THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE: 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$3 00	Four Months	$1 00
Six Months	1 50	One Month	25

No charge for city delivery or postage. Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES:
(FOR EACH LINE OF NONPAREIL).

Ordinary commercial advertisements 6 cents
Financial statements as reading matter 12½ cents
Monetary, Amusements, etc. 10 cents
Condensed advertisements a cent a word.
Deaths, marriages and births 25 cents.
Special rates for contract advertisements or reading notices and for preferred positions.
Address all Communications: THE WORLD.
The World's Telephone Call is 523.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCT. 15, 1885.

The Grand Trunk Loop Line and the Esplanade Question.

The most important of all the utterances on the occasion of the Pullman car railway trip to Brampton yesterday was one that came from Mr. John Macdonald. He said that things were now working towards a certain end; and that people need not be surprised should they read in the papers some fine morning that arrangements had been made for the building of the long-contemplated Grand Trunk loop line north of Toronto. These are not his words, but they convey his meaning.

It should be the wish of Toronto's citizens to see Mr. Macdonald's hopeful forecast verified at an early day. For the Grand Trunk loop line would mean a great deal. It would mean that the difficulties connected with the water front and railway tracks on the Esplanade had at once been cut down one-half. Send the Grand Trunk through freight traffic around the city by a loop line, and the water front tracks, now so crowded, would easily suffice for all other demands. With the improvements contemplated, the space available would at all events suffice for long time to come. The importance of the Grand Trunk loop line, as a means of easing us of the railway track difficulty at the water front, can scarcely be overestimated. Let us hope that in this instance Mr. Macdonald will beat all the weather prophets we ever heard of.

The Molsons Bank.

The shareholders of a bank that gives them 8 per cent. per annum, while all the time adding to the "rest," need not be over-anxious to sell out. The stock may appear to them rather a good thing to hold on to. And this is the prosperous state of affairs shown at the annual meeting of the Molsons Bank, a report of which we print elsewhere. Last year's business makes an addition to the "rest" of $75,000, bringing it up to $175,000, which is equal to one-third of the capital. It may fairly be anticipated that the high regulation figure of a fifty per cent. "rest" will be reached "ere long," when every dollar of the bank's stock will be worth a dollar and a half, fair market value. Still, it is evident that the president and directors do not expect after this to make big profits by high interest. They recognize the fact that the supply of money is in excess of the demand, and that interest rates are coming down. To which let us add that this is a main fact for the general public to get hold of. It has been too much kept in the background, but "murder will out," and so will cheap money.

The Eastern Question.

To-day's cable news is full of weighty intelligence. A few hour may decide whether there is to be any fighting over the present phase of the Eastern question. The powers are by no means united. England is wisely keeping aloof, holding that her interests are of secondary importance, and the famous triple alliance, owing to divergent interests, appears either unwilling or powerless to take any decisive step. In fact it would rather seem as if Austria, Germany and Russia would not be greatly put out were the dispute to result in war. At any rate, Bismarck has advised the porte to take immediate action if Greece and Servia continue to show their teeth. The recent conference is said to have recommended Turkey to accept the Roumelia-Bulgaria union, but "the sick man" is indisposed to follow that advice, and is reported to have formally disavowed Prince Alexander's course, and to be concentrating large bodies of troops on the frontier. The prince, however, is doing his best to conciliate the sultan, that is as far as he can do so without sacrificing the union. He has sent a special messenger to Constantinople offering to form an offensive and defensive alliance between Roumelia, Bulgaria and Turkey, and to give in his submission. It is extremely doubtful if his offer will be accepted, as the formation of such an alliance would almost be tantamount to the recognition of his sovereignty. While we place little reliance on the rumor that King Milan is about to issue a declaration of war, there is enough in the apparently trustworthy despatches to indicate that the situation is most critical, and that any moment the blow may be struck that will lead to a general flare-up.

The Scott Act in Huron.

A gentleman who has returned from a trip through the county of Huron says the Scott act is not enforced there, though it was carried by a large majority. The violation of the law is open; justices of the peace, and men who voted for the act, think nothing of going into the hotels and drinking with the crowd. According to our informant the hotel men are better off than ever, since they pay no license, they sell as much as before at better prices, and they deal out poorer stuff.

Snow fell in the north of England on the 27th September. And yet Canada is supposed to have a monopoly in the empire of the early snowfall business!

Mathematics might be made much more interesting in our schools and colleges if attention were paid to the excellent example set in the ancient Sanskrit Lilawati. The grand scheme of numbers is perfected and pursued simply for trade purposes. Why, there is something divine in the science of numbers. Mathematics is but another name for poetry. It is our teaching that makes it prosaic. Here is an old Sanskrit sum in "fractions": "One-fifth of a hive of bees flew to the Kadamba flower; one-third flew to the Silandhara; three times the difference of these two numbers flew to an arbor; and one bee continued flying about attracted on each side by the fragrant Malati and the Ketaki. What was the number of the bees?" And here is a charming study in natural history and spherical trigonometry combined: "The bud of a water lily in a lake was noted to be one span above the water-surface; when moved by the gentle breeze, it sank in the water at two cubits' distance. What was the depth of the water?" Fortunate little Hindoolois to be reared in such delights!

It appears that all the vaccine now being used in Canada is imported from the United States. This is a state of things entirely abhorrent to the N. P. We are glad therefore to observe that Mr. W. Cowan, an enterprising cattle breeder of Galt, and graduate of the Ontario veterinary college, purposes availing himself of his bucolic and physiological opportunities to establish a vaccine farm; whence are to be dispensed points of the pure article. This will be comfortable. It is not pleasant to reflect that under existing circumstances one may have scrofula and a dozen other inherited impurities of the blood imported into one's arms, when complying with the law. We prefer virus from the udder of a good Galt cow to inoculation from the arm of the healthiest babe in the U. S.

Now is the time to scrape the mud off the cedar-blocked streets and so save the clouds of dust with which the first dry windy day will otherwise smother us. But our city wiseacres seldom seize opportunities. Their way of doing things is a half-seas-over sort of method, and that is all the seize there is about them—barring perhaps an occasional grab for self and friends.

The Mail's effort to discredit the usefulness of vaccination will find no supporters among our country readers, who chance to reflect on one fact known to them all. A new arrival from the old country is always poisoned by mosquito bites. As the years progress the result of the mosquito bites is less and less painful, until the bloodsuckers are hushed off merely as unwelcome annoyances. They cease to be irritants, because their virus having been fully absorbed by, and assimilated with the system it has no further poisonous effect. So cowpox fortifies the blood against the virus of smallpox.—Q. E. D.

We are not disposed to be pharisaical, but when we read of the extent to which women drink in some countries of the old world we cannot help feeling rejoiced that the habit does not prevail to any alarming degree among the women of Canada. In the north of France, and particularly in the northeast, women think nothing of going in to have their drop. But in the southern parts of France, rather than be seen taking alcoholic drink, a woman of any class would prefer to have her forefinger severed from the right hand. In Great Britain the custom works in a contrary way. For, throughout the south of England women will slake their thirst with the best when occasion offers; and they are frequenters of the spirit bars in midland towns. But in the north of Scotland, where men often drink fiercely and freely, a country woman never smells liquor, except when she may wet her lips with it at a marriage or a funeral.

England appears to be on the verge of one of those vexatious petty wars which cost so much and result in so little. In answer to a note from the chief commissioner of British Burmah, King Thebaw has sent an insulting reply, and simultaneously therewith has commenced to concentrate his troops on the frontier. If France does not intervene, it is more than probable that a conflict will terminate with the annexation of King Thebaw's dominions. In view of the fact, however, that the Salisbury government has expressed itself satisfied with M. Brisson's assurance that France has no designs on Burmah and that the active policy recommended by Lord Dufferin does not find favor in Downing street it is impossible to foretell what the upshot of the matter will really be.

"A Temperance Man," referring to our remarks about the enormous quantities of wine drunk at a sitting by certain of the ancients, accounts for it by the "purity and for the most part non-intoxicating character of their liquor." Our correspondent, we take it, is in error. For the wines of the ancients were neither purer nor less alcoholic than is the prepared juice of the grape in our day. One might as well suppose that the much vaunted uxquebagh of the old Scotch smugglers, made from malt dipped in peat bogs, could compete with the skilfully prepared whiskies of our time.

A controversy has sprung up in England over the use of the overcoat. The London Lancet has cast in its lot with those who declare that that in these latitudes highly-esteemed garment is unhealthy. The argument of our medical contemporary is to the effect that the overcoat arrests the evaporation of warm vapor from the body. It follows as a consequence that on coming into the house again and taking off the overcoat precisely at the moment when muscular activity is suspended, a "rapid cooling by evaporation" takes place, liable to produce colds, attacks of lumbago, and the malaise popularly known as a "chill." As an antidote to this evil, the Lancet simply suggests that instead of the ordinary overcoat, people should wear "coats of different thicknesses according to the weather and conditions generally," replacing, when in the house, the thicker garment by a thinner one. The coat saturated with moisture would be thus removed and dry off the body instead of on it, avoiding the perilous results of "cooling by evaporation." The suggestion is one deserving consideration, and it has the merit of being seasonable.

Constipation.

—This evil habit neglected, brings a multitude of miseries, and is the source of much illness. Burdock Blood Bitters cures constipation by toning and regulating the bowels to a natural action. 246

THE MOLSONS BANK.

Proceedings at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders Yesterday.

The annual meeting of shareholders of the Molsons bank was held in the banking house, Montreal, on the 12th instant, when there were present: Messrs. Thos. Workman (the president), A. F. Gault, R. W. Shepherd, J. H. R. Molson, H. Archibald, Wm. Mackenzie, Miles Williams, John T. Molson, David Rae, S. H. Ewing, Wm. Macpherson of Quebec, and J. Try-Davies. The chair was occupied by Mr. Thos. Workman, Mr. M. Heaton, the inspector, acting as secretary.

The President having declared the meeting opened,

On the motion of Mr. Wm. Mackenzie, seconded by Mr. Macpherson (Quebec), Mr. H. Archibald and Mr. David Rae were appointed to act as scrutineers at the election of directors, the ballot to be continued until five minutes elapsed without the recording of a vote.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

Mr. F. Wolferstan Thomas then read the annual report of the directors as follows:

GENTLEMEN—In our last annual report we pointed out the difficulty experienced in obtaining safe and remunerative employment for the funds at our disposal. In this respect the year just closed has been a repetition of the preceding one, and in a severer degree. We believe that, making due allowance for this, and for the reduced discount rates which have prevailed, the results of the business which are now presented to you will be deemed satisfactory. After making the usual provision for bad and doubtful debts, and distributing our customary dividend of 8 per cent., we have been enabled to add $75,000 to the "rest," and to carry forward at the credit of profit and loss account $17,271.95, as against $14,347.25 brought forward in this account from the previous year. Our "rest" has now reached the sum of $675,000, or 33⅔ per cent. of the bank's capital.

The branches of the bank, including the Montreal office, have been inspected at least once since we last met you, and we are again able to testify to the continued efficiency and good conduct of the officers of the Bank generally.

Though the lumber interest, which is one of the most important industries of the country, is doing well, and the business of both cotton and woollen manufactories is improving, yet, in view of the prevailing plethora of money, the only moderate harvest which has been gathered in, and the low prices ruling for all agricultural products, we cannot anticipate that the year upon which we have now entered is likely to result in any more favorable exhibit than that now submitted.

Since our last annual meeting some of your directors, accompanied by the general manager, have visited the several branches of the bank. We would cordially recommend to our successors in office a continuance of this practice, by which they will acquire an insight into the bank's business, and a personal knowledge of their officers and customers which can be gained by no other means.

THOMAS WORKMAN,
President.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Balance at Profit and Loss, on 30th September, 1884		$14,347 25
Net profits of the year, after deducting expenses of management, reservation for interest accrued on deposits, exchange, and also making ample provision for bad and doubtful debts	$237,924 70	
From which has been paid:—		
59th dividend, at 4 per cent., 1st April, 1885	$80,000	
60th dividend, at 4 per cent., 1st October, 1885	$80,000	
	160,000 00	77,924 70
Leaving a surplus of		$92,271 95
From which deduct amount transferred to Rest Account		75,000 00
Leaving at credit of Profit and Loss on Sept 30th, 1885		$17,271 95

The Molsons Bank.
Montreal, 6th October, 1885.

THE PRESIDENT then said—Gentlemen, before moving the adoption of the report just read, I shall merely state that I trust it will meet your approval and be considered entirely satisfactory. It does not promise brilliant results for the year on which we have just entered, in consequence of the present condition of trade; but I think I am justified in saying that our stockholders can depend on the customary dividend of 8 per cent. with a probable further addition to our rest, but to what extent it is impossible at present to anticipate. I have pleasure in stating that the favorable results of the past year's business are mainly to be attributed to the good judgment and prudent management of the officers of the Bank at its various agencies, as well as at the head office in Montreal. To our general manager, Mr. Thomas, we are much indebted for his vigilant supervision and sound advice on all matters submitted to the Board. Your Directors have also devoted much time and careful thought to the interest of the Bank, as shown by the statements now submitted. If any stockholder wishes to obtain further information the General Manager will be pleased to give it. I have now the pleasure of moving the adoption of the report.

Mr. Molson, vice-president of the bank, seconded the motion for the adoption of the report, which was put to the meeting and unanimously carried.

Mr. Archibald moved and J. T. Molson seconded:

That the thanks of the shareholders are due and are hereby tendered to the president, vice-president and directors for their attention to the interests of the bank during the year.

The motion was carried with acclamation.

The Chairman, in returning thanks, said: Gentlemen, on my own behalf and on behalf of the directors, I beg to thank you very sincerely for this resolution. I have been absent for some months, and consequently I have not been able to devote so much time and attention to the interests of the bank as I usually do, but I have now returned in good health and spirits and in the coming year I intend to devote my energy and best efforts to further the interests of the Molsons bank. (Hear, hear). I should say that in my absence my duties were well and ably discharged by the vice-president, Mr. Molson. I may refer to the visits of inspection made at least once a year and sometimes more frequently by the general manager, myself, and some of the directors, to the agencies in Western Canada and in the province of Quebec. I think those visits are very useful and necessary, and the results are very valuable. It is always best that the administrators of an institution of this kind should become acquainted with the customers of the bank, and those visits afford us an opportunity of doing so. We do not enter as minutely as our inspector does into details, but we can get useful information as to the state of trade in the country and the position of customers. I trust that the directors will always carry out this practice. (Hear, hear).

The election was then proceded with and the following report was made:

To the General Manager of the Molsons Bank.

SIR,—We, the undersigned, acting as scrutineers at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Molsons bank this day, beg to report the following gentlemen re-elected to act as directors for the ensuing year:

THOMAS WORKMAN,
J. H. R. MOLSON,
R. W. SHEPHERD,
MILES WILLIAMS,
SIR D. L. MACPHERSON,
S. H. EWING,
A. F. GAULT,
H. ARCHIBALD,
DAVID RAE,
Scrutineers.

The meeting then adjourned.

A meeting of the board of directors was held immediately afterwards, when Mr. Thomas Workman was re-elected president and Mr. J. H. R. Molson vice-president for the ensuing year.

Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam

—Cures throat, bronchial and lung diseases that lead to consumption; breaks up coughs and colds; cures hoarseness and sore throat, by loosening the cough, allaying irritation and removing the cause of distress. 246

—Stanton's Sunbeams—beautiful little photographs on tinted mounts—$1 per dozen. 134 Yonge street. All other sizes at lowest prices for first-class work. 246

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14.

The heavy rains of the past two days has almost paralyzed the retail business of the city. This afternoon, however, as the weather showed indications of "clearing up," there were a few shoppers out. The roads leading to the city have been heavy and muddy, and as a consequence there is nothing doing in the farmers' market. Prices for grain on the street are unchanged, with no offerings. The local stock market has been dull for a couple of days, with very little business doing.

English consols opened in London 12-16 higher at 99 15-16 and closed at par.

Sterling exchange in New York closed at $4.84½ for long bills and $4.86½ for demand.

Special cable despatches from London to Cox & Co. quote Hudson Bay shares at £18⅝ at 4 p.m. and £18¾ at 5 p.m., the close.

In Oil City petroleum opened at 101½, closed 100½ bid, highest 102⅛, lowest 100⅝.

The New York stock market was active and higher, the close being irregular. New York Central opened at 101, touched 100¾ and 101⅜, closed 101⅛; sales 10,200. Lackawanna opened ½ higher at 112⅜, advanced to 113¾, closed 112⅞; sales 51,800. Erie seconds opened ⅜ higher at 73⅜, touched 73¾ and 75⅜, closed 74¾. Lake Shore opened ½ higher at 78, advanced to 79⅜, closed 78⅝; sales 40,900. Northwest opened ½ higher at 105½, advanced to 106½, closed 105¾. St. Paul opened ⅝ higher at 83½, advanced to 84⅜, closed 83¾; sales 53,000. Union Pacific opened ¼ higher at 52½, declined to 51⅝, closed 51¾; sales 13,800. Western Union opened ⅜ higher at 76½, touched 76⅝ and 75¼, closed 75⅝; sales 41,100. Pacific Mail opened ⅜ higher at 54, declined to 52⅞, closed 52⅞; sales 15,300. Canadian Pacific opened ½ lower at 46½, advanced to 46¾, when it closed; sales 800.

Canadian Pacific shares closed firm in London at 47¼.

Bowman & Co., general storekeepers at Barrie, assigned to-day.

The Fruit Market.

The shipments in fruit were light to-day owing to the rain, Large quantities are expected Thursday. At Lumbers' auction the prices were:

Apples—Baldwins, per barrel, $1.60 to $1.70; cooking, $1 to $1.10.

Grapes—Concords, first-class, per pound, 2½c to 2¾c; Rogers, 4c to 5c; Salems, 4c to 5½c; Delawares, 4c to 4½c; Niagara, 7c to 8c; Sweetwaters, 8c to 9c.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Oct. 14.—Flour—Receipts, 2200 barrels. Sales reported, 400 barrels. The market is quiet, but firm, at full rates. The following are the quotations: Patents, $4.50 to $5; superior extra, $4.45 to $4.50; extra superfine, $4.35 to $4.40; spring extra, $4.25 to $4.30; superfine, $3.95 to $4.05; strong bakers', $4.35 to $5; fine, $3.65 to $3.75; middlings, $3.50 to $3.60; pollards, $3.25 to $3.35; Ontario bags, $1.90 to $2.05; city bags, $2.45 to $2.50. Sales—125 brls patent at $4.65, 100 brls extra at $4.35, 100 brls spring extra at $4.274, 250 Ontario bags strong bakers' at $2.25. Grain—Wheat firm. Red winter, 96c to 98c; white, 95c to 96c spring, 96c to 98c. Corn, 5 c to 60c. Peas, 75c to 78c. Oats, 32c to 33c. Barley, 50c to 60c. Rye, 65c to 67c. Oatmeal, $4 to $4.25. Cornmeal, $2.90 to $3. Provisions—Pork, 12½c to 13½c. Lard, 8½c to 9½c. Bacon, 10c to 11c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese, fine to finest, 8½c to 9½c. Butter—Townships, 15c to 18½c; Morrisburg, 14c to 17½c; western, 12c to 15c. Eggs firm at 17c to 18c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Cotton dull, middling uplands 9 13-16, New Orleans 9 15-16. Flour—Receipts 11,000 bbls; 5c to 10c better; sales 14,500 bbls., No. 2 $2.30 to $3.35, superfine western and state $3.15 to $3.65, common to good extra western and state $3.40 to $4.75, good to choice do. $4.80 to $5.70, common to choice white wheat western extra $5 to $5.25, fancy do. $5.30 to $5.50, common to good extra Ohio $3.40 to $5.00, common to choice extra St. Louis $3.40 to $5.75, patent Minnesota extra good to prime $5.00 to $5.75, choice to double extra $5.80 to $6.00. Wheat—Receipts 154,800 bush, exports 36,900 bush; shade stronger, closing weak; sales 7,688,000 bush future, October $1.00½ to $1.01½, closing $1. November $1.01½ to 102½, closing $1.01½. Dec. $1.03½ to $1.04½, closing $1.03½; sales 109,000 bush spot, including ungraded, spring 98c, posted, No. 2 red in elevator $1.01 to $1.01½. Corn—Receipts 114,200 bush; unsettled; closed steady; exports 37,100 bush, sales 1,184,000 future, 162,000 bush spot, No. 2 mixed 51½c to 52½c, in elevator, October closed 51½c, November 51¾c. Oats—Receipts 107,300 bush; sales 385,000 bush, No 2 30½c to 30¾c, mixed western 28½c to 32c, white western 34c to 40c, mixed October closed 30½c, November 31½c. Pork unchanged. Lard firmer, western steam $6.30.

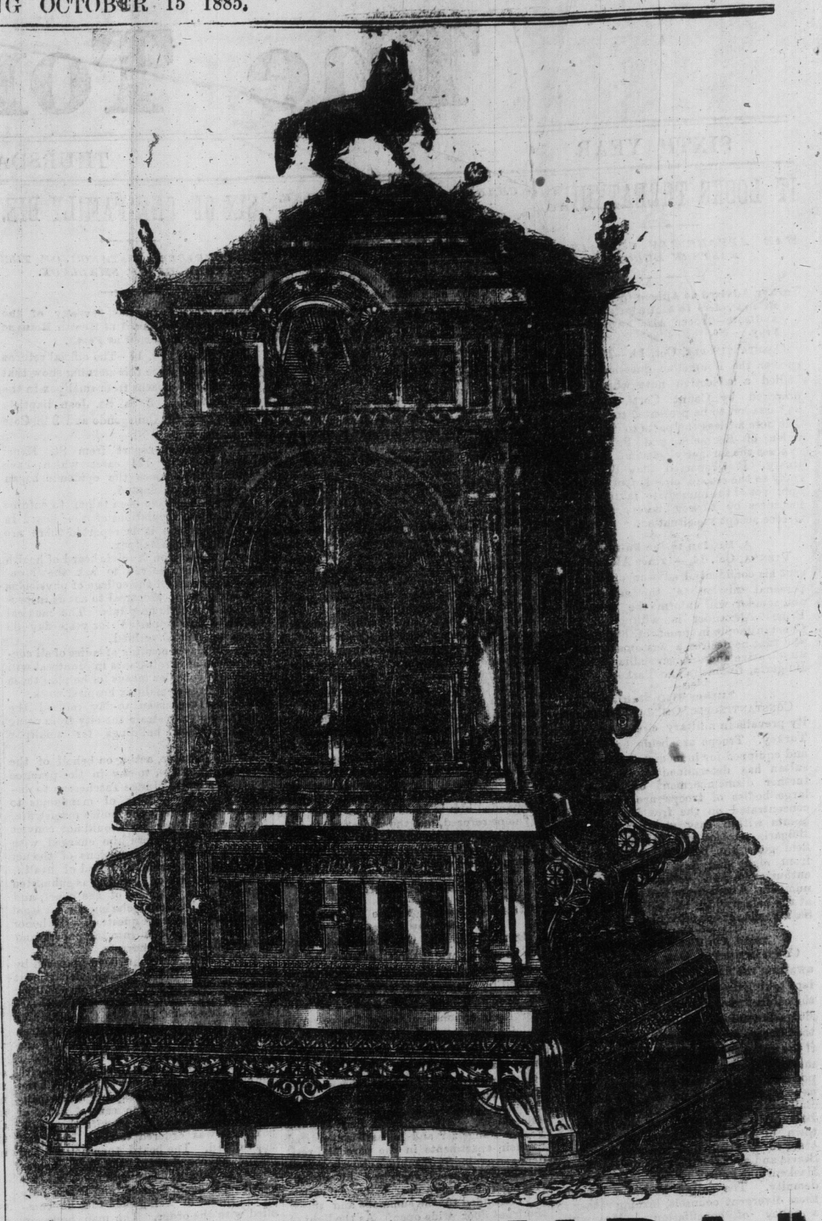
CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—To-day was one of extraordinary excitement, active trading, rapid fluctuations and extreme nervousness on the produce exchange. The sharp advance yesterday and the strong closing late in the afternoon made the opening this morning in wheat one of great uncertainty, and there was a mad rush, and widely varying prices when the trading bell sounded. The commanding influences were domestic and apparently the same as those which have governed the course of prices for the past few days. Flour was strong at full former prices. Some millers have ordered their agents to advance prices above the former limits. Stocks are very light, and this, together with firmness on the part of holders, checked trading. Most of the business was on local jobbers and bakers account. Exporters refuse to meet the advanced views of holders. Wheat active, nervous and unsettled; market opened strong, ½c to ¾c higher, receded ½c on free offerings, rallied 1½c, sold off 1½c, and finally closed ½c under yesterday; closing sales: October 90½c, November 91½c, December 93¾c, May $1.00½. No. 2 spring 90½c. No. 2 red 93½c to 94c. Corn firmer; cash and October closed 43½c. November 40½c, year 37½c to 37¾c. Oats firm, shade higher; cash 25½c, October 25½c to 25¾c, November 25½c to 25¾c, May 29½c to 29¾c. Pork unsettled, advanced 15c to 20c, receded 10c to 12½c, and closed steady; cash $8.40 to $8.50, November closed $8.40 to $8.42½, December $8.45 to $8.47½. Lard active and irregular, closed steady; cash $6.02½ to $6.05, October $6.02½, November $5.92½ to $6.02½. Boxed meats steady; dry salted shoulders $3.50 to $3.75, short rib sides $5.25, short clear sides $5.75 to $5.80. Receipts—Flour 32,000 bbls, wheat 187,000 bush, corn 315,000 bush, oats 226,000 bush, rye 18,000 bush, barley 118,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 19,000 bbls, wheat 38,000 bush, corn 127,000 bush, oats 221,000 bush, rye 17,000 bush, barley 49,000 bush.

BRADSTREET'S DESPATCHES: "London, Oct. 14.—Floating cargoes—Wheat firmer, maize, nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat firmer, maize steady. Mark Lane—Wheat and maize steady. English country markets firm. Imports into the United Kingdom for the past week—Wheat, 270,000 to 275,000 qrs.; maize, 150,000 to 155,000 qrs.; flour, 100,000 to 105,000 bbls. Weather in England cold and wet. Liverpool—Spot wheat, firmly held; maize firmer at 4s 7d, held higher.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 14.—Spring wheat 7s 2d to 7s 4d, red winter 7s 2d to 7s 4d, No. 1 California 7s 5d to 7s 7d, No. 2 California 7s 2d to 7s 4d. Corn 4s 7½d. Peas 5s 10d. Pork 51s. Lard 32s 3d. Bacon, long clear, 30s; short clear, 31s. Tallow 28s. Cheese 41s. Wheat firm, fair demand, offering sparingly. Corn firm, fair demand. Cotton dull; uplands 5½d, Orleans 5¾d.

CHINA HALL,
49 King street east, Toronto.
SIGN OF THE BIG "JUG."
New Goods Arriving Every Day.
Breakfast Sets in China and Stoneware; Dinner Sets in China and Stoneware; Dessert Sets in Painted Landscapes, &c.; Tea and Coffee sets in great variety; Five O'Clock Tea Sets and Cups and Saucers; Ice Cream Sets and Fruit Sets; Porridge Bowls and Porridge Plates; Ornamental Goods, great variety; silver-plated Knives, Forks and Spoons; Silverplate Cruets and Butter Coolers; Rodgers' Ivory-Handled Knives; and an endless variety of Goods; Hotel Goods of every description; Bar Fixings of every kind and shape. The store will be lighted every night during the Fair.
GLOVER HARRISON, Proprietor.

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!
Volunteers wishing to sell their
Government Scrip,
SHOULD APPLY TO
COX & CO.,
26 TORONTO STREET. tf



"ART CANADA."
"A HIGH ART AND LOW FEED BASE BURNER."
TWO STRAIGHT SIZES AND ONE WITH AN OVEN.
It has NO SUPERIOR for symmetrical proportions, artistic design, fine execution, and smooth castings. The flues have been adjusted on scientific principles. There is perfect combustion and absolutely NO ESCAPE OF GAS, which makes it the MOST ECONOMICAL STOVE that has yet been produced. It will pay for itself in the saving in coal.
"IT IS A PERFECT SUCCESS."
The largest display of Ranges, Cooking and Heating Stoves in the City.
DUNDAS STOVE MANUFACTURING CO.,
TORONTO, ONTARIO.
TORONTO BRANCH---73 KING ST. EAST; AND DUNDAS, ONT.

FINEST ALE IN TORONTO
IS
THE DAVIES BREWING CO'S.
Ask for it, or call and see it. And don't you forget it. 246

LOWNSBROUGH & CO.
Exchange and Stock Brokers,
27 KING STREET EAST.
Deal in Exchange on New York and London, American Currency, Gold and Silver, etc. Buy and Sell on Commission Canadian and American Stocks. 246

GARVIN & CO.,
REAL ESTATE,
MONEY TO LOAN.
4 KING STREET EAST. 246

PERKINS' PHOTOS
Stand Unrivalled for Beauty of Finish and Artistic Pose. All Cabinets Mounted on Chocolate-tinted Gilt Edge Cards.
STUDIO 293 YONGE STREET

Messrs. O'Keefe & Co.,
BREWERS AND MALSTERS,
TORONTO, ONT.
SPECIALTIES:
ENGLISH - HOPPED ALE
in wood bottle, warranted equal to best BURTON brands.
XXX PORTER
Warranted equal to Guinness' Dublin Stout, and superior to any brewed in this country, Canadian, American and Bavarian Hopped Ales and Porter. Our
"PILSENER" LAGER
has been before the public for several years, and we feel confident that it is quite up to the best produced in the United States, where Lager is fast becoming the *true* temperance beverage; a fact however, which some cranks in Canada have up to the present failed to discover. 563
O'KEEFE & CO.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE. FURNITURE.
AT THE
BIG BUREAU.
If you want to furnish cheaply the BIG BUREAU is the place. Now is the time. All goods at COST. Call and inspect, and judge for yourselves. 246
149 YONGE STREET,
T. A. LOCKINGTON, MANAGER.

CORNICE POLES 75c.
Usual price in other stores $1.25; a fine assortment of Styles and Prices.
DECORATED WINDOW SHADES,
Finest American Patterns, Beautiful Designs, Stock just fro n New York.
DOOR MATS, JUST WHAT IS NOW WANTED. 246
NATIONAL MANUFACTURING CO., 70 King street west.

$10 REWARD FOR THE CONVICTION
THE ABOVE REWARD Of Dealers Who Sell In- McCOLL'S LARDINE MACHINE OIL. ferior Oil of Other Manufacture for WILL BE PAID.
Eureka. Cylinder, Bolt Cutting and Wool Oils. For Sale by all Leading Dealers. McColl Bros. & Co. TORONTO. 46

NO. 53.
THE GREAT LUNCHEON COUNTER,
(Removed from the Shades, Court st.)
IS IN FULL OPERATION AT 46
53 KING ST. EAST, OPP. TORONTO ST.

WM. BAILLIE,
Carpenter and Builder,
80 AND 82 ALBERT STREET
Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given on application. 246