

EVANTUREL UNDECIDED
AS TO FUTURE COURSE

LAST
EDITION

ALLIANCE TO SUPPORT ROWELL

The London Advertiser

PAARDEBURG DAY IS
OBSERVED IN LONDON

LAST
EDITION

51st YEAR. No 21166

Today's Weather—Fair and Mild.

LONDON, ONT. RIO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1914. SIXTEEN PAGES.

Tomorrow's Weather—Fair and Mild.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Huerta Blames United States for Benton's Death Because of Free Exportation of Arms—Board of Control Decides to Call for Bids on \$100,000 Storm Sewer Works—Coroner's Jury Calls for Construction of Subways—Y. M. C. A. to Start Campaign for New Building

PLACES BLAME FOR KILLING OF BENTON ON ACTION OF U. S.

Memorandum Sent by Mexican Government Points Out Rebels Are Allowed to Import Arms.

ENCOURAGES ANARCHY

Government Lauds Its Own Behavior Towards Foreigners.

[Canadian Press.]

Mexico City, Feb. 27.—Blame for the killing at Juarez recently of William S. Benton, a British subject, is indirectly placed upon the United States late last night in a memorandum sent by the Mexican Government to Washington. Copies of the document also were delivered to the foreign legations here.

Hope was expressed in the memorandum that the United States would recognize the evil following the act of permitting the importation of arms by the rebels and take steps to remedy it.

"The repeal by the Government of the United States of that decree that prevented exportation of arms from the United States to the rebels, places the rebels in a favorable situation for committing outrages," said the memorandum.

"This Government without discussing the right that the United States may have to observe the policy which most interests it in its relations with Mexico, believes the time has come to remind the Government of our neighbor of the contrary that the rebels in all the regions which they control, far from attempting the establishment of any institution that would characterize any governmental functions, are giving palpable signs of anarchy, of anarchy and of absolute lack of respect of all interests that moral and international justice imposes upon civilized peoples."

Government Policy.

"On the other hand, the constituted government not alone dictating measures efficacious, so far as possible, to bring about submission of the rebels and to re-establish social and constitutional institutions in territory removed from its jurisdiction, but in all towns where it is in power it is giving full guarantees to the interests, both of nationals and foreigners."

"From this point of view it is believed that the Government of the United States will not place in doubt the right that belongs to Mexico to expect its collaboration in a work which it is doing in the interests of civilization, and likewise that it will fix its attention on the Continued on Page Eleven.

SAID TO HAVE BROKEN CONTRACT LABOR LAW

Canadian Ladies Ordered Deported From Ann Arbor, Are From Guelph.

Guelph, Feb. 27.—Miss Schwalb and Miss Wilson, mentioned as being deported from Ann Arbor, Mich., are well known here. Miss Schwalb's home is at 250 Edwin street. Miss Wilson's home is at Scotch Line, Ont. They graduated from MacDonald Hall in 1913, and both have good records.

The offence said to have been committed by the two women was that they violated the federal contract labor law, by making a contract to work in the United States before entering that country.

Miss Schwalb is matron and Miss Wilson was assistant matron at the University Hospital. The deportation of the former has been postponed for two weeks.

The university authorities have appealed to President Wilson against the deportations.

CAMPAIGN MAY BE STARTED FOR NEW LONDON Y. M. C. A.

Expert Advises Move in Interests of Institution—President McDermid Outlines Tentative Plans For Convent Property.

Secretary C. S. Ward, of the International Young Men's Christian Association, who has conducted campaigns for raising of millions of dollars for new buildings on this continent and in the old land, last night recommended to a business conference of Y. M. C. A. directors and businessmen the inauguration of a campaign for the construction of a new building on the Sacred Heart convent site.

While Mr. Ward had not given the matter prolonged attention, he recited his previous experiences in the work of raising large amounts for cities smaller and larger, and read letters from many of those who had participated in the work, with the result that he aroused the enthusiasm of his hearers, and many expressed themselves as being ready to further the project.

President Explains Plan.

President J. K. McDermid, of the board of directors, who was the first to advance the idea of securing the convent property, showed on a large blackboard the

PAARDEBURG ANNIVERSARY IS FITTINGLY OBSERVED

London's Military and Patriotic Organization Pay Their Tribute to Memory of Local Boys Who Lost Their Lives in South Africa.

Reverent tribute to the memory of the London soldiers who fell in South Africa, fighting for Queen and country, was paid this morning, when military and patriotic organizations laid their wreaths on the soldiers' monument in Victoria Park. It was the fourteenth anniversary of the Battle of Paardeburg, and its local observance was an impressive one. More than 300 were in attendance, members of the women's and patriotic organizations mingling with the officers of the London garrison.

Under command of Lieut. Logan, the khaki clad members of "K" Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, formed a guard of honor. The Collegiate Cadets, under command of Cadet Captain Oswald Hicks, were also drawn up at attention.

Mrs. F. P. Betts, president of the Women's Canadian Club, laid the first wreath on behalf of that organization with the few brief words, "In dear and tender memory of our brothers who died fighting so gloriously for Queen and country in South Africa, I lay this wreath."

Other wreaths were laid by Mrs. (Col.) A. A. Campbell on behalf of the Seventh Regimental Chapter, Daughters of the Empire; Miss Isabel Coles for the Army Service Corps; Sgt. Major Beeland, for the Royal Canadian Regiment; Captain William Spittal, for the Seventh Regiment; Capt. Milligan, for the Twenty-sixth Regiment, and Sgt. Major Cheyenne for the Garrison Sergeants' Association.

Criticizes Lack of Patriotism.

Mayor C. M. R. Graham, following Mrs. Betts, expressed regret that the city department of education had not sufficient military and national spirit to have the children of the city schools

turn out on this occasion, which would have afforded them one of the grandest lessons possible in patriotism.

"As citizens of the empire," he said, "we cannot show too much respect to our boys who laid down their lives fighting for the empire."

As mayor of the city he said he regretted the lack of interest shown by the city bodies. The old military spirit was dying out, he said.

While Mayor Graham was speaking the Collegiate Cadets had not arrived. Besides Mayor Graham, Controllers Coles and Ashplant were present from the city council.

Colonel Hodgins, D. O. C., said those present were there not to glory in the success of British arms but to glory in the thought that there had been enough patriotic Canadians to offer their lives in defence of the rights of England. It had been the honor and privilege of the Royal Canadian Regiment to compel old Cronje to surrender. Had it not been for the military training that the members of the regiment had received they could not have rendered the service that they did. He would like to impress upon the citizens of London the danger of the sentiment that they should not train for war.

Must Be Prepared.

"We have to pay dearly in the future for the doctrine of the anti-militarist," said Col. Hodgins. "We must have an armed force ready and trained."

He said he hoped before long to see a change in public sentiment on the question of military training. He was pleased to see the Collegiate Cadets present.

With singing and cheers for the King the gathering dispersed.

Not Present, But Not Forgotten

Today while memorial wreaths were being placed upon the Soldiers' Monument in Victoria Park, while tender spoken tributes were being paid to the sons and brothers and husbands, who laid down their lives for the flag on the field of Paardeburg, and while the bugles of the Royal Canadian Corps were sounding the "Last Post" in memory of fallen comrades—there was one figure, absent from the scene, it is true, but present in the thoughts of many of those who gathered for the ceremony.

Brave, lonely Archie Pinnel, who for more than eleven years has been laid on a white flag in his country's cause. It is fourteen years ago today since Pinnel's horse, pierced by a bullet, threw him to the ground on the day of Paardeburg, a shock that caused paralysis. Private Pinnel has borne his living when he left for South Africa.

One bright spot in the invalid's life occurred two years ago when through the efforts of kind friends he was taken to Victoria Park to witness the unveiling of the Soldiers' Monument by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught. Upon that occasion the Governor-General of Canada conversed with Private Pinnel, expressing his sympathy for the latter's long suffering. The Duchess and Princess Patricia also shook hands with the soldier, and presented him with some flowers, the Duchess adding: "There will be many bars on your medal of honor."

SILENT TRIBUTES.

So today, while tributes were being paid to those who are resting sweetly beneath the velvets of South Africa, there were also silent tributes paid to those country's like Archie Pinnel, suffer through long and wearisome years, in their country's cause. It was The Advertiser's privilege and pleasure today to send Private Pinnel a floral tribute to mark the day, and as a small token of recognition of his services for "England, home and beauty."

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J. K. McDERMID.

PRINCIPALS IN LEGISLATURE SENSATION



G. HOWARD FERGUSON, Conservative member for Grenville in the Ontario House, who produced the letter written by Mr. Evanturel, in which the latter promised the Hotelkeepers' Association to vote against his leader, Newton W. Rowell, and against the "abolish the bar" platform of the Hotelkeepers' Association in and out of the House.

CALLS FOR SUBWAYS AT FATAL CROSSINGS

Coroner's Jury Demands More Adequate Protection for Human Life.

GATES NOT A PROTECTION

Watchman Declares People Cross Tracks Even When Closed Off.

That subways or overhead bridges should be constructed on all level crossings of the Grand Trunk Railway system in London was the recommendation placed in the verdict returned by the coroner's jury inquiring into the death of the late John Mann who met his death by being struck by Grand Trunk yard engine 1317 at the Wellington street crossing last Saturday night.

William Howard, the Wellington street crossing watchman, testified that while the gates were down at the time of the accident he was standing by the customary lights, it did not keep people from going over the tracks. "Even when the gates are down and a train is approaching people will crawl under them or walk around the stand they set on, to get over ahead of a train," said the watchman. "The only way a person could get hit with a train would be either to go under the gates or around the gate-stand," stated the watchman in a reply to questions asked by Crown Attorney James B. McKillop.

"Were the engine lights lit and the engine bell ringing at the time of the accident?" asked Crown Attorney McKillop.

"They were," replied Howard. He stated that he could not see the west side of the crossing from his tower on the east side.

John Craig, fireman of the yard engine that killed Mann, testified that he had seen three persons standing inside the gates at the Wellington street crossing. "As my engine approached the crossing," he said, "two of the party ran from the (Continued on Page Thirteen.)

STREET CAR DELAYS

Yesterday's Records of "Hold-ups" at Level Crossings.

Crossing.	Time.	Lost.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:23-8:27 a.m.	4 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	2:04-2:09 p.m.	5 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	7:30-7:35 p.m.	5 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	9:10-9:15 p.m.	5 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	10:30-10:35 p.m.	4 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:51-8:54 p.m.	3 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:56-7:00 p.m.	4 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:49-8:54 p.m.	5 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:52-8:55 p.m.	3 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:45-8:50 p.m.	5 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:56-7:00 p.m.	4 min.
G. T. R. Rectory...	8:45-8:53 p.m.	4 min.

THE WEATHER.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London for the 12 hours preceding 8 a.m. today:

Highest, 36 above;
lowest, 5 above.

The official temperatures for today:

Highest, 28 above;
lowest, 17 above.

BECKER ABSOLUTELY REFUSES INTERVIEW

District Attorney Will Move For Second Trial in April or May.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 27.—Charles Becker, former police lieutenant, brought down from Sing Sing last night to a cell in the Tombs Prison to face a new trial for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, declined to discuss his case today. When told that the district attorney had announced that he would move for the second trial in April or May, he said that it would be useless for anyone to attempt to interview him in the meantime.

A REVOLUTION IS IN PROGRESS IN PORTUGAL

[Canadian Press.]

Madrid, Feb. 27.—The Spanish Government has received information that an important revolutionary movement is in progress in Portugal, where a condition of anarchy exists, according to an announcement made today by the Spanish under secretary of state for the interior.

ONTARIO ALLIANCE DECIDES TO SUPPORT ROWELL POLICY

Resolution to Indorse Abolishing the Bar Met With Little Opposition—Four Delegates Wanted to Omit Mention of the Liberal Party.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The Ontario Alliance decided this morning after a very enthusiastic debate to stand squarely behind N. W. Rowell's policy of abolish the bar in Ontario.

There was some opposition to the text of the resolution presented by the political action committee, which was as follows:

"That this convention halls with pleasure the adoption by the Liberal party under the leadership of N. W. Rowell, K.C., of a policy aiming at the immediate abolition of the bar, the treating system and drinking clubs, and further restrictions and regulations for removing evils resulting from the liquor traffic, and that the policy deserves the hearty support of the temperance movement."

G. B. Nicholson, of Chapeau, headed a small minority opposed to the resolution. He moved an amendment to strike out all reference to the Liberal party, but only four delegates supported the amendment.

F. S. Spence delivered a stirring address, declaring that they could not swallow themselves. They could not do less than give Mr. Rowell their support after the stand he had taken. If the Conservative party would go further than Mr. Rowell had promised to go, "all right, they would support the Conservatives." They were not going to swallow themselves, they were not going to swallow the Liberal party either, and what was more, the Liberal party was not going to swallow the alliance. (Cheers.)

Clause two of the report also caused some discussion, but was carried by a big vote. This clause upon the Ontario Government to wipe out the "unfair three-fifths clause."

EVANTUREL IS NOT DECIDED AS TO HIS FUTURE MOVEMENTS

Does Not Now Assert That He Will Refuse to Resign.

EXPLAINS TO FERGUSON THE ENGINEER TO TENDER

Also Visits Acting Premier Foy—Members Uncertain About His Expulsion.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 27.—"I will make a statement in the House, but I have not yet decided when that will be," said Gustave Evanturel, M. P. for Prescott, today. "I don't think I should say anything else."

"You claim that your knowledge of the English language is such that you did not understand that you were selling your influence as a member of the House to the liquor people if you obtained the position as organizer?" he was asked.

"That is perfectly true. I simply wanted to work for them, and selling my influence as a member was most remote."

"Have you heard anything from your constituents?"

"Not yet. I will hear from them within a few days, and until I have heard from them I do not know what I will do."

"Then you may resign?"

"I do not know yet what I may do."

Sorry He Spoke.

Mr. Evanturel explained that he would not have been so hasty inviting Mr. Howard Ferguson to proceed with the letter reading had he known that the letter in question was the one to hotelkeepers. He understood it to be one in connection with another matter.

The Attorney-General and Acting Premier, Hon. J. J. Foy, had a short visit from Mr. Evanturel. The member for Prescott offered the explanation that he did not comprehend the English language sufficiently, and on account of his ignorance of the English language he had compromised himself, which he had no intention of doing.

Criminal Action?

Just what action will be taken will not be decided by the government and the members of the Legislature until Mr. Evanturel has made his statement, and much will depend upon it as to whether a criminal action will be taken or not.

While Mr. Speaker Hon. Mr. Hoyle declines to commit himself as to whether (Continued on Page Eleven.)

Has Half Million on Call.

The board authorized the purchase of 650 set of fire hose at the remarkably low price of 15 cents per foot. The regular price of the hose is \$1.10, but the controllers seized an opportunity to purchase a quantity taken in payment of an account.

The proposal to use the east end town hall for auxiliary library purposes was briefly discussed and will be dealt with later. There is also the possibility of an east end police station being located in the building.

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COUNTRY MUST STAND BY THE CANADIAN NORTHERN

Monetary Times Intimates It Has Gone Too Far To Stop—Railways Built For Profit, Not Philanthropy.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The Monetary Times, under the heading Canada and the C. N. R., says:

The opposition to railroad aid by governments, federal and provincial, arises chiefly in Western Canada. By the time, however, that the Dominion has its Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific coast-to-coast systems, the entire country probably will have become solid opposition to land grants and loans, regarding also with some disfavor further bond guarantees.

Referring to Sir William Mackenzie's statement, the editorial continues:

"Sir William, we feel sure, does not seek to perpetuate the threadbare theory that Canada's financiers have built railroads purely as philanthropic enterprises. That assertion, which worked pretty well in olden days, when railway charters and financing were the subjects of discussion in the House at Ottawa, is just as absurd as the assertion that the British investor is lending money in Canada because of his philanthropic character. Both are matters of per cent and service."

"It is difficult to understand why opposition should arise now to further assistance to the Canadian Northern Railway. The railway wants a little aid from the Dominion Government (at least that is the general impression, not officially contradicted). Western Canada wants a railway. The Dominion wants to see its three transcontinental railways in operation. The railway does not want opposition to its desired assistance. Western Canada does not want to inspect its bond guarantees at close range. The Dominion does not want any more Government built, or Government operated railroads. This brings us to the eternal question, 'What are you going to do about it?'"

"There is only one answer, because it is too late to consider how deep is the stream in the centre, after one has waded to the centre. The Canadian Northern Railway will have the assistance, if the assistance is requested."