, and to do his utmost to improve the fertility of his land, to underdrain it, clear it of weeds, and in every way increase its practical value by increasing its productiveness. When he once begins this upward progress, every afterstep becomes easier. He has more capital in the same acreage, has more to do with, and can make the farm as much better as he chooses Let every farmer remember that the value of land is, except for speculation just what it will pay interest on over and above the cost of cultivation. The best farms are seldom for sale, because as a rule their owners are well able to hold them, and can desire no better or safer investment. Yet when buying it always pays to select the most productive land, rather than be misled by extra costly buildings, that are often an expense to keep up not warranted by the present productiveness of the farm.—*Am. Cul.*

Feed the cows carefully after they have dropped their calves. Mild, unstimulating foods are best. Gradually increase the quantity and quality of the ration after the first week, until at the end of three weeks the cow is on her full ration. This will avoid udder trouble.

Best of All
Cough medicines, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is in greater demand than ever. No preparation for Throat and Lung Troubles is so prompt in its effects, so agreeable to the taste, and so widely known as this. It is the family medicine in thousands of households.

"I have suffered for years from a bronchial trouble that, whenever I take cold or am exposed to inclement weather, shows itself by a very annoying tickling sensation in the throat and by difficulty in breathing. I have tried a great many remedies, but none does so well as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which always gives prompt relief in returns of my old complaint."—Ernest A. Hepler, Inspector of Public Roads, Parish Terre Bonne, La.

"I consider Ayer's Cherry Pectoral a most important remedy
For Home Use.
I have tested its curative power, in my family, many times during the past thirty years, and have never known it to fail. It will relieve the most serious affections of the throat and lungs, whether in children or adults."—Mrs. E. G. Edgerly, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

"Twenty years ago I was troubled with a disease of the lungs. Doctors afforded me no relief and considered my case hopeless. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, before I had finished one bottle, found relief. I continued to take this medicine until a cure was effected. I believe that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—Samuel Griggs, Waukegan, Ill.

"Six years ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs and soon developed all the alarming symptoms of Consumption. I had a cough, night sweats, bleeding of the lungs, pains in chest and sides, and was so prostrated as to be confined to my bed most of the time. After trying various prescriptions, without benefit, my physician finally determined to give me Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took it, and the effect was magical. I seemed to rally from the first dose of this medicine, and, after using only three bottles, am as well and sound as ever."—Rodney Johnson, Springfield, Ill.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

MARVELOUS
MEMORY
DISCOVERY.
Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four books read in one reading. Mastering cured. Every student greatly benefitted. Gives testimonials to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus and Opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, U.S. Surgeon-General, and world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate*, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
Scott's Emulsion
OF Cod Liver Oil WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.
It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.
Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00

Campbell's Cathartic Compound
(Liquid.)
Note.—*This favorite medicine is put up in oval bottles holding three ounces each, with the name blown in the glass, and the name of the inventor, S. R. Campbell, in red ink across the face of the label. Beware of imitations, refuse all substitutes, and you will not be disappointed.*
Campbell's Cathartic Compound
Cures Chronic Constipation, Costiveness, and all Complaints
arising from a disordered state of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, such as
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious Affections, Headache, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, Rheumatism, Loss of Appetite, Gravel, Nervous Debility, Nausea, or Vomiting, &c., &c.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
PREPARED ONLY BY
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited),
MONTREAL.

Great Clearance Sale.
Commencing
MONDAY, FEB. 11,
and to continue till the balance of our Winter Stock is closed out.
We Must Have More Room
for our immense stock of
New Spring Goods
expected to arrive in a few days.
The following lines will be cut down to the exact cost of importation. Dress Goods, Trimmings Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Flannels, Blankets, Comfortables, Overcoats, and Ulsters, Knitted Wool Goods, Boots, Shoes, and Overshoes.
SPECIAL.
We have decided to go out of
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
and will close out the balance at any price.
John A. Flett.
Campbellton, Feb. 9, 1889.

PATENTS
Caveats and Re-issues secured, *Trade-Marks* registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.
Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge
With my offices *directly across from the Patent Office*, and being in personal attendance there, it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time.
FEES MODERATE and *exclusive attention given to patent business.* Information, advice and special references sent on request.
J. R. LITTELL,
Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes,
Washington, D. C.
Mention this paper. Opposite U. S. Patent Office.

Flour. Flour.
In Store and to arrive:
250 Bbls. White Eagle, Choice Patent,
1125 " Kent Mills, " "
125 " Silver Spray, High Grade Patent,
250 " Goldie's People, " "
250 " Goldie's Star, " "
A. J. BABANG & CO.
Moncton, Nov. 12

Wanted. Wanted.
2000 Cords of white Birch.
Contracts can be made with the undersigned for any portion of the above named quantity of white Birch.
JOHN FERGUSON.
Newcastle, Oct. 15, '88.

Coffins and Caskets.
The Subscriber keeps constantly on hand an assortment of all sizes Coffins and Caskets.
S. LAUGHLAN,
Black Point,
Restigouche.
Oct. 31, 1888.

Richibucto Drug Store,
W. A. MacLaren, - Proprietor.
Dealer in
Drugs,
Patent Medicine,
Toilet Articles,
Smokers' Goods, etc.
Price Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Orders mail promptly attended to.
Richibucto, Feb. 11, 1889.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Established 1810.
—UNLIKE ANY OTHER.—
Positively Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Colds, Tonsilitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Influenza, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Nervous Headache, Sciatica, Lame Back, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints and Strains.
AS MUCH FOR INTERNAL AS FOR EXTERNAL USE.
It is marvelous how many different complaints it will cure. Its strong point lies in the fact that it acts quickly. Healing all Cuts, Burns and Bruises like Magic. Relieving all manner of Cramps and Chills.
ORIGINATED BY AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN.
All who buy direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not satisfied. Retail price by mail 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2.00. Express and duty prepaid to any part of United States or Canada. Valuable pamphlet sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.
GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

FREE FREE
$65 Sewing-Machine To at once establish a trade in all parts, introducing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send FREE to one person in each locality the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send FREE a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out, before patents run out it sold for $65, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is new. No experience required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write at once can secure FREE the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

TEAS. TEAS.
We have now received our First Shipment of
TEAS
from Foo Chow, China, by S. S. "Aberden to Vancouver, thence by C. P. R.
The balance of our purchases of
FIRST CROP
Teas is shortly expected by S. S. "Monmouthshire" via Suez Canal.
CHINA TEAS
received by us show extra good quality and the prices are low.
We can guarantee satisfaction,
Congou,
Schong,
Oolong,
Indian,
Orange Pekoe, &c.
Prices from 14c. to 85c.
JARDINE & CO.
St. John, N. B., Sept. 5, 1888.

C. P. Curtis & Co.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
176 Atlantic Avenue,
Boston, - - - Mass.
All the Smelts, Trout, Bass, Eels and all kinds of Fresh Fish in their seasons, as soon as possible to supply their wholesale trade.—Ship early and often.

EDINBURGH OATMEAL,
KEILLER'S MARMALADE,
Keiller's Candied Citron.
Ex Damara and Uganda.
JARDINE & CO.
St. John, N. B., March 18, 1889.

MONCTON SUGAR:
In Store and Receiving:
60 Bbls. STANDARD GRANULATED.
150 " YELLOW EXTRA C.
A. J. BABANG & CO
Moncton, Nov. 12.

American Oil.
1 CAR LOAD WATER WHITE.
A. J. BABANG & CO
Moncton, Nov. 12.

Labrador Herring.
Receiving To-day:
1 CAR LOAD BARRELS AND HALVES.
A. J. BABANG & CO
Moncton, Nov. 12.

Canadian Oil.
In Store and Receiving:
1 CAR LOAD SILVER STAR,
1 " " OCEAN, (Water White.)
A. J. BABANG & CO
Moncton, Nov. 12.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo. 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially Specialty, Diseases of Man. Office No. 4 Bulfinch St.
May 16, '88. 1yr.

ALABASTINE!
FOR
Walls and Ceilings.
We have it in 11 different colors, as follows: Blue, Deep Pearl, Fern Green, Brick Pinnie, Sage Green, Ashes of Roses, Buff, White, Neutral Grey, Soft Pink, Light Olive.
The price of a package is only 50 cents, and it will cover 60 square yards, two coats. Ready for use by adding hot water.
Alabastine is in no way like the kalsomine preparations sold under various names. Instead of being an inert mixture, dependent on glue to hold it to any surface, Alabastine forms a permanent coating for walls, is hardened on the wall by age and moisture, and the surface is strengthened by every coat added from time to time. It forms an adhesive coat, not of a glutinous or gummy nature.
Sample cards sent on application. Liberal discount to dealers.
W. H. Thorne & Co.,
Market Square.
St. John, April 16, 1889.

The "Union Advocate"
is published every WEDNESDAY Morning in time to be despatched by the earliest trains. The paper was established in 1867, and is now looked upon as the best advertising medium in this Northern Section of NEW BRUNSWICK.
TERMS.
In advance, per annum, $1 50
Single Copies, 3 cents.
RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Transient advertising will be charged at the rate of ten cents per nonpariel line for first insertion, each succeeding insertion a rate of 3 cents per line; or 75 cents per inch for first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuation.
Professional and Business Cards inserted by the year at the rate of $5 00 per inch.
Special rates to business men who may wish to enter into yearly contracts.
Orders for Printing, Blanks, etc., attended to expeditiously.
W. C. ANSLOW.