

News of the Week.

EUROPEAN.

The report of the capture of Khartoum proved untrue.

Col. Frederick D. Grant, the new American Minister to Austria, has arrived in Vienna.

The naval defence bill passed its second reading in the House of Commons yesterday by a vote of 227 to 186.

It is believed that the budget about to be presented to the Italian Parliament will show a deficit of \$10,000,000.

Hungarian merchants in Vienna are boycotting the grain market there in consequence of the growth of anti-Semitism.

A gunner named Herbert Skinner, of the Marine Artillery, has had a windfall of \$550,000 and a large property in Harfordshire.

At a banquet at Metz Prince Hohenzollern toasted Alsace, which, he said, was bloodily won, and would ever remain united to Germany.

A number of English and American visitors have resolved to ask the exhibitors at Paris to relieve their attendants from duty on Sunday.

King Leopold, of Belgium, has proposed that an international conference be held in September to complete the work of the Congo conference at Berlin.

The expedition sent from Suakin to Halahab has returned having completed fortifications there, and left an adequate garrison for the defence of the place.

The French Government announces that visitors to Paris during the exhibition will be required to pay only one half the regular rates on dutiable goods.

The commander of the British cruiser Rapid has hoisted the British flag over the Suvarrow Islands in the Southern Pacific Ocean, north-west of the Cook Island.

Prince Sulkhi, a member of the Upper House of the Prussian Landtag, has escaped from a madhouse at Doblitz, a suburb of Vienna, where he was confined.

A deputation of students from Paris visited Gen. Boulanger in London. Speeches were made on behalf of the students expressing confidence in the patriotism of the general.

A band of Kurds attacked a wedding party in the Metch district, robbed the guests and outraged the bride, whom they afterwards boiled in a pot, saying she would do for a wedding meal.

A Berlin correspondent says that the Samoan conference has agreed that a neutral zone shall be created at Apia and that equal rights shall be granted to all the powers with regard to customs.

At the Hague on Sunday night a body of Socialists hauled down the royal standard from the great tower and hoisted the Socialist flag in its place. An enquiry has been begun by the authorities.

Gen. Boulanger attended the races at Kempton park on Saturday, where he had a long talk with the Prince of Wales. The general also conversed with a number of other distinguished persons.

The Shah of Persia has left Tehran for St. Petersburg. On his arrival at Russia he will be welcomed by a number of Russian nobles. A detachment of Cossacks was detailed to act as guard of honor.

The House of Commons has approved of the contract for the Halifax Bermuda cable. Dr. Cameron's amendment in favor of the British Government laying and working the cable was defeated by 148 to 30.

The funeral of Count Tolstol, late minister of the interior, took place in St. Petersburg. The czar was present. He has donated to the widow 200,000 roubles and granted her a yearly pension of 6,000 roubles.

On the London Stock exchange the past week Canadian Pacific was weak. Grand Trunk of Canada first and second preference show a relapse of 3 each for the week, while guaranteed and ordinary stock have fallen 3 each.

Sir Francis de Winton president of the Emin Bey relief committee, in speaking before the Royal Geographical society to-night, predicted the early return of Henry M. Stanley. He decides several routes that we know are open to the coast.

Most of the European sovereigns have congratulated President Carnot upon his escape from assassination. A Berlin correspondent writes that the Emperor will be defended by his army. From this it is inferred that the prisoner is a Boulanger.

The municipal election at Narbonne, Friday, resulted in a victory for the Socialists. A fight occurred in the voting hall. A party of Socialists, headed by M. Perrot, member of the Chamber of Deputies, paraded the streets singing the Marseillaise.

The czar has sent a message of condolence to the widow of Count Tolstol. The czar says the successor of Count Tolstol will be a man who is animated by the same patriotic spirit that actuated the count. A concession has been granted to the widow and who will continue his work.

The sub-committee of the Samoa conference, in their discussion on the government of Samoa, showed a wide divergence of views and but little progress was made. The American delegates, during their recent visit to Prince Bismarck, discussed with him the defects of the harbor of Apia.

The funeral of Rochefort's son was attended by M.M. Lockroy, Susini, Clavier-Hugues Laur, Heriote, Derouche and a large number of Boulangists. The passage of a tram car occasioned a collision with the police. The car was wrecked in the fight and a number of police and other persons injured.

A conspiracy has been discovered among the military officers stationed in St. Petersburg, and a large number of the conspirators were arrested. In the possession was found papers which proved that they intended to make an attempt to assassinate the czar, and a number of bombs were also found.

The British Board of Trade returns show that British exports to the Dominion increased \$7,160 during April and \$18,335 during the four months. Imports from Canada decreased \$79,073 during April, but increased \$58,398 during the four months. There were large decreases in flour and fish, and increases in cheese and swan wool.

Premier Crispien informed the Chamber of Deputies that little was known regarding recent affairs in Abyssinia and that as soon as a treaty of peace was signed the Italian Government proposed to give Masowah civil administration and to do its utmost to encourage colonization and trade there.

It is generally understood in financial circles that Baron Reuter has obtained a concession from the National Bank of Persia for power to issue bank notes for twice the amount of the bank's capital, which notes are to be the legal tender of the country. A concession has also been granted to Baron Reuter to work the coal and other mines.

Captain Wislmann, with 200 sailors and 700 blacks, had a severe engagement on Wednesday with Chief Buhari's forces. Captain Wislmann was killed and captured Buhari's camp, which was destroyed by 600 rebels. Eighty of Buhari's men were killed and two captured. On the German side, 100 blacks were killed, and an officer named von Bismarck was slightly wounded.

A peace, Tarnasce declined to agree to the proposition unless he was recognized as king. Admiral Kimberly thereupon issued a proclamation urging the natives to maintain peace.

The list of applications for the Jackson Lake Phosphate company opened on the 10th inst., at London. The capital is \$25,000 in one pound shares, 18,000 of which are now offered to the public. The object is to acquire and work a mine in East Templeton township, Quebec, for which Jackson Lake has been awarded \$20,000. G. O. Lomer, phosphate merchant, of Montreal, is among the directors.

Mr. Howard Vincent's motion in favor of a commercial union of the British empire has now little chance of discussion this session. The motion has been on the paper without any action upon it since the opening of the session in 1888. There seems a wide-spread feeling even among the friends of Imperial federation that public opinion is not ripe for such a proposal, and that a premature debate would likely injure the general movement.

A largely attended meeting was held at Anderson's hotel, London, on Saturday last, for the purpose of discussing the feasibility of founding an Elmerian church, which will be free from dogma and bend its energies to finding the millennium on earth, leaving the next world to take care of itself. It was proposed to name the new institution the Christian Ethical church, and it was also decided to erect a building for purposes of worship in London.

Upwards of a hundred members of the British House of Commons have appended their signatures to a memorial to President Carnot, expressing their condemnation of the absence of Lord Lytton, the British ambassador to France, from the exercises of Versailles on May 5th and the opening of the exhibition on May 6th. It has transpired that the Lord Mayor abandoned his original idea of going to Paris in full state on account of his receipt of a royal hint that he had better not do so.

Count Antonelli, the leader of the Italian mission to the King of Italy, telegraphed in the recent fight between the Abyssinians and the dervishes Raxalila escaped wounded. Legendary stories concerning the battle are afloat. The Abyssinians were victorious on the first day. The Negus was wounded, and while suffering from fever he ordered 2,000 dervishes to be headed in his presence. On the following day, after proclaiming himself the Elect one of God, he headed his army and was again wounded. He fell and the army fled, leaving 30,000 dead.

The persons arrested in the raids on the Field and Adelphi clubs, London, on Sunday morning, were arraigned Monday morning. The Earl of Dudley and Lord Lurgan were among the prisoners arraigned. The Earl of Dudley appeared to be ashamed of the position in which he found himself, but Lord Lurgan assumed a defiant air. The police who made the arrest admitted that they were in a relative position of weakness. The Earl of Dudley, who had been in the Field club, stated that they resorted thereto for the purpose of gambling. The prisoners were admitted to bail to appear for examination next week. The court room was crowded, among the spectators being a number of aristocrats.

Upon the approach of the expedition sent from Suakin the dervishes at Halahab fled without giving battle. The fort at Halahab, which was destroyed by the dervishes, has been repaired. On April 28, Colonel H. Smith, the Governor-General, left Suakin, with a body of 500 men to accomplish this object. Halahab is a harbor about two hundred miles to the north of Suakin, whence the routes to Koroko and Asouan open. It has been maintained for assigned purposes and for the protection of the Hamed Warab tribes. Colonel H. Smith encountered little difficulty in dispersing the dervishes as the only wells available are within range of ships' guns.

Another case of crime resulting from the practice of insuring children's lives has been discovered at Deptford. A boy named Sidney Bolton, aged 11 years, died at Deptford. Suspicion of foul play arising, his body was examined, when it was found that he had been poisoned, traces of arsenic being discovered in the lad's stomach. The boy had boarded at the time of his death with a relative named Mrs. Winter, who obtained £30 in insurance on the boy's life. In order to get the money the woman forged the boy's mother's name to the receipt. It transpired that since '87 Mrs. Winter has insured the lives of 26 of her relatives and has driven a lucrative trade in the business. Five of her victims have died and she has collected the insurance on their lives. It is believed that she poisoned them and intended to poison the others whose beneficiaries she was. The wholesale murderer is at present ill, but her arrest will be made as soon as possible.

Many German iron works have been obliged to extinguish the fire in their furnaces in consequence of the strike. The number of strikers has reached seventy thousand. At a meeting of 5,000 strikers in Bochum, it was resolved to insist upon their demands. The Krupp works have arranged to obtain iron from Upper Silesia and England, and will resume the making of rails. A council of ministers, Prince Bismarck presiding, considered the Westphalia strikes. The number of strikers there exceeds 40,000. It is reported they will appoint delegates to submit their grievances to the Emperor. The police prohibited a meeting of strikers. A sanguinary encounter occurred May 9th at Bochum. Westphalia killed the military and the striking miners and their supporters. Two persons were killed and many injured. There was an encounter near Brackel, Westphalia, next day between the troops and strikers. A large body of the latter had gathered and were becoming disorderly when they were ordered to disperse by the officer commanding the military. The strikers refused. After warning them of the consequences, and no attention being paid to the warning, the officer ordered the soldiers to fire. Three of the miners were killed and several wounded.

A later despatch from Bochum says the firing by the military was a fatal blunder. A crowd of passengers issuing from the railway station were mistaken for rioters. In the encounter near Brackel to-day one woman was killed in addition to those previously mentioned.

LONDON, May 12.—The police made a raid on the Field Club at 3 o'clock this morning, and found gambling going on. Most of the players were engaged at baccarat, and large sums were being staked. Twenty-one persons were arrested, among whom were three English and several French and Belgian noblemen. The police were taken to the police station and bailed in £100 each. They are to appear in court to-morrow. The police seized \$5,000 in the rooms of the club. A raid was made on the Adelphi club, where a number of barristers and solicitors were gambling. All were taken to the police station, and bail was in most cases refused. Among those arrested at the Field club were the Earl of Dudley, Lord Lurgan, Lord Pauley and Baron Fraser.

LONDON, May 12.—Mr. Depew's testimony before the Senate Committee, in which he announced that the Dominion of Canada is a ripe plant, which will very soon fall into the Yankee hand, is looked upon here with considerable irritation. The solution of the question of the annexation of Canada to the United States is not so easy as Mr. Depew's programme would indicate. The Tory spirit is expressed by the St. James Gazette, which says, after a series of exaggerated and uncompromising remarks about the United States, that the militia by itself could give an awful lesson to the armed mobs of the United States, independent of the help which would be given by Great Britain.

BREXIN, May 12.—The whole garrison of Düsseldorf is now on duty in the vicinity of the coal mines for the purpose of preserving order among the striking miners. About midnight last night a mob of five hundred miners at Landerfeld, near Düsseldorf, were armed. The miners attacked Dr. Bergmeyer, who joined in the strike. An Schlegel, a member of parliament, was also attacked. A body of infantry arrived there at 8 o'clock this morning, when the miners, who had formed into two bodies, took refuge behind a railway embankment and were killed.

soldiers then fired into the crowd, killing six persons, one of them a four-year-old child. A woman was also wounded. After the firing the mob dispersed. The districts bristles with troops. The first shipment of Belgian coal has arrived here. The mine holders held a meeting at Essen, which was attended by Government officials, and resolved to raise the wages of the miners, but they finally declined to concede eight hours a day's labor. At a meeting of miners at Essen to-day it was decided to cease work in forty-two collieries.

CATHOLIC.

The Most Rev. Dr. Higgins, Bishop of Kerry, died on Wednesday morning, May 1st.

Sir William O. Peterham, a Judge of the Supreme Court of Justice at Calcutta, has been received into the Church.

The Pope is indisposed. He is suffering from the effects of the stroke which has been prevailing for some days in Rome.

The International Anti-Slavery Congress will meet in July, probably in Switzerland. A Papal Legate will, it is said, preside at the meeting.

Archbishop O'Brien has erected handsome monuments in Holy Cross cemetery to his illustrious predecessors, Archbishops Walsh, Conolly and Hannan.

The first week in May was a week of Catholic Congresses. Besides the great assemblies at Madrid and Vienna, there has been a Congress of the Catholics of Portugal at Oporto.

His Lordship Bishop O'Mahony, who has been in California for several months, will reach Toronto about the end of the month. He is said to be much improved in health.

The Right Rev. Dr. Virtue, Bishop of Portsmouth, to which see he was appointed in 1882, was born in London on April 28, 1826, and has therefore just completed his 73rd year.

Cardinal Newman, who is enjoying good health, visited the Passionist Retreat, Harborne, on the occasion of the celebration of the Feast of St. Paul of the Cross, the founder of the Passionist Congregation.

Immediately after the Catholic congresses commenced a class the Vatican will send the European Governments, and especially the Catholic Governments, to consider their appeals for the restoration of the temporal power of the Pope.

Mr. Hamel, pro-rector of Laval University, while on his way to the meeting of the Royal Society of Canada at Ottawa, was waited upon by most of the professors, many matters of interest to that institution were discussed.

Mgr. Popiel, Archbishop of Warsaw, has been named Assistant at the Pontifical Throne, and the czar has authorized him to accept this dignity. It is the first time that such an authorization has been granted by the Russian Government to a Polish prelate.

Cardinal Vannelli, who presided over the assembly of Benedictine Abbots at Salzburg, is about to return to Rome. After the Congress, His Eminence visited, in the name of the Pope, the Benedictine convents of Austria. The reform decided on has fully succeeded.

The Countess Anna Ahlshelt-Lauriger and her sister the Baroness Rosenorn-Lehn have been received into the Church by the Prefect Apostolic of Copenhagen. The two ladies are the nieces of the Baron Rosenorn-Lehn, the Danish Minister for Foreign Affairs, and their conversion has caused a great sensation in Denmark.

The Rev. Father Burke, of the Irish College, Paris, chatting the other day with a representative of the *Freeman's Journal*, said of the Marquis of Clanricarde: "Heaven pity him and bring him to a more humane frame of mind. His father was a good friend of the Irish College, and advocated our cause in the House of Lords."

The French Catholics have been holding assemblies in the various provincial centres of France, to deliberate upon the actual state of affairs and for the organization of a Catholic policy in France of reconstruction and reform. A general meeting of delegates from these assemblies will be held in Paris on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th of June.

The Propaganda has ordered the erection of a new Prefecture Apostolic in the territory of the British Protectorate of the Lower Niger. This step is we believe largely due to the action taken by Sir James Marshall, who visited Rome last winter in order to call the attention of Propaganda to the importance of the field now open to Catholic missionaries on the Niger.

The Most Rev. Archbishop Corrigan pronounced the following blessing at the grand centennial ceremonies in New York: "The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, the charity of God, and the communion of the Holy Spirit be with you all, and may the blessings of God Almighty, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost descend upon our beloved country, and remain with it forever."

At the suggestion of the African explorer Sorela, a Spanish anti-slavery committee has been formed at Madrid to co-operate with the committee organized at Cordoba, La Vega.

The Cardinal Archbishop of Toledo is President of the committee. The other members are Sorela, de Carvajal, Canovas de Castillo, the Duke of Tetuan, General Canasola, and Baron Sangarren. All parties are represented on the committee, one of the members being a prominent Republican.

The current issue of the *Dublin Review* contains an article from the Cardinal Archbishop on the suppression of the English monasteries by Henry VIII. His Eminence deals with the subject in a most judicious and scholarly manner. Nearly six hundred monasteries, with upwards of 8,000 inmates, were suppressed. Henry's share of the plunder thus secured was between £14,000,000 and £15,000,000 of our money. The Cardinal says this great sacrilege was the act of one bad man, and he holds the people guiltless.

Whilst on their visit to Toronto, Bishop Walsh of London, and Bishop Cleary of Kingston paid a visit to St. Joseph's Academy. To meet these prelates a number of the clergy of the dioceses of Toronto, Kingston, London and Ottawa were present. The Cardinal's program of music, song and instrumental, and recitations was admirably rendered by the young ladies. An address of welcome and good wishes was presented the bishops, who appropriately responded. Bishop Cleary eloquently praised the advantages the pupils enjoy at the convent and eulogized the many virtues of the Lady Superior and the nuns. He then turned the pupils back highly gratified at the economy the Bishop poured upon them and their academy.

Bishop Keane, rector of the Catholic University at Washington, returned on the Umbria. The bishop's visit to Rome was for the purpose of obtaining from the Holy See its approval and recognition and to secure a faculty for the university. Bishop Keane reports that his mission met with unusual success.

It is the case for an institution of learning to wait until it has made a record before receiving the sanction of the Pope, but the Holy Father bestowed his approval upon the project at once, and presented to the institution a portrait of himself, the one that presided over the Vatican exhibition.

The faculty selected comprises Dr. Schroeder of Cologne, Dr. Bouquillon of Lille, Dr. Lysenak of Lyons and Dr. Zolla of Friburg. Dr. Messner of Seton Hall College will teach canon law, and Charles Warren Stoddard will be the lecturer in English literature. The university will be opened in November.

IRISH.

It is reported that Sir Charles Russell's fee for acting as counsel for the Fenians is \$10,000.

It has been decided to submit to arbitration the dispute between the landlords and tenants of the Ophir estates.

After an excited discussion Mr. Farrell was elected a member of the National Anti-Slavery Club by a large majority.

The Edinburgh Anti-Slavery Council, which met on May 15th, has decided that the Anti-Slavery League should be organized in Scotland.

The Anti-Slavery League has decided to organize a branch in Scotland.

the houses from which tenants are evicted. Beattie Doonan, aged 80, who was evicted from her home on the Ophir estates, died from the shock caused by her removal.

The trustees of the landlords' fund have appropriated \$1,500 for the purpose of resisting the plan of campaign on the Ophir estates.

Five hundred pounds have been subscribed at Belfast for the defence of Father McFadden and the support of the tenants evicted from the Ophir estates.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt says the thirty thousand men employed to coerce Ireland ought to be sent to the disposal of Lord Wolsey to increase the army.

In the course of a few weeks Mr. Justin McCarthy will be entertained at a banquet at the North-Western Hotel by the members of the Liverpool Young Ireland Society, of which body he is the distinguished president. The gathering will be one of considerable interest, as the Young Ireland Society has a very large circle of friends in Liverpool and district, many of whom will not doubt be glad of the opportunity of expressing in this slight tribute to one of their most accomplished kindred of our time.

Mr. Michael Davitt, in a letter to the secretary of the Trades Council of Dublin on the occasion of a lecture by Mr. Robert Donovan on the subject of trade unionism, says that in the social scale the position of workmen is not what it ought to be, while in the law-making and the law-administering departments of the State the relative positions of labour and vested interests are the reverse of what reason, justice, and common sense would dictate. Workmen, he adds, are themselves to blame for this. If they devoted more time to development of their power and head training and more active participation in the work which moulds public opinion and moves legislatures than they do to public-house and frivolous occupations in leisure hours, their full rights would soon be won and their rightful position in the State established.

LONDON, May 7.—Archbishop Walsh, of Dublin, has written a letter urging arbitration similar to that effected on the Vandeleur estates on the other estates where disputes exist between the landlords and tenants. He appeals to English public opinion to support the proposal. The *Times* scouts the archbishop's proposal.

DUBLIN, May 8.—Jack Hickey, the pugilist, to-day became involved in a dispute with a Cork "javey" (jaunting car driver) which ended in a fight. Hickey struck the driver a powerful blow, breaking his jaw and inflicting other injuries. Hickey was arrested and remanded on a charge of manslaughter.

STONEY, N.S.W., May 11.—Messrs. Dillon, Deasy and Esmond, the Irish Home rule advocates, have arrived here. They were given an enthusiastic reception. All of them addressed the throng which had gathered to welcome them.

LONDON, May 13.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Howarth (Conservative) asked whether the Government, after the resignation of the Marquis of Londonderry from the viceroyship of Ireland, will make a royal prince viceroy and provide him with a suitable residence and retinue. Mr. Edward Heneghan (Liberal-Unionist), asked the Government to consider the question, of the abolition of the viceroyship and the transfer of the duties of the office to the chief secretary. Mr. Smith promised that the Government would earnestly consider the suggestion, but stated that in the meantime it was impossible to pledge the Government to any course.

CANADIAN.

Lake Winnipeg navigation is open although there is some ice still floating about.

The Senate Act was repealed in Oxford, Lampson and Middlesex by large majorities on the 9th inst.

Manitoba wheat has again reached \$1 per bushel, and that figure was refused for a ten thousand bushel lot at Brandon.

The report of the Ontario Bureau of Industry as to the scarcity of fodder last year bears out the statements in the House of Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick.

Two new pictures purchased by the Government have been added to the National Art Gallery. Messrs O'Brien and Forest are the lucky artists.

It is rumored in financial circles that Mr. D. Coulson, general manager of the Bank of Toronto, has been offered the general management of the Bank of Montreal.

The Toronto Property Committee refuse to accept the offer of the Canadian Pacific Railway company for the portion of the water front they propose to expropriate. The value will be determined by arbitration.

Walter Gribston, a street-car conductor, left his boarding house, Toronto, on Saturday evening to go to the car stables and has not been seen since. His brother, a Canadian Pacific telegraph operator, is greatly distressed over the mystery of his disappearance.

The will of the late Mr. C. T. Bate, ex-Mayor of Ottawa, who died suddenly a few weeks ago, has been proven, and probate has been granted. The personal estate is valued at \$800,000, and the real estate is valued at \$60,000. The property is equally divided among the relatives.

L'Esclapart emphatically denies that the relations between the Lieutenant-Governor and Mr. McCarry are strained. On the contrary, they were never more cordial, and it is a total absurdity to pretend that the Premier has to communicate with the Lieutenant-Governor through Mr. Gribston.

The details of a cock-fight in an office were made public last Friday at the Kingston Police Court, and two barbers and a druggist were fined fifty dollars and costs. The handlers of the birds were assessed twenty-five dollars and costs. The heavy penalties imposed have created great consternation among the "sports."

Sandy McGuire struck a rich pocket in the New Albany mines. N.B., and brought to Halifax a box of quartz of extraordinary richness, valued at \$8,000 to \$4,000. Competent judges say it is the richest specimen ever seen in this part of the world. The mine is owned by Charles Annand, proprietor of the Halifax Chronicle.

A young man named Stewart, who was stricken with small-pox during the Montreal epidemic and rendered wholly blind, was admitted to the Bar at Toronto, having passed his examination with the highest honors. He had to be taught entirely by ear and the questions were read to him by a child and answered by him on a typewriter.

It is rumored that Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the famous iron manufacturer, will visit Ottawa in a few days to consult with the Government concerning the construction of a cable from Nova Scotia to Scotland. It is rumored that a company of American and Canadian capitalists, headed by Mr. Carnegie, contemplate the laying of the new cable.

Wilson Power, of Darlington, a retired farmer, aged 80, accidentally shot himself on the 8th inst. He went out about 2 a.m. to shoot a dog, when the gun was in some way discharged, and he fell, being struck below the jaw, carrying away one side of the face. The deceased was highly respected and well known, having lived here all his life.

John Mosher has issued a writ in the Supreme court against Fred Curry for \$25,000 damages for seduction of, and having criminal conversation with, the plaintiff's wife. The parties are merchants and ship-builders near Windsor, N.S. It will be remembered that some weeks ago Curry deserted his wife and family and eloped to Boston with Mrs. Mosher, who also left a young family behind. The parties subsequently returned to their homes, and Mrs. Curry is suing for divorce from her husband.

George Pearson, a messenger in the Department of the Interior, of Pittsburg, Pa., arrived here in charge of a human named Knolly. Knolly was a white man, 25 years of age, of the same race as the negro, but with a white complexion and light hair, and was under the impression that he was a white man. He was taken to the police station and held for a few days, but was released on the 10th inst. He is now in the hands of the police.

Pearson. When Pearson made his intentions known to Chief of Police McKinnon, the chief refused to have anything to do with Knolly and told Pearson this city had no right to care for the lunatic. Pearson telegraphed to R. E. Elliott, chief of the department of charities, and Knolly was taken to the hospital. Pearson received a reply to take the latter to Buffalo and there await further instructions. Pearson left for Buffalo with Knolly in charge to-day.

After a lapse of almost six months Druggist John O. Woods has been arrested in Buffalo for the murder of Lily Charlton. On Sunday, November 24th last Lily E. Wilkinson and Dr. John Valentine were arrested for procuring an abortion on Lily Charlton at Toronto. Two attempts were made suddenly and secretly, but not so secretly that a third party—whose apprehensions that the police would have him in the end proved just—waited his anxious aroused. This was John O. Woods who had kept the druggist store at 181 King street west on the corner of Emily street. In his store it was charged the abortion was performed. He left town covertly on November 25th. He was driven in a buggy through Hamilton and on to Niagara Falls, where he crossed into the States and disappeared. The wronged girl died at midnight on Friday November 30. Before her death she made a statement that abortion had been committed in a dark room behind Wood's store. Dr. Valentine is supposed to have attended at the crime and Wilkinson was charged with being the nurse. Both were acquitted at the trial. Woods will be brought to Toronto.

WINNIPEG, Ont., May 8.—What came very near resulting in murder happened near Belle River yesterday afternoon. A man named John Reeves accused his wife of infidelity, and pulling a revolver fired at her. Just as he pulled the trigger she raised her arm which saved her life, as the bullet struck just below the elbow. Reeves was arrested and brought before the magistrate, but his wife begged for his release, which was granted.

WINNIPEG, May 8.—The nomination for George Winnipeg taking place on the 18th and polling on the 25th, W. F. Henderson has accepted the nomination against Col. McMillan.

ST. JOHN'S, N.B., May 12.—Hon. R. J. Ritchie, Solicitor-General, was appointed Police Magistrate by the Blair Government on Saturday, in room of B. Lester Peters.

OTTAWA, May 11.—The Militia general orders issued yesterday contains regulations governing the annual drill of volunteer militia for the present season. The maximum of all ranks in city and rural corps authorized for drill is 1,947, as follows:—Ontario, 835; Quebec, 1,127; Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, 1,300; Manitoba and Northwest, 430; Prince Edward Island, 327; British Columbia, 230. One blanket will be allowed each officer and man and twenty rounds ammunition. Each man is to fire 500 rounds at 100 and 5 at 200 yards standing, 5 at 300 kneeling and 5 at 400 lying down.

(Continued on eighth page.)

LITERARY REVIEW.

THE AMERICAN CATHOLIC QUARTERLY REVIEW, Philadelphia: Hardy & Mahony, Publisher and Proprietors, Philadelphia: April, 1899.

This number of the *American Catholic Quarterly Review* opens with an article on the "Myths and Legends of the Reformation," by Prof. Charles G. Heymans, Ph.D. The article, though not in itself, is equal to an article in the October number of the *Review*, in 1888, by the same writer and on the same general subject, with reference to the so-called "Dark Ages." The Tendency of English Journalism, is the subject of the second article by Arthur F. Marshall, B. A. (Oxon). A New Biography of Our Lord, is the title of an article by J. L. O'Brien. The writer points out some defects in the recently published book of Low Wallace, "The Boyhood of Christ." He shows that Mr. Wallace's book is entirely mischievous in its effects and a living contradiction of its own professed intention. The fourth article is on "Protestantism and Art," by Peter L. Roy. The writer in this article gives a detailed and critical account of the destruction of Art in the sixteenth century by the so-called "Reformation." The fifth article is a study of "Robert Elmer," a "Controversial Novel," by Mgr. J. de Concilio, D. D. The article, under the form of a critical examination of this greatly praised, misleading, sophisticated book in a great refutation of its whole line of arguments. "The Faculty as an International Tribunal," is the sixth article, by Mgr. Bernard O'Reilly, D. D. "O'Connell's Correspondence" is the subject of the seventh article, by John McCarry. This article has been suggested by a certain personal, by Mr. McCarry, of the "Correspondence of O'Connell, with Notices of his Life and Times," by W. J. Fitzpatrick, M. A. The article is a study of the life of the great Irish statesman, and is a most valuable contribution to the knowledge of his life and times. The eighth article, by John Gilmary Shea, LL.D. is a plain and straightforward historical narrative of the actual facts relating to the estates owned by the Jesuit Fathers in Canada. It shows how those estates were acquired, how the Jesuit Fathers continued to own them, notwithstanding the temporary suppression of the Society of Jesus, owing to the non-promulgation of the new laws. The article is a most valuable contribution to the knowledge of the history of the Jesuits in Canada.

The English Illustrated for May contains as frontispiece the "Study of a Head" engraved by Gardner from a drawing by James S. B. A. "Jenny Harlowe" by W. Clark Russell is continued also in this number. A study of the life of the great Irish statesman, and is a most valuable contribution to the knowledge of his life and times. The eighth article, by John Gilmary Shea, LL.D. is a plain and straightforward historical narrative of the actual facts relating to the estates owned by the Jesuit Fathers in Canada. It shows how those estates were acquired, how the Jesuit Fathers continued to own them, notwithstanding the temporary suppression of the Society of Jesus, owing to the non-promulgation of the new laws. The article is a most valuable contribution to the knowledge of the history of the Jesuits in Canada.

A special meeting of the Young Irishmen's Literary & Benefit association took place Monday night in their hall, Dupre lane, the president, Mr. W. J. Hinchey, in the chair. The principal business of the evening was making arrangements for production of "Collector's Club," by the dramatic section of the association, which takes place in the Academy of Music on the 23rd inst., and promises to be one of the dramatic treats of the season. The members of the club have improved wonderfully since their last entertainment under the tuition of a professional lady, and six of the best dancers of Montreal have been engaged. Another novelty to be added to the evening performance will be the introduction of an Irish pipe.

Eviction Notices.

(Leinster Leader, May 4th.)

Mr. Thomas Mooney, relieving-officer, has been served by John T. Trench, Agent of the Marquis of Lansdowne, with about 40 eviction notices. The following are the names of the tenants on the Coolahoe portion of the Lodge estate whose names appear in the notices as about to be evicted:—Margaret Larkin, Anastasia M'Evoy, Kieran Brennan, Anne Kelly, Edward Kelly, John McGrath, Julia McGrath, John McGrath and Julia McGrath (for second holding), James Kelly, Eliza O'Neill, Phelim O'Neill, and O'Neill Arthur O'Neill (sumo and second holding). Thomas Byrne, Andrew Byrne, Andrew Thomas, Laurence Byrne, Mary Larkin, Mary Larkin (for second holding), Eliza Moore, William Larkin, Denis Breen, Michael Baker, Patrick Kelly, John Shiel, John Ryan, Bryan Brennan, Thomas Ryan, Thomas Dooley, Thos. Dooley (for second holding), John Brennan, Michael Brennan, Nannie Brennan, Charles Brennan, Daniel Carbury, Thomas Lally, Jas. Brennan.

The holdings average between 30 and 40 acres each, and the total area to be "cleared" is about 1,000 acres, or a little over. From present indications the evictions will not take place for some days yet.

HOUSTON, Tex., May 13.—"Prof." St. Clair, the seismologist, in attempting to give his "lesson" from the clock in the fairgrounds park last evening, let his slip on the parade, and fell 300 feet to the earth. Nearly every bone in his body was broken.

DR. HARVEY'S RED PILL