

NED BOTTLER.

A SKETCH FOR DOMESTIC SERVANTS.

When masters become perfect characters, they may then be some hope of finding faultless servants. To a far greater degree than is commonly imagined, the servant is the creature of the master—not meaning the word in a fawning and despicable sense, but in a creative sense, servants are what their masters make them: they are the master in small type—his image, echo, and average presentment.

I have no wish to panegyrise beyond his merits my own excellent father, but it is a fact well known to the numerous circle of friends with which our large family was privileged, that his servants—allude in this paper exclusively to men servants—were with one exception most respectable characters, and were most of them comfortably settled in life on the strength of the reputation they acquired in my father's service.

Ned Boteler, I remember rightly, was a raw lad from Swanage, Dorset, when he entered our family; his chief accomplishments consisting in some brief experience in the mystery of milking cows, churning butter, &c., including a limited acquaintance with the domestic economy of swine, and other familiarities of the farm-yard.

He had few qualifications for service in a gentleman's household, but he possessed one qualification which soon supplies the defect of all others—an aptitude and willingness to be taught. Boteler was not above learning, and therefore his master was not above teaching him; in the course of a year or two he became one of the most useful domestics we ever possessed.

Skilled in the art of "turning his hand" to anything, he made a difficulty or hardship of nothing; and in the multifarious duties which his position as "man of all work" in a large family entailed upon him, he secured the respect of his fellow-servants, the confidence of his master, and the esteem of all the family.

I have sometimes seen the written characters given by employers to discharged domestics, some of which were too excellent to induce us to think the master would have parted with such accomplishments, had they been genuine. Other characters have fallen into the opposite extreme, and scarcely done justice to the parties discharged.

The law very fairly interferes, and precludes an unjust master from injuring the reputation of an innocent servant, and on the other hand protects masters by inflicting a penalty upon all individuals who are parties to a fictitious character. Even-handed justice should be conscientiously administered on both sides.

Boteler came to us without any particular recommendation; his youth and inexperience had hitherto prevented his acquiring a character—his last master had told him as the Yorkshireman naively admitted on a similar occasion, "he would do better without one," which only meant in Boteler's case, he had not best present himself as he was, without professing qualifications, his deficiency in which would be immediately detected.

The only character with which he came to us was, that he was "a good lad, and willing to learn." Now, it is an act of real and enlightened charity to afford such a character an opportunity of gaining an honest livelihood; my father gave that opportunity to Ned Boteler, and never had reason to repent it.

First of all, Boteler secured our confidence in his Integrity. His honesty was based upon the stable principle of piety. Ned had been taught to pray and read his Bible, and though his scholarship was defective, his sincerity I believe was entire. I have occasionally overheard him reading to his fellow-servants in the kitchen, and barring a slight touch of the pompous in his intonation, and an innocent insensibility to the vulgar claims of orthography, it was interesting and affecting to witness his simple-hearted zeal for the edification of his domestic peers. They loved Boteler for his civil and obliging language. I have been often astonished at the amount of genuine politeness which the gentle spirit of Christianity infuses into the humblest and the homeliest of its professors.

"I was not beneath the dignity of an apostle to prescribe to Christians, 'Be courteous.'" I think it was a favorite maxim with Ned, "civility cost nothing, and sometimes was worth a deal."

I have known some servants in a family, who made no profession of religion, grow very jealous of a fellow-servant who did, on the score of the latter being supposed to be a greater favorite with the master—if it were so they have no right to complain—but the simple exposition of the fact usually is, that Christian masters naturally feel a deeper interest in and affection for a fellow Christian, though in the form of their servant; it is a bond of union between them twin, which the accidental and temporary relation of superior and dependent cannot put asunder—the one regards his servant in the light of a poor relation in Christ, and the other reverences his master as a father in Israel, whom he is bound by the law of God to honour and obey.

Boteler increased and confirmed his favour with the other servants, and the family at large, by his hearty and obliging manners. There are frequent opportunities in the kitchen, as well as in the "upper chambers of society," of fulfilling the law of Christ, which enjoins upon us, "Bear ye one another's burdens." By the interchange of kind offices on each other's behalf, the peace of the servants' hall is pleasantly maintained, and the family preserved from the unseemly and inconvenient nuisance of brawling domestics—Many a servant has lost a good place and injured a promising character, because he or she could not or would not agree with a fellow-servant. I think Boteler never quarrelled with any of them, with the exception of one instance where he detected the party in a scheme of systematic pilfering of small articles of her master's property; when he openly charged her with the thefts, at the same time interceding for her forgiveness. The poor creature eloped with a soldier, and followed the regiment to foreign parts, where she was left a widow with several orphans. Many years afterwards Boteler met with her half-finished, on the Point Beach at P—, and, with a liberality beyond his limited means, relieved her necessities, and moved his master's influence in her behalf, to lodge her rent-free in one of the "long-shore cabins."

There are as many servants ruined by hasty and imprudent marriages with our soldiers and sailors, especially in garrison towns, as from any other cause. Ned Boteler set an example of habitual conscientiousness to the other servants. His opinion was, "If a master gives me leave to go to church, I am bound in conscience to him, as well as to God, to go there. I've no more right to deceive him by spending the service time in gossiping or strolling elsewhere, than by telling him a lie in a more direct way." If beggars came to the door, it was not uncommon for the cook to give them broken victuals without consulting her mistress. "You are as much stealing those things," Ned would say, "as if you sold it unknown to the mistress. It's turning charity into a thief, and making honesty ashamed of her." One of Ned's aphorisms I have often found useful in experience, which was this, "A change of job is ease," i.e., if he were fairly weary with any one employment, say cleaning his knives, &c., he would employ himself by turning to work for an hour or two in the garden, solacing himself with the adage above recorded; and I have frequently tested the truth of it myself, when the mind was worn out with close study and confinement, and panted for a breath of fresh air and physical exercise, I have found immediate and satisfactory relief by taking a pastoral tour through some district of my parish, and have remembered Boteler's philosophy, "that a change of job is ease."

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If Ned ever found the servants repeating and canvassing in the kitchen what they had heard in the dining-room, his rebuke was characteristic of the man. "Did you ever hear tell of 'the dumb waiters'—a contrivance for heart-folk to help themselves at dinner, when they don't want their secrets to be carried abroad by their servants?—them dumb waiters are a standing satire on such gossips as you, as made the invention necessary—our master hasn't insulted our feelings with such a rebuke, so let us be upon honour, and try to be 'dumb waiters' ourselves."

Sometimes the servants would indulge in a vein of scandal against the habits and customs of former families in whose service they had lived. Boteler always checked this propensity, as evincing want of gratitude and generosity. "Never speak ill of the house whose bread you have broken," said he; "you were in their confidence, and it is mean and petty treason to betray it; it's sinking the respectability of a servant into the infamy of a spy, and I can't bear it."

It was edifying to observe how many hours before and after daily labor Boteler could spare to the improvement of his mind. He made time for all his necessary purposes by the simple process of never wasting any in over-sleep, idle habits, or criminal indulgence. There was good reason to hope that a large proportion of his leisure was employed in devotional reading, meditation and prayer, inasmuch that Boteler's considerable acquaintance with Scripture often surprised those who conversed with him.

As he advanced to mature manhood, his character was gradually developed and confirmed as a serious, thoughtful, sensible, and confidential servant; and my father felt himself bound to promote him to some better and more independent post of duty than the precarious tenure of domestic service afforded. This is the most useful mode in which masters can recompense fidelity and length of service, and my father was never the man to neglect the claims of any who were connected with him, whether in a public or private capacity. Ere long Boteler's turn arrived.

He married, and I am sorry to be compelled to admit, his marriage was a very imprudent one; and to this day, if Boteler is alive, he feels the ill effects of neglecting the quaint but excellent adage, "If God be not asked in the match, he will not make one in the marriage." It was the only mistake of great moment poor Boteler ever committed, but it was a fatal one; it embittered the remnant of his days, and entailed upon his children the curse of a worthless unprincipled mother's example.

A little beauty was her only recommendation—if the outward charm, unaccompanied by "the adorning of the inner man of the heart," be any recommendation at all. I need not particularize her faults, or rather virtues: suffice it to say, she ruined herself, her husband, and her family. The last time I saw poor Boteler, a few years ago, he had lost all that trim and neat attention to his apparel, that comely and healthful complexion, and cheerful buoyancy of spirits, that once was natural to him; and in the stead of these was left their wreck—a thread-bare suit upon a scarcely less bare skeleton, a downcast look, as of one who looked upon his peace as buried, and the untimely age of care and disappointment delving its unnatural furrows upon his brow deeper than length of years could plough them. I do not know a more painful spectacle than that which Boteler presented—a young old man. We exchanged a word or two, for the sake of old lang syne. I dropped a hint of that divine source of consolation whose efficacy can reach even the severest trials; a tear gathered wistfully in his eye, as his memory ran back upon the peace and comfort of his earlier years, and he respectfully exclaimed in parting, "Ah, sir, there is one thing I shall have to repent of as long as I live, and that is, that I ever left the master."

I do not agree with Boteler as to the expediency of a servant remaining in a family any longer than that which he himself is able to support in life—but whether male or female, they should exercise great caution in the connection they form; or like poor Boteler, they will exchange the comfort of domestic servitude for the mere liberty of rags and wretchedness.

Gentlemen's Cravats, Suspensors, Collars, &c. J. H. would avail himself of this opportunity to assure his old Customers, as well as those who may hereafter favour him with their patronage, that their orders shall be executed with PROMPTNESS, and in a style of workmanship not to be surpassed by any similar Establishment in Canada—and at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, for CASH, or short approved credit.

RICHARD SCORE, FASHIONABLE TAILOR, KEEPS constantly on hand a supply of WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DECKINGS, and all the latest styles of public patronage and supply.

THOMAS H. EDMUNDS, TAILOR, ROBE MAKER, AND DRAPER, returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support hitherto extended to him, would beg respectfully to inform them that he has just received (from Great Britain from London) a large assortment of Goods, adapted for the present and coming seasons, which, for quality and elegance, cannot be surpassed in the Province. Also, materials for University, Barrister's, and Clergyman's Robes, from ADAM & EDS, Robe Maker to her Majesty's High Court of Exchequer, Chancery Lane, London. And as the advertiser has had considerable experience in Robe making, as well as all other branches of his business, he hopes by unremitting attention to business, to merit that patronage which it will ever be his study to deserve.

JOHN HART, PAINTER, GLAZIER, GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER, (LATE OF THE FIRM OF HART & MARSH.) RESPECTFULLY returns thanks for the kind support he has received while in partnership, and desires to acquaint his friends and the public that he has removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. POPPLEWELL, 50-52, King Street, two doors east of Mr. ROWELL'S, where he intends carrying on the above business, and trusts, by strict attention and liberal terms, still to merit a continuance of public patronage.

MONTREAL TYPE FOUNDRY. To the Printers and Proprietors of Newspapers in Canada, Nova Scotia, &c. THE Undersigned having purchased the above Establishment, begs to solicit a continuance of the patronage which has been heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him as Agent to the Foundry.

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. THE Sale of the Eleven (say Sixteen, as per hand-bills,) BUILDING LOTS, on the East bank of the River DON, near the City of Toronto, advertised in the fourth page of this journal, will be sold by Auction, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 11th day of June next, at Eight o'clock precisely, at Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart.

NOTICE. These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each), cheaper, (see hand-bills), and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale. The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Steam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery.

FOR SALE. THAT very valuable property, beautifully situated on the Shore of Lake Simcoe, Township of Georgina, being "THE BRIARS," the property of the late CAPTAIN BOURCHIER, N.B. The Estate contains 200 acres of very good land, of which there are 70 under good cultivation, and fenced in a very superior manner; the House is of Brick, well built, and not only comfortably arranged for a gentleman's family, with all necessary and fitting offices, but also well and completely finished in every particular.

NOTICE. IS hereby given, that D'ARCY E. BOUTLON, Esq. of Cobourg, Canada West, is sole Agent for the general management, superintendence and sale, of all Lands in this Province registered in the name of JAMES ARTHUR PRYDE, Esq. Barrister, Trustee of EUPHRASIE BARRIE; and that no sales will be recognised, or payments on mortgages acknowledged, that are not effected personally with Madame Barrie, or his her Agent, Mr. Boutlon. And all mortgages, or persons indebted for payments on sales already made, will please communicate the particulars of their debts forthwith to Mr. Boutlon, who is authorised to collect and receive the same.

LANDS TO LEASE, ON FAVOURABLE TERMS. District. Township. Lot. Con. Acres. Johnston... South Crossby... 12... 7... 200

Advertisements. Six lines under 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under, 3s. 6d. first insertion, and 4s. each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line first insertion, and 1s. 6d. per line each subsequent insertion. The usual discount is made where parties advertise by the year, or for a longer period.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOB WORK. DONE IN A SUPERIOR MANNER. At the Office of "The Church."

1845. New Summer Goods. J. HOLMAN, TAILOR AND DRAPER, IN tendering his grateful acknowledgements to his customers for their continued patronage and support, would respectfully beg leave to invite their attention, as well as that of the public generally, to his new stock of SUMMER GOODS, which he has just received. They consist of the best WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, BLACK & FIGURED CASSIMERES, Striped Fancy Deckings, Plain and Figured Summer Tweeds, Linen Drills, &c. &c.

THE FAMILY RESIDENCE OF IGNATIUS LOYOLA. (From the Rev. F. C. Trevelyan's Diary in Spain.) We then returned to Azzatia, and, after resting for half an hour, set out for the celebrated monastery, built and established in honour of Ignatius Loyola, only too well known as the founder of the Jesuits, and personally, a man, beyond all doubt, of the most remarkable character. As to the observations I am about to make on the history and circumstances of the place, I have had no other means of information than that of questions on the spot. I endeavoured to secure accurate answers, and to understand them accurately; but no one is more aware than myself of the liability to error, always involved in such conversations. On the sphere which the monastery occupies, at least on a small portion of it, there was once a country residence belonging to the family of Ignatius Loyola; and here he passed a considerable period of his life. His family was one of distinction, and the house, though not castled, nor by any means remarkable for size or architecture, appears to have been some means of defence against the attack of enemies. After the death of Loyola, a Spanish noble-

DR. J. A. COWLES, SURGEON DENTIST, OPPOSITE THE OFFICE OF THE BANK OF MONTREAL, KING STREET, COBourg, 1845. 418-4f

MR. MEREDITH, SURGEON DENTIST, FROM ENGLAND, 239, KING STREET, NEAR CHEWETT'S BUILDINGS, TORONTO. 402

MR. REAUMONT, Professor of Surgery in the University of King's College, FELLOW OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, REMOVED TO BAY STREET, NEAR FRONT STREET, At home for consultation from 10 a.m. till 12 daily, Toronto, April, 1844. 353-4f

DR. FRENCH, (Late of Newmarket), OPOSITE LAKE CAMPBELL'S, DUKES STREET, Toronto, 7th August, 1841. 7-4f

WILLIAM A. GARRETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c. &c. (Over the Store of J. V. Bousell & Co.) COBURG, CANADA. 388-4f

MESSRS. BETHUNE & BLACKSTONE, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, &c. OFFICE OVER THE WATERLOO HOUSE, No. 124, King Street, Toronto, ONE DOOR EAST OF RIDOUT, BROTHERS & Co December 1, 1842. 282-1f

MR. J. D. HUMPHREYS, (FORMERLY OF THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC) PROFESSOR OF SINGING AND THE PIANO FORTE. Toronto, Oct. 7, 1843. 330-1f

OWEN, MILLER & MILLS, COACH BUILDERS, CORNER OF PRINCESS AND BARRIE STREETS, KINGSTON, AND KING STREET, TORONTO. 325-4f

G. & T. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 2, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO. [LATE T. J. PRESTON.] 307

THOMAS WHEELER, CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER, ENGRAVER, &c. 191, King Street, Toronto. Reference, for integrity and ability, kindly permitted to the Lord Bishop of Toronto. 370

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKETS, BETWEEN TORONTO AND KINGSTON, WILL COMMENCE THEIR REGULAR TRIPS ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 18th INSTANT.

DOWNWARDS. From Toronto to Kingston. SOVEREIGN..... CAPT. SUTHERLAND, Every Monday and Thursday.—At Noon. CITY OF TORONTO..... CAPTAIN DICK, Every Tuesday and Friday.—At Noon. PRINCESS ROYAL..... CAPT. COLLEGEH, Every Wednesday and Saturday.—At Noon.

UPWARDS. From Kingston to Toronto. PRINCESS ROYAL..... CAPT. COLLEGEH, Every Monday and Thursday Evenings. SOVEREIGN..... CAPT. SUTHERLAND, Every Tuesday and Friday Evenings. CITY OF TORONTO..... CAPTAIN DICK, Every Wednesday and Saturday Evenings. At Seven o'clock.

THE STEAMER AMERICA, CAPT. HENRY TWOTHY, WILL, until further notice, leave Toronto for Rochester, Three Times a Week, touching at Windsor Harbour, Orleans, Burlington, Bond Head, Port Hope, and Cobourg, (weather permitting) commencing on TUESDAY next, the 22nd instant.

THE STEAMER ECLIPSE, CAPT. JOHN GORDON, WILL, until further notice, leave Hamilton for Toronto, at 7 A.M. every morning, (Sundays excepted) and returning, will leave Toronto for Hamilton at 3 P.M. Monday, at the intermediate Ports, weather permitting. Hamilton and Rochester Steamship Office, Toronto, April 14, 1845. 405

FOR SALE. BANK STOCK, LAND SCRIP, &c. BY EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO. Current Prices of Bank and other Stocks, as well as rates of Exchange, &c., may be ascertained on application to the above. 339-4f

MR. W. SCOTT BURN, ACCOUNTANT, No. 8, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO. 364

EDWARD GEORGE O'BRIEN, GENERAL AGENT, Accountant and Notary Public, CHURCH STREET, TWO DOORS SOUTH OF KING STREET, TORONTO. 392-4f

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Farm for Sale. FOR SALE, the South-East quarter of Lot No. 17, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Hamilton, 40 Acres of which are cleared. The Land is well watered, and in a high state of cultivation.

Eccelesiastical Music. SHORTLY WILL BE PUBLISHED, BY H. W. ROWSELL, WITH THE SANCTION OF THE BISHOP, AND RIGHT REVEREND THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO, A Selection of Psalm Tunes, Chants, &c. EDITED BY J. P. CLARKE, ORGANIST OF CHRIST'S CHURCH, HAMILTON, (Formerly of St. Mary's, Glasgow.) Toronto, August 1st, 1844. 96

THE CALL TO THE SACRED MINISTRY: A DISCOURSE, Addressed to Members of the Church of England, BY A CLERGYMAN. Price,—3d. each; 2s. 6d. per dozen. May be had at the DEPOSITORY OF THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO, and of Messrs. H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto. March 1845. 400

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT "THE CHURCH" OFFICE, IN SHEET FORM. (PRICE 9d.) THE TABLE OF CUSTOMS DUTIES TO BE LEVIED ON Articles Imported by Land or Inland Navigation INTO THE PROVINCE OF CANADA, FROM AND AFTER THE 6TH APRIL, 1845. In Trade, and an indispensable document to all persons engaged in Trade, and an early application is recommended. Cobourg, May 9th, 1845.

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS AND TRACTS HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT THE DEPOSITORY OF THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO. Catalogues are in course of preparation. THE PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. APPLICATIONS for Insurance by this Company are requested to be made to the Agents, who is also authorised to receive premiums for the renewal of policies. Toronto, July 1, 1841. MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE & LIFE & MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY, (INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT) AGENT AT COBURG—ROBERT HENRY, Esq. November, 1844. 385-4f

Home District Mutual Fire Company, OFFICE—NEW STREET, OPPOSITE NEWGATE STREET, TORONTO. INSURERS Dwellings, Houses, Warehouses, Buildings in general, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Mills, Manufactory, &c. DIRECTORS. John McMurich, John Doel, James Beatty, Charles Thompson, John Eastwood, Benjamin Thorne, J. B. Warren, J. C. Leslie, J. B. Smith, J. RAIS, Secretary. J. T. FRICK, Esq., President. All losses promptly adjusted. Letters by mail sent the next post. July 5, 1845.

TO FAMILIES AND INVALIDS. THE following indispensable FAMILY REMEDIES may be found at the Drug Stores, and soon at every County Store in the Province: Remember and never get them unless they are the genuine ones, and the name of COMSTOCK & Co. on the wrapper, and all others by the same name are base imitations and counterfeits. If the merchant nearest you has them not, urge him to procure the next time he visits New York, or to write for them. No family should be a week without these remedies.

BALDNESS. Balm of Columbia, FOR THE HAIR, which will stop it falling out, or restore it on bald places; and on Children make it grow again, by the BODEN VEGTABLE EXTRACT AND NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT—but never without the name of COMSTOCK & Co. on the wrapper. ALL YEMING that infest the heads of children in schools, are prevented or killed by it at once.—Find the name of COMSTOCK & Co. on it, or never try it. Remember this always. 317

Rheumatism and Lameness positively cured, and all shrunken muscles and limbs are restored, in the old or young, by the BODEN VEGTABLE EXTRACT AND NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT—but never without the name of COMSTOCK & Co. on the wrapper. IT acts like a charm. Use it.

MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR SALVE. The most extraordinary remedy ever invented for all new or old BURNS AND SCALDS, and sores and SORE EYES. It has delighted thousands. It will take out all pain in ten minutes, and no failure. It will cure the PILES, LIN'S SPREAD PLASTERS. A better and more nice and useful article was never made. All should have them ready for use.

LIN'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS: on the principle of substituting the tonic in place of the stimulant principle, which has reformer so many drunkards. To be used with LIN'S BLOOD PILLS, superior to all others for cleansing the system and the humors affecting the blood, and for all irregularities of the bowels, and the general health.

HEADACHE. DR. SPOHN'S HEADACHE REMEDY. Will effectively cure sick headache, either from the nerves or biliousness. Hundreds of families are using it with great joy.

Dr. Spohn's Elixir of Health. For the certain prevention of FEVERS or any general sickness, keeping the stomach in the most perfect order, the bowels regular, and a determination to the surface. COLDS, COUGHS, pains in the bones, hoarseness, and DROPSY, are quickly cured by it.—Know the name, and never try any other.

CORNS.—The French Plaster is a sure cure. THE INDIA HAIR DYE. Colours the hair any shade you wish, but will not color the skin. SARRAPARILLA. COMSTOCK'S COMPOUND EXTRACT. There is no other preparation of Sarraparilla that can exceed or equal this. If you are sure to get Comstock's, you will find it superior to all others. It does not require plugging.

Dr. Lin's Celestial Balm of China. A positive cure for the Piles, and all external ailments—all internal irritations brought to the surface by friction with the Balm—no cough, swollen or sore throat, tightness of the chest, this Balm applied on a handkerchief will relieve and cure at once. Fresh wounds of the sores are rapidly cured by it.

Dr. Bartholomew's Expecto-rant. Will prevent or cure all Inflammation, CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, and COLDS, taken in time, and is a delightful remedy. Remember the name, and get Comstock's.

Rollinckson's Vermifuge will eradicate all WORMS in children or adults with a certainty quite astonishing. New York, and our Agents a rapidly assembled inventory, by Comstock & Co., New York. TOOTH DROPS.—KLINE'S cure effectually. Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1844, by Comstock & Co. in the Clerk's office of the Southern District of New York. By applying to our Agents in each town and village, you may be had free, showing the most respectable names in the country for these facts, so that no one can fall to believe them.

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