

NOTES FROM OTTAWA.

At High Mass in St. Patrick's on Sunday, the Rev. Father Whelan said that according to an old "saw" there is a certain unlovable and unmentionable character who has an intense hatred of Holy Water. Referring to parties who habitually arrived after the "asperges," and sometimes after Mass had actually commenced, he said, that for his part, he would not like to be amongst that class of people as folks were likely to make disagreeable remarks and uncomplimentary comparisons regarding them.

On Corpus Christi Day, in St. Patrick's 28 little boys and 38 little girls experienced the happiest day of their lives.

Preparatory to the Solemn Consecration of the parish to the Sacred Heart of Jesus, a triduum or three days of prayer was observed in St. Patrick's, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Every morning there was a Low Mass at six o'clock, and a High Mass at eight. Each evening at half past seven there was an instruction, followed by Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, at which the choir chanted the newly sanctioned Litany of the Sacred Heart. On Friday morning there was a general Communion and in the evening took place the consecration of the parish. This was preceded by a procession of the Sacred Host, which had been exposed all day—in which the young First Communicants took part—from the altar of the Sacred Heart to the High Altar. After the Benediction the First Communicants were solemnly consecrated to the Blessed Virgin and St. Joseph.

Torrents of rain did not prevent Her Excellency the Countess of Minto from paying her previously arranged visit to the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame, Gloucester St., accompanied by her little daughter, and attended by Major Drummond, were received at the main entrance A. D. C. Her Excellency and party by the Rev. Mother Superior and conducted to the spacious Academic hall, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion, a notable feature and one which at once caught the visitor's eye, being shields bearing the Arms of the Earl and Countess of Minto. The entrance of the party was the signal for a grand burst of instrumental music. Addresses in both languages to the Countess and beautiful bouquets to her and to the other members of the party followed by songs of welcome formed a very pleasing programme. Scarcely had the last note died away when Her Excellency rose to her feet and in very warm language thanked all her young friends for the kind words they had addressed to her and for the very pleasing entertainment they had given her and her children. She also warmly thanked the Rev. Mother Superior and the Sisters for the privilege they had accorded her of visiting them and of being thus entertained, a privilege she added, of which, with their permission, she would frequent-

ly avail herself—but in a less formal manner—during her residence in the city. One regret Her Excellency said she had, a regret which she felt assured would be shared in by the Earl who was unavoidably absent, when she and her children would attempt to describe to him the pleasure they had had. In conclusion Her Excellency claimed two conges for the pupils—one on behalf of His Excellency and one on her own account.

Vacation commences in the Rideau Street Convent on the 16th and 17th.

Her Excellency the Countess of Minto visited the St. Patrick's Home on Friday of last week. The members of the Ladies' Auxiliary and some members of the management committee were in attendance. Her Excellency was received with a song of "Welcome," by the orphans, and afterwards was shown through the institution by the reverend sister superior. Her Excellency expressed herself highly pleased at the order and comfort prevailing.

Vacation in the Gloucester Street Convent will begin on the 20th.

From Ottawa to Chicago is a "long cry," yet on the 6th July there will assemble within the walls of the Gloucester Street Convent over a hundred spiritual daughters of the Venerable Margaret Bourgeois, the foundress of the great Canadian teaching Order of "La Congregation de Notre Dame" of Montreal—"Vierge Marie." For a period of six weeks those devoted ladies will meet in conference, discussing and advising on the best means to attain the end of their vocation—the bestowing of a good religious and at the same time a practical secular education to the children confided to their care in the twenty or thirty convents of the order in various cities and towns in Ontario and the United States. While it is no affair of the outsider, the question naturally arises: how is the Rev. Mother Superior going to accommodate so many visitors in addition to her own staff and all the young lady pupil boarders who every year elect to pass the summer vacation with their "dear mothers" in their "convent home"? It is well known to outsiders that the present building is yearly tested to its fullest extent, so much so that in many instances admission has to be—however regretfully—refused to children whose parents desire to place them under the care of the Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame. There is lots of room for extension of the premises, but buildings are not put up without "the needful."

The feast of St. Anthony was observed in the Gloucester Street Convent. During the Mass a hymn to the "Wonder-worker" and other appropriate hymns were sung. Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was then given.

NOTES FROM OLD WORLD SOURCES.

Continued From Page One.

of Lourdes in France, and in consideration of our intention, in our next issue, to present our readers with some very interesting information on the subject, we have thought it opportune to clip the following account of the preparations for the first Scotch national pilgrimage to this world-renowned shrine.

"The Archbishops and Bishops of Scotland, in answer to the call of the Head of the Church to sanctify the end of this century and the beginning of the next by visits to the holy places of Christendom, have resolved to organize the first Scotch national pilgrimage to the Shrine of Our Lady of Lourdes. A committee has been formed under their patronage, consisting of Very Rev. Canons McFarlane, V.G. (Patrick, Glasgow), Chisholm (Daisy), Morris (Falkirk), Butt (Dundee), Turner (Perth); the Rev. Fathers A. MacIntosh (Fort William), J. Woods (Kilmarnock), R. Courtois (Dumfries), U. Donlevy (Portobello), J. Taylor (Motherwell), D. McQueen (Inverness), J. Lawson (Oban), D. Mullan (Dunfermline), W. O'Brien (Crosshill, Glasgow), Charles MacDonald (Inverley), A. Stuart (Edinburgh), J. McGregor (Aberdeen). The committee has prepared an elaborate itinerary and has made careful preparations for the journey. The pilgrimage will leave Scotland on Monday, 4th September, leaving London a day later, and Paris on the day following, and reaching Lourdes at mid-day on Thursday, September 7th, and being again back in Paris on the 12th. In connection with this pilgrimage it may be explained that it is the custom of all countries to place at the Shrine of

Our Lady of Lourdes a national banner in memory of the pilgrimage, and it is proposed to solicit subscriptions from Scottish Catholics for the purpose of procuring this banner."

"THE HAGUE COMEDY." — The Liverpool Catholic Times has a special correspondent at "The Hague," and he appears to be a consummate humorist; and, what is better still, there is a deal of sound reasoning and seriousness in his humor. Pretending to have had access to the first deliberations of the Peace Conference delegates, he presents this very amusing—but not altogether false—picture of what is supposed to have transpired: (note the Russian's address, it is rich, it is what he should have said were he sincere, or were the schemes of his master faithfully expressed) — "The President, Baron de Staal, who represents Russia, led off; the Americans followed, and, judging by their success, they must have learned the art from real negroes. Next came my friend Herr von Stanzel, whose laugh was lively and natural; and then the others in order. The British delegates shook their sides as vigorously as the rest. I was beginning to imagine they had all become suddenly mad when the laughter ceased, and Baron de Staal said: Brother delegates, light your cigars, drink your wine and be merry. You all know that this is a joyful occasion. We are here for the performance of a comedy. But while we play our parts to the life in public, I propose that we should abandon that sort of foolery within these hallowed walls, and should treat one another frankly.

I do this the more sincerely because we are all too old to be deceived by chaff, and also because, on a hint from me, our good friend Chung Chang the representative of the Imperial race of China, has found it convenient not to put in an appearance at this secret conference. Now, I intend to be perfectly frank, and I hope all who will speak after me will try to imitate me in that respect. Pretence is useless. Gentlemen, you know that there has been a great storm amongst the Catholics because Pope Leo XIII has not been invited. But, gentlemen, how intolerable it would have been to all parties if his representative had been present. I shall ask each delegate to speak for himself, but this much I may say for us all, that we do not want moral questions to enter here. In the speeches the name of God has not been mentioned, and I am happy to say, gentlemen, that old though we are in diplomacy, we have some reverence left. Italy robbed the Pope of his territory, and how could it be expected that it would agree to the presence of his representative here? Moreover, if he attended he would be a source of trouble to us all by contending for moral rights and moral claims which we cannot admit. ("Quite true.") He might be asking us to make concessions in Poland or not to persecute in Finland, and you know these are ideas we must keep out of our minds. Without disguise I may state I am here because Russia wants peace to enable her to carry out her extensions. They call it destiny in England and America. Well, Russia must fulfil her destiny by breaking down all opposition on the part of Poland, by crushing all ambition for self-government there, by subduing the Poles and reducing them to the same level, by dragging the Russian people into servitude and by grabbing and bringing into the same condition as much as possible of China. In doing that we do not like to have war, but of course it is not from any sentimental hatred of it; it is simply because our resources are low. I have done. Before sitting down I should like the British delegate to say honestly why a delegate from the Transvaal is not here."

He gives the speeches of the British delegate, and of all the others in the same style.

GOLDEN JUBILEE OF LORETTO ABBEY.

The fiftieth anniversary of Loretto Abbey, one of the most noted educational institutions in Canada, was celebrated on the 13th, 14th, and 15th. In view of this fact and that recent extensive additions to the building have increased the capacity to almost double what it originally was, a short description of the seminary is timely.

A reporter from the "Mail and Empire" thus describes the building and surroundings: —

"The Abbey is most delightfully situated on Wellington Place and certainly possesses all the advantages of a fine site. Fanned by the refreshing breezes from the lake, and sufficiently remote and secluded to ensure the quiet so congenial to study, it is also quite near the business portion of Toronto, thus combining the advantages of a city and a country location. The seminary house is of striking architectural design and at the same time has evidently been laid out so as to utilize all the space to the best advantage. Nothing appears to be at all crowded all the rooms being large, airy, and comfortable. While there is no superfluous elaboration in the main building, the decorations are worthy of note, especially the chapel, where the ornamentation is exceptionally attractive."

There are at present some 250 pupils attending the classes in this admirable institution, and the course is one of the most complete and most modern in Canada. The beautiful chapel is perhaps one of the most attractive features in connection with the convent. The exterior is in the style of the Italian Renaissance, and the interior is gem-like and of the Roman classic style. The history of the Abbey is one of deep interest to all Catholics in this Dominion. It was started fifty years ago, when four nuns and a novice came out from "Rathfarnham," Dublin, at the request of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Toronto. They were first installed on Duke Street. In 1852 they were removed to Bathurst street, and 13 years later to Bond street. In 1867, the present property was secured and the abbey has since gradually developed, improved, and widened its influence until the present magnificent proportions have been reached.

The last issue of Leaflets from Loretto is a jubilee number in honor of the completion of fifty years educational work by the ladies of this institution. Naturally it is devoted largely to the coming celebration. Some very readable articles of a miscellaneous character are published, besides

a short history of the seminary home. A full-page cut of his Grace Archbishop O'Connog is the frontispiece, while beautiful half-tone pictures of the late Mother Teresa Dease, founder of the order in America, and of the different departments in the abbey, the literary society, violin and harjo clubs, all combine to make an unusually attractive and worthy souvenir number.

IRISH AMERICANS AND KILLARNEY LAKES.

The following item of American news will interest Irishmen all the world over: —

"The proposition that the Irish-Americans of New York city, by popular subscription, buy the lakes of Killarney, and present them to the kingdom of Ireland has met with spontaneous approval from Irish-Americans in Greater New York. President James Coogan, of the Borough of Manhattan, has been untiring in his efforts to bring the undertaking to reality. He has talked with many noted Irish-Americans, who have materially signified their willingness to make Muckross Abbey and Killarney an Irish-American national park. These subscriptions have been made: —

TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS SUBSCRIBED.

Richard Croker \$2,500
William R. Grace 1,000
W. Bourke Cockran 1,000
James J. Coogan 1,000
Thomas J. Dunn 1,000
Eugene Kelly, jr. 1,000
Thomas Addis Emmett 1,000
William Astor Chandler 1,000
John F. Carroll 500
Maurice F. Holahan 500
William O'Brien 500
John T. Fitzgerald 500
Andrew Freedman 500

Nearly every district leader of Tammany Hall has bound himself to collect \$2,000 in his district for the purchase of the lakes."

We will make editorial reference to this subject in our next issue.

DEATH OF AUGUSTIN DALY.

Nothing could be more graphic and more expressive of the general sentiment of sorrow felt at the sudden death of the great theatrical manager, Augustin Daly than the words of a resolution passed at a special meeting of directors of the Catholic Club, New York—of which deceased was a member. Ex-Judge J. F. Daly, the President, occupied the chair and the following resolutions were adopted: —

"The wide circle of friends and associates, the community in which he lived, the country which gave him birth and the two continents which his lofty art has delighted for so many years," say the resolutions, "have sustained an irreparable loss. Filled with the highest aims for the drama and endowed with the taste, originality, capacity and vigor necessary for their realization, he has not only given the people for more than thirty years pleasures of the most elevating and satisfying character, but he has made an enduring name in the world of art and letters."

"The incalculable good which he did by an example of unswerving rectitude in the public pursuit of his art, is only equalled by the multitude of his benefactions, both public and private, and his readiness at all times to give a helping hand to the advancement of every work of Catholic charity or education makes his loss most deeply felt by us."

"The cable brought news on Friday, from Paris, to this effect: —

"Mrs. Daly, the widow of Augustin Daly, who died suddenly here on Wednesday left Paris for London yesterday evening.

Miss Ada Rehan and the Hon. Mrs. Eric Darrington, with the body of Augustin Daly, left here this morning."

The remains will be brought home to New York for interment.

HOW TO GET RICH.

We refer to the richness of the blood. If you are pale and thin, you are poor in strength and nerve power. Scott's Emulsion drives away thinness and pallor and brings rich blood and nerve power.

Dr. Adams' Toothache Gum is sold by all druggists; 10 cts. a bottle.

IRISH CATHOLIC BENEFIT SOC'Y.



Annual Excursion MONDAY, July 3rd, 1899.

The Steamer BERTHIER is engaged for the day and will leave Jacques Cartier Pier at 9 o'clock a.m., for LAKE ST. PETER, returning at 9 o'clock p.m. Tickets will be received for supplying refreshments. Apply to A. D. Kinless, President, 24th St. Antoine street. A good string Orchestra will be in attendance.

Jas. McCann, Secretary.

SAVE YOUR EMPTY BAGS. TEARS OF BRODIE'S "XXX" Self Raising Flour who preserve the empty bags and return them to us will receive the following premiums: For 12 six pound bags a beautiful colored picture in splendid gilt frame, 12 inches x 16 inches. For 24 six pound bags a larger picture in fine gilt frame 18 inches x 24 inches. Two three pound bags may be sent in place of one six pound bag. BRODIE & HARVEY, 10 & 12 Bleury St., Montreal.

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If you have not received a copy of our new summer catalogue, just published, drop us a post-card with your name and address; we'll send you one by return mail.

Dress Muslins and Sateens. Standing Room Only in This Section.

Summer Wa-h Fabrics are having time of it; counters crowded every day with hundreds of enthusiastic buyers—the huge piles of gorgeous Summer Dress fabrics disappear with alarming rapidity, only to be replaced with still more beautiful firmy things—these Special prices.

- ORIENTAL DRESS MUSLINS. Crisp and new, with a rare beauty that's characteristic of Carsley's. Moderately priced of course.
- ORIENTAL DRESS MUSLINS, 28 inches wide, fast dye, in cream garnet and blue foundations with quaint Japanese designs. Imported to retail at 21c a yard. Special 13c.
- ORGANESE SATIN QUADRILLE, Dress Muslins, 30 inches wide new French fabric, in cream and navy grounds, with floral and check designs, elegant combinations of color tones. Splendidly worth 38c a yard. Special 25c.
- BATISTE L'ETOILE. Dress Muslins, cleverly conceived designs and rich color-tones, serviceable and economically priced.
- BATISTE L'ETOILE DRESS MUSLIN, New English Fabric, 30 inches wide, admirably adapted for Ladies' Shirt Waists, etc., in the leading shades and newest designs, usual value, 18c. Special 12 1/2c.
- NEW DRESS SATEENS that look as near silk as silk itself, full 30 inches wide, in exquisite shades and pretty designs. Splendidly worth 25c. Special 15c.

Summer Silks and Dress Goods.

In the Silk and Dress Goods Salon there is a remarkably fine showing of Summer Novelties, a collection of Fabrics that are new even to Carsley's—If little prices interest you a visit will be interesting.

- SUMMER SILKS. The beauty of these silks can only be appreciated on closer contact with them; these are silks of bright, tasteful and elegant styles.
- A NEW BROKEN CHECK taffeta silk is the correct style for summer wear, in exquisite light color-tones and marvellous combinations. Special \$1.10.
- NEW TAFFETAS AND BENGALINES—richest of summer silks, in the daintiest of designs and pretty shades, 90c.
- NEW STRIPE TAFFETA SILKS, in a beautiful collection of colors and handsome stripe designs, the queen of summer silk. Special \$1.25.
- SUMMER DRESS GOODS. NEW VOILE DRESS FABRICS—a novel material, in twelve different shades, 46 inches wide, splendid value, 60c.
- NEW BENGALINES—A rich material for tailor-made dresses, 46 inches wide in 20 of the newest color-tones, 46 inches wide, 90c.
- NEW GRENADINES—The latest French novelty in beautiful checks and stripes, twelve elegant shades. Special \$1.10.
- NEW GLORIA SILKS—A new and elegant material for summer wear in ten exquisite color-tones, every one new, fifty-two inches wide. Special \$1.40.

Write for the New Summer Catalogue just published.

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1765 to 1788 Notre Dame St. 184 to 194 St. Jamer St., Montreal.

MARKET REPORT.

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR THE TRUE WITNESS.

There has been no change in the general situation of farm produce during the current week. Values generally are firmly held, and in the case of most negotiations the buyers quote farmers views, rather than vice versa. The egg market for instance keeps remarkably steady with prices firm at 11 1/2 to 12c for fresh eggs, and seconds at 10 to 10 1/2c. Dairy produce is also strongly held. Demand for choice grass creamery continues active, a brisk trade being done both on spot and in the country since last report at advancing prices. Fat factories have brought 17 1/2c in boxes, but this is considered an extreme figure, and 17c is a more general price. Choice creamery in 19bs has sold at 16 1/2c and some lines of fine stock have been placed at 16 1/2 to 16 1/4c in boxes. In all about 15,000 packages have left first hands lately, a good portion of which will go into cold storage until ordered forward by the English houses for whom it was purchased. In dairy butter some old Western has gone forward to Germany at 11 to 12c, and fresh new Western arriving in good condition sells at 13 1/2 to 14c, the outside price for selections.

The cheese market which ruled weaker toward the close of May, has stiffened perceptibly since as a result of the offers of full grass June cheese. At present buyers are freely paying 8 1/2c for finest Ontario makes and 8 1/4c for finest Quebec. Under grades range from 7 1/2 to 8c. But it is doubtful if present prices will be maintained as the month advances, and offerings increase. An influence that had a good deal to do with creating the higher prices current was the fact that a large number of shippers were short of cheese for early June shipment and to fill their wants had to pay advanced prices.

Beans continue quiet at 95c to \$1.05 per bus. for hand picked pea as to quality while sulphur beans realize \$1.15 to \$1.20 and ordinary mediums 80c to 90c.

There is no change in hops. Canadian stock ranging from 16c to 19c as to quality.

Receipts of honey have been light lately, and prices in consequence are somewhat firmer. White clover in comb sells at 12c to 12 1/2c for small lots of choice and white extracted in large tins 8c to 9c, and in small tins 10c. Buckwheat honey fetches 5 1/2 to 7c in the comb, and 4c to 5c extracted as to quality.

The market is steady for maple syrup and sugar. In the wood the former is jobbing at 7c to 7 1/2c per lb., and in small tins realizes 65c to 70c, while Imperial tins bring 90c to 95c. Sugar is worth from 8c to 9c.

The potato market is quiet and

Baled hay rules firm under a good demand sales of No. 1, being reported at \$7.50 to \$8 on spot. At country points clover sold this week at \$4.50 in car lots. American buyers have been in the market lately both for No. 1 and No. 2, paying \$7 to \$7.50 for the former, and \$5 to \$5.50 for the latter f.o.b. cars. On spot we quote No. 1 \$7.50 to \$8, and No. 2 \$5.50 to \$6 with clover \$4.50 to \$5.

Baled straw continues steady choice bright realizing \$3.50 on track and ordinary \$2.50 to \$3.

Ashes rule quiet, first pots being nominal at \$4, and seconds at \$3.80.

There is fair enquiry for live hogs and choice light stock have sold during the week at \$4.50 to \$5 as to quality and weight.

The receipts of live stock at the East End Abattoir market Monday morning were 250 cattle, 400 sheep and lambs, 150 calves and 100 store hogs and young pigs. The supply of cattle was smaller than last Thursday, in consequence a stronger feeling prevailed and prices advanced fully 1/2c per lb. The attendance of local buyers was large, but trade early was rather slow on account of the higher prices asked. However, later in the day it became more active, when buyers were convinced that no concessions were to be made, and by noon the supply was well cleaned up.

Choice steers and heifers sold at 5 1/2 to 5 3/4c; good at 4 1/2 to 5c; fair at 3 1/2 to 4 1/4c, and lower grades at 2 3/4 to 3 1/2c per lb., live weight. The offerings of sheep and lambs were not large, but ample to fill all local requirements, and prices ruled steady. A few small lots of sheep were picked up for shipment at 4c, and butchers paid 3 1/2c to 4 1/4c per lb., live weight. Lambs met with good local demand at \$2.50 to \$4.50 each, and calves sold at from \$2 to \$9 each, as to size and quality. Store hogs brought from \$6 to \$8 each, and pigs 75c to 92c each.

There has been no new feature in coarse grains lately. Peas are quiet but firm, about 15,000 bushels selling here at 75c afloat. Oats have ruled somewhat easier lately as a consequence of increased receipts. Between 80,000 and 40,000 bushels were sold since last Saturday at 3 1/2 to 3 3/4c afloat and now they are offering at 3 3/4c to 3 1/2c. Barley is quiet and unchanged, malting grades bringing 49c to 51c and feed barley 48c to 45c, but with little business reported. Supplies of buckwheat here are extremely limited, and prices accordingly are very firm, at 61c to 62c. Rye is quiet and steady at 62c to 63c. In the West the grain is offered at 54 f.o.b. cars.