

POOR DOCUMENT MC 2034

SIX

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. MONDAY, JULY 27, 1938

To Make a Positive Clearance of All Summer Stock

and make room for fall shipments, which are crowding us daily, we have been obliged to inaugurate what will be known as the greatest and most successful mid-summer clearance sale ever conducted in this section of Canada.

Never in our history have we been so heavily stocked with goods at this time of the season.

Although our regular prices are extremely low, we have recognized that the best way to get the most out of our entire stock is to offer a few more items of the finest and most desirable goods than we have ever had before. These are bound to insure quick selling and positive clearance to all lines.

We have made such sacrifices that no matter what the weather conditions may be you will find your share of the tremendous bargains which will positively last for 10 days only—commencing Wednesday, July 27th, at 9 a. m.

WANT

C. B. Pidgeon's Greatest Clearance Sale Will Open Wednesday, July 29th, at 9 a. m.

Here will be the most handsome gathering of men's, women's and children's shoes ever offered by any dealer in the province of New Brunswick. A stock of the choicest men's, boys' and children's clothing, hats, caps and shoes in this section of Canada.

This mighty sale is a chance of a lifetime. Never before have we attempted to offer high grade, reasonable merchandise at such trifling cost. Never before were bargains so numerous at this store as will be seen the next ten days, commencing Wednesday, July 29th at 9 a. m.

In order to prove to you what ridiculous offerings will be made we quote a few items, but these are only a few of the thousands of inducements of this greatest cut-price bargain event.

Until Wednesday, July 29 at 9 a. m.

WHEN

C. B. PIDGEON'S Grand Midsummer Clearance Sale

SHOE BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

From the best and most complete stock of boots and shoes in the province we make the following special offerings:

These prices are honestly reduced from the lowest underselling figures known to this community. A positive saving of 50 per cent. and in many instances more can safely be estimated on other stores' prices.

MEN'S BOOTS and shoes in all the latest shapes and leathers, excellent values, from \$1.35 to \$5, reg. now reduced to 90c., \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.45, \$1.65, \$1.85, \$2.15, \$2.35 to \$3.45.

GIRLS' BOOTS, formerly priced at \$1.25 to \$2, will be disposed of at 85c., 90c., \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.35 and \$1.45.

BOYS' BOOTS of the most substantial kind and finest qualities, very reasonably priced from \$1.35 to \$3.00, are reduced to 90c., \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.35 to \$1.50.

WOMEN'S LOW SHOES, LACED BOOTS and SLIPPERS in all the latest novelty styles of leathers and fashionable shapes—formerly priced from \$1.25 to \$3.50, are now marked down to 85c., 90c., \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.35 to \$1.45.

CHILDREN'S BOOTS, \$1.00 to \$1.75 values, are reduced to 75c., 80c., 85c., \$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25.

INFANTS' BOOTS, 60c. to \$1.50 values, are reduced to 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c. and 55c.

FREE TRIP TO PIDGEON'S NORTH END STORE

MEN'S SUITS in stylish patterns of neat, dressy patterns, suitable in coloring and weight for all the year round wear. All suits offered below are bright, fresh stock of this season's make. Positively no goods carried over from last season, and nothing to be kept over from this stock—hence these great clearance reductions.

A HANDSOME SUIT OF CLOTHES FOR \$3.98. An elegant business suit in all sizes for men of all sizes, regular, slender or stout proportions, made from stylish tweeds of light, medium or dark patterns, splendid \$3.98 value for \$3.98.

Store Closed All Day Tuesday, July 28 to enable Us to Mark Down All Prices for This Great Sale

C. B. PIDGEON,

Cor. Main & Bridge Sts.

Our special \$7.50 suits are reduced to \$4.98.

At \$5.98 and \$4.98 we are showing a most beautiful line of men's fashionable suits. These suits are the best \$3.50 and \$10 values in the market, and are retailed by many stores as high as \$12 and \$15. The fabrics are of stylish worsteds and tweeds and the patterns and colorings are the latest in vogue. Don't pass these splendid suits at \$5.98 and \$4.98.

At \$3.48, \$3.48 and \$10.98 we are offering the cream of our suit line. At regular prices these suits were our famous standard \$12, \$12.50 and \$15 leaders.

These suits are all hand tailored, made from tested fabrics of pure stock, worsteds, chevots and velours. Neat stripes, checks and plaids of rich tans, browns, greys and dark tones of silk mixtures. Extraordinary value for \$3.48, \$3.48 and \$10.98.

Our finest \$18.50 and \$17.50 suits are reduced to \$11.95 and \$12.95.

NEW YORK JUDGE STRONGLY BELIEVES IN SPANKING

The Presiding Justice of New York Children's Court Declares That the Moral Training Which Begins at Home Should Include the Old Domestic Remedy.

NEW YORK, July 25.—"The Children's Court is a pedagogical, not a penal, institution."

That is the definition Judge William H. Olinsted, the Presiding Justice of the Children's Court, established in 1902, of the Special Sessions Court, keeps constantly before him. The mastery of the law, Judge Olinsted believes, means nothing to a child unless it teaches rather than terrifies him.

"Every child reasons things out in his own way just as much as an adult," said the judge. "If the mother or woman who is to pass judgment on the act of that child fails to take account of that reasoning power, or to get the child's point of view, he will fall utterly as a judge."

"I believe every child at heart is good. His means well, and when, through the exuberance of his feelings he commits some act against the good of the community, it is but a simple mistake that can be corrected in simple ways."

SPANKING IS GOOD.

"Spanking is good for many boys, especially if the spanking is administered by some one in parental authority. I have frequently sentenced a boy to a sound spanking by his father or mother right here in court, because I believe it will do him good. Its effect on him is far more salutary than if it were administered in his own home."

"But I don't believe in indiscriminate hitting, either. There are some boys whom a spanking would do more harm than good. Only the other day I had a boy in court who seemed to feel his predicament most keenly. The moment I saw him I came to the conclusion that he had already been punished enough, but how I did not know. So I asked him."

"He had not been whipped, but scolded, and, as he tearfully acknowledged, scoldings were ever so much worse than whippings, because they made him feel worse. He would cry when scolded, but a whipping he took as a matter of course, and it made no impression on him. To have spanked that boy would have been wasted effort."

A PARENTS' COURT.

"The children's court, as I have analyzed it, should rightfully be termed a Parents' Court. Its chief function should not be the punishment of childish delinquents, but the teaching of the parents who mean well, but do not know the methods to pursue with their youngsters. The Children's Court in many ways should be only an adjunct to the home and school in the proper moral training of the children. It should frequently be a place designed solely to put parents through a course of sprouts that they may be better fitted to instruct their children in moral precepts."

"Strict, drastic punishment is not the course to be pursued with these boys. If they are old enough they should be reasoned with, shown the danger of their course, and then paroled on their own honor to be men. If they are too young for such a course, the only resource available is their parents. The parents should be brought into court, lectured soundly for their neglect, and forced to properly advise for their children. A second offence of the boy whose parents have been thus admonished should result not so much in punishment for the boy as in drastic punishment for the parent."

REDUCES FALSE DIGNITY.

"Spanking," continued Judge Olinsted, referring in a good-humored way to the topic which has recently earned him much public attention, "is to my mind, the least form of punishment that does the greatest good. If my recollection of personal experience and hearsay evidence does not fail me, there was seldom in the old-fashioned country schools a repetition of mischievousness by the same boy who had been punished in the old-fashioned way. There is something about a good, old-fashioned spanking, especially administered in a strange place, that reduces the false dignity of a boy to ashes, or, more accurately, to tears. His defiance seems to ooze out of his eyes, and when calm is fully restored, he is often able to understand and appreciate arguments that previously had fallen on deaf ears."

WORTH OF PROBATION.

"Probation has appealed to the sense of honor of more boys than any one other thing. The indignant sternness or neighbor who has had the acknowledged 'bad boy' of the neighborhood haled to court often becomes indignant that I do not send him away to some institution of reform where he may spend a few of the best years of his life."

"Punishment of this character is the one thing above all else that those in charge of this court have the most steadily fought. And the records have more than justified our position."

"The secret of child-criminology lies in the environment of the child. His mental position and grasp are not understood, and one specific that is supposed to be a magic cure-all is applied to each and every offender without consideration for their natures or characters."

"By all means, bring up the boy in the right way, but don't try to do it by hamstringing at the boy all the time. Pay a little more attention to the parent, and the boy will be all right."

MINISTERS' PHONE KEPT BUSY ALL DAY

Thirteen Hundred Angry Subscribers, Each With Complaint, Call Up His Number

PARIS, July 25.—Everybody is agreed that the Paris telephone service is about as bad as could be. Formerly after ten or fifteen minutes fruitless ringing an angry subscriber insisted on making telephonic complaint to the supervisor at headquarters and had his communication promptly established. Now a peremptory request for the supervisor meets with an irritating laugh from the telephone girl, and the subscriber is left to nurse his wrath for half an hour or more as a punishment for being impatient.

A day or two ago the Figaro discovered that M. Sinyan, under secretary of state for posts and telegraphs, had a telephone at his residence, and it advised all dissatisfied with the service to ring him up and complain. The number was 225-58. The result of this advice has been extraordinary. Hundreds of angry subscribers called up the under secretary, and the telephone girls, unable to distinguish between them and his friends, were overwhelmed.

The first dissatisfied subscriber started to ring up M. Sinyan at 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning, and the under secretary himself unsuspectingly answered the call, as he had not yet read the Figaro. The calls continued all day, and it is estimated that between 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning and 11 o'clock on Wednesday night 1200 calls were registered. By that time orders had been given to suspend all calls on that number, and M. Sinyan's number was hastily changed, only the irritated being given the new one. The invariably reply yesterday to all subscribers asking for 225-58 was "Engaged."

NEW AERIAL MACHINE ON COMPOSITE PLAN

Invention of a Frenchman is Half Balloon and Half Aeroplane

PARIS, July 25.—Trails are announced at Issy of an Aeronor, or mixture of airship and aeroplane. It consists of three parts, the aeroplane, balloon and the balloon car.

The main part, which directs the craft, is the aeroplane, of triangular shape. Made of bamboo, held together by aluminum joints, it is 60 feet long, with a surface of about 450 square feet. In the centre of the aeroplane, which is so stoutly built that it can support a weight of over two tons without serious strain, is the car containing the motor and all the mechanical apparatus, and room for two persons, a mechanic and a pilot, who will direct the helm in the rear. A twenty-eight horsepower motor drives a screw fan of walnut wood, strengthened with aluminum, and ten feet long, giving 1200 revolutions a minute.

The aeroplane is attached tightly beneath a cigar-shaped silk balloon of over a thousand cubic yards extent. The balloon is 100 feet long and 23 feet in diameter.

Experiments with this curious machine were carried out last year on the military parade ground at Beaulieu, near Meaux, under very satisfactory conditions. Notwithstanding, the machine was able to rise into the air with a deadweight of 250 pounds. M. Malcot, the inventor, thinks that the heavy aerial vehicles of the near future will be modelled on the plan of his aeroplane. Later he proposes to build a motor-ambulance for aerial use.

CASTRO, "AN INTERNATIONAL NUISANCE"

Here is quite a diverting article on President Castro, whom the London Times calls "an international nuisance."

"President Castro looks upon the situation thus created with equanimity. He jointly points out that while France has a good deal of money sunk in Venezuela, Venezuela has not a penny invested in France. If M. Fallieres wishes to renew diplomatic relations he must take the necessary steps. His brother president bears no malice, and will be ready to receive his advances with affability. He has indeed a special predilection for France. Was not Napoleon her ruler, and does not President Castro as a soldier, venerate the memory of that man?"

"AN INTERNATIONAL NUISANCE."

"For Bolivar also he has the deepest admiration, but his innate sincerity compels him to submit that Bolivar's achievements will be raised in history below his own. The 'Liberator' drove out the Spaniards. The task of the 'Restorer' is to expel the cosmopolitan capitalist, in Venezuela, Colombia, Bolivia, and Ecuador the economic life of the country is in the hands of strangers. The 'Restorer' intends to make them loosen their grasp—and to keep their money 'why,' he exclaims, 'it is impossible not to admire his very real ability and courage, or not to laugh at his amazing arrogance. The message in which he belauds himself and his sway, and assures the world with all the extravagance of Spanish-American rhetoric that he has made Venezuela great, glorious, and free are masterpieces of imprudent mendacity. But the man is not only a ruthless and greedy tyrant at home, he has long been an international nuisance, and sooner or later, by one power or by another, that nuisance will have to be abated.'"

EXPUNDED HIS VIEWS.

"He has recently expounded to a representative of the Matin his views on things in general. They may be studied with profit and with amusement by those who care to understand the character of the civilization and the politics of certain South American Republics. France is one of the many countries with which President Castro's government have a difference. Two years and a half ago they took possession of the property of a French telegraph company, on the pretext that

DO EXHIBITIONS PAY?

The Franco-British is by far the biggest exhibition seen in London for many years past. Buildings alone have cost \$2,500,000. The colonies have spent over \$1,500,000 on exhibits, an immense sum of money has been laid out in digging the great lagoon, in making four miles of railway, fifteen miles of roads and walks, laying out thirty miles of drains, and installing over half a million electric lights.

It is safe to say that fully ten million dollars were spent in transforming these 140 acres of wilderness into a pleasant paradise before the gates were opened. London has only had one loss. The exhibition of 1882, of which the balance-sheet showed a deficit. The loss, however, was only about \$50,000. The first great International Paris Exhibition of 1889 showed a profit of \$24,500, but that of 1875 was a terrible fiasco from a financial point of view. The management had to bow to the loss of over six million dollars. Over 48,000,000 people visited the Paris Exhibition of 1900, yet there was a loss of \$200,000. Chicago made a profit of \$1,400,000 on her tremendous International show of 1893. The heaviest loss of any great exhibition occurred at Vienna in 1872.

The promoters found themselves ten million dollars out of pocket. If over one million people outside London visit the Franco-British Exhibition it is safe to say that London as a whole, will be at least fifteen million dollars the richer.

SELLS ESTATE IN LIMERICK.

Earl of Devon Sells 25,000 Acres to His Tenants.

DUBLIN, July 25.—After considerable delay, caused by the negotiations over various matters in dispute, the Earl of Devon has consented to sell his large estate in the west of the county of Limerick to the tenants of the various holdings on the property. The lands consist of some 25,000 acres, run into several parishes, and there are 1,000 to 1,100 tenants in occupation. The landlord reserves the demesne lands, and the land of the town of Newcastle West, situated on the property. Non-tenants are to be sold by the sale to receive a reduction of 8 shillings in the pound on the present rents, first term tenants 6 shillings 6 pence in the pound and second term tenants 5 shillings in the pound. The conditions of sale have been ratified for the landlord and tenants, but the people of Newcastle West are agitating to have the township and demesne land included, and it remains with the Estate Commissioners to decide if they will accede to the demand.

DIARRHOEA

There is no need of anyone suffering long with this disease, for to effect a quick cure it is only necessary to take a few doses of

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

In fact, in most cases one dose is sufficient. It never fails and can be relied upon in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is equally valuable for children and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. In the world's history no medicine has ever met with greater success.

PRICE THIRTY-FIVE CENTS.

Every Woman

about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Spray. It is the only one that does it.

At your druggist for it. It is a V. I. P. spray, so you need never be embarrassed. It is a V. I. P. spray, so you need never be embarrassed. It is a V. I. P. spray, so you need never be embarrassed.

DISTRIBUTION: THE VAGINAL SPRAY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.