

costs of the application shall be costs in the cause, or whether such costs or any part thereof shall be paid by any of the parties personally; and in the latter case, the Master shall in such order either fix the sum to be paid for such costs or tax the same at his discretion; and the party to whom such costs are directed to be paid, shall be entitled to sue out a subpoena for the same; or the Master may at his discretion award costs to neither party.

[5.] That the Master shall draw up the orders upon such applications aforesaid in a short form, and the same when signed by him shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose in the office of the Master, and such orders shall then be binding (unless reversed or varied on appeal), and shall be enforced in like manner as if made by the court, and the original order or any duplicate thereof (which the Master is to grant on the application of any party) shall be a sufficient warrant to every officer of the court to do the act therein mentioned, or to permit the same to be done, and each party shall be at liberty to inspect the entry of all such orders in the said entering book without fee.

How orders giving leave are to be drawn up.

CLXXXIII. That upon a reference to the Master for the appointment of a receiver, of a guardian,* or of a committee of the estate of a lunatic, the party proposing such receiver, guardian or committee, shall bring into the Master's office a proposal for such appointment, and for the sureties of the person or persons so proposed; and the Master upon approving any such proposal shall (without first reporting such approval to the court), proceed in taking of the recognizances of such receiver, guardian or committee, and to report such appointment to the court in like manner as is now done after a report of the

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Appointment of receiver, guardian, &c.

* See 21st order of May, 1850, as to the appointment of a guardian to an infant defendant.