

let a diuretic ball be occasionally administered. If the discharge be copious and fetid, apply to the heels, by means of pledgets of tow and linen bandages, an ointment composed of this powder and oil, and keep it on for 2 or 3 days; during which time a dose of physic may be given. Let his food consist of bran mashes. As soon as the dressings shall have been removed, the animal ought to be exercised for two hours, the heels afterwards wiped dry, and the liniment again applied, unless the discharges have ceased: in which case the powder sprinkled upon the part, as above recommended, and a diuretic or two, will complete the cure. Should the case require a repetition of the liniment, purgative pills, are preferable to diuretics.

Of Horses that have thrushes, lower the heels, that the frog may be on a level with the heels of the shoe, pair out the cleft, with a small drawing knife, so as to cut away the ragged parts of it, and introduce a little of the astringent powder daily, at the evening stable hour. If heat be perceptible in the foot, a dose of physic may be given at the same time.

**No. 12. Ophthalmic Powder.** This Powder is composed of Sugar lead two drams, Turmeric half a dram. So long as the eyes appear red and angry, nothing but cold water should be made use of to them, with which they ought to be kept continually wet. At the same time, if there be much inflammation, take four or five quarts of blood from that side of the neck corresponding to the affected eye, or from both sides should both eyes be bad.

When the inflammation has abated, sponge the eyes and eyelids with a Lotion, made by dissolving a quarter of an ounce of this Powder in a quart of cold spring water, several times in the course of the day. Should it be found necessary to draw blood, a dose of physic is recommended. In every case of bleeding, the horse should be kept quiet, without exercise.

**No. 13. Blistering Liquid.** This liquid is composed of Cantharides four ounces, and Linseed oil a pint and a half. For sore throat, and jogged swellings in glanders or farcy; for inflammation of the lungs, and inflammation of the bowels, the Blistering Liquid is a proper application.

For sprains, splints, old strains, corbs, ringbones, windgalls, thoroughpins, and other enlargements of joints that have no heat in them, and swellings in general which will not yield to simple remedies, this liquid may likewise be used.—Let a small quantity of it be well rubbed in with the hand; without the hair being cut off; and let the same be repeated at the expiration of six hours should it not have taken effect. About one table-spoon-full of this mixture is sufficient for the throat, 2 for the leg, 3 for the side of the chest, and so on.

**No. 14.—Turpentine Liniment.**—This Liniment is composed of equal parts of Spirits of Turpentine, and Linseed oil.

In cases of sore throat, and cough, this liniment will be found very useful, as well as in cases of inflammation of the lungs and fever, where the legs are cold, making use at the same time of flannel bandages, and repeating the liniment every two or three hours, until they become warm.

Half an ounce will be found sufficient for a leg, or for the throat, and requires to be well rubbed in.

**No. 15.—Turpentine Ointment.**—It is composed of equal parts of common Turpentine and Hog's lard.

This Ointment is the best application that can be made use of in cases of treads or wounds on the coronet, between hair and hoof; a small quantity is to be spread upon a pledget of tow and bound on with a bandage. It is likewise a good dressing for broken knees or curs, and to promote the action of rowels.

**No. 16.—Black Oil.**—It is composed of Olive oil one pint, Spirits of Turpentine half a pint, and Acid vitriol two drams.

In recent wounds, such as broken knees or other lacerated wounds, this will be found a good dressing to promote healthy and speedy granulation. It may be applied to extensive wounds by means of a feather, and in cases of broken knees, a pledget of tow is to be bound on with a tail bandage.

It is likewise a good application for sitfasts, produced by the pressure of the saddle.

**No. 17. Hoof Ointment.** This Ointment is composed of Tar and Train oil equal parts.

This ointment is intended for brittle feet, or such as have sand cracks. By mixing one part of the ointment with two of train oil, it forms a good application for mange.

**DESTROY YOUR WEEDS.**—Every farmer should be up and doing, be active and vigilant in waging a war of extermination against weeds of every name and nature, from the Canada thistle to the insignificant chickweed, that is a grievous annoyance in our garden.

#### BARN YARDS.

As the most economical, leaving the stock and conserving the depth of ten inches or turf from the And I am strong the lime, ashes, coming spring. 7 yard, and the m over the whole, ted to come into of the cattle during made fit to apply quantity and value dry yard for stock Such farmers might

**EXTRACTING** stump clearing, a timber, say fifteen the stump, and to the stump, and ch in the air, let the tongue of which a oxen along, and t garden.

**TO PREVENT M** lay the butt end o stack settle for a the air into the ha tance around the

**SCIENCE OF ME** more work than b 1st. The scythe order.

2d. As you appr the very point o work. There is stands up so as to city forward of yo up towards the st bending the knees on the scythe wi thus giving ease to

**TAR THE SHEEP** troublesome to sh young worms ascen causing death, unle destruction. The b

Tar is considere will be avoided. T in troughs in a sh perform the operati side, and bore in so in these holes, and

Sheep suffer muc often run with the or they will run th for this purpose son sheep in hot weath

The application sheep otherwise th colds and other diso

**WATER FOR CALV** know, viz:—that ca supposed the milk But in changing my trough, and drank h