Forum will explore the two countries' federal systems

Conference compares India, Canada

by Jeff Oss

Last August, U of A economics professor Kanhaya Gupta found a curious idea tapping at the window of his mind.

"India and Canada are in different stages of economic development, but as federal states they share similar considerations: how to accommodate a diverse country, how to accommodate different pressure groups. If they face similar problems, how do they handle

Gupta was curious to see exactly how similar both federal governments were, and to see if both governments faced similar prob-

If so, it would certainly be worthwhile to compare and contrast government responses in each case. If not, it would be equally worthwhile to discover differences.

This led Gupta to organize a conference to address the issue.

Comparative studies are always useful and interesting; pointing out mistakes to be avoided and lessons to be learned. Information in such a study is not too common and not too readily available. Comparative studies (done) between Australia and Canada (proved) very beneficial

After months of fundraising (The U of A and the Edmonton Journal agreed to jointly fund the conference), finding speakers from eight universities and a Government of India agency, and organization (the joint efforts of the Shastri IndoCanadian Institute and the U of A), that conference - entitled "COMP-ARATIVE FEDERALISM: CANADA-INDIA" - will take place on Thursday and Friday this week (March 26-27) in Room TBW2 of the Tory Building. All events are open to the public. There's no admission fee and no registration is required.

"It's the first conference of its kind in North America," said Gupta. Gupta maintains the conference

is not about India, nor Canada. It is

"the comparative exploration of the federal systems. It examines and explores the functioning of federalism in a comparative perspective.'

In other words, the conference doesn't focus on the countries involved; it focuses on the governments of those countries.

Comparing federal systems of government, Gupta asserts, "is not an area that's been explored in any depth." Consequently, he had a hard time finding speakers for the conference, most of whom are political science professors.

There are not many people working in this area. (Basically) it's a conference in political science (implemented) by an economist, although (Dr. Jayant) Lele is a sociologist and (Dr. Govinda) Rao is an economist. These are technical, professional papers.

Another snag added to the difficulty in finding speakers: bad tim-

ing. "Professors don't want to come at this time." However, Gupta emphasized, "It was a very deliberate choice to hold the conference at a time when students could attend it — explicitly taking students into account (so as) to accommodate them and not just the academics."

For more details call Gupta at 432-3127, or D. Baine at 432-3755.

Science Council elections hassle

by K.G. Bosman

Science student council representative elections remain embroiled in controversy.

"Why didn't they just take down their posters?" lamented Under-graduate Science Society (USS) president and newly elected Science SU rep Kevin Klapstein, commenting upon the upcoming Science Students' For Action slate appeal of their disqualification to the SU Discipline, Enforcement, and Interpretation (DIE) Board.

Last Wednesday, USS Chief Ret-urning Officer Greg Steward disqualified the Action slate from the Science elections for multiple campaign violations - specifically failure to cease campaigning on elec-

Meanwhile, mum's the word from the Science Students for

Action slate. Slate manager Robin Boodle issued a strict "No comment" saying he didn't want to influence the DIE Board decisions.

The disqualified Action slate is

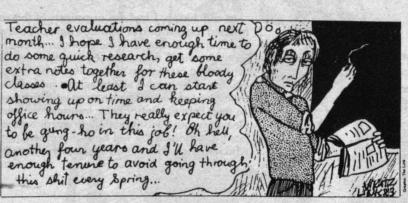
requesting a new election be held in Science

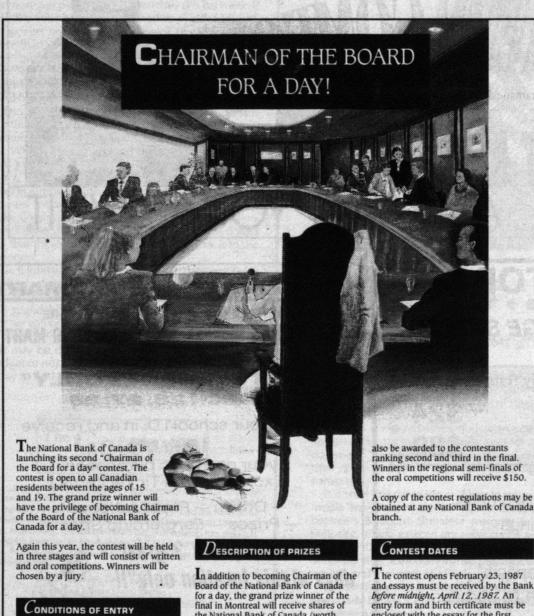
Should DIE Board require a new election, logistical problems abound. "Under our bylaws, the fastest we could have an election is 33 days from now - that is April 24th, the last day of finals" according to Klapstein.

The other alternative, DIE Board allowing the USS to appoint SU representatives, is also unacceptable to Klapstein: "I don't want to be in on acclamation — somebody in on acclamation has no right to represent anybody."

Klapstein can't understand why the matter is going to DIE Board. "I've offered to resign my council seat and hold a new election," he

Klapstein also contends that the appeal to DIE Board is simply a reaction by the disqualified slate after the fact: "All the things they are complaining about they've only mentioned after they were disqualified."

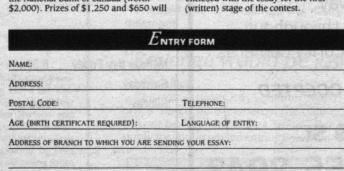


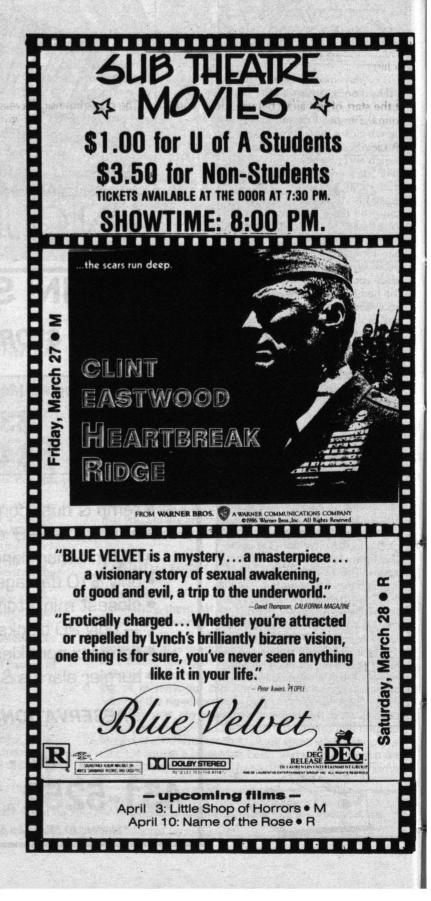


the National Bank of Canada (worth \$2,000). Prizes of \$1,250 and \$650 will

NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA

The contest opens February 23, 1987 and essays must be received by the Bank before midnight, April 12, 1987. An entry form and birth certificate must be enclosed with the essay for the first





In the first stage of the contest, participants send a typed essay of a maximum of three (3) pages to their nearest National Bank of Canada branch,

explaining: "How do you envision an ideal society and what can today's youth

do to help achieve it?" The essays judged the most interesting will be retained

and their authors will be invited to meet with the jury for the second stage of

the contest: the regional semi-finals of the oral competitions. The regional

semi-final winners will then be invited

to the Bank's Head Office on June 24 (all expenses paid) to meet with the jury for the final of the oral competitions.