

CABLE NEWS.

WAR REVIEW.

The strength of the German opposition against the Allied troops from immediately north of the Somme River to the region just below Roye, apparently has been checked for the moment. The clearing of the Amiens-Mont Didier sector of the enemy. It has not, however, prevented the French on the extreme southern end of the line from adding additional points of great strategic value in the hill and forest region between the Oise and the Metz where Lonsigny and Noyon are the ultimate objectives, and the capture of which would not only result possibly in the forced evacuation by the Germans of the Noyon-Roye-Chaulnes line, running southeastward past Solsons and thence along the Vesle River. The battle line in the north and on the center remains virtually as it stood on Monday, although the Allied troops have been slightly shifted their stands and taken additional prisoners. The Americans and French at last accounts still were in the environs of Bray, north of the River, while south of the River the Germans continued in possession of Chaulnes and Roye, which seemingly they intend to defend at all hazards. Fresh reinforcements and large numbers of guns have been brought up by the enemy to aid him in his endeavors to hold the line, which is essential to the safety of the German armies now in the pocket described by the Somme on the north and east, and the Oise on the south. The Germans are now merely on the defensive, but at salient points here and there they are delivering violent counter attacks against the Allies, and are also bombarding fiercely the rear areas. Notwithstanding the enemy's efforts, however, Chaulnes is receiving a mighty visitation of shells from the Allied guns, and Roye has been so encroached upon that it is now under a heavy cross fire from both the north and south, and seemingly both towns ultimately must be evacuated. An added danger to Roye is the fact that the French in their operations are knocking at the door of Lassigny, about seven miles to the south, and also are pressing forward eastward toward Noyon in a wedge-driving manoeuvre which not only is outflanking Roye, but bringing Noyon daily nearer the range of the big guns. Unofficial reports are to the effect that the Germans, fearing capture in the pocket of between Roye and the Oise, already are retreating along the Oise Valley toward Noyon, and if the statements should prove true it is unlikely that the entire German battle line to the north will give way in unison and that even then there may be a readjustment of the enemy front from Solsons to Rheims. Far to the north from Ypres to Albert there has been considerable activity on the part of the British and French forces against the Germans. The latest German communication asserts the Allied attacks were repulsed on the Vesle River. The Germans in their attacks against Fismet which is held by the Americans and French are declared to have driven the Allies to the southern bank of the River. A counter attack, however, resulted in the re-occupation of Fismet. The Czechs-Slovaks in Russia, who are opposing the Bolshevik element, have been formally recognized by Great Britain as an Allied nation and their armies are an allied force waging war against the Teutonic allies.

THE VALUE OF FOCH'S STRATEGY.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Aug. 13. (By the A.P.)—After the battle of the Avre, the situation of the belligerents present a change which for rapidity and extent has rarely been approached in military history. Marshal Foch's strategy and the mastery tactics of the Generals commanding the armies and groups of armies under him, have in three weeks wrested from the Germans what were required four months for them to obtain at a cost variously estimated at from 700,000 to 1,000,000 men. The immediate results of the counter-offensive which will have the greatest bearing on subsequent operations, are the clearing of the Chateau-Thierry pocket, ending the menace to Epervier and Paris; the liberation of Mont Didier, ending the menace to Amiens; the freeing of the important eastern-railroad line from Paris to Chaulnes, and the equally important northern line from Paris to Amiens, restoring to the Allies means of communication which give them enormously greater ease in the future movements of troops. These successes render impossible any repetition of the line which would separate the French armies of the center from those to the east, or a rupture of the junction between the French and British. The most disastrous consequences to the Germans aside from the heavy losses they have sustained in men and material, is the collapse of their plan to drive wedges into the Allied lines, and the subsequent widening and joining, which would have threatened general defection. Marshal Foch's strategy in relieving the salient wedges, wrests the initiative in operation from the Germans at once, obliging them either to order a general retreat to a strong line, such as the Somme, or to engage reserves. The enemy adopted the second alter-

native, which having failed, makes eventual retirement immensely more difficult. The first phase of the battle of the Avre finds the French with a footing upon Thiescourt Plateau, west of Noyon, which has vital importance in future operations. The Germans must either recapture the position at high cost if he can, or abandon Noyon, which means the fall of Roye and Lassigny, which already are under menace of imminent capture. The disaster which menaced General Von Hutier's army has been averted for the moment. The few narrow passages which now are open for the withdrawal of his stores are so harassed by the bombs of aviators and the fire of heavy artillery, that prompt escape is impossible, rendering probable a desperate effort by the Germans to cling to their 1914 line.

THREE WEEKS' WORK.

PARIS, Aug. 13. Since the beginning of the Allied counter offensive on July 18th the Allies have taken more than 70,000 prisoners and more than a thousand guns, the Echo de Paris states to-day. In addition it is estimated that more than 10,000 machine guns have been captured from the enemy.

GETTING THEM GRADUALLY.

LONDON, Aug. 13. Where heavy fighting is in progress only one corner of the Lassigny-Massif do the Germans appear for the moment to be in possession. This corner is one of the highest humps on the hills rising a few feet above the positions now in possession of the French. The French are attacking this hump strongly and there seems every prospect of the action ending in their favor. When the French get their guns to the top here the enemy's communication with Roye will come under observed fire.

LULL IN ADVANCE.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 13.—Difficulty in bringing up artillery and ammunition over battered roads brought a comparative lull on the French sector to-day. Infantry activity was confined to local engagements. The German guns have been more active with shells of all calibres and with gas. The enemy is now reinforcing his old line which he held from 1914 to 1917, and it will require heavier armament to batter a way through. The Germans have attempted several counter attacks, but they were without marked vigor and gained no success. Aviators continue to play an important role in harassing the enemy behind his front line. They are obstructing the movements of convoys of ammunition and supplies. It is believed that the stand the Germans are preparing to make in their old trenches is likely to prove only a temporary expedient to obtain time in which to move back the immense stores of material and to organize retirement of the artillery and infantry. There is great activity within the German lines east of Roye and Chaulnes. All the roads are encumbered with wagon trains indicating that the enemy is still moving out the ammunition and supplies he had gathered in that region.

HAVE COMMAND OF LASSIGNY.

LONDON, Aug. 13. (By the A.P.)—The French have gained control of the entire Massif of Lassigny on the southern end of the Picardy battle front according to advice this afternoon. This gives them command of the town of Lassigny and the valley of the Divette as well as the entire district to the north.

DELAYING THE ADVANCE.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 13. (By the A.P.)—The latest prisoners taken say that they belong to the rearward whose mission is to delay the advance of the French and facilitate the main force with the supplies and big guns. The German artillery maintaining only a harassing fire up to yesterday is now laying barrages which alone are sufficient to slow up the French advance. In spite of the intensified shelling the French to-day made gains in local operations occupying favorable positions north of Roye-Sur-Matz in Chevincourt.

BACK TO REPORT.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 12. A despatch to the Wolfe Bureau, says that M. Joffe, the Russian Ambassador to Germany together with several Russian delegates has left Berlin for Moscow to report to the Soviet Government on the economic negotiations arising from the Brest-Litovsk peace treaty.

DUTCH VESSEL SUNK.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 13. The Dutch steamer Sommerland, one of the Dutch vessels taken over by the U. S. Government, was sunk by a German submarine off Fire Island yesterday. The crew of thirty-one men was brought here to-day by a naval patrol boat.

MISSING CREW SAFE.

NANTUCKET, Mass., Aug. 13. The crew of six of the sword-fishing schooner Cruiser, who were thought to have lost their lives when their craft was sunk by a German submarine on George's Bank on Saturday afternoon, were brought in here to-

day, which having failed, makes eventual retirement immensely more difficult. The first phase of the battle of the Avre finds the French with a footing upon Thiescourt Plateau, west of Noyon, which has vital importance in future operations. The Germans must either recapture the position at high cost if he can, or abandon Noyon, which means the fall of Roye and Lassigny, which already are under menace of imminent capture. The disaster which menaced General Von Hutier's army has been averted for the moment. The few narrow passages which now are open for the withdrawal of his stores are so harassed by the bombs of aviators and the fire of heavy artillery, that prompt escape is impossible, rendering probable a desperate effort by the Germans to cling to their 1914 line.

TRANSPORT SUNK.

PARIS, Aug. 13. The French transport Djennah, of 3,716 tons, has been torpedoed in the Mediterranean. A report of the torpedoing has been confirmed here. She was an old steamer, built in 1875 at Lorient. She was 275 feet long, 39 feet beam and 30 feet deep. She is registered as owned by the Messageries Maritimes, of Paris and Marseilles.

ENEMY MENACED IN THE EAST.

LONDON, Aug. 13. Germany in the bitterest hour of defeat in the west she has yet known, is menaced in the east, not only by the advances of the Allied expeditions but by the perpetually growing movement of unorganized resistance to her occupation, says the Daily Telegraph in commenting on the situation in Russia.

GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, Aug. 13. The Germans delivered a local attack near Fouquencourt on the line repulsed. The statement follows: On the battlefield our troops effected further improvement in their positions north of the Roye road and on the bank of the Somme and captured additional prisoners. A local attack made by the enemy in the neighborhood of Fouquencourt was repulsed. We captured a few prisoners last night in patrol encounters south of the Scarpe-Arras front, and in the neighborhood of Vieux-Berguin, Flanders. A hostile attack against our positions in the Arras sector was repulsed after sharp fighting.

EMPIRE'S WATER POWER.

LONDON, Aug. 13. (Via Reuters' Agency).—The conjoint board of British scientific societies appointed to report on the utilization of the water power of Great Britain, point in their report that Empire utilizes only 8.3 per cent. of its available water power, whereas Germany utilizes 43 per cent. From this they draw the following conclusions. First, that the potential water power of the Empire amounts in the aggregate to at least fifty to seventy millions horsepower. Secondly, that much of this is capable of immediate economic development. That with the exception of Canada, New Zealand and to a less extent New South Wales and Tasmania, no systematic attempt has yet been made by any government to ascertain the true possibilities of hydraulic resources in its territory or to collect relevant data. Fourthly that the development of the Empire's natural resources is inseparably connected with that of its waterpower. Fifthly, that a development carrying such an enormous possibility should not be left to chance but should be carried out under the guidance of some competent authority to form an imperial board of commission to include representatives of all the dominions and dependencies to investigate and advise the stage as to development which it might assist or institute.

HEAVY FIGHTING ON THE VESLE.

LONDON, Aug. 13. Heavy local fighting is reported in progress at Fismet, north of the Vesle, where the Franco-American troops are holding the line. The Allies here were attacked by the enemy and forced to retire to the south bank of the river. An immediate counter attack was launched, and, according to the latest reports, the old positions of the Allies on the north bank of the river have been restored.

NO IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS.

PARIS, Aug. 13. Last night was without important developments on the main battle front, according to to-day's statement from the war office.

BRITISH DESTROYER SUNK.

LONDON, Aug. 13. A British torpedo boat destroyer was sunk by an enemy submarine in the Mediterranean on Aug. 6. Seven of the destroyer's complement were lost. The Admiralty made this statement to-day.

To-Day's Messages.

ALLIES CAPTURED.

LONDON, Aug. 13. On the battle front except for some what increased hostile artillery activity, the day has passed comparatively quietly. We have captured a few prisoners at different points. On the remainder of the British front some raiding and patrol activity is reported south of the Scarpe, north east of Robecque, and in the neighborhood of Vieux Berguin. The number of prisoners captured by the French First Army and the British Fourth Army, since the morning of the 8th inst., exceeds 28,000. Among them are 800 officers including eight regimental commanders. In the same period these armies have taken about 600 German guns, including many guns of heavy calibre and also several thousand machine guns, and numerous trench mortars which have not been counted. The material cap-

tured includes three complete trains and vast stocks of engineering and other stores.

AERIAL OPERATIONS.

PARIS, Aug. 13. An official communication on aviation issued to-night says on the night of Aug. 12-13 our bombing aircraft dropped 28 tons of bombs on stations and enemy establishments at Tergnier, Ham, Neuf, St. Quentin and Noyon. Fires are reported to have been seen at several places. On the 12th eleven German planes were brought down or put out of commission and four captive balloons were destroyed.

GETTING AFTER THEM.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 13. A despatch from Frankfurt says that despite the timely alarm given several planes were killed and material damage was done, especially in the streets of Frankfurt, during the British air raid on Monday.

PROTEST TO MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 13. The Government announced to-day that Great Britain, on April 20th last, presented to the Mexican Government a protest against the provisions of the oil decree of Feb. 19, similar to the protest made by the United States April 8, and made public last June. The new decree of Aug. 1, abrogating that of Feb. 19, is believed to have settled the questions brought up by the protest.

Stafford's Prescription "A" is the preparation you should take for indigestion and Dyspepsia.—aug6,tf

Draft Arrived.

Editor Evening Telegram. Sir—I beg to inform you that we are advised of the arrival in England of the last draft which left here in charge of Major Carcy. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, J. R. BENNETT, Minister of Militia, August 14th, 1918.

Train Movements.

Yesterday's west bound left Quarry at 7.45 this morning. Yesterday's east bound left Badger's Brook at 8.45 this morning and is due at 11 to-night. To-day's express from Port aux Basques left on time. The short train arrived on time. The Trepassey train arrived at 9.45 a.m. Reids' Boats. The Argyle arrived at Placentia at 7.35 a.m. sailing this afternoon on western route. The Clyde left, Tilting at 9.40 a.m. yesterday, outward. The Dundee; no report since leaving Port Union; wire trouble. The Ethle left Daniel's Harbor at 2.30 a.m. yesterday, going north. The Home left Pilley's Island early yesterday morning, going outward. The Petrel left St. John's yesterday afternoon to take up route. The Sagons left Westville at 9.30 a.m. yesterday, going north.

Here and There.

Always ask for Stafford's Liniment when you require a good strong penetrating liniment.—aug6,tf

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Suen left St. Anthony yesterday, coming south. The Earl of Devon sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. Open wide your eyes for here is something worth reading: 48 doz. Men's Dress Shirts, worth \$12.50, all sizes and one price, 75c. each. W. R. GOOBIE is just opp. Post Office.

EXPRESS PASSENGERS.—The following first-class passengers are on the incoming express: E. B. and Master Marshall, J. T. Doyle, H. D. Sullivan, Miss M. Doyle, Mrs. J. Jordan, Mrs. A. Dawe, Mrs. M. Moore, Mrs. B. Buchanan, Miss E. Buchanan, Mrs. M. Buchanan, Miss L. Kennedy, Mrs. A. M. Piment, Mrs. W. Williams, H. Goldstone, Miss H. E. Sheppard, J. B. Foote, Mrs. Fullerton, A. Leggo, W. J. Ryan.

A Garden Party will be held at Portugal Cove on Wednesday, August 14th, in aid of the New R. C. Church.—aug8,6f

PERSONAL.—Mr. L. L. Slattery, of the Municipal Council, went out by train yesterday to visit Canada and America.

THE ACID TEST OF COMPARISON.—Our goods and prices have stood it for 12 years. See our Men's Suits, only \$15.50. W. R. GOOBIE is just opp. Post Office.—jly2,tf

POTATOES SCARCE.—Potatoes around on the suburban farms are said to be fairly scarce, but that should not account for the enormous prices being asked for them.

Oh no! We are not going out of business, as is rumored about town, but we anticipate a substantial increase as time goes on. While I will not be always in attendance myself, the various branches will be conducted by trained people who know their work thoroughly. R. H. TRAFLET.—aug12,tf

Always ask for Stafford's Cough Mixture when you require a good Cough Mixture. MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Baird & Co., AGENTS. MINARD'S LINIMENT USED BY PHYSICIANS.

Our Baseball Column.

PLAGIARISED AND OTHERWISE.

CUBS DEFEAT R. I. S.

A large gathering of fans witnessed last evening's exhibition between the B. I. S. and Cubs. The latter won out by the score of 9 to 4. Carew had 8 strikeouts to his credit and allowed 3 runs on error of Murphy's. Williams coming home, McGrath struck out, Doyle stole third, came home on passed ball, French struck out. 2 runs.

FOURTH INNING.

Cubs.—Hall struck out, Duggan safe on Carew's error, stole second and third, Bell struck out, Duggan stole home, Channing walked, Canning safe and Channing came home on Doyle's error, Canning out stealing second. 3 runs.

B. I. S.—Brasie, Power and Carew struck out.

FIFTH INNING.

Cubs.—Lehr struck out, Phelan safe and got second on Power's wild throw, Phelan stole third, Clouston safe and Phelan came home on French's error, Murphy singled, scoring Clouston, Hall sacrificed scoring Murphy, Duggan singled scoring second, Bell struck out. 3 runs.

B. I. S.—O'Reilly safe on Clouston's error, stole second, Grace struck out, O'Reilly stole third, Williams walked, stole second, Doyle hit by pitched ball took first, McGrath struck out, French caught out by Murphy.

SIXTH INNING.

Cubs.—Channing singled, stole second, Canning caught out by French, Lehr struck out, Phelan got first and second and Channing came home on Power's wild throw, Phelan stole third, Clouston singled scoring Phelan, Clouston out stealing second. 2 runs.

B. I. S.—Brasie out at first, Power struck out, Carew walked, O'Reilly singled, Grace singled, Carew out stealing home.

SEVENTH INNING.

Cubs.—Murphy caught out by French, Hall safe on McGrath's error, Duggan caught out by French, Hall out stealing second.

B. I. S.—Williams struck out, Doyle struck out, McGrath walked, stole second, French struck out.

SUMMARY.

Hits, off Carew 6; off Hall 4. Strikeouts, by Carew 5; by Hall 16. Walks, off Carew 3; by Hall 6.

Casualty List.

RECEIVED AUGUST 14, 1918. Previously Reported at Wardsworth. Now at Addington Park Hospital, Croydon. 3433—Pte. Ronald J. Saunders, Cape Cove, Pogo. Previously Reported Wounded and Missing, April 1918—Now Reported Dead. Max 4th Fractured Skull. Arrived: Extract from German List Dated July 17th. Forwarded by Canadian Red Cross. 2238—Pte. David Flannagan, Roundabout, Buri. At Wardsworth. 3218—Pte. Thomas Lynch, 18 Carew Street. Previously reported. J. R. BENNETT, Minister of Militia.

Hospital Report.

The Visiting Committee of the Newfoundland War Association reports the condition of the following men in Hospital: Progressing Favorably—1811 Pte. John Ash, 3017 Pte. Fletcher Mayo, 2246 Sergt. P. J. Kelly, 3103 L.-Corp. Harold Pitt. Prisoners of War Health Report—86 Corporal Charles March writes he is quite well.

Here and There.

When you want Sausages, why get ELLIS'; they're the best.

SOLDIERS ON FURLOUGH.—A number of soldiers on furlough, went out of the train yesterday.

Camouflage Again! The vergor nodded and disappeared, and during the procession which followed, the preacher was uncomfortably conscious of much staring and titting.

"At last we arrived at our stalls, and then—Great Caesar!—then I saw what everyone had been gazing at. That inside vergor had proceeded slowly and solemnly up the church, all through the singing of the hymn, immediately behind me, with his arms raised above his head, carrying a glass of water, which in the end he mounted the pulpit steps with, and deposited in full view of the congregation!"

Mr. Leachman had a sad shock one day when he picked up a hymn-book for a gentleman who was a regular attendant at his church. The binding was the binding of a hymn-book, at least, but the interior was a betting guide, containing the pedigrees of all the famous racehorses of the day!

When you want something in a hurry for tea, go to ELLIS'. Head Cheese, Ox Tongue, Baked Ham, Cooked Corned Beef, Bologna Sausages.

Salt!

Now discharging a Cargo of

Cadiz Salt.

LOWEST Market Prices.

M. MOREY & CO.

Grove Hill Bulletin THIS WEEK.

Celery Plants, \$2 a hundred. Cucumber Plants, 30c. ea. Wreaths, Crosses, Wedding Bouquets at shortest notice. Terms: Strictly Cash.

J. McNEIL,

PHONE 247, Waterford Bridge Road.

Now Landing!

A Cargo of North Sydney COAL.

H. J. Stabb & Co.

The Peoples Auctioneer

To our friends and the public generally, we wish to state that as we propose continuing the business formerly conducted by our Father, the late P. C. O'Driscoll, we would be very thankful for a continuation of their support and patronage. Mr. Morry, who has been 16 years with us, will be associated with us.

All business entrusted to us will have our prompt attention. JOHN D. O'DRISCOLL, JOSEPH P. O'DRISCOLL, jly29,ed,tf

Can Shyness Be Cured.

What is the remedy for shyness? What is the shy man to do in order that he may be shy no longer?

The remedy is simple, and is to be found by consideration of the cause. The shy person is shy in the presence of strangers only. Let him have no opportunity of meeting strangers, and let the opportunity be abolished not by abolition of the meetings, but by abolition of the strangers. In other words, shy persons are those who in early life have had no practice and no experience in meeting strangers, and so having the attention of strangers directed to them and attracted to them. If the meeting with strangers becomes customary it loses its strangeness.

Knowing readers fully appreciate our advertisements. Have you seen our Hair Brush, worth 45c., our price, 15c. W. R. GOOBIE is just opp. Post Office.—jly2,tf

Owing to illness of several members of the Collegian team there will be no football match to-night.—aug14,li

DIED.

Lost somewhere at sea on the S. C. "Beverly," Frederick, second son of the late Albert Hann, of H. Buffett, and Melinda March, and stepson of the late ex-Constable March, aged 35 years, leaving a mother and one brother to mourn their sad loss.

Far beyond this world of changes, Far beyond this world of care, We shall find our missing loved ones in our Father's mansion fair.

There passed peacefully away after a short illness, Keshah, beloved wife of Robert Francis, aged 58 years, leaving four sons, one daughter, two sons and one daughter in the States, two sons in St. John's, also one sister, Mrs. J. Ryan, and a large circle of friends; funeral takes place from sister's residence (Mrs. J. Ryan), 181 Pleasant Street, at 3 o'clock on Friday.

heroes to whom it had hidden God speed in October, 1914. It is invidious to quarrel about services rendered and to apportion thanks, but let there be at least justice to whom they are most due. Truly some saw that others may reap. But for the Returned Soldiers and Rejected Volunteers Association, where would the Blue Puttees be now? Where the Regiment? In France possibly, but not in the Piping Line. All prospect of continuing the fine record it had made would be gone forever, and the Dominion, except for the isolated services here and there of its Naval Reservists, a spectator of events in which it had once played a splendid part. It would have needed more than an interview with Sir Douglas Haig to set things right.

Yours very truly, JUSTICE.

McMurdo's Store News.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 14, 1918.

Our new stock of Page and Shaw's Candy is likely to go rapidly, so we would advise lovers of these delicious sweetmeats to send along their orders at once. A good variety of the most tasty kinds in half, one and two pound boxes.

We give good prices in cash for second hand medicine bottles. Must be clean and in good condition. No patent medicine or miscellaneous bottles wanted. At our Water Street and Military Road Stores.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Hon. Secretary-Treasurer of the Methodist Orphanage begs gratefully to acknowledge the receipt of \$20 from Hon. George Knowlton, towards the funds of the Orphanage.

THIS IS THE HOOK TO CATCH 'EM.

Fishermen, you see by the reports from Norway how they catch such enormous quantities of fish. Well, O. Mustad's Key Brand Hook is used exclusively in that country. See that you get the Key Brand. jly5,ed,tf

When you want Steaks, Chops, Cutlets and Collops, try ELLIS'.

R HAT!

well selected in a crowd. draw Hat, with inside; fits the M. King George V. nger in favour

PANAMA

well selected in a crowd.

draw Hat, with inside; fits the M. King George V. nger in favour

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