

THE ADVANCE.

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DUTTON, ONT., OCTOBER 26, 1899.

WHOLE No. 550

Properties for Sale

JAMES POOL BANKER.

6 Fine Building Lots on McArthur Avenue.
Frame Cottage on Shackleton Street west, in good repair—cheap.
House and Lot on Nancy Street.
Frame house and two good lots south of M.C.R.
The above are all desirable properties and will be sold at reasonable prices.

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Money loaned on Real Estate security at low rates of interest. Mortgages bought and money received in Savings Bank from One Dollar upwards. Current rate of interest paid half-yearly.
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Money to loan on all kinds of security at low rates.

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Money to loan at lowest rates.

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DENTAL.

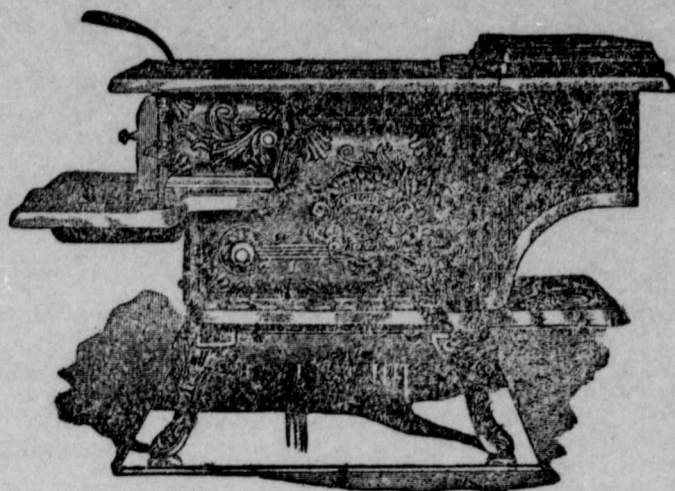
DR. J. R. PATON, L.D.S., D.D.S.
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Office over Drake & McPherson's.

STAMMERING.
I Cure Stammering, Latest Improved Methods.
No Charge if Not Cured.
For further particulars correspond with
J. E. Austin, Dutton.

New Meat Market.
The Very Choicest Meats at the Lowest Prices.
Give us a Trial Order and we Guarantee to Please You.
R. PATTERSON.

CHEAP READING.

We have made special arrangements with two of the Leading Weeklies of Canada, the Weekly Star and Family Herald, of Montreal, and the Toronto Globe, whereby we can make the following offers:
The Star and Advance for the balance of 1899 for .. 30c.
The Weekly Globe and Advance to Jan. 1, 1900..... 25c.
The Weekly Globe and Advance to Jan. 1, 1901..... \$1.50
With the two last offers we will give Marion Harland's Books, "Bite of Common Sense," 4 volumes, the retail price of which is \$1. for 25c. extra.
LEAVE ORDERS NOW.
A new line of Calling Cards and Wedding Invitations just received at this office.



BIG PURCHASE OF STOVES.

100 in stock, bought before the advance of 20 per cent. in Cost, which we will sell at Less than the Present Wholesale Prices.

We buy everything for Spot Cash, so we can save our customers from 5 to 10 per cent. on all purchases.

J. B. CRAWFORD.

Hardware, Furniture and Wall Paper.

GENTLEMEN....

We will be pleased to have you call and look through our lines of

Suitings, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Gents' Furnishings

Up-to-Date in Quality and Style.

F. MILLARD, Merchant Tailor
Gents' Outfitter.



At the Dutton Woollen Mill

YOU WILL FIND

Ready-Made and Ordered Suits

Blankets, Yarns and Flannels.

Of the Best Quality.

Blanket Mantle Cloth,

In Cardinal, Brown and Black.

Horse Coverings made and Strapped or by the yard—all wool.

All Orders receive prompt attention

M. A. RETTENMIER

—DEALER IN—

Groceries, Biscuits, Confectionery

Foreign and Domestic Fruits.

FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.

FARMERS' PRODUCE WANTED.

TERMS CASH.

OSTRANDER BLOCK.

DUTTON'S NEW DRUG STORE

Having secured the premises formerly occupied by MILLARD, THE TAILOR we will open our store on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 30

Three Doors South
Of the Postoffice.

We wish to inform you that we will carry a Full Stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines
Dye Stuffs, Fancy Toilet Articles and Stationery.

Our stock of PERFUMES is large and well assorted and of the best manufacture. Special attention given to Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Receipts.
A call respectfully solicited.

DR. G. W. LING.

In the Surrogate Court in the County of Elgin.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Crane, late of the Township of Dunwich, Yeoman, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to R.S.O. 1897, chapter 129, section 38, and amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said George Crane, who died on or about the 28th day of April, A.D. 1899, are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to W. Harold Barnum, Dutton, Ontario, 27th day of November, 1899, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of particulars of their claims, and the duly certified, and that after the said day the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have notice.

Dated this 28th day of October, A.D. 1899.

JOHN L. P. DUNCAN, Administrator.

By W. HAROLD BARNUM, His Solicitor.

FOUND.

BETWEEN Wallaceburg and Iona, a new gauntlet. The owner may procure the same by paying for this notice and calling at W. McLANDRESS.

Bulls for Sale.

One two-year-old Durham Bull, also Bull Calf, 6 months old, both registered and the grand-sire by an imported bull. Also Oxford Yearling Ram and Lamb, registered, also six Yearling Leicester Swans and Leicester Hens.

JOHN MCLELLANE, Dutton.

TWO VICTORIES.

Elandslaagte and Talana Hill.

BOTH WON BY THE BRITISH.

Heavy Losses by the Boers.

BRITISH GENERAL MORTALLY WOUNDED.

A despatch from Glencoe Camp on Oct. 20 says: After eight hours of continuous fighting Talana Hill was carried by the Dublin Fusiliers and the King's Rifles, under cover of a well served artillery fire by the Thirteenth and Sixty-ninth Batteries. The Boers who threatened the British rear have retired. The fight was almost an exact counterpart of Majuba Hill, except that the position of the Boer and British forces was reversed.

The battle has been a brilliant success. The Boers got a reverse which may possibly for a time check all aggressive action. The British artillery practice in the early part of the day decided the battle. The seizure of Dundee Hill by the Boers was a surprise, for although the pickets had been exchanging shots all night, it was not until a shell boomed over the town into the camp that their presence was discovered. Then the shells came fast. The hill was positively alive with swarming Boers until the British artillery got to work with magnificent energy and precision. Shells could be seen dropping among the Boer pieces with remarkable accuracy, and doing tremendous execution, for the enemy were present in very large numbers and in places considerably exposed. At this time the enemy held the whole of the hill behind Smith's farm and Dundee Kopje, right away to the south, in which direction the British infantry moved at once.

The fighting raged particularly hot at the valley outside the town. Directly the Boer guns ceased firing, General Symons ordered the infantry to move on the position. The infantry charge was magnificent. The firing of the Boers was not so deadly as might be expected from the troops occupying such a fine position, but the infantry lost heavily going up the hill, and only the consummate brilliant way in which Gen. Symons had trained them to fighting of this kind saved them from being swept away. The enemy's guns were all abandoned, for the Boers had no time to remove them. A stream of fugitives poured down the hillside into the valley, where the battle went on with no abatement. Gen. Symons was wounded early in the action, and the command then devolved on Major Yale. The British losses are very severe, but those of the Boers are much heavier. A rough estimate places the British loss at 250 killed or wounded and that of the Boers at 800.

A COSTLY VICTORY.

This victory was a costly one, since Gen. Symons was mortally wounded, and the British losses in taking the heights were serious. But the engagement was decisive and the Boer tactics of joining columns and assaulting Ladysmith and Lower Natal in force was completely thwarted. The main features of the battle were the superiority of the British artillery and the spirited charge in which the Irish regiment especially distinguished itself. It was absolutely destructive in effect upon the Boer forces. The Boers, who were so formidable in guerilla warfare, seemed to be playing at scientific warfare and were readily routed.

Cape Town, Oct. 21.—Generals White and French have carried the Boer position at Elandslaagte.

London, Oct. 22.—The War Office this afternoon published the following despatch to the Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne, from the general commander in Natal, Sir George Stewart White, regarding the engagement yesterday at Elandslaagte, between Glencoe and Ladysmith, when the British under Gen. French, routed the Transvaal forces under Gen. Kock, second in command in the Transvaal, who was himself wounded and captured and has since died:—

"I was present in person from 3.30 p.m. to 6.30 p.m., but did not assume direction of the fight, which was left in the hands of Gen. French. Although desultory fighting took place early in the day, while reinforcements sent out later on ascertaining the enemy's strength, were arriving from Ladysmith, the real action did not begin until 3.30 p.m. At that hour the Boers held a position of very exceptional strength, consisting of a rocky hill about a mile and a half south east of Elandslaagte station.

"At 3.30 p.m. our guns took a position on a ridge 4,100 yards from the Boers, whose guns at once opened fire. This fire was generally well directed, but somewhat high. Contrary to previous experiences their shells burst well.

"The Imperial Light Horse moved towards the left of the enemy's position and two squadrons of the Fifth Lancers toward his right. During the artillery duel, mounted Boers pushed out from their left and engaged the Imperial Light Horse. In a few minutes the enemy's guns ceased firing, and our artillery was turned on the mounted Boers, who had engaged the Imperial Light Horse and who at once fell back. After the artillery preparations, our infantry advanced to the attack supported by our guns in the second position. The Devonshires held the enemy in front, while the Manchester Regiment and the Gordon Highlanders turned his left flank.

"The Boer guns, although often temporarily silenced, invariably opened fire again on the slightest opportunity, and were served with great courage.

"After severe fighting our infantry carried the position. This was accomplished at 6.30 p.m., the enemy standing his ground to the last with courage and tenacity. The Fifth Lancers and a squadron of the Fifth Dragoon Guards charged thrice through the retreating Boers in the dark, doing considerable execution.

"We captured the Boer camp, with tents, waggons, horses and also two guns. The Boer losses were very considerable, including a number of wounded and unwounded prisoners. Among the former are Gen. Jan Kock and Piet Jonker, nephew of Commandant General Jonker. One goods train with supplies for the regiment was recovered. Our loss, I regret to say, was heavy. It is roughly computed at 150 killed and wounded."

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—The latest despatches from the front say that the Boer losses at Elandslaagte were considerable, and that the British lost about a hundred men killed and wounded. A large number of Boers were injured.

London, Oct. 21.—The War Office announces that in the fighting yesterday between Glencoe and Dundee, in Natal, thirty-one non-commissioned officers and men were killed and 151 wounded.

According to the latest advices the battle lasted eight hours, and nearly seven hours elapsed before the last Boer gun was put out of action. The Irish Fusiliers and the King's Rifles, meanwhile, had advanced to the assault, and were shooting their way up the hill, driving the Boers back from shelter to shelter, until the final rush of the British carried them to the top of the summit. It was a bright, clear morning, which enabled the operations to be followed by the staff officers without difficulty. A curious fact was that several times a lull occurred in the firing on both sides, the British infantry apparently taking a breathing-space in the stiff climb, and the Boers also holding back their fire. The magnificent practice of the British guns was an immense help, and the success of the assault was greatly due thereto. Once the British bayonets showed on top of Kopje, the Boers retreated, and, when on descending the other side, they found a British battery and British cavalry outflanking them the retreat became a rout. The British guns followed, and, unlimbering from time to time, threw shells among the flying foe. The latter did not wait to try conclusions with the Hussars and mounted infantry, who apparently seldom got near enough to deliver effective volleys. The pursuit was continued until dusk, when the Boers were completely demoralized.

London, Oct. 24.—The casualties of the battle at Elandslaagte prove to have been heavier than at first supposed, the British losses being now placed at 247 killed and wounded, with ten missing. The Boer losses are also found to have been much larger than at first reported. Commandant General Viljoen having been captured in addition to Commandant General Kock and other well known Boer commanders.

Col. Baden-Powell, in command of Mafeking, is said to have captured Commandant General Cronje and thirty other Boers, besides inflicting a loss of 500 killed upon the enemy. The news of the Boer losses at Mafeking have caused great grief at Pretoria, the Transvaal capital.

A Pessimistic View.

London, Oct. 25.—According to day's despatches to the War Office the worst fears seem to be realized. Gen. Kock has abandoned not only Dundee, but Glencoe also, and so far as present news would indicate, he has neither joined Gen. White nor reached Ladysmith. It is evident from the official despatches that both Commandant-General Joubert's column at the north and the Orange Free State troops on the west now occupy strong positions, and that

(Continued on page 4.)