THE TORONTO RUBBER CO
OF CANADA
T. McILROY JR. & CO
INDIA RUBBER GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
26 KING-STREET WEST

The Toronto World.

C. S. GZOWSKI, JR
Stock and Exchange Broker
24 KING-STREET EAST

ELEVENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 21, 1890. ONE CENT.

A BIG FIRE THIS MORNING.

ABOVE $20,000 DAMAGE DONE ON WELLINGTON-STREET WEST.

How the Fire Was Early Discovered—Its Rapid Spread—The Firemen for a While Baffled—Bravely They Fought the Flames and Kept Them from the Adjoining Premises.

Toronto, large as the Queen City is, has until the past week enjoyed an immunity from large and destructive fires such as are common in the large cities of the States and in Montreal.

For this state of affairs the citizens have to thank the Fire Committee of the council who keep up to the point of efficiency one of the best fire brigades in Canada.

The great fire which destroyed the university was a terrible revelation of what might be the fate of our great commercial institutions but for the admirable services of water and intrepid men who respond instantly to the sound of the fire alarm.

During the past week there have been several small fires, and on the principle that misfortunes never come singly, there was a large one last night.

At 1 this morning the Wellington-street fire broke out. It was within a stone's throw of the scene of the fire 22 hours earlier in the Gunther block in Jordan-street. The latter fire at 4 o'clock yesterday morning looked formidable, but was soon beaten down. The one this morning, which drew crowds into the streets at that untimely hour, was a far more serious one.

It had obtained a great hold before it was discovered, and fanned with the brisk wind blazed up fiercely for more than half an hour despite the efforts of the brigade.

Chief Ardagh was promptly on the spot, the brigades were numerous, the water supply abundant and a half dozen hose were soon playing on the burning stores. The flames shot out of the upper windows and showed that there was small probability of preventing the gutting of the building in which the fire had originated.

Still volumes of water were thrown into the upper rooms, and the firemen worked hard to prevent any spread of the fire to the premises immediately east and west.

Discovering the Fire.

A young man told The World that he saw what appeared to be fire in the building at 12¾ o'clock and informed the caretaker, who responded that it was only the reflection of the light from a stove.

Shortly after 1 o'clock P. C. Forest saw the reflection of the fire through windows from Wellington-street. It appeared to be in the engine-room in the rear of the building, but before the firemen could reach the spot the flames had shot up to the very top of the building, where the stock, which consisted of baby carriages, sleighs and other goods, was stored.

In a remarkably short time the fire had enveloped the whole of the top story. The stores on each side, Petter & White, millinery and laces on the east and Edmund Sheuer, jeweler, on the west, were in imminent danger. As usual the overhead wires bothered the firemen and before the burning building could be reached all these had to be cut away.

As soon as the firemen arrived the general alarm was rung and in a short time more reels had appeared and several additional streams of water were playing on the flames. The building immediately west, occupied as Edmund Scheuer's wholesale jewelry establishment, containing most valuable goods, was damaged a good deal by water, as the firemen had to carry the hose through the entire premises.

A large staff of police were on the spot and saw that the firemen's work was unimpeded. The window frames were burnt out and anon was heard the sound of falling glass. The sky was illuminated with the fierce glare which was seen many blocks away.

The Fire Checked.

For over an hour the fire burned fiercely, then the firemen's efforts were successful and it was seen that there was no danger of the conflagration spreading. Vigorously the hose continued to play on the building. Some of the brigade were sent back, while others remained on the spot all night.

It was difficult to ascertain with any approach to accuracy the extent of the damage, but it is roughly estimated at about $20,000. The Gendron Manufacturing Company will lose about $15,000. The stock and building, however, are insured for about $40,000. Messrs. White & Petter's building, which adjoins that of the Gendron Manufacturing Company, was also attacked by the flames, but the chief loss is by water, over $3000 worth of laces and fine cloths being ruined. That part of the block occupied by Edward Scheuer, wholesale jeweler, was slightly damaged by the firemen's axes. The loss, however, is trifling.

The Loss Covered by Insurance.

Mr. Alfred Gendron told a World reporter that he was insured for about $50,000, which amount is divided between several companies. He supposed the loss would be very heavy but could give no idea until he could go over the store. He seemed to feel his loss very keenly and was affected to tears as he gazed upon the wreck of his property.

It was officially reported that it was 12¾ o'clock when the constable discovered the fire. The alarm was sounded at once and 15 minutes later the general alarm sounded.

There were no accidents to any of the men though some of them had narrow escapes when the fire was at its height.

THE STRIKE A FAILURE.

King & Co.'s Men Will Return to Work Without Having Gained their Point.

The World last evening called up J. D. King & Co., wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers, Wellington-street, and enquired if the reports published in the evening papers were true that the request of the 135 hands who were locked out on Feb. 12 had been conceded.

"Oh, no!" was the reply, "but we understand that the men purpose returning to work on Monday, satisfied to allow matters to continue as before the lock-out. These are the only terms at which they can work in our employ. We do not purpose paying the boy who was running the heel-seating machine men's wages, as requested."

DOWN BY THE SEA.

The Nova Scotia Legislature Opened by the Lieutenant-Governor.

HALIFAX, Feb. 20.—Lieut.-Gov. McLelan opened the Provincial Legislature to-day. The speech referred to the general prosperity of the province and announced that the Government would subsidize a railway from the Pictou branch of the Intercolonial to the iron fields. At an early date the Government are assured that these valuable deposits will be opened and smelting operations on a large scale carried on.

LOSSES CAUSED BY FLAMES.

A Flouring Mill at Meaford Burnt—$25,000 Goes Up in Smoke.

MEAFORD, Feb. 20.—About 4 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the fine brick steam mill belonging to the People's Milling Company, which was completely destroyed. It is a mystery how the fire originated. The loss is between $25,000 and $30,000, insured for $14,000 to $15,000 in different companies.

The Carolina Race War.

[C.P.R. Press Despatch.]

RALEIGH, N.C., Feb. 20.—The negro incendiaries at Rocky Mount have sent a notice to prominent citizens there informing them that if the Rocky Mount Light Infantry are ordered out the negroes will kill them all if they have to shoot them from ambush. Other threats of a like character have been sent.

THE ROYAL GRENS.

The Officers Receive Gratifying Reports of All-Round Efficiency.

The annual meeting of the officers of the Royal Grenadiers, held in accordance with regulations and orders, took place at the Rossin House last night. The chair was taken by the commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. Dawson, A.D.C., and nearly all the officers of the regiment were present. From the reports of the Band and the Rifle Committee and that of the paymaster the regiment was shown to be in a flourishing condition. Special attention was drawn by Captain Bruce, president of the Rifle Committee, to the great success of the regiment at the rifle matches during the past year, no less than three members having obtained a place on the Wimbledon team for 1890. The Regimental Band, Mess and Rifle Committees for the ensuing year were elected, and after a general discussion on regimental matters a vote of thanks to the retiring committees for their services and to the proprietor of the Rossin House for his kindness in granting the use of the room for meeting, the meeting adjourned.

SCHOOL PARLIAMENT.

Child Shoe Blacks and Vendors of Newspapers—Increasing Salaries Still in Order—Proposed New Schools.

Among the communications to the public school trustees last night was this from Chief Constable Grassett:

The police commissioners have passed a bylaw to license children selling newspapers and acting as bootblacks in the streets. It has been suggested that in order to regulate those so engaged they be required to attend school for say two hours daily. If the school board are favorable to this suggestion, will you have the goodness to inform me what arrangement could be made for the attendance of these children at such schools and at such hours as would enable them to get instruction without detriment to their means of getting a livelihood?

The letter was referred to the school management committee.

The finance committee's report contained a wholesale list of increases: The following passed committee: Inspector to $3000, secretary-treasurer $2250, superintendent of buildings $2500, drill inspector and truant officer $1100, superintendent of drawing $1200, solicitor $1200, inspector's assistant $1000, superintendent of writing $1100, music teachers $950, superintendent of kindergartens $600, messenger $800. The caretakers' salaries were increased 10 per cent. all round.

Miss H. Heakes was promoted to directress of Crawford-street school, Miss Johnston to directress of Louisa-street school, and Miss A. Wylie directress of Palmerston-avenue school; Miss A. Wickens, Miss Coplestone, Miss E. Warner, Miss A. L. E. Downey and Miss B. E. Glover appointed kindergarten assistants; Miss B. Wylie transferred from Rose-avenue to Jesse Ketchum school.

A new eight-roomed school will be erected to relieve Givins-street, Gladstone-avenue, Mabel-street and Brock-avenue schools; Bathurst and Borden-street schools to be sold and replaced by an 18-roomed school; Brant-street school and Church-street school will be enlarged; a school of 10 rooms will be added to St. David's Ward; Parliament-street school will be disposed of; further accommodation will be furnished for the eastern end of St. Lawrence Ward. These playgrounds will be enlarged: Gladstone-avenue, Givins-street, Brant-street, Phœbe-street, Johnstreet, McCaul, Wellesley Park, Victoria-street, Dufferin, Sackville-street, Bolton-avenue and Morse-street.

The last report was the Printing and Supplies Committee's. It gave the contract for printing to G. C. Patterson & Co., and for stationery and school supplies to the estate of J. B. Clougher. Trustee H. A. E. Kent moved for the referring back of the printing contract and when he was defeated left the room and broke up the quorum. The Board adjourned at 10.55.

THE ISLAND WHARVES.

Difficulties Around the Project—A Deputation Anent These to the Dominion Government.

The sub-committee in the matter of city wharves at Hanlan's Point met yesterday. A letter from the City Solicitor was read which stated:

The Dominion Government has reserved certain rights over a strip of land 66 feet wide next to the waters of the lake and bay all around the Island, and this strip would be interfered with by the construction of the proposed wharf.

I presume that the proposed wharf would have to project into the bay and rest on land covered by water. Now, this land is the property of the Crown, but whether the Dominion or Ontario Government has power to grant patents of it is still an undecided question, the Supreme Court of Canada having decided in favor of the Dominion Government. An act is to be introduced during the present session at Ottawa by the Dominion Government to settle this question.

Meantime, however, no patents will be issued by either Government and I should strongly advise the committee not to undertake the construction of the wharf until the title of the necessary land is obtained.

The Mayor, the City Solicitor and Ald. Booth were deputed to go to Ottawa to again confer with the Government.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Zealous for the Law.

The Law and Order League of America holds its annual meeting in this city on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The ordinary sessions will be held at 2½ Saturday and at 10 and 2½ Monday in the theatre of the Normal School. Reports of the work of the league in different places will be presented, followed by discussion. The distinguished visitors and the ladies who accompany them will be banquetted at the Arlington Hotel on Saturday evening. On Monday evening a public meeting will be held in Association Hall.

Men's Fur Coats for Sale at Special Low Figures.

W. & D. Dineen, hatters and furriers on corner of King and Yonge-streets, are offering for sale a number of very valuable Persian lamb, seal, beaver, Bokhara and genuine Astrachan fur coats for gentlemen at very low figures for cash. Also about fifty very serviceable black Corsican dog coats at $13, sold all season at $25. These Corsican dog coats are made from black curly dog skins and are strong as buffalo—are just the coats for drivers or anyone exposed to the weather. See them at Dineen's on corner King and Yonge-streets.

Another Brakeman Killed.

A brakeman named T. Buckley of Point Edward fell from the top of a freight train near York station at an early hour yesterday morning. He was caught under the wheels and instantly crushed to death. It is supposed he was carried off his feet by the high wind. Coroner Pickering was notified, but after investigation and consultation with the County Crown Attorney he decided that an inquest would not be necessary.

College Boys' Entertainment.

The gathering at the Pavilion next Tuesday evening promises to be an immense and earnest manifestation of the good will of Toronto people to help the college boys out of their little financial difficulty. Although the affair will be very recherche it will not be strictly necessary to appear in quinn's full dress ties. His ordinary Sunday-go-to-meeting scarf will be in good form.

The Royal Hand-Bell Ringers absolutely peerless. Honored in England sixteen times by royal patronage. At the Pavilion to-night. To give all an opportunity to hear these masters of melody admission will be only twenty-five cents. Reserved seats fifty cents. Plan at Nordheimer's.

Whisky Did Poor Mary.

The unknown woman who died in the Hospital of pneumonia was Mary Lindsay, who used to work for Mrs. May of Strangestreet. Her appetite for liquor cost her the situation, but she afterwards came back and was sheltered by Mrs. May. On Saturday she said she was going to the hospital, but it is supposed she got hold of some liquor and wandered out to York Mills, where she was found in an insensible condition.

THE BELT LINE LOCATED

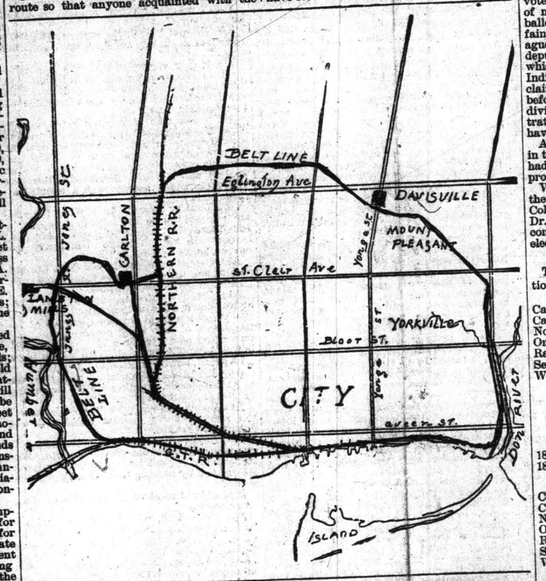
AND THE REAL ESTATE SPECULATORS "SURPRISED."

It Takes in the Esplanade, the Don Improvements, Crosses Yonge-street at Davisville, then North of Eglinton-avenue to Carlton and Home by Lambton Mills, the Humber and Bolt Works.

What is in many senses the most important announcement for many years as affecting the prosperity of the outlying districts of Toronto is made by The World this morning. The long expected Belt Line Railway is an assured fact and the cars will be running upon it perhaps before next winter's snow flies. The company, meeting with an altogether unexpected degree of opposition from Eglinton when the proposition was made last fall that a bonus should be given to the road, abandoned the effort to secure financial help and set themselves to forming a strong land company out of the private resources of which the line could be built. Such a land company has, we are enabled to announce, been successfully formed. It has a capital of $1,000,000 and the next Gazette will contain the customary notice of intention to apply for a charter.

The route of the railway has been settled and the plans will be filed with the Government and municipal authorities this morning.

The accompanying map shows the route so that anyone acquainted with the township will be able to trace it out.



Commencing at a point on the Grand Trunk west of the Don, the line will go up the west bank of the river and across the flats, skirting the eastern parts of Rosedale and proceeding almost due north until the creek is reached which is known as Mud creek is reached which is known as Mud Creek and flows through Ald. John Hallam's new park and fish-ponds. The line then follows the valley of the creek, crossing and recrossing it throughout the rear parts of Moore Park and Mount Pleasant Cemetery lands and gradually rising until about the point where the creek intersects the north limit of the cemetery. At that point the line turns westward, running along the northern limit of the cemetery and the rear of the lots on the north side of Merton-street. Then striking northwest the line crosses Yonge-street just south of Balliol-street and Davisville. The station will probably be on the east side of Yonge-street at that point.

Crossing Yonge-street the line enters the valley of the creek, which in its lower course is known as the second Rosedale or Silver creek, continuing up the bed thereof for about a mile and a half, until Bathurst-street is reached at a point between lots 1 and 2 in the second concession west of Yonge. The road here goes for a mile and a quarter between the two lots just mentioned, which, together with lot 3 and other adjacent lands aggregating 700 acres, have been purchased for the Belt Line Land Company. Thence, crossing Dufferin-street within one-fourth of a mile of Fairbank postoffice the road makes a bee-line for the Northern Railway, running over that line to a point opposite Carlton.

From that point another loop is thrown out going across lots 34, 35, 36 and 6 in the third concession from the Bay, then curving south and crossing Dundas just west of Janestreet takes a course toward the Grand Trunk Station at the bolt works at Swansea. From that place the line runs over the Grand Trunk, which is sufficient to stamp it as a Grand Trunk enterprise even if it turns out not to be the case, as rumor says it is, that certain Grand Trunk men are heavily interested in the Land Company.

It is stated that the company has all its financial and other arrangements made so that work can be commenced at once. A few of the land owners who "strike it rich" by this location of the line are J. D. Edgar, H. L. Hime, John F. Taylor, John T. Moore, Colin Skinner, the Baldwin Estate, Dr. Gilmour, M.L.A.

There will be a number of surprise parties this morning. Certain real estate owners have been so cocksure that the Belt Line could not miss them if it tried that they have stood aloof from the scheme—and that is where they find themselves now.

The history of other belt lines is to be repeated here small communities will grow up within half a mile of each station. As the line will be dependent on its passenger traffic it will have to give a rapid, frequent and cheap service. If it is well managed the belt line ought to be able to drop passengers five miles away in less time than the street cars consume in going from King to Carlton.

The length of the line to be built from the eastern junction with the Grand Trunk to the Northern Railway is about seven miles, and from the Northern Railway to the bolt works about four and a half miles. There is no great engineering difficulty to be combatted, though the grade will be a stiff one throughout.

PARKS AND GARDENS.

Meeting of the Committee Yesterday—Proposed Island Hotel—Victoria Park Offered to the City.

In the matter of opening up the Rosedale lacrosse grounds the Toronto Lacrosse Club wrote withdrawing its offer.

Ald. Gillespie and Score strongly favored the erection of a hotel on the Island, as proposed by a syndicate. Mr. Peter McLatyre, who represents it, wrote that its erection would cost from $80,000 to $100,000. It would have a frontage of 350 feet. The site desired was in the Island park. There was an animated discussion and the matter was adjourned.

The free use of the Pavilion was granted the Toronto University Literary Society for an entertainment on Tuesday next, the proceeds to go towards the reparation fund.

Ald. Hill, Dodds, Swait, Score, McMullen and Booth were appointed the sub-committee on free band concerts during the summer in the city parks.

Ex-Ald. Davies' offer to sell Victoria Park to the city was referred to the Parks and Sites sub-Committee.

The name of High Park will not be changed to Howard Park until the trustees of the late park ranger hand over the estate to the city. Ald. Swait, Booth, City Solicitor and Park Superintendent were made a sub-committee to settle with the servants of the late Mr. Howard and arrange for the furniture, etc., of Colborne Lodge.

The revenue from the Pavilion for 1889 was $3688 and the expenditure $3476, leaving a balance of $113.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

Figures Showing the Revenue to the Province and Municipalities.

The Provincial Secretary yesterday brought down his report for 1889 on the working of the Tavern and Shop Licenses Acts.

The number of licenses issued, transferred or removed in each of the license districts of the province during the past three license years is shown below:

	Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Shops.	Wholesale.	Total.	Transfers.	Removals.
1886-7	1520	73	367	28	2000	345	34
1887-8	1472	48	335	26	1881	350	31
1888-9	1503	53	336	26	1925	365	39

There has been an increase in the number of licenses issued comparing 1888-9 with the preceding year of 570 tavern and 11 shop.

Revenue derived by the province from licenses and fines:

1886-7	$216,455
1887-8	201,542
1888-9	232,511

Amounts collected on account of licenses and fines (including the sums imposed by municipal bylaws):

1886-7	$401,626
1887-8	396,950
1888-9	470,855

Payments to the Municipalities:

1886-7	$153,716
1887-8	156,979
1888-9	190,297

The increase in the number of licenses issued and in the revenue collected and distributed between the municipalities and the province is attributable for the most part to the repeal of the Scott Act.

The fines collected during the past year amounted to $18,454, as compared with $15,999 in 1878.

The number of prisoners committed for drunkenness during 1889 exceeds the number committed during 1888 by 346.

A NEW REGISTRY OFFICE

Recommended To Be Built by the City—The Suggested Site is Osgoode Hall Grounds.

Ald. Moses presided yesterday at a meeting of the sub-committee on the city registry office. The sub-committee reported:

We have examined the present office and are satisfied that it does not meet the requirements. Accommodation for the clerks of the office has to be found in another building.

On interviewing the architect, Mr. W. G. Storm, who has all the plans of the present building, we found that a mere temporary accommodation could be had by adding a second story at a cost of from $10,000 to $12,000. It would give accommodation only for the clerks and not the required vault room for deeds. Under the statute accommodation must be provided for the new registrar and the Master of Titles. During the past three years $19,454 has been expended in alterations and enlargement.

Your committee is of opinion that any further expenditure on the present building would be simply a waste of money and would recommend the erection of a new structure, such as would meet the requirements of the city for at least the next half century.

Your committee finds that the receipts for the past three years amount to $46,758 and maintenance $20,081, showing a net gain to the city, exclusive of alterations, of $26,677, or nearly $9000 per annum, this being more than sufficient to pay sinking fund and interest for the land and buildings without adding any additional burden on the city.

The Government having added another registrar, as also the Master of Titles, and accommodation having to be provided for them, your committee suggest that application be made to the Government for the land on the northwest corner of the Osgoode Hall grounds, on which the building should be erected. Failing in this your committee would suggest the appropriation of some suitable piece of property 150x150 feet in size for the erection of the registry office proper to the requirements of the city.

Your committee further desire to state that it has examined the new court house plans and made enquiries in regard to accommodation therein and are assured that every space in that building, when completed, will be required for the city and courthouse purposes.

There was considerable discussion on the matter, resulting in the report being referred to the City Solicitor at the request of Ald. Leslie, to find out what effect the clause in the Registry Act making it permissible to deposit the original deeds in the office instead of having them copied into ledgers would have on the revenue of the office of registrar.

Until Mr. Biggar gives his opinion nothing further will be done.

Call and secure bargains at the clearing sale of furniture, upholstered goods, mixed and woven wire mattrasses. The People's Furniture Warerooms, 161 Yonge-street.

ONTARIO'S ACCOUNTANTS

Review the Year's Proceedings and Elect Officers for the Next Twelve Months.

The annual meeting of the Chartered Accountants of Ontario was held yesterday afternoon. Mr. H. W. Eddis, the retiring president, occupied the chair and present were John T. Moore, George Edwards, Henry Lye, J. M. Martin, J. H. Menzies, A. C. Neff, Hugh Scott, R. T. Coady, W. H. Cross, Mr. Barber and Mr. McDougall. The annual report was presented and approved. These officers were elected:

President—John T. Moore.
First Vice-President—W. H. Cross.
Second Vice-President—R. T. Coady.
Council—E. R. Clarkson, H. W. Eddis, W. F. Findlay, Hamilton; S. B. Harman, George Edwards, George F. Jewell, London; J. W. Johnson, Belleville; Henry Lye, William McCabe, J. M. Martin, J. Mason, J. H. Menzies, Hamilton; A. C. Neff, William Powis, A. G. Ramsay, Hamilton; H. Scott, F. S. Sharpe, St. John, N.B.; R. H. Tomlinson, Mr. Barber, Mr. McDougall.

Tutti Frutti allays thirst.

IT'S "MONTY" THIS TIME SURE

HALDIMAND GIVES THE DOCTOR A MAJORITY OF OVER 150.

The Fourth Contest at the Polls Between the Same Candidates Within Three Years—How the Constituency Has Voted in Past Elections—Returns of Yesterday's Polling.

CAYUGA, Feb. 20.—Full returns to-night from all parts of the county give Dr. Walter Humphries Montague a majority of about 150 over his ancient enemy, Charles Wesley Colter.

Haldimand has been the scene of many exciting political battles, but never has there been a hotter fight in the history of the riding than the one which terminated today in a decisive victory for the Conservative candidate.

DR. W. H. MONTAGUE.

This election was held on the new voters' lists and the result shows that the Liberal claim of big gains among the new names was unfounded. The Liberal cry of fraud, bribery and corruption which had gone up in anticipation of defeat has, now that a crushing rout is assured, swelled into a loud and angry chorus. Frauds are charged in the printing of the voters' lists at Ottawa; a reckless distribution of money is alleged to have been made; ballots are said to have been marked with a faint lead pencil cross opposite Dr. Montague's name by the returning officer or the deputies who had charge of them; beer and whisky, it is asserted, were poured into the Indian reserve, and Col. Tisdale, M.P., it is claimed led every Indian voter into a shed before allowing him to go to the polling subdivision. What awful deeds were perpetrated there by the warrior and the redmen have not transpired.

All this talk indulged in by the Liberals in the first bitterness of defeat where they had hoped for victory will be taken at its proper value.

Within less than 3½ years five elections for the Commons have been held. In each Mr Colter has been the Liberal candidate and Dr. Montague has opposed him in the last four contests. The detailed vote of each of these elections follows:

The Vote in 1886.

The majorities in the Colter-Merritt election in September, 1886, were:

	Colter.	Merritt.
Cayuga	31	..
Caledonia	..	75
North Cayuga	107	..
Oneida	..	30
Rainham	118	..
Seneca	28	..
Walpole	..	62
	284	167
Majority for Colter	117	

At the General Elections.

After Mr. Colter's election in September, 1886, the House was dissolved and on Feb. 22, 1887, polling resulted as follows:

	Colter.	Montague.
Cayuga	29	..
Caledonia	..	76
North Cayuga	87	..
Oneida	..	67
Rainham	97	..
Seneca	10	..
Walpole	..	..
	223	210
Majority for Colter	13	

Montague a Winner.

	Colter.	Montague.
Cayuga	18	..
Caledonia	..	78
North Cayuga	103	..
Oneida	..	78
Rainham	87	..
Seneca	..	6
Walpole	..	62
	207	224
Majority for Montague		17

This Was Colter's.

In the contest which followed Dr. Montague was unseated and another election held on Jan. 30, 1889, when these were the figures:

	Colter.	Montague.
Cayuga	31	..
Caledonia	..	88
North Cayuga	99	58
Oneida	113	..
Rainham	7	..
Walpole	..	70
	250	211
Majority for Colter	39	

Yesterday's Figures.

Complete returns of yesterday's vote are not in but as far as received the figures are:

		Montague.	Colter.
Caledonia	No. 1	101	..
Seneca	" 20	37	..
	" 16	..	10
Oneida	" 13	13	..
"	" 11	46	..
Walpole	" 25	22	..
"	" 23	..	35
"	" 22	..	24
"	" 24	3	..
"	" 28	45	..
"	" 26	12	..
"	" 27	80	..
Rainham	" 15	..	78
"	" 3	..	13
"	" 4	..	13
"	" 5	..	78
Hagersville	" 3	82	..
Glasby School	" 8	..	33
North Cayuga	" 9	..	28
" "		35	..
		473	315
Majority for Montague		158	

The News at the Capital.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—Even more interest than usual has been manifested here in the Haldimand election and the result is admitted to be a great surprise even by Dr. Montague's most sanguine supporters.

Surveyor-General Tweedie Elected.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Feb. 20.—Survevor-General Tweedie has carried his departmental election in Northumberland by about 500 majority.

WHERE'S SIFTON?

Mysterious Disappearance at St. John's Village—The Missing Man a Division Court Clerk and Justice of the Peace.

LONDON, Ont., Feb. 20.—Intense excitement reigns at St. John's village, near here, over the disappearance of Bamlet E. Sifton, clerk of the Division Court, justice of the peace and one of the most prominent men of the place, on Monday last. Sifton resided on the bank of the River Medway and had to cross a bridge which spans that stream in going to and from the village. He was in St. John's on Monday night and had half a dozen drinks at the hotel. He started for home from Fraleigh's Hotel about 9 o'clock in a heavy rainstorm, since which time no trace has been discovered of him, although for 48 hours the river has been dragged in every direction. The opinion is general that he lost his way in the dark and tumbled into the water while crossing the bridge for home.

The theory of suicide finds credence with some people, who claim that Sifton has been acting strangely of late; that he talked queerly and spoke of having lost heavily through endorsing for a relative, and that in consequence both his farm and homestead were heavily mortgaged. Mr. Sifton was in his 60th year.

Manufacturers, by warehousing their surplus stock with Mitchell, Miller & Co., receive negotiable warehouse receipts.

WOMEN AND MEDICINE.

The Medical College To Be Opened in May—Help Them to Furnish.

The Building Committee of the Women's Medical College held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the Y.M.C.A. Building. Dr. Wishart presided and among the ladies present were Mrs. J. Harvie, Mrs. Gunther, Mrs. Daniel Rose, Mrs. Dr. Parker, Mrs. Henderson and Mrs. Walton. After discussion it was decided to hold a conversazione at the opening of the new college in May. Steps will be taken to collect funds for furnishing the building. The interest manifested in the work is very encouraging.

THE AMUSEMENT WORLD.

"The Hero of Texas"—"Siberia" Next Week—Hand-Bell Ringing at the Pavilion—London Minstrels on Monday.

There was a change of bill at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House last night, when Mr. J. H. Wallick presented the popular "Sam Houston, the Hero of Texas." The play, which was given a cordial reception by the large audience, abounds in thrilling situations and heroic deeds and gives Mr. Wallick an opportunity to portray the dashing hero, which he does with his old-time vigor. The same bill will be given to-night, Saturday night and Saturday matinee.

"Siberia," Bartley Campbell's strongest and most successful play, will be the attraction at Jacobs and Sparrow's Opera House all next week. It is a deeply interesting play, portraying in vivid touches the vicissitudes of Russian life, with its Nihilism, its despotic rule, its bitter wrongs and monstrous injustices; with a story so interesting that attention never flags. "Siberia" combines a pathos, a humor and a fidelity to life that explains the strong hold it retains upon the public. The strain of emotion that its fine opportunities for acting produce is relieved by the gleam of comedy throughout and its happy endings. The cast is a large one and the special scenery used in the production is entirely new.

The street parade of the London Minstrels takes place at noon on Monday next. They give but one performance here in the Grand and promise to make it a good one. Mr. Williams, the well-known basso, is one of the vocalists, while Pete Wood, the ball player, also takes a leading position in the company.

Bells in the Pavilion.

The world-famed Royal Hand-Bell Ringers of London, England, gave one of their unique entertainments in the Pavilion last night before a good-sized audience. They commenced by ringing out the good Scotch song of greeting, "Auld Lang Syne," to indicate their friendliness to Toronto people on their re-visit to the city. The melody melted into other popular airs, all invested with the peculiarly dreamy charm which is imparted by nothing but the bells. In every selection the correctness of the performance brought out a harmony rich and pure. A prominent feature of the entertainment was the performance of Mr. Hargreaves on the dulcimer and other similar instruments. This artist exhibited a wonderful dexterity and accuracy, and in each of his numbers propuced very pleasing effects. Mr. Duncan S. Miller, as conductor, was quite himself. The quaintness and drollery of his short talks between numbers kept the audience in the best of good humor. The performance will be repeated this evening, and to give everyone a chance to hear it the admission will be only 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.

Toronto College of Music.

Last evening a good audience gathered in the College Music Hall to hear an organ recital by pupils of Messrs. Torrington, Dowell and Vogt. The players, without exception, did well, and the vocals were also well received. The organists who took part were Mr. McNally, Miss Lavelle, Miss Williams, Miss Hosie (Brampton), Mr. Burden, Miss Clarke, Mr. Hewlett and Mr. Hall, and the vocalists were Miss Paterson, Mr. Hall, Miss Rutherford, Miss Mortimer and Miss Kate Ryan.

A University Concert.

The University Glee Club will give a concert on Tuesday evening at the Pavilion in aid of the funds of the University Literary and Scientific Society, upon whom the losses incident upon the destruction of material for the conversazione will fall. This loss aggregates $2500, distributed as follows: $275 for the lighting, $400 for the catering, $700 for borrowed flags, $400 for borrowed floral decorations, $500 for borrowed mathematical instruments and $300 for music. The society has only $700 on hand to meet these claims and the concert is intended to reduce the deficit. Those taking part will be: Mrs. Agnes Thompson, soprano; Miss Marie C. Strong, contralto; Mr. E. W. Schuch, basso; Miss Agnes Knox, elocutionist; Mr. Harry M. Field, solo pianist; Master George Fox, solo violinist; Mr. G. H. Fairclough, accompanist, and the University Glee Club of fifty voices, the whole under the direction of Mr. E. W. Schuch, conductor of the club. The plan of seats will open at Messrs. Nordheimer's at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning.

Music in the Captives' Ears.

Professor Bohner, assisted by some of his pupils, Mr. James Fax, the comic singer, Signor Napolitano, violinist, and Mr. J. Baugh, cornetist, gave a very successful entertainment to the inmates of the Central Prison. The program included violin solos by Mr. Napolitano, duets by Messrs. Taylor and Dent, songs by Mrs. Captain Thompson, Miss Roulston and Miss Mabie Glover, comic songs by Mr. Fax, club swinging by Master Bert Thompson, cornet solos by Mr. Baugh and trios by Messrs. Bohner, Napolitano and Baugh on the piano, violin and cornet.

Clearing sale of furniture, upholstered goods, mixed and woven wire mattrasses. Buy now at your own price at The People's Furniture Warerooms, 161 Yonge-street.

NURSING-AT-HOME MISSION.

The Success of the East Stimulates Western Toronto.

Two years ago the Mission Union organized a "Nursing-at-Home" branch in the East End. Mrs. Crawford of 212 Sackville-street, a trained nurse, was employed to go from house to house through the day. Clothing, medical aid and nourishment have been provided and the work has been so successful that yesterday afternoon a number of kind-hearted ladies met in a parlor of Broadway Methodist Tabernacle to organize a similar branch in the West End. Mrs. Duncan Clarke presided and addressed the meeting on the work which has been done. Miss Walker, 88 Oxford-street, was appointed nurse and Dr. Parry, 313 Bathurst-street, and Dr. Primrose, 169 Simcoe-street, have kindly offered their services free of charge. No subscriptions will be personally solicited, but money donations will be received by Mrs. Duncan Clarke, 111 St. George-street, while Mrs. Hamilton, 393 Huron-street, will take charge of all clothing which may be sent in.

This branch will meet every Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Paul's Church and Broadway Tabernacle alternately, commencing next week with the latter place.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

Furs.

We call attention to the great bargains in furs now being given by Messrs. Bastedo & Co., 73 King-street east and 54 Yonge-street. Every one who is thinking of buying furs will find it pay to call on them. Seal mantles, Persian coats, robes, in fact everything in furs at first cost.

Families leaving the city or giving up housekeeping can have their furniture carefully stored at moderate cost with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Valuable Land on the Market.

The executors of the late Mrs. Colin Skinner, Davisville, are offering by tender 16 acres on Yonge-street, just north of the city limits and on the line of the new belt railway. Particulars in the advertising columns.

John Sest has not got the collectorship yet but the public can and do appreciate the value in German collars recently imported by A. White, 65 King-street west. Not dead yet but thoroughly alive to the interest of our patrons.

IN THE INTEREST OF PEACE.

THE PREMIER ADVOCATES THE THOMPSON AMENDMENT.

He Dips into Early Canadian History for the Special Benefit of the Ontario Members—Mr. Edgar Follows with a Promise of Support—Hon. Mr. Dewdney's Speech.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—Sir John Thompson's amendment to the McCarthy bill occupied the attention of the House all day, Peter Mitchell opening out in support of it and stating that he had an amendment of his own to the same effect which he would have proposed had he had a chance.

When he concluded no less than three members rose to speak: Sir John Macdonald, Peter White and Mr. Amyot. The Speaker said on such occasions the Prime Minister was entitled to precedence.

Sir John was very earnest in his speech. He announced that he had intended to move the Thompson amendment, but being fatigued on Tuesday night he had asked the Minister of Justice to move it in his stead. This was a compromise resolution in the interests of peace.

The Government had adopted that part of Mr. Blake's proposition calculated to quiet the agitation in Eastern Canada and Mr. Blake had accepted the substitution for the latter part of his proposition: the clause suggested by the Government which was arrived at satisfying the free men of the west by referring to them the decision of what language was to be used for the purposes of the Legislative Assembly.

There was nothing in the amendment about the printing of the enactments, because that was a matter over which the Legislative Assembly had no control. Once the laws were passed it was for the Lieutenant-Governor, who was directed by this Parliament, to direct in what language they should be promulgated.

The Assembly's Resolution.

He did not feel that this House should act upon the resolution passed by the Legislative Assembly asking abolition of the French language, because that body had not been charged to pronounce upon that subject. In this connection Sir John took occasion to point out that the Assembly had attempted to interfere in a great many matters over which they had no authority; in fact, he said they had condemned nearly every limit put upon them. He had no doubt but that their intentions were the best, but none of them had before sat in a legislative assembly and they did not understand the limitations put upon such bodies as theirs.

For the special benefit of the Ontario members Sir John dipped into history and fished up a resolution passed by the Legislature of Upper Canada in 1793 which was very apropos to the present occasion. The country had just been divided into Upper and Lower Canada with the idea of removing the difficulty between the French and the English by putting all the French together in one province. But