C. M. B. A.

Our C. M. B. A. Brothers have reason to feel proud of the positions attained by members. A short time since we referred to the appointment of Brother Doherty, of Montreal, to the position of Chief Justice. Now we will have the pleasure of styling Brother McHugh, of Windsor, Judge McHugh. As the case of Judge Doherty, we feel assured this latest appointment has fallen upon a most worthy and talented young man, and we hope length of years will be given him in which to enjoy his new and honorable post.

Contributions to the Bro. Brown Fund

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER — Enclosed pleas find another list of contributions received for the Bro. W. J. Brown tund, which you will please publish in your next issue and oblige.

Yours f.aternally.

WENDLIN SCHILER.
Secretary Branch 5.

Canada—Branch 145, \$2.00; Branch 117, \$3.40
Branch 19, \$3.00; Branch 165, \$1.50; Branch 28, \$5.00.

Franch 19, 53.00; Branch 55.00; Branch 78, 83.00 New York—Branch 75, 85.00; Branch 78, 83.00 Pannsylvania—Branch 137, 82.00; Branch 98

Fennsyvana.

Michigan – Branch 14, &1.55.

Michigan – Branch 13, &2.25.

Note. – In the first list printed we made a mistake. Instead of Branch 48, III., it should have read Branch 148, Calumet I sland.

Resolution of Condolence.

At the regular meeting of Branch 147, Portage du Fort, on 11th November, 1891, the following resolution was moved by Brother J. F. Gabory and seconded by Brother John Mooney, sen'or;

Wherens it has pleased an all-wise and onnipotent God to remove from our midst the wife of our worthy and respected Vice-President, Brother Doctor F. Gaboury, be it therefore.

Resolved that, whilst bowing to the will of the Almichty, the members of this Branch wish to express their sincere sorrow to Brother Gaboury for the loss of a devoted and beloved wife. Be it further.

Resolved that we convey to Brother Gaboury and family our unfeigned sympathy in their sad bereavement and pray the Almighty may comfort and console them in their sad affliction for the loss of a kind wife and a loving mother. Bet also.

Resolved that these resolutions be recorded on the minutes of this meeting and a copy of them sent to Brother Gaboury, and also to the CATIOLIC RECORD and United Canada for publication.

Your Straternally.

D. J. MOONEY, Rec. Sec.

D. J. Money, Rec. Sec.

At a regular meeting of Branch 147, Portage du Fort, held in their hall on the lith instant, the following resolutions of condolence were unanimously adopted:

Whereas it has pleased an all-wise and omnipotent God to remove from our midst our worthy and respected President, Brother John Mooney, sr., be it therefore

Resolved that, whilst bowing to the will of the Almig, ty, the members of this Branch wish to appress their sincere sorrow for the loss of an able and efficient officer and energetic member of the seciety. Be it further

Resolved that we convey to the widow and family of our deceased Brother our unfeigned sympathy in their sad bereavenent and pray the Almighty may confort and console them in their sad affliction for the loss of a kind husband, a loving father and a courteous and obliging neighbor. Be it also

Resolved, that our charter be draped in mourning forsisty days.

That these resolutions he recorded in the minutes of this meeting and a copy of them sent to the family of our deceased Brother and also to the Carnotte Resono and Usited Canada for publication. Yours fraemally,

D. J. Moonfax, Rec. Sec.

Arnprior, Nov. 17, 180°, held on the 18th inst., a resolution of condolence was tendered to Brother M. Galvin and family on account of the death of his youngest son, aged about nineteen months, which occurred on the 11th inst. E. C. ARMAND, Rec. Sec.

PURITY IN PUBLIC LIFE.

Written for the CATHOLIC RECORD.

Ours is a progressive, a rapidly advancing world. No power can be found mighty enough to oppose its onward march; because the mind of man, in its capabilities, is not circumscribed by anything material; and hence as long as there remain undiscovered means of lightening the burdens of life, or increasing its comforts, so long shall the energies of the human soul be directed to revealing their existence. Within the last century Science has taken wing and seared whither her votaries alone were able to follow her. She has chained the lightening, and delved to ocean's secret depths. She has annihilated distance, and placed men thousands of miles apart in instant communication, one with the other. She has made the ocean which, one hundred years ago, was a vast barrier to any extended commerce between the old world and the new, a comparatively narrow stream marking the boundary between two neighboring continents. What her conquests in the future will be, it would be vain to predict. All this Written for the CATHOLIC RECORD.

The press is, without question, the most powerful agent for this education of the masses. How sacred indeed is its mission! We bow our heads to contemplate the sublime dignity to which the priest of God has been ralsed, and the great and holy responsibility with which his shoulders have been burdened; but we seem to only infulty real; ze the widespread influence of the public press. Its voice reaches thousands upon whose cars the warnings of Circlis India, is ter will never fall. It is the sole teacher of countiess human beings. By it the minds of many, pliable as they are, are bent and fashioned for good or evil. Have the managers or editors of the secular press properly understood this fact? It seems not. They are the organs of a party; they have pledged themselves to defend the principles of that party at any cost. Their columns are filled with criminations and recriminations, to such an extent forsooth that he who is not an unreasonable partizan cannot take up any of our daily papers without a thog of sorrow at the thought that the public press, which should stand out as a beacon light to guide the unwary and counsel the meantions, is made to subserve the interests of a few greedy politicians. Is the charge severe? Trace the records of Canadian secular journalism, and the answer will be found. Our hope is in the Catholic mewspaper. The crusade against corruption in public life against practices which have brought the fair name of Canadia into disrepute, was thaugurated with the highest and pirest motive—the public good. That crusade must be carried on with four fold vigor. Late occurrences make the duty imperative. The task is, without doubt, a herculean one, for the reason that the electorate of the land is, to a great extent, composed of men who have already formed very decided opinions either one way or the other; and these opinions, joined to prejudices necessarily eagendered, are not easily eradicated. It is to the young then, to these whold and the public life of the future would in every way be benef yours any was a vast barrier to any extended commerce between the old world and the next accommendation of the property of the process of the public press. It is vote reaches thousands upon which even two neighboring continuents. What her conquests in the future will be given to precipt. All this is good, for rest is dangerous; the sluggish stream is cover stagmant. The soul of many pliande as they are, are best and fash, and the process of the process

the coming generation; for man was not born for any time or clime; he belongs to humanity; humanity has claims upon him, and these claims he must meet fearlessly and honorably.

CATHOLICS AND THE W. C, T. U. THE NATIONAL AND WORLD'S CONVEN-

he has an end in view; behind the deed there is always the motive. This is true of all men, and of none more so than of him who enters public life. It may be an intense longing to aid his country in making rapid strides in the path of progress. It may be his aim to invigorate the body politic by lopping off the cankered members. It may be his aim to invigorate the body politic by lopping off the cankered members. It may be his absorbing wish to increase the commerce, or perfect, by the framing of judicious laws, the internal workings of his native land. It such were the motives with which men would enter public life, blessed indeed would be the country whose destiny would be thrown into their hands. But, unfortantely, impulses such as these are not always the force that urges men to enter the strife for public station. If we look beneath the surface we will find, perhaps, that pride, unreasoning ambition, self-conceit or selfishness was the demon that filled the heart with longing for public preferment. In early years their dreams were of fame, and now the realization of these dreams must be secured at any sacrifice and at any cost. It may be that they now see in public station an easy means of acquiring wealth; and forthwith they set about the task of intruding upon popular favor. They have no scruples. If the voice of conscience was too feeble to prevent them as pairing to positions for which they were obviously unfit, that same voice will be too feeble to prevent them always their privileges, once they acquire the position after which they had so long hankered. Words can but feebly describe the injury such men do to a country whose interests they pledge themselves to protect. Their shiboleth is "private gain," they ride roughly into the private gain, "they ride roughly into each of nature's law, and they have been considered for the most such discovering the damper of this latter clab becoming so numerous as to be feit as a power in the land. While this danger exist let warnings be thundered for the most sur

Boston Pilot.

Boston Pilot.

For the six days from Nov. 11 to Nov. 16 inclusive, the dual gathering of the Women's Christian Temperance Union in National and World's Convention was the most obvious fact in the life of Boston. The white ribbon pervaded the city. The sessions of the National Convention were held in Faneuii Hall; those of the World's Convention in Tremont Temple. They revealed the earnest and admirably systematized work which the W. C. T. U. is doing not only for temperance, but in every department of philanthropy.

The Tremont Temple Convention was cosmopolitan, as its name implied, and its sessions, the opening one especially, were so largely attended that the Park street and Bromfield street churches had to be opened for immense overflow meetings.

Miss Frances Willard, President of the W. C. T. U., was the soal of the dual Convention; but there were many notable and interesting women in the various delegations. Miss Willard, in her opening address, which abounded in admirable things, anticipated all that could be said of the W. C. T. U. as extremists. Every thoughtful man and woman will admit that it is hardly possible to exaggerate the provalence of intemperance, and that the popular heart is moved and the lawmakers forced to action only by the bold representation and demand that men and women who have seen little of the drink-evil and suffered nothing from it call over-drawn.

If Harriet Beecher Stowe had picked out a model slave-owner for the central figure of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," instead of showing in it the worst actualities and the worst possibilities of slavery, men might still be selling their brothers in the market-places of New Orleans and St. Louis.

The presence of delegates from the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, on the invitation of Miss Willard, whose participation in the C. T. A. U. Convention at Washington as fraternal delegate from the W. C. T. U. is pleasantly remembered, was a reason for special Catholic interest in the gathering.

reason for special Catholic interest in the gathering.

Miss Willard in her opening addross, referred to Catholic work for temperance.

"We have some royal comrades in the Catholic fold. Perhaps the chief is Archishop Ireland, the cold-water cyclone of Minnesota.

"Bishop Cotter, president of the Catholic.

Minnesota.

"Bishop Cotter, president of the Catholic
Total Abstinence Society, was declared by
the white ribboners of Winona to be to them
a more effective ally than any other in the
town." Bishop Spalding and Father Walter Elliott

Bishop Spalding and Father Walter Elliott, of the Paulists, are also in the front rank. At the great Saturday evening meeting in Tremont Temple, the Catholic delegates, the Rev. J. M. Cleary, of Kenosha, Wis., and a distinguished temperance-worker from Philadelphia, Miss S. A. McNeelis, were formally presented to the W. C. T. U., and were accorded an ovation.

Father Cleary, advancing to the front of the platform, amid tremendous applianse, spoke as follows:

FATHER CLEARY'S ADDRESS.

platform, amid tremendous applause, spoke as follows:

PATHER CLEARY'S ADDRESS.

MADAM PRESIDENT—RESPECTED MEMBERS OF THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION:—As messengers under orders we come to give you fraternal greeting from the Catholic T. A. U. of America; and in the name of that great body, as well as for ourselves personally, to wish you Godspeed in your noble and Christian work. Your distinguished President, prompted by the generous kindness of her unselfish heart, came to our last meeting at Washington to invite us to unite on all questions on which we are agreed, and to forget our differences for the sake of humanity's welfare, which we all desire to promote. We have been sent to accept that cordial invitation, to clasp hands with the members of this complex yet simple organization; and to assure you that we are prepared, I trust, to offer you the highest mark of our almiration, which is faithful initation. Your Christien work naturally attracts the affection of the Catholic heart, for like His Universal Church, it knows no national boundaries, it is blind to the color of the souls of men, it is as broad as the universe, oc extensive with humanity, and knows no rest till it returns the redeemed souls of men to the arms of God who made them. We therefore admire and appreciate the wonderful good that your work will accomplish. We see in its broad and comprehensive character an inspiring loope for the future. Happy onen, surely it is when all friends of our common humanity may bury their differences, forget their prejudices, seek to understand each other better, labor unitedly for the general welfare and love one mother for the love of God.

Too long have we all been kept apart who might in many ways work well together. Misunderstanding, misrepresentation and

ght in many ways work well togethe might in many ways work well together, Misunderstanding, misrepresentation and prejudice have done evil work. Let us all hope and pray fervently and earnestly that we may in the future be more successful in combining all good human agencies for the uplifting of our fellow-men. I thank you for the generous greetings you have given us.

St. Paul's Literary Association, Toronto.

Toronto.

The annual opening of the St. Paul's Catholic Literary Association took place on Monday, the beth, at their hall on Power street. Notwithstanding the unpleasantness of the weather the attendance was excellent. The chair was occuped by Mr. J. F. McCabe, it. A., President of the Young Men's Society, a number of the clergy being present. Mr. McCabe delivered the opening address, frequently eliciting loud bursts of applause. He explained fully the objects and aims of the society. The young men's division, which has been in existence for over a year, prospect under the able guidance of Rev. Father Lynch, who, though gone from them now, has left behind him a r-membrance of his noble and generous efforts made on behalf of the youth of the parish. The young ladies' division—on'y two weeks in existence—has amongst its members elocuti-mists and planists who are second to mone in the city. The adverse lasted for half an hour, after which a full programme was most effectively rendered and received marked approval. Following is a sketch of the programme. Piano solo by the Misses Sullivan and Rigney; vocal solos by the Misses Sullivan and Rigney; vocal solos by the Misses Syan and Maguire and Mr. McDermott; plano due by the Misses O'Comno. Miss Rigney presided at the plano.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain duly addressed his constituents at Birmingham on Wednesday, and, contrary to expectation in some quarters and apprehension in others, dealt very gently with the rumored intention of the Government to abandon the promised scheme of Irish Local Government. As a Liberal-Unionist he could not publicly approve or condone the actual breaking of pledges, but he gives the Tories pretty clearly to understand that he would not go out of his way to censure them whatever might be their final decision in the matter.

Mr. Jackson, the new Chief Secretary, will make a nice speech early in the session, in which the Bill will be explained and the measure will afterward be read for the first time. Then the harmless little English Bills will be proceeded with, and upon their rate of progress will depend the fate of the Irish Bill. Every politician acquainted with the House of Commons methods of doing business knows what all this means. Two important measures like the Laborers' Dwellings Bill and the Employers' Liability Bill, together with the budget and "supply" and other necessary but purely formal business of every session will occupy the House until far into July, and there will be absolutely to time to deal with the Irish Local Government Bill. It is more than probable, however, that toward the end of the session a pretense PRIOR TO DISSOLUTION.

will be made of proceeding with the Irish Bill. The Liberals will, of course, object to dealing with such an important measure at the end of Parliament. Thereupon, the Government will call upon the country to take note of Liberal obstruction, and dissolution will immediately follow.

CHEAP JOHN JOURNALISM.

Buffalo Union

Buffalo Union.

Father McCabe, in his admirable journal the Brooklyn Catholic Youth, is severe indeed on a certain Cheap-John species of "Catholic" journalism that now abounds to a nauseating degree. Hear him as he desscribes with scorn the "beiler-plate" and "patent inside "nuisance: "Our young readers and maybe our older ones, never saw a Catholic 'patent inside' paper or a 'boiler plate' Catholic paper. It's a paper whose inside pages are all made up in print and sold at cheap rates to indigent Catholic editors and pablishers, by men who have no knowledge of the Catholic religion and who would think that a enlogy of John Wesley, the Methodist, if it were lively reading, would be as equally interesting to Catholic readers as if it were the pr.ise of Cardinal Wolsey, the Roman Catholic prelate."

Father McCabe supplements this desciption by declaring that "the editors and publishers of such papers will have to answer before God for the cleanness and uncleanness of their publications."

A despatch from Rio De Janeiro, Brazil, say Da Fonseca has resigned in favor of Eli A despatch from Rio De Janeiro, Brazil, say Da Fonseca has resigned in favor of Florian Peixotto. Later despatches bring the intelligence that the opposition to Diciator Fonsec has gathered sufficient force to break throug the barriers erected by the Government to hold it in check and to make itself master of the situation. No details have been received as a the precise methods adopted. All that is known is that the uprising was so formidable the Fonseca considered it impossible longer to maintain his ascendancy and he surrendered his authority.

Found Guilty.

Advices from Dublin state that the coroner's jary investigating the case of Rev. Samuel Cotton, who is charged with having caused the death of a boy named Brown, an immate of the Careghe Orphanage in Kildare, has returned a verdict that the boy's death was caused by ill-treatment at the hands of Cotton, and that Cotton was guilty of manslaughter. The jury also expressed their regret that they could not include Mrs. Cotton in their finding. This is the case in which the Toronto Mail stated that Mr. Cotton was a Roman Catholic priest, and refused to publish a correction.

Health of the Pope.

It is stated at the Vatican that the Czarby his own instructions has had forwarded to him by his representative at Rome all the details, documents and publications available concerning the coming conslave. All the personages who have recently had interviews with the Pope assert that he frequently complains of declining health and strength, and speaks of his death as not being far distant. In an interview with the Bishop of Limerick he spoke a great deal of his precarious condition, accentuated, the Holy Father declared, by the bitterness of the war waged against the Vatican. He complained much of his position, being kept in what is practically a state of imprisonment, not being able to leave the Vatican grounds.

Chilian News.

Chilian News.

The Electoral College will hold a collective meeting at Santiago and publicly choose Admiral Montt for President of the republic. A resolution has been introduced into the Chamber of Deputies to award Admiral Montt 70,000 molinas, the newly-appointed rear admiral 50,000 molinas and several prominent captains of the navy in the late war 50,000 molinas. These awards are in recognition of the services of Montt and the others.

Capt. Schley of the Baltimore has notified the Intendente of Valparaiso that the American seamen who were injured in the street row some time ago are now so far recovered as to be able to appear before Judge of Crimes Foster and give their testimony. He asks that an interpreter, chosen by himself, be allowed by Judge Foster to be present in accordance with orders received from Secretary Tracy.

GERMANY GETTING READY.

The extraordinary credit of over 100,000,000 marks asked for in the budget for artilery is intended for providing the army with a new kind of field gun. The new gun has been perfected under the direct surveillance of Emperor William, Count von Waldersee, and Gen. von Schlieften, their experiments having been conducted in secrecy and with the utmost rapidity. It is estimated that the peace effective force will be supplied with the new weapon within one year and the war effective within one year and the war effective within three years. Germany will thus be placed in a position of superiority to France, the work of improving artillery in the latter country being still in the experimental stage. The Krapp works alone will supply the cast steel of which the barrels of the new gun are made. The new gun will be lighter than the present weapon, and will be fired in one-third the time and with double the effect and precision. Instead of the various projectiles formerly in use a universal cartridge will be used, combining the characteristics of both shell and shrapnel with smokeless powder.

OBITUARY.

Brother John Morrison, Kingston.

Brother John Morrison. Kingston.

In Kingston, on the 21st mst., passed away the soul of John Morrison, a Christian Brother, known in the brotherhood as Brother Artenon of Mary.

Deceased was born in the county of Grey, of this Province, on the 3-th of July, 1859. He was son of William Morrison and Elizabeth Kenny. He studied to be a teacher, finishing his professional training in the Ottawa Normal School. After his Normal School course, he entered the order of the Brothers of the Christian schools. He underwent his probation is St. Joseph's Normal Institute, Amawalk, State of New York. He taught as a Christian Brother in St. Paul's school and De La Sallinstitute, Toronto, and in Kingston. He wasppointed head-master of the Kingston. School September, 1859. He proved himself every where to be an able teacher, and endeavore not only to make his pupils good scholars, bu perfect Catholic gentlemen. He fell sick of the 11th inst., and notwithstanding the most intelligent and sympathetic care of doctors an nurses, he died on the 21st list. Dangeron symptoms appeared only on the doctor his slean when the doctor advised in the patience of inartyr, and editing all who saw him. He die while his Brothers and the Hotel Dieu nur were saying the prayers for the departing. He was nursed on Monday, the 23rd inst. A larg congregation attended the Requim Mass, an the funcral was one of the largest ever seen i

The Hustrated Catholic Family C. C. Richards & Co.

We have received a copy of this handsome and valuable volume of one hundred and forty pages. It is issued by the Catholic Publication Society Company, New York. The matter contained therein is most interest-ing and instructive for Catholic families.

An impress demonstration was held in Limerick last Sunday in commenoration of the death of the Manchester martyrs. Messes Michael Davitt, John Redmond, Edward Harrington, and others met on a common platform. The speakers demanded the release of the Irishmen imprisoned in England. The meeting passed off quietly. Letters apploprizing for their absence were received from Mr. John Dillon and Mr. William O'Brien, who were in Mitchellstown, where they addressed six thousand persons at a federation meeting.

The body of the late Mrs. Robt. Scharf, whose death last Wednesday, night was caused by a dose of "Rough on Rats," was taken from betaward of Schulch on Rats, was taken from betaward to be in the control of England recorder refused to the most effect, that though she had committed safede, yet she bad been insane for two years past, and her self-destruction, which was due to her insantly, should not deber her b. dy from the right of having the burial service read over it.

MARKET REPORTS.

London, Nov. 23.—The supply of meat on the market to-day as usual was large, and owing to the large supply sales were dult, and especially beef was a drug. It sold at 400 to 5.00 per ewt. Lamb, 7 cents a pound by the carcase. Mutton, 5 to 6 cent a pound. There was a large supply of pork came in, and the buyers got it down to 5.00 men, and the buyers got it down to 5.00 men, and the buyers got it down to 5.00 men, and the buyers got it down to take a pair. Dressed from 40 cents of 3. Turkeys sold at 8 to 8 cents a pound. Geese, 5 to 6 cents a pound. The batter supply was ample, and best rolls ranged in price from 10 to 20 cents a pound. Crocks, if to 18 cents. Eggs were steady, at 20 to 20 cents a dozen. Pottoes continued at 45 to cents a bag. There was a large supply of

GRAIN (per cental) - Red winter, 1.55; white Montreal, Nov. 25.—The grain market was entirely featureless, with no sales, and conse quently no change in prices. We quote;—No. hard Manitoba, 1.3 to 1.9; No 2, 97; No. northern, 1.94; peas, 7ce per 35 pounds is not coats, 3c per 34 pounds; maiting barley, 6.c to 5c.

oats, 30c per 31 pounds; maiting barley, 6 c to 62c.

Flour is moving freely under a good demand for local consumption and some inquiry for expert. We quote:—Patent spring, new wheat, 5,57 patent winter, 5,50 to 5,51; straight roller, 4,75 to 4,85; superfine, 3,35 to 4,81; city strong bakers', 5,70 to 5,10; strong bakers', 5,70 to 5,10; strong bakers', 4,75 to 4,85; superfine, 3,35 to 4,81; city strong bakers', 5,70 to 5,10; strong bakers', 4,75 to 5,55.

The cheese market is advancing in firmness though the trade passing is small, and 12c is a quotation established on the basis of actual business. In Brockville Townships is a shade lower, but the market is on an upward turn. We quote: Finest fall, 10c to 10c; fine, 10c.

The demand and supply of butter is well balanced, but holders are independent and stocks are in a few hands. We quote:—Late made creamery, 25c to 24c; finest rownships, 10c to 25c; finest Townships, 10c to 25c; finest Townships, 10c to 25c; finest to 15c.

Eggs are steady and unchanged at 16c for good stock.

Torgnto, Nov. 21.—Wheat—No. 2, red 95c to

good stock.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—WHEAT—No. 2, red 95c to 97c; No. 1, hard, Man., 1.00 to 1.00; No. 2, hard 1.01 to 1.03; No. 3, hard .06 to 87c; spring, No. 2, 91c to 95c; barley, No. 1, 55c to 57c; No. 5, 20 to 55c; No. 5, extra, 51 to 55c; No. 5, 50 to 55c; No. 5, 6xtra, 51 to 55c; No. 5, 50 to 57c; No. 7, 50 to 97; oats, No. 2, 34c to 56c; com 7 to 71; four, extra, 4,10 to 4.15; straight roller 4.25 to 4.35; hogs, dressed, 5.00 to 5.75; hay (Thmothy), ton, 11.5) to 12.00; rye, 91c to 92c.

to 5.75; hay (Thnothy), to 1.65 to 12.60; rye, miral 50,000 molinas, the newly-appointed rear admiral 50,000 molinas and several prominent captains of the navy in the late war 50,000 molinas. These awards are in recognition of the services of Montt and the others.

Capt. Schley of the Baltimore has notified the Intendente of Valparaiso that the American seamen who were injured in the street row some time ago are now so far recovered as to be able to appear before Judge of Crimes Foster and give their testimony. He asks that an interpreter, chosen by himself, be allowed by Judge Foster to be present in accordance with orders received from Secretary Tracy.

Russia on the War Path.

The London Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent says:—Owing to the cooling of the French enthusiasm for the Russian diliance, the Russian Minister of War has abandoned the project of purchasing new rifes, and has ordered the utnost despatch in filling old Berlin cartridges with smokeless powder. The Russian regiments in Finland will be transferred to the Austrain frontier and recruits will be sent to Finland. These measures are presumed to be due to the Austrain Emperor's alarmist speech.

Well-founded reports are current in Vienna that the Russian Government has ordered that forty thousand troops be despatched to the Polish frontier, and the number of barrack huts in that region is to be largely increased. In consequence of this movement it is further reported that farty thousand troops be despatched to strengthen the frontier guards.

GERMANY GETTING READY.

SUCCESSFUL FARMING.

In no part of the country does a farmer g more satisfaction out of far and g than in Micligan. The soil is very rich and loamy, adapt to cereal, fruitsor small truck gardening. If crops are steady, bringing a bountiful harveron year to year. Then the great cities Chi-ago, Detroit and Buff-lo being so close a guarantees of a first-class market all the tin The taxes are light, society excellent, heal masurpassed, lands cheap. Probably no part the country presents better opportunities it the farmer than Michigan. O. M. Bakast Lausing, Mich., will promptly and fully answ any and all inquiries about Michigan Launakhing no charge for his services in this direction.

At Millington, on Wednesday, November 11 of typhoid fever, Maggie, beloved daughter of A. P. Macdonald, aged twenty-five years.

Send 25 ets, and get a copy of Ben-zigers' Home Almanac for 1892.— THOS, COFFEY, London, Ont. Also to be had from our travelling agents.



A Reverend Recommends It. III

PARK CITY, Utah, June, 1889. PARK CITY, Utah, June, 1889.

I had been ill for eighteen months with weakness and terrible nervousness when I commenced taking your medicine, Pastor Koenig, on I often pray for Pastor Koenig, as I think I could not have lived without this medicine. The people here have seen the good which I derived from it, and Rev. Father Galligan recommends it so highly that it is now getting very popular. Galligan recommends to be supported by the getting very popular.

JULIA AGNES BYRNE.

JULIA AGNES BYRNE.
Sister M. Reine, of Castroville, Texas, writes:
I used two bottles of "astor Koenig's Nerve
Tonic for nervous debilty, which was so intense
that the least cause would cause me to scream,
and palpitation of the heart would follow for
about fifteen minutes. The remedy cured me
entirely, and I heartily recommend it to all
sufferers.

The A Valuable Book on Nerveus Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, III. Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5 Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9. Agent, W. E. Saunders & Co., Druggist, ondon, Ontario.

Gents, - My daughter had a severe cold and injured her spine so she could not walk, and suffered very much. I called in our family physician; he pronounced it inflammation of the spine and recommended MINARD'S LINIMENT to be used freely. Three bottles cured her. I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for a broken breast; it reduced the inflammation and cured me in 10 days. MRS. N. SILVER.

Hantsport.



of pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypo-phosphitca of Lime and Soda is almost as paletable as milk. A MARVELLOUS FLESH PRODUCES It is indeed, and the little lads and lassles who take cold easily, may be fortified against a cough that might prove serious, by taking Scott's Emulsion after their meals during the winter season.

Beware of substitutions and imitations.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Delleville.

Cheap Money to Loan.

Having received a considerable sum for investment, we are in a position to loan at low rates to those applying at once.

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society Opp. City Hall, Richmond St., LONDON. H. E. NELLES, Manager.

WILSON & RANAHAN GROCERS.

265 Dundas St., near Wellington. NEW TEAS - Ceylons, Corgous, Japans, Young Hysons, Gunpowder and English Breakfast.

NEW COFFEES-Chase & Sanbourne and New CURRANTS, Raisins and Figs. SUGARS of all grades.

Finest and Cheapest Goods in London ALEX. WILSON, THOS. RANAHAN.
Late of Wilson Bros.

-OBJECTS OF THE-New York Catholic Agency

The object of this Agency is to supply, at the regular dealers' prices, any kind of goods imported or manufactured in the United States.

The advantages and conveniences of this Agency are many, a few of which are:

1st. It is situated in the heart of the wholesale trade of the metropolis, and has completed such arrangements with the leading manufacturers and importers as enable it to purchase in any quantity at the lowest wholesale rates, thus geiting its profits of commissions are charged its patrons on purchases made for them, and giving them besides the benefit of my experience and facilities in the actual prices charged.

3rd. Should a pairon want several different articles, embracing as many separate trades or lines of goods, the writing of only one letter to this Agency will insure the prompt and correct filling of such orders. Hesides, there will be only one express or freight charge.

4th. Persons outside of New York, who may not know the address of houses selling a particular line of goods, can get such goods all the same by sending to this Agency.

5th. Clergymen and Religious Institutions and the trade buying from this Agency are allowed the regular or usual discount.

Any business matters, outside of hwy jour giving me authority to act as your agent. Whenever you want to buy anything send your orders to THOMAS D. EGAN.

THOMAS D. EGAN, Catholic Agency, 42 Barclay St. New York, NEW YORK.

Send 25 cts. and get a copy of Ben-zigers' Home Almanac for 1892. – THOS. COFFEY, London, Ont. Also to be had from our travelling agents.

TEACHERS WANTED

A TEACHER FOR THE F. C. SEPARATE School, fown of Parkhill, for the year 1892, holding at least a second-ciass non-professor and and third-class provincial certificates. Apply enclosing testiconials and stating salary to JAMES PHELAN, Sec. R. C. School Board, Parkhill. 684-2w School Board, Parkhill, 684-2w

MALE OR FEMALE, FOR SCHOOL, SECIII, tion No. 2, Ashileid, helding second class
certificate; duties to commence Jan. 1, 182;
applications will be received until Dec. 29;
state salary and experience—John E. Sullivan, Kingsbridge, Ont. 681-5w

FOR R. C. S. S. No. 4, RALEIGH, ONT. Mare or female, holding 2nd or 3rd class certificate; duties to commence Jan. 2, 1892, applications stating salary and testmonials will be received up til Dec. 1, 1891.—MIGHAEL GLEESON, Sec.-Treas., Fletcher, Ont. 685-2w

FOR A VILLAGE SEPARATE SCHOOL a temate teacher holding a 2nd or 3rd class certificate, and thoroughly competent to set as organist, duties to commence Jan. 1892; apply, stating salary, to Box A. Gatholic Record office, London, Ont. 683-tf

FOR UNION SCHOOL SECTION NO. 6, Ellice and Logau, male teacher holding first or second class certificate; applicants will state salary and send testimonials; duties to commence Jan. 1, 1892; applications will be received up to Dec. 1, 1891.—THOMAS KELLY, Sec., Kinkora, Ont.

FOR THE R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOL, Amprior; one Principal, with second or third class certificate, and two lady teachers, with third class provincial certificates; ap-plications received until 25rd inst. Address, REV. A. CHAINE, Sec., Amprior, Ont. 682-3w

FOR UNION SCHOOL SECTION No. 1, McKillop, a teacher holding a second or third class certificate; applications stating salary will be received by the undersigned up to November 30.n.—Ron FAT DEVERFUX. Secretary-Treasurer, Seaforth, Ont. 681-iw



UNEQUALLED IN Tone, Touch, Workmanship and Purability. ew York, 148 Fifth Ave. Washington, 817 Market Space.

VOI

In a new Tablet call

find the fo given to C Wales on Masters of In juxtapo peculiar si marks: marks:
To GARH
Masonry, I
ply the Rev
act, a perm spiracy agai
cal and relipotism, does
itself out widecorations,
which pri
priests play
the parts
stolen and us
Man is at the
God, Pontiff,
in hinself,
sonry is the

The gro recent ev day and th the Com bequeathe out of whi expenses o the studen tyranny, heresies a high place For thirty injunction been com have not o but a Ron Rev. J. J. University lecture, la the trustee late to rev up hostilit the Dudle are on har the legacy to force co

> the beques of the fact signed an president declare th

of the stuc indecent a to revive day would institution

of the who pared wit

annual di Poor W died last y and with did not p there was following gallon of contains and make When you for a dr is gone sl it, \$6.75 l after will money sl when you unable to by every

may have ard's gra

Some cleared th tures the

company in immod of the st the W. C. to the n shop-keep take out was done Three ch Woman's A teleg of the lat that lady band to the faith. to be bur like dvin one of the

mother. woman, vour sal "our ne

' Mother One of

faith of t