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St. Peters Bote.



The oldest Catholic newspaper of Saskatchewan, recommended by Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal of Prince Albert and † Most Rev. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, and published by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Saskatchewan, Canada.

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The Wake Of The War

BRUSSELS, Mar. 23.—Advices from Brussels say that the government has provisionally approved the proposal of Emperor Charles and of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand.

BRUSSELS, Mar. 23.—A. T. Pogany has become president of the new revolutionary government in Hungary.

BRUSSELS, Mar. 23.—19 merchant ships have already cleared Hamburg to be delivered to the Allies. In Bremen the seamen are allowed to leave.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 24.—The War Department announces that 500,000 American soldiers have returned to America. 1,500,000 men are still in Europe.

LONDON, Mar. 24.—The Secretary of the Food Controller has announced that no food has yet been sent to the unoccupied parts of France, and that none will be sent until Germany has fulfilled preliminary financial and shipping terms.

PARIS, Mar. 25.—Wilson, Clemenceau, and George, and the other Allies are a super-council, which will discuss on all important peace questions before they come before the conference.

LONDON, Mar. 25.—Churchill has stated that the situation in the East is dangerous and that soldiers on the point of demobilization have been appealed to continue service.

COPENHAGEN, Mar. 25.—The Danish Commission at Spa has informed the German Government to send a financial commission of men to Versailles.

PARIS, Mar. 26.—In an interview with the Berlin correspondent the Temps, Dernburg stated that Germany is determined to stick closely to Wilson's 14 points making peace.

LONDON, Mar. 26.—Over 100,000 Canadian soldiers have now returned to the British Isles. Only 56,000 Canadians now remain in France.

PARIS, Mar. 26.—The Italian delegation notified the Conference at the blockade in the Adriatic has been lifted, though, until peace is declared merchant vessels must submit to search by warships.

LONDON, March 27.—A Vienna dispatch says that Italian troops have entered Raab in Hungary. 7000 Italians are in Pressburg.

LONDON, March 27.—A Hungarian wireless message says that peace reigns in Hungary and that not a single person was killed or wounded in bringing about the revolution.

TOKIO, March 27.—A mass meeting of residents here adopted a resolution against any league covenant which does not contain a clause abolishing racial discrimination. Other resolutions oppose the abolition of conscription and prohibition of Japan's acquisition of Germany's rights on the Shantung peninsula.

LONDON, March 28.—An Order-in-Council has deprived the Duke of Albany, cousin of King

George, the Duke of Cumberland, cousin of King Edward, and Viscount Taaffe, member of an ancient Irish family, of their British peerages. All three were royal dukes of Great Britain. They served with the German forces during a part of the war.

BERLIN, March 28.—The allies last Wednesday submitted a demand that the Polish division under Gen. Haller be permitted to pass through Danzig. The note added that a refusal would be regarded as a breach of the armistice. The German government answered that according to the armistice it was obliged only to grant the allied forces free access to the Vistula to maintain order in the territory of former Russia. There could be no question of Polish troops.

PARIS, March 28.—The Germans are increasing the garrison of Danzig.

LONDON, March 28.—Reuter reports from Paris that the U. S. peace delegates incline to side with the British delegates in their rejection of a Polish corridor through Prussia to Danzig.

WARSAW, March 29.—The Polish chamber of deputies voted unanimously for a treaty of alliance with the entente powers.

LONDON, March 29.—The allies have demanded the resignation of the Hungarian soviet government and the election of a Hungarian national assembly under the supervision of the allied troops.

AMSTERDAM, March 30.—In response to Germany's note on the subject of Danzig, Marshal Foch has offered to give personally, at Spa, to a German plenipotentiary, fully empowered, to decide within 24 hours, full particulars and required guarantees concerning the landing of Gen. Haller's troops. The German government has decided to send Matthias Erzberger as plenipotentiary.

PARIS, March 30.—The Council of four has given fresh consideration to the question of the Saar Valley and it is believed that the council has virtually settled upon a plan to permit Germany to retain political sovereignty, while France will be given economical control of the mineral sources in that section for a limited time.

PARIS, March 30.—The "Intransigent" prints the report that the indemnity which Germany must pay, for the damages of the war has been fixed at a figure between 150,000,000,000 and 250,000,000,000 francs. The yearly payments will increase as Germany's economic life revives.

elevator in Port Arthur is practically certain, said Hon. G. Langley, vice-president of the company and minister of agriculture in Saskatchewan.

—Influenza has broken out again in several districts in the southeast part of the province, according to reports received in the city.

MOOSE JAW.—The police commissioners have decided to advertise for a policeman for the local force and the clerk has been instructed to advertise the position with an initial salary of \$95 a month.

HANLEY.—E. Tjensvold, a farmer near Hanley, was exhibiting a curiosity in town. He had a small pig with two noses and three eyes. One eye was right in the centre of the forehead and the other in their proper places.

SASKATOON.—The C. N. R. will build extensive engineering shops in Saskatoon as part of the development of that city as district headquarters for Saskatchewan.

Alberta

EDMONTON.—The city police formed themselves into a union. They have notified the police commissioners of their action. No opposition on the part of the commission is expected.

—Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture, in an address to the legislature, announced that the provincial government had decided upon establishing three more agricultural schools in the southern part of the province and that each school would be situated on a demonstration farm.

British Columbia

VICTORIA.—News of the capture near Pouche Coupe of Hans Christianson, charged with the murder of his partner, Harry Holtmeyer, was received at the provincial police headquarters.

REVELSTOCK.—Two Chinese section men employed on the C. P. R. were instantly killed near Glacier when struck by a train.

VANCOUVER.—Pleading guilty to four charges of illegally importing liquor into British Columbia, the Western Canada Liquor Co. paid fines of \$1,000 on each count.

NORTH VANCOUVER.—The finding of a jar of liquor on the premises of M. B. Martinson, police commissioner for North Vancouver, in a search conducted by the police has caused a sensation. It is alleged that since the premises are used for an office and residence purposes, the liquor was there illegally. Martinson is head of the prohibition movement in North Vancouver.

Manitoba

WINNIPEG.—According to the figures contained in the bulletin issued by the city health department for the months of October, November and December, which deals nearly exclusively with the Spanish influenza epidemic, a total of 14,029 cases were reported to the civic medical authorities and 1,057 died of the disease, while 96 people succumbed to complications following an attack of influenza, bringing the total of deaths to 1,153.

—A man named M. Suggat, was sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary by Chief Justice Mathers. He was found guilty of assaulting a young girl. The judge stated that under the criminal code he might have sentenced the man to death.

—After being in session since Jan. 23, the 4th session of the 15th legislature, prorogued on March 14, 130 bills out of 152 introduced, passed the house.

—Hundreds of divorce cases in Manitoba await crown authority to proceed. The question of jurisdiction has been appealed to the privy council and until the finding is handed down no action will be taken in the Manitoba courts.

—Bricklayers demand \$1.25 an hour and contractors offer 90 cents, and both parties refuse to make concessions.

—The ten-year-old daughter of Fred Ford was instantly killed by a shot from a rifle in the hands of her 15 year-old brother. The bullet pierced her heart.

DAUPHIN.—For some time past illicit stills have been in operation here, and as a result considerable liquor was being sold. The inland revenue department got busy, and a number of parties were put under arrest. Several stills of a domestic pattern were seized. The liquor produced was found in some cases to be 38 per cent overproof.

THE PAS.—The influenza wave among the outlying Indian tribes has subsided, excepting at Moose Lake, where, out of 114 cases 13 died. It is estimated that the total Indian deaths since the beginning of the wave is 450.

—Mushing 1,100 miles with an insane Indian lashed to his sleigh Sgt. Thompson, of the R.N.W.M. P. arrived here from Trout Lake, near Hudson Bay. The sergeant left Port Nelson on Jan. 21 to capture the Indian, who was reported to have run away and destroyed the mission house and other buildings at Trout Lake.

Ontario

OTTAWA.—Entry to Canada of immigrants of German, Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian or Turkish races or nationality has been prohibited except with the permission of the minister of immigration and colonization.

—Canada's estimated population today is 8,835,000, according to an answer given to Mr. Tobin in the house of commons. The population last census was 7,206,643.

—The late Sir Wilfrid Laurier's will is to be entered for probate. It is understood that he left an estate valued at about \$160,000 and that practically the sole beneficiary is Lady Laurier.

TORONTO.—A board of inquiry was appointed to inquire into charges of the chief inspector here that thousands of dollars are missing from the headquarters funds in St. John, N. B. The scandal threatens officers high in Canadian life.

—Judgment has been given by Justice Rose, dismissing the actions of various restaurant proprietors, who sued the city for damages, arising out of the returned soldier riots in August last.

—Mrs. Susannah Maxwell, of Richmond Hill, Ont., is 114 years old. She was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

BELLEVILLE.—Mrs. Eliza Brooker, widow of George Brooker, celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth. She has four children living, thirteen grandchildren, eighteen great grandchildren and one great great grandchild.

KINGSTON.—Mrs. L. Thomson, of Kennebec, was committed for trial on the charge of murdering her two-weeks' old baby. Dr. W. T. Connell, who made a postmortem of the body of the child, stated that it had been suffocated by a handkerchief being stuffed in its mouth.

Quebec

MONTREAL.—Julius Zazefsky was sentenced in the court of King's bench to be hanged on July 11 next. Zazefsky was found guilty by the jury after 15 minutes deliberation of having murdered a Polish patriot named Peter Dushent.

Nova Scotia

SYDNEY.—While the police were attending a shack fire purposely started in a distant part of the town, a gang of men armed with sledge hammers, crowbars and other implements, stormed the police station at New Waterford and made off with several wagon-loads of liquor.

United States News

WASHINGTON.—Between 500 and 600 Germans no longer considered dangerous will be released on parole from internment camps at Fort Oglethorpe and Fort Douglas within the next two weeks.

—In accordance with the so-called "daylight saving law" clocks were set one hour ahead at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, March 30th.

—Decision of the War Department to proceed with the purchase of the sites of 15 army camps, and 13 balloon and flying fields, was announced.

—Experts of the Department of Agriculture predict that pork products are going to keep on soaring in view of existing conditions. The wholesale price for pork has risen \$2.00 per 100 pounds since the minimum price on hogs was revoked two weeks ago.

—Exports of foodstuffs from the United States to the Allies, Neutrals, Belgium relief, Red Cross and A. E. F. during 1918 amounted to 5,005,987,910 pounds.

—Officials put the number of major amputation cases in the U.S. forces at 3,634. Of these 2,308 were cases in which arms and legs were amputated, and 736, hands, feet, two or more fingers.

—Differences between the management of the Postal Telegraph

and Cable Co. and Postmaster General Burleson culminated in an order by the postmaster general summarily relieving the chief officers, directors and owners of the Postal Co. from all duties in connection with government operation of their system.

—Edward D. White, Chief Justice of the U. S., has completed 25 years' service on the Supreme Court bench. He is a Catholic and a graduate of the Jesuit College in Georgetown, D. C.

—Mr. D. I. Murphy, U. S. Consul General at Sofia, Bulgaria, is on his way home. He is about seventy years old. He is a well-known Catholic.

DES MOINES, Ia.—The house concurred in the senate resolution amending the state constitution to allow full suffrage for women.

NEW YORK.—Mr. Jos. Frey, president of the Central Society, a national organization of Catholics, passed to his reward at his home in New York City. His death followed a lingering illness. Mr. Frey was born in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany, in 1854, and, when a young boy, came to America. He was educated in the parochial schools and was instrumental in the introduction and perfection of the manufacture of materials for artificial flowers in this country. He was very conspicuous in Catholic social activities, having been a member of the Central Society's special committee on social reform, director of the Leo House, and president of the New York State League of German-American Catholic societies. In 1909 he was leader of the first Central Society pilgrimage to Rome, and was received in special audience by Pope Pius X, who conferred the honor of Knight of St. Gregory upon him at the national convention in Toledo, Ohio, in 1912. For the past eight years he had been president of the Central Society.

TOPEKA, Kan.—Both houses of the Kansas Legislature have defeated a bill offered by Senator Scheb, providing "for the inspection of all public or private hospitals, reformatory homes, houses of detention, convicts, asylums, sectarian seminaries, schools of institutions by commissioners of this county in which such institutions are situated, or by any person or persons appointed by a judge of a court of record, upon petition signed by twenty persons of said county."

AUSTIN, Texas.—According to "The Southern Messenger," the Texas legislature has rejected a bill banning foreign languages and providing that all private or parochial schools shall be affiliated with the public school system, and licensed by the state superintendent of public instruction.

OAKLAND, Cal.—Mrs. George Greenwood, wife of the vice-president of the Savings Union Bank and Trust Company, of San Francisco, was instantly killed by a bomb explosion in the garden of the family home overlooking Lake Merritt in the residential district of this city.

Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA.—Farmers in Saskatchewan will commence the seeding season with a shortage of about 2,000 laborers, according to estimates made by T. M. Molloy, provincial commissioner of labor.

—The erection of a two million bushel addition to the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company's