Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

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TWENTY-TH[illegible] EAR — EIGHT PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING JULY 4 1902—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room
1Jan03
SENATE PO[illegible]

PREMIER WOULD GO DOWN UNDER AN HONEST COUNT

The Time Has Come When the Voice of the People Must Be Heard.

LEADER WHITNEY IN TORONTO

Cheered By the Turn Events Have Taken—Lennox and North Grey Appeals.

Opposition Leader Whitney arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, and is at the Queen's, where he will probably remain over Saturday. Mr. Whitney was in excellent spirits and immensely pleased at the turn that things have taken in the political situation of the province. He is even more confident now that the Conservative party will come out on top.

The Voice of the People.

"The time has come," he said to a World reporter, "when the voice of the people must be heard. We have a popular majority of 7000, and evidence that is cropping up every day goes to prove that an organized attempt was made to steal and deface the ballots all over the province. There is very little doubt, however, what the result will be. Facts are coming to the surface in constituency after constituency, and they clearly show that, in spite of the great organization put up against the Conservative party, and in spite of the money freely spent, the government would have been defeated if there had been an honest count of the ballots.

"As for the bye-elections," continued Mr. Whitney, "they ordinarily and unfortunately in Ontario and in Canada, too, generally go with the government. But in a case like the present, where the overwhelming voice of the people has manifested a strong desire for a change, they should not."

The North Grey Appeal.

"With regard to North Grey the remark of Judge Maclennan about the four ballots alleged to have been tampered with, may be easily understood when it is considered that he spoke of the matter as it was before him—he had nothing but the ballots, and none of the declarations that have been made. If it is assumed that the ballots in question were marked with a second cross by the men who cast them their intention must have been to destroy them. They might have done this in half a dozen other ways a great deal more effectively, and it is strange to say the least that they all hit on the same method of destroying the ballots. However, further proceedings will be taken and matters will undoubtedly be cleared up."

No Surprise in Lennox.

Speaking of the result in Lennox Mr. Whitney said that as far as he had heard no one had expressed the least surprise at the turn things had taken.

In answer to a question he expressed the firm opinion that no government could carry on business with such a small majority as the Ross administration had. He had no doubt that, in Great Britain, under similar circumstances a government would immediately resign.

SAILED FROM LIVERPOOL.

Canada's Coronation Contingent Heading This Way on Tunisian.

Liverpool, July 3.—A portion of the contingent of Canadian troops sent to England to take part in the coronation festivities is returning home on the Allan Line steamer Tunisian, which sailed for Montreal to-night at 6 o'clock.

The soldiers were accorded an enthusiastic reception here this afternoon, and were entertained at lunch by the Lord Mayor in the Town Hall.

The Adjutant-General conveyed to the troops the entire satisfaction of Her Majesty the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales and the Commander-in-Chief, Lord Roberts, at the neat appearance and soldierly bearing of the men on all occasions.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

Annual Convention Opened in St. John Yesterday.

St. John, N.B., July 3.—All the delegates to the National Council of Women of Canada have arrived, and to-morrow the council will be formally opened at the York Theatre for the transaction of business.

This afternoon the ladies of the St. John Golf Club served tea at the club house, the event being slightly marred by rain. This evening His Worship Mayor and Mrs. White entertained at a public reception in honor of the visiting delegates. The York Theatre was beautifully decorated in honor of the event and the function was marked by brilliancy, the assemblage of so many notable women representing many callings, philanthropic and educational interests, lending eclat to the affair.

MEMORIAL TO FRANCIS GALLOW.

Portrait of Deceased Well-Known Mason Unveiled.

A beautiful portrait of the late V. W. Bro. Francis Gallow has been added to the collection of paintings of prominent Masons, which adorn the Masonic quarters in Temple Building.

The portrait was presented to the members of Reheboam Lodge, No. 65, at their monthly meeting, held last night, by Bro. Andrew Park. Rev. Bro. A. B. Chambers received the portrait on behalf of the lodge, and testified to the many good qualities of the late Bro. Gallow, who was, with one exception, at the time of his death, the oldest living past master of Reheboam Lodge. Short speeches were also made by Bros. Angus McBean, George H. Mitchell and E. H. Briggs. The lodge was honored by a fraternal visit from Rev. Bro. G. B. Hamilton of Tecumseth Lodge, Stratford.

Cool Shirts for summer wear. New designs and materials. Harcourt & Son, 57 King-street West. 135

LOCAL TOPICS.

John Cuthbert, late Mine Host at Pickering, residing now at 13 Alice-street, owns the duck that laid the famous double egg, which E. Jackson of 26 Alice-street considers a wonder.

A very enjoyable dinner was given at the Arlington Hotel on Wednesday evening by Judge and Mrs. Moss. Among those present were Judge Britton, Kingston; Mr. C. A. Moss and wife, and also their daughters and sons.

The Cadet Battalion band, under the direction of R. Richardson, will play in Allan Gardens this evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Children playing with matches caused a fire at 124 Claremont-street, occupied by Richard Russell, about 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Damage to the extent of $25 resulted.

ENGINE AND CARS DERAILED

Switch Opened on the C.N.R. Near Winnipeg and a Train Left the Track.

FOUR MEN SLIGHTLY INJURED

Reward for Arrest of the Culprits—Company Claims Only a Few Men Are on Strike.

Winnipeg, July 3.—There is considerable excitement in C.N.R. circles in connection with the strike. Last night three wires connecting Winnipeg with St. Paul were cut at some points, and shortly after midnight the switch at Portage Junction, about three miles south of the city was maliciously opened in such a way that a train going in either direction would leave the track. The result was the derailing of an engine and six cars. Four men were injured, but none seriously.

General Superintendent Hanna has offered a reward of $500 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the guilty parties in the above case, and a reward of the same amount will be given by him for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who may in any way interfere or tamper with the property of the C.N.R. He charges that the wreck was caused by strikers.

Only a Few Men Out.

Further light was thrown upon the situation of the strike on the Canadian Northern Railway yesterday by a telegram received by Mr. Phillips, the local agent of that railway. The telegram was as follows: "There were not more than 150 men out; of this number at least fifty per cent. have returned to work. Trouble is dissolving, and we expect to be moving business under normal conditions within twenty-four hours." The message is signed by the traffic manager in Winnipeg.

NEARLY SEVEN HUNDRED HORSES

Will Be Sold By Auction at Exhibition Grounds Next Tuesday.

It is a sight of unusual interest which is to be witnessed any day now at Exhibition grounds. Nearly 700 horses are quartered there, awaiting their turn to be sold at the beginning of next week. These horses were purchased by Lieut.-Col. Dent for the British army remount service before peace was declared in South Africa. Mr. W. K. Harkness, who is looking after them for the government, instructed Auctioneer C. M. Henderson to sell them, commencing next Tuesday. Lieut.-Col. Dent will be present at the sale. Arrangements have been made for the cars of the Toronto Railway Company to go direct to the grounds on the days during which the sale will take place.

A visit to the grounds to see so many horses is really worth while.

BASS FISHING EXTRAORDINARY

Long Bay Point, Port Rowan, Lake Erie, is Making a Record.

Off Long Bay Point, Port Rowan, Lake Erie, black, green and rock bass are so plentiful that the American fish companies are sending from half a ton to a ton a day to Buffalo and other American cities. As usual Toronto is not in it. Yet bass is to-day wholesaled at Port Rowan at seven to eight cents a pound. Messrs. Kilmaster and Mabee of Port Rowan, with commendable enterprise, have this year done something towards giving Torontonians and others the benefit of the fishing, fresh air, boating and scenery of Long Bay Point. Their fine new hotel, the "Bay Cliff," overlooking Lake Erie, off the point, on the most picturesque situation, opened on the first. It is a brand new three-storey hotel magnificently furnished thruout, and has without question the very best isolated gas installation in Canada, if not indeed in America. No expense has been spared by the proprietors in providing fixtures and generators of the latest and best designs. Practically everyone for miles round drove to the Bay Cliff on the evening of Dominion Day to witness the grand illumination at the opening, and the 110 brilliant Siche Gas Lights were pronounced by all to exceed the most sanguine anticipations, turning night into day all over the magnificent premises. Mr. L. R. Arnett, inspector of the Siche Co., was congratulated freely on the perfect installation and gratifying performance of the Siche Machine, its even white unvarying light, of unrivalled softness, but supreme intensity, putting the local electrics quite in the shade.

A still larger machine than the one at Port Rowan is now on the cars in transit to Regina, N.W.T., having been purchased by the Dominion government for the Industrial School there, after being most rigidly inspected and approved by probably the most competent and practical engineer holding an inspector's position in the Dominion.

Mr. Arnett brought some nice bass home with him as trophies, and was yesterday exhibiting them to admiring friends at the Siche Office in the Rossin House block, Toronto.

Try the Decanter at Thomas.

PEACE IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Washington, July 3.—The President has formally declared the restoration of peace in the Philippine Archipelago; he has placed the islands under complete civil control and has extended general amnesty to the Filipinos who have been in rebellion.

Huron Old Boys' Excursion to Seaforth. Saturday, July 5th. Fare, $1.60 return, good for 8 days. Everybody welcome.

Going to South Africa.

Captain J. Thrift Burnside of the 48th Highlanders, and professor of drawing at the School of Practical Science, is leaving Toronto next week for Cape Town, to join the South African Frontier Force. Capt. Burnside is a graduate of Varsity, and is well known in sporting circles, having been at one time captain of the crack University football team. His departure from Toronto will be regretted by a host of friends, with whom he is very popular.

Clear Havana Cigar La Arrow 10c, for 5c straight. Alive Bollard Yonge St.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Public School Cadets' Band, Allan Gardens, 8 p.m.
Vaudeville at Hanlan's Point, 3 and 8 p.m.
Vaudeville at Munro Park, 3 and 8 p.m.

INSPECTOR HUGHES MUST GO

Says It Would Be to His Personal Disadvantage to Retain Position as Inspector.

HELD UNDER A RIGID CONTRACT

From Which He Unsuccessfully Endeavored to Be Released—School Board Accepts.

Just when every member of the Public School Board was well primed to a confident anticipation of a lively debate on the matter of the resignation of Inspector Hughes, at the regular meeting of the board last evening, the ground for any discussion that there might have been was wholly swept away by a letter which was read from the Inspector, who occupied his seat on the right of the secretary.

The letter was as follows:

Toronto, July 3, 1902.

To the Chairman and Members of the Toronto Public School Board:

Gentlemen,—I informed the Management Committee at its last meeting that I was not free to say that I could remain in the service of the board, however my position might be improved by any resolutions that might be adopted. I told the committee that I had signed a contract for three years before I resigned, and that it would be to my personal disadvantage if I remained in my position as inspector, but that my friends on the School Board and in the city generally, and especially the teachers, had been so earnest in their requests that I should withdraw my resignation, that I had decided to do so provided I could get released from the contract which I had made. When the Management Committee passed the resolution at its last meeting recommending that my resignation be not accepted, I took steps to secure a release from my contract, but I have learned to-day that this is not possible. I have, therefore, no course left but to request you to accept my resignation.

It was not an easy matter for me to resign my position in the first place, but it is now much more trying to part from the members of the board, who have so clearly proved themselves to be my friends; and to give up the leadership of the teachers who have so enthusiastically shown their loyalty to me. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant.

(Signed) James L. Hughes."

Resignation Accepted.

The clause in the report of the Management Committee "that the resignation be not accepted" was consequently referred back to the committee without discussion, to be substituted by a clause that will meet the requirements of the case, accepting of course the resignation as requested in the letter.

A rather protracted debate took place over an objection taken by Trustee Levee to the passing of a clause in the Management Committee's report granting leave of absence for the month of September to Miss L. A. Brown of the Victoria Industrial School. He thought it a bad precedent to establish of granting leave of absence of more than one month at a time, and in this particular case he had reason to believe that the young lady in question was not ill but was taking an extended tour in Europe.

Trustees Godfrey and others questioned the propriety of such a statement in view of the fact that the young lady presented a doctor's certificate.

After the certificate was read to the board the clause was adopted.

Carpenters' Wages.

Trustee Scott moved a suspension of the rules to introduce his notice of motion that the same hours prevail with the carpenters employed by the board, as settled by the Carpenters' Union.

The motion was lost upon division, and the matter was referred to the Management Committee.

Name for New School.

Trustee Scott gave notice of motion that the new school on Bathurst-street be known as "The King Edward VII. School." Referred to Management Committee.

Trustee Buck, whose presence after a spell of illness was hailed with applause, moved that the ordinary repairs be carried on during the summer months.

The advisability of this course was questioned by some of the board in view of them having no money at present at their command, but the motion finally prevailed.

The chairman read the judgment of the Court of Appeal in their litigation with the City Council, and on motion it was decided to embody the judgment in the minutes of the meeting.

Echo of Hughes Trouble.

Trustee Noble's motion to rescind a former resolution that inspectors, officials and caretakers be not paid for time absent except for the cause of sickness was lost upon a narrow vote, and not before the mover and Trustee Douglas had exchanged some pretty warm remarks. The former pointed out that the resolution as it stood was a small affair, and seemed to have been passed because Trustee Douglas seemed to have got it into his head that Inspector Hughes was not devoting his whole time to his duty to the board.

Trustee Douglas emphatically denied this, stating that it was simply with a view of putting every one receiving a salary from the board on the same level in regard to being paid when absent.

The tender of E. Rogers & Co. for the supply of coal was accepted. It was: Straitsville soft coal, $4.63; Pittsburg soft coal, $4.73; hard grate coal, $6.10; egg coal, $6.30; stove coal, $6.30; nut coal, $6.30. The tender was the lowest.

Cook's Turkish and Steam Baths. Bath and Bed $1, or private room $1 50

Robbery on Empress-Crescent.

Toronto is infested with a bad gang of burglars, who commenced to operate here on Dominion Day, and have since been hard at work. Reports of several robberies have reached the police, and the detectives are very much on the alert to capture the thieves. The crooks made a good haul at 84 Empress-crescent on Tuesday, when they carried off all the silverware, and ransacked the place from cellar to garret. The robbery occurred while the inmates of the house were enjoying the holiday at the Island.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Get a copy of July 6th issue of The Toronto Sunday World and read Mr. Dooley on One Advantage of Poverty.

INVITED TO VISIT TORONTO.

The following letter was mailed yesterday touching the Joshua Sanford case:

Toronto, Ont., July 2, 1902:

To Messrs. John Carnie, E. D. Silcox, John Penman and D. Dunton, Paris Ont.:

Dear Sirs,—The citizens of Toronto desire to show their appreciation of the heroic conduct of those gentlemen who contributed to the relief of Joshua Sanford, and at the same time substantially aid the chief actor in the affair, toward the education which he appears to desire. The rent of Massey Hall for some evening has been guaranteed so that Mr. Sanford, accompanied by a number of those who assisted in his rescue, may appear at an early date, and the story of his experience in the well be told by himself. No preparation for such a narration will be necessary, the simple tale in the language of the young man being quite sufficient to arouse public interest without embellishment.

Not only Torontonians but thousands outside the city are anxious to hear his story. The indications are that a considerable sum could thus be raised to the end that Joshua Sanford may attain his education by his own exertion, maintaining the independent spirit for which he is noted. The undersigned have allowed themselves to be named as a committee to invite Joshua Sanford and his friends, who may desire to accompany him, to visit Toronto at a time to be named by you for the purpose of this lecture, the understanding being that all funds so raised be devoted to the education of Joshua Sanford.

Elias Rogers,
James D. Allan,
James L. Gordon,
Thos. C. Robinette, K.C.,
Paul Jarvis,
Committee.

Mr. Thomas C. Robinette, K. C., has consented to make some remarks on the occasion of the appearance of these gentlemen in Toronto, provided the Paris friends of Sanford and the young man desire to accept the invitation. The subject is attracting unusual attention in this section of the country, and the indications are that the attendance on this occasion will be very substantial evidence of the feeling in Joshua Sanford's interest.

FOREIGN POLICY CRITICIZED

Sir Charles Dilke Led the Liberal Hosts in Attacking Lansdowne's Administration.

ABSENCE OF A PRESIDING MIND

Shown in Negotiations With European Governments—The French Shore Difficulty.

London, July 3.—When the vote for the Foreign Office came up in the House of Commons this afternoon, the government's foreign policy came in for considerable criticism. Sir Charles Dilke (Advanced Radical) said he wanted to know if there had been any real negotiations with France, looking to the settlement of the French shore (Newfoundland) dispute, and he further declared that British recognition of French rights to the Hinterland of Tripoli endangered the traditional friendship of Great Britain and Italy. The new arrangements between France and Italy, he further asserted, had entirely upset the British situation in the Mediterranean and Eastern Europe. They had been made in order to put the screws on Great Britain. The feebleness of the government's policy in China showed the absence of a presiding mind.

Sir Charles also referred to the hostility to Russia involved in the Japanese alliance, and he advocates that a clear definition of the respective interests of Great Britain and Russia could possibly be secured by some sort of an arrangement with the Czar himself.

Continuing, Sir Charles asked if there was any secret understanding with Germany regarding her access to the Persian Gulf, and urged the fostering of friendship with France.

Sir Charles concluded with moving a reduction of the salary of the Foreign Secretary, Lord Lansdowne.

Thomas Gibson Bowles (Conservative), seconded the motion. He said he regretted the subserviency of the Foreign Office towards Germany, declaring that she was the disturbing influence in China, and that Emperor William's telegram to Mr. Kruger was largely responsible for the feeling which produced the Boer war.

During the course of a general reply, the Under Secretary for the Foreign Office, Lord Cranborne, declared that the great questions affecting Newfoundland were not being allowed to sleep. They were perpetually before the Foreign Office of both countries. The government would be exceedingly glad to settle the Newfoundland question, but it was very difficult because of a complexity of interests over which the British government had no control.

The question of the relations between Great Britain and Italy was very important, continued Lord Cranborne. Great Britain's international friendships were never aggressive, nor intended to be aggressive. Her friendship with Italy belonged to that class. It was based on something stronger than treaties, namely identity of interests and sympathies.

The agreement with Japan, Lord Cranborne asserted, was founded on mutual interests. Lord Cranborne further remarked that he did not believe China was likely to be misled by the advances of various powers. She knew it was the true policy of Great Britain to maintain the integrity of China, and increase her resources. He was not in the slightest afraid, therefore, of the small advantages which it was thought had been gained by other powers.

Lord Cranborne quoted the denial of German Imperial Chancellor Count Von Buelow that Germany had exclusive rights in Shan Tung, and claimed therefore that the door remained open.

MARCONIGRAMS EXCHANGED.

Rumor That Stations at Table Head and Cornwall Are in Touch.

Halifax, N.S., July 3.—An unconfirmed rumor is in circulation in Sydney to-night that Marconi wireless messages have been exchanged between the Table Head cable steamer and Cornwall, England. It is reported that the attempts made to transmit messages have been successful.

LAUNDRIES TO BE TAXED $50

Yearly License Fee Decided Upon to Go Into the Police Commissioners' New Bylaw.

PLAN TO CHASE THE CHINAMAN

Who Has Been Making Inroads Into the Business of the "White" Laundries in Toronto.

One substantial step in the effort of the "white" laundries to discourage Chinese competition in Toronto was made yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Civic Property Committee, when it was decided to place an annual tax of $50 on every laundry in Toronto. A large gathering of all classes of laundrymen was present at the meeting. A number of Chinese were interested spectators, and with the aid of a couple of clergymen made out a good case, but were unable to get a nominal license fee adopted. Some of the smaller "white" laundries are also worried over the outcome of the meeting.

The Police Commissioners framed a bylaw to regulate the license and inspection of laundries, and referred it to the Civic Property Committee to decide what the license fee should be.

Sore on the Chinese.

A. C. Fowler spoke for the "white" laundries. He did not think the Chinese laundries improved the beauty or the sanitary state of the city. The Chinese could work 24 hours a day, whereas the factory act only allowed employes of the steam laundries to work 60 hours a week. Further, he said the Chinese did not spend the money they made in Canada. Chinamen should not be countenanced here at all, he thought, as they kept employment from our own people. He cited how, in numerous instances, the United States had used every effort to discourage Chinese immigration. He said that in 1888 there were 48 "white" and 38 Chinese laundries in Toronto. In 1892 there were 41 "white" and 120 Chinese, and this year it was estimated that there were 41 "white" against 175 Chinese. Soon, he said, we would have a Chinese quarter like Victoria or San Francisco has.

They Keep Up Prices.

In answer to queries Mr. Fowler admitted that the Chinese laundries were keeping up the prices, but they lived in unsanitary buildings at low rent. Further, they do about a third of all the laundry work in Toronto and supplant about 1000 working people here. He thought a high license would chase them out, or at least prevent more of them coming here.

Championed the Chinese.

The Chinamen were not without friends. Robert Brown, on their behalf, said they were paying rents in many cases of over $20 a month, and in five cases where Chinamen are married in Toronto their homes are as comfortable as those of the average industrious citizen. The Chinese population of Toronto was about 300.

Rev. Dr. Mackay pleaded for the foreigners, and said it was not righteous to tax a laundry employing three men, at the same rate that a laundry employing over a hundred would be taxed. He thought they should pay according to equitable assessment. "If Chinamen go home from here they civilize many of their own people thru the Christian lessons they have got here," said Dr. Mackay.

The Secret of Their Success.

Ald. Spence could not make out why it was that people patronized the Chinese to the exclusion of the white people, and the answer was that the celestials are more careful with the collars and do better work.

Rev. A. B. Winchester made a strong plea for the yellow fellows while speaking as a citizen and not as a representative of the Chinese. He did not want to antagonize white labor, but the boasted freedom of British institutions demanded that any man obeying the laws should not be persecuted or driven out of the country. It would be unfair and un-British to turn out people who would obey the law. All the point of taxation of laundries was that sanitary measures should be strictly enforced.

Celestials' Ways Criticized.

S. Godbold spoke against the Chinamen, who, he said, did not calculate to become Canadian citizens, but lived in hovels as cheap as possible. They were arrayed against the white man and were doing nothing to build up the city. Asked by Ald. McMurrich how it was the Chinese got so much of the trade, Mr. Godbold said it was because they had so many stores where the workingman with the laundry parcel could drop in and leave it.

Ernest Harris, a Queen-street laundryman, said the small laundries could not pay the fee.

J. S. Williams pleaded for a sliding scale of taxes that would be fair to all.

A Chinese Orator.

Lew Mo Kee of 153 1-2 West Kingstreet made the most pointed speech of the afternoon. He said the reason the Chinamen were patronized was because the steam laundries were so hard on the garments entrusted to them. They had said the Chinamen did not spend money here. In refutation of this he exhibited his suit, for which he paid $20, his watch and chain, his shirt and tie, his shoes. Did the gentlemen think he sent to China for them? He would get married only he is not making enough to afford it.

Lew Mo Kee is a stylish and intelligent Chinaman. He was asked if it was true that Chinese laundries in Toronto were run by a combine. He denied that such was the case. A. W. Allen said there were 175 Chinese laundries in Toronto, but Lew offered to bet him $5 that he was wrong.

Straight Fee of $50.

Ald. Hall moved that the license fee be made $50 with an additional fee of $10 for each wagon after the first one. He said Chinamen should be taxed. Sunday school teachers solicited trade for them. He admired Rev. Dr. Mackay's solicitude for the foreigners, but he noticed that Chinamen do not interfere with the living of Dr. Mackay in the same way as they do with that of the white laundrymen.

Ald. Spence thought a fee that would cover cost of inspection—say $10, would be enough.

Ald. McMurrich thought a sub-committee should thoroly investigate it all.

After a lengthy discussion it was decided to make the fee $50 all round.

Huron Old Boys' Excursion to Seaforth. Saturday, July 5th. Fare, $1.60 return, good for 8 days. Everybody welcome.

FIRE ENGINES FOR MONTREAL.

Montreal, July 3.—The Fire Committee decided to-day to purchase two engines of 1200 gallons from the Waterous Engine Company of Brantford, the price being $6800 each.

KING IS GETTING BETTER PUBLIC FEEL SATISFIED

INCREASE OVER A MILLION

Customs Receipts of Port of Montreal Reached the Large Figure of $10,041,762.

31 PER CENT. OF WHOLE DOMINION

Seventy Per Cent. in Excess of Toronto—A Remarkable Ratio of Progression.

Montreal, July 3.—This will be a banner year for the Port of Montreal. Interviewed this morning respecting the results of the year's business at the Custom House, the collector, Mr. White, said: "We have just completed the heaviest year's work in the history of the port. Indeed, the results are beyond the most sanguine expectations formed twelve months ago, and so much in excess of my anticipation that I have ceased to venture any conjecture as to what the future may bring in the way of expansion. The year in which I entered the service, 1895, the revenue of the port barely touched $6,000,000, and in the two succeeding years the enlargement was not very large. In 1897 the upward trend set in; last year we topped the $9,000,000 mark, and this year our collections have reached the unprecedented sum of $10,041,762. That is to say, we have collected in duties a round million dollars, or 11 per cent. more than last year and 50 per cent. more than we collected five years ago, a very remarkable ratio of progression.

"There is another aspect of the figures not without interest locally, namely, the relation of commerce of Montreal to that of the whole Dominion, as exhibited by the customs returns. The total customs revenue of Canada will be in round figures, $32,000,000, of which this port contributes $10,000,000, or upwards of 31 per cent. In other words, about one-third of the import trade of Canada is centered in Montreal and about one-half of it passes thru this port. The second largest port is certainly doing a steadily increasing business, making material gain from year to year, but we are still nearly 70 per cent. in excess of Toronto in revenue collections, and well maintain our relative position."

CLEARS KING'S OAK MYSTERY.

Captain Dillon Says Tree in New York Victim of Revenge.

New York, July 3.—The Journal says: Acting Captain Dillon of the Tenderloin police station offers an explanation of the strange decay of the "King's Oak" in Central Park, which will shatter the beliefs of some superstitious persons who have seen a significant coincidence in the condition of the tree and the illness of Kng Edward.

"I was stationed in the Park for a long time," said the acting captain. "The King's oak was known to all the men, but there weren't many other people who knew the history of the tree until some paper printed a long story about its planting by the Prince of Wales.

"One morning I met a bunch of Irishmen going to work and an old fellow stopped behind and asked where the tree was. I pointed it out, and he asked what my name might be.

"'It might be Flanagan,' said I.

"'That's a good old Irish name,' he said.

"'D'ye mind taking a bit of a walk up the road?'

"'Why?' said I.

"'Then he gripped his shovel and whispered: 'I want just one crack of the shovel against that Sassenach oak.'

"He was disappointed terribly when I told him I would have to lock him up if he persisted in carrying out his idea.

"I heard afterward, however, that he told the rest of the gang just where that King's oak was. What they didn't do to that tree afterward isn't worth mentioning."

AN EDITOR IN TROUBLE.

Vancouver, July 3.—A Supreme Court warrant has been issued for the apprehension of William McAdams, editor of The Sandon Pay Streak, and he will be brought down a prisoner. McAdams, in an article in his paper a short time ago, charged the bench with grave crimes, and when cited to appear calmly ignored the summons. Now he will be placed under arrest.

Cook's Turkish and Steam Baths. Bath and Bed $1, or private room $1.50

No Smoking Tobacco Like It.

There is no tobacco sold in Canada just like "Clubb's Dollar Mixture"—there is just that noticeable difference. It has a delicious flavor, smokes cool and will positively not burn the tongue, and the price, well, it costs no more than the ordinary package kinds; 1-lb. tin, $1; 1-2-lb. tin, 50c; 1-4 lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c; at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King West.

Patents — Fetherstonhaugh & Co. King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

Business Men

Are invited to try the special 25c business lunch at the New Carlton, corner Richmond and Yonge-streets. Dining-room, newly furnished and remodeled. Strictly first-class.

A carriage for You—Want a carriage of any description? A good one? Telephone Main 3486—open all night. Dineen's Livery.

BIRTHS.

MACLEAN—On Thursday, July 3, 1902, at 4 Prince Arthur-avenue, the wife of J. M. Maclean, of a daughter, still born.

MARRIAGES.

CANN—BARKER—On Wednesday, June 25, 1902, at the residence of the bride's father, 78 Esther-street, by the Rev. John Pearson of Holy Trinity Church, James S. Cann, to Jennie, youngest daughter of John Barker of the Board of Works, both of Toronto.

DEATHS.

BENSON—At his late residence, 12 Metcalfe-street, Thomas H. Benson, in his 29th year.
Funeral Saturday at 3 p.m. to St. James' Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

MANNING—On Wednesday, July 2, at his late residence, 502 Parliament-street, R. Y. Manning of the People's Wholesale Supply Company in his 49th year.
Funeral Friday at 3 p.m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. No flowers.

WIATT—At Niagara-on-the-Lake, on Thursday, July 3, 1902, Thomas Halliday Watt, in his 80th year.
Funeral from his late residence Saturday at 3 p.m., to St. Mark's Cemetery.

KING IS GETTING BETTER PUBLIC FEEL SATISFIED

Bulletins Regarding His Majesty's Condition Will Soon Be Issued But Once a Day.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE RESTORED

Fijian Soldiers Make an Impressive Scene and Sing a Special Intercession Hymn.

London, July 3.—Everything points to a satisfactory if somewhat prolonged convalescence of the King. It is expected that the bulletins regarding his condition will soon be reduced to one a day. Only small crowds now haunt the bulletin boards at Buckingham Palace, which is an indication that public confidence has been restored. Only one physician now remains at the palace thruout the night, and all of His Majesty's doctors are able to attend to the more pressing portion of their private practices. Sir Frederick Treves absented himself from the palace to-day to attend the wedding of his only daughter to Major Delme Radcliffe.

A number of coronation guests left London to-day, including the Crown Prince of Norway and Prince Komatsu of Japan. Both were seen off by gatherings of distinguished persons at the station, where everyone seemed to be in high spirits with regard to the condition of the King.

Soldiers Are Curious.

Crowds of the soldiers now in London make daily pilgrimages to Buckingham Palace to gaze at the window of His Majesty's apartment, while crowds gather to stare at the strange uniforms and stranger faces of the native soldiers from distant quarters of the empire.

A Striking Scene.

A striking scene was witnessed today. A big brake loaded with Fijian soldiers drew up in front of the palace. The men were bare-legged and bare-headed; their frizzy hair was long and dyed, and with their white cotton skirts and quaint tunics they presented a strange spectacle, even in cosmopolitan London. In front of the palace, and to the amazement of the assembled crowd, the Fijians solemnly intoned a hymn of intercession in their native tongue, which had been composed for the occasion by one of their number.

Drainage Tubes Removed.

Discussing the King's uninterrupted progress, The Lancet says: "It has been necessary to remove the drainage tubes, as they could not be tolerated, and gauze plugs are now used instead. The wound is granulating satisfactorily, the discharge has diminished, and is perfectly inodorous. His Majesty's temperature has been normal since June 26. His constitutional condition is admirable."

Confidence in Recovery.

The British Medical Journal, in expressing a similarly satisfactory view of the King's condition, says:

"At no time has it been necessary, since the operation to use sedatives to induce the King to sleep. To medical men who have read the daily bulletins, it has been obvious that the statements therein were entirely frank. There was great anxiety at first. Sir Frederick Treves did not go to bed for seven nights. But the load of anxiety is now lightened, if it has not entirely disappeared. The rumors regarding the King's general health are altogether unfounded, and confidence is now felt that, thanks in an unusual degree to his sound constitution, the King will make recovery."

Coronations Functions Carried Out.

With the satisfactory progress of the King a large number of the unofficial coronation functions are being carried out with the greatest brilliancy. The Indian and colonial guests of the country are being feted and entertained on all sides. Sir Henry Irving gave an elaborate reception in their honor on the stage of the Lyceum Theatre to-night, after the performance of "Faust."

Facts for Tourists—4th of July Visitors.

Do you know that Canada is the greatest fur country in the world? The fur journal of New York calls special attention to the immense output of fur from Canada. It shows that the Hudson Bay Company placed on the world's market last year over one million five hundred thousand skins.

Do you know that the largest furriers in Canada are the W. & D. Dineen Company, Limited, corner Temperance and Yonge-streets, Toronto. They buy furs direct, and manufacture everything on the premises. Their show-rooms are open to-day, and a visit to them will repay you.

FAIR AND WARMER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 3.—(8 p.m.)—Heavy rains are again prevalent in the Northwest Territories, but in Manitoba the weather is fair, and temperature high. Showers occurred during the night in Ontario, and have since been pretty general in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The outlook now appears favorable for warmer weather generally.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—62; Kamloops, 56—74; Calgary, 48—54; Edmonton, 46—70; Qu'Appelle, 58—68; Winnipeg, 64—84; Port Arthur, 52—62; Parry Sound, 58—80; Toronto, 58—78; Ottawa, 58—76; Montreal, 60—70; Quebec, 58—74; Halifax, 54—76.

Probabilities.

Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate winds; fair and warmer.

Ottawa Valley, St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds; fair and warm.

Maritime—Moderate westerly winds; warm and clearing.

Superior—Easterly winds; fair and moderately warm.

Manitoba—Quite warm and partly fair, with local thunderstorms.

Empress Hotel, 335, 337, 339 Yonge-st Modern first-class up-town Hotel—$1.50 and $2. Cars from all boats and trains.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

July 3.	At.	From.
Huronian	Montreal	Newcastle
Deward	Montreal	Newcastle
Trave	Naples	New York
Kaiserin M. Th.	Bremen	New York
Furst Bismarck	Plymouth	New York
Blucher	Cherbourg	New York
La Savoie	Havre	New York
Livonian	Halifax	Glasgow and Liverpool
Saxonian	Boston	Liverpool
Cambrian	London	Boston
Ivernia	Liverpool	Boston
Lake Erie	Father Point	Liverpool
Empress of Japan	Yokohama	Vancouver

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