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THE GLEANER.

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TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1887.

THE VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Tenders are invited for the construction of the Victoria cottage hospital. THE GLEANER has before expressed its warm approval of this project and has given it a hearty support. We have repeatedly been asked, however, how the institution, when completed, is to be maintained, but have been unable to furnish a reply. We think it desirable that the views of the promoters should be laid before the citizens so that they might be able to judge of the expediency of the method, and if it do not commend itself to their judgment, offer one which a thoughtful public should be fitted to suggest. It would add greatly to the success of the project if the citizens were taken more into the confidence of the promoters who, let us repeat, are deserving of the highest commendation for the earnestness and self-sacrificing zeal they have displayed in furthering so desirable a project. As the institution will, in all likelihood, have to be maintained, to some extent at least, by the city and by voluntary contributions, it would seem desirable that a meeting of citizens be invited so that the plan of maintenance might be discussed before the city becomes committed to a method it may possibly find it difficult to maintain.

It would, no doubt, meet with public approval were the plans for construction laid before a committee of citizens, or of the city council, in order that the details might be examined with reference to their suitability to the wants of the community. It were desirable too, that the plans should be submitted to two or three physicians of experience, who would report as to the conveniences and hygienic appointments of the hospital, and who could assure the citizens of the opportunities for thorough isolation of any case of infectious disease, an epidemic of which, for want of proper care in this respect, we might at any time be called upon to face.

A hospital Fredericton has long had need of. It were to be regretted, however, that when the work of construction is about to be begun, opportunity for any valuable suggestions should not be given, or that after the work has been completed, the institution equipped, and its doors thrown open to the needy sick, Fredericton should feel that as a city, it can be accorded but a humble meed of praise, or that even now when a handsome amount has been subscribed, any liberal, but sensitive subscriber, should even think of withholding his amount because an opportunity had not been afforded him to offer a suggestion.

THE EXODUS AND ITS CAUSE.

The increasing exodus of our young men to the United States and the Northwest during the present spring is exciting no little comment. Scarcely a week passes without our exchanges containing notices of the departure of some of our most energetic young men. St. John is fast losing many of her most intelligent mechanics, and her stirring pushing youth. Fredericton has lost more than her proportion, and from the river counties we have from week to week announced the departure of useful and respected young men.

At no season for years has the exodus been as great as at present. The cause is not far to seek. There is but small demand for skilled labor, and the wages offered are far below what a trained mechanic can be expected to accept. There is no immediate prospect of an improvement in this regard. Men of skill, pluck and enterprise, must see a prospect, and we cannot wonder that they leave us to follow their occupation in other and more promising fields. All will regret that our young men find it necessary to leave us, but far better is it that they should be away at work than at home in idleness.

The Mackenzie government was held responsible for the depression of business during its administration, although business in all parts of the world was at that time depressed. Now, however, when business is still depressed, and trade in many places stagnant, although the depression is chiefly in Canada, the government, the tories tell us, cannot be held responsible. Our New Brunswick industries, as a rule, with the exception of those of Marysville, are making no advances, and many of them are suffering

The shipbuilding industry is [illegible] our iron industries are [illegible] and the prospects are con[illegible] couraging. Several of our industries here are laboring under heavy disadvantages, and while we have no right to look for a cessation of their work, we feel that they have before them a heavy task.

We have no desire to exaggerate the depression that everywhere exists about us, or to place the province in an unfavorable light before our neighbors, but we cannot but admit that trade is greatly depressed and the outlook not encouraging.

DEATH OF MR. MOFFATT, M. P.

We regret to have to announce the death of Mr Robt. Moffatt, M P for Restigouche, which took place suddenly at Teeswater, Ont., early yesterday morning. Mr Moffatt had retired the night before apparently in good health and was found in the morning dead, in bed. He was a comparatively young man, being in his 44th year. Mr Moffatt was elected to parliament in 1882. He was a conservative in politics. He did not seek distinction as an orator and took but little part in the debates of parliament, but he ever had the interests of his county at heart, and obtained for it several important works. In conjunction with his brother, Mr Moffatt carried on an extensive lumbering business in his native county. His loss will be severely felt by the business community of Restigouche, where he resided, and for which he did so much.

THE MARITIME BANK.

The meeting of the stockholders and depositors of the Maritime Bank, at St. John, to-morrow, will be of interest to many. A statement of the affairs of the bank, it is expected, will be submitted. Three liquidators will be appointed, subject to the approval of His Honor the Chief Justice, to wind up the affairs of the institution. It is to be hoped that in the appointment of these liquidators the interests of the Fredericton stockholders and depositors will not be overlooked; their interests have already suffered much.

PUBLIC WORKS REPORT.

In the annual report of the Minister of Public Works for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1886, we find that for works under the control of his department there was expended during the year $2,868,486.10, divided among the different services as follows:—

Public Buildings	$1,544,904.35
Harbors and rivers	864,563.82
Dredges and dredging	131,896 62
Slides and booms	129,470.71
Roads and bridges	38,292.89
Telegraph Lines	119,411.80
Miscellaneous	39,945.91

Of the above amount chargeable to public buildings New Brunswick received:—For construction and repairs, $117,955.86; for salaries of engineers, firemen, etc., $4,563.03, $339.96 of which sum was applied to the service of Fredericton post office and custom house, and $300.67 to the same departments in Woodstock; for heating buildings, $4,656.11, the Fredericton buildings costing $309.60, and the Woodstock $362.35.

Of the public buildings at Fredericton, the report says:—

MILITARY SCHOOL.—During the fiscal year the sum of $557.01 was spent for fencing, &c. Total expenditure on this building since Confederation, $15,295.57.

MILITARY BUILDINGS.—The sum of $142.50 has been spent for repairs during the year.

PUBLIC BUILDING.—Some slight repairs were made to the post office portion of this building at a cost of $39.29. Total expenditure $30,521.57 for construction; and $584.18 for repairs.

Of the post office at Woodstock it says:—

At the session of 1885 the sum of $1,500.00 was voted for the purpose of placing a clock in the tower of the post office; but up to the close of the fiscal year the clock had not been placed in position. Expenditure for furniture, fittings, etc., during the year, $284.60. Total expenditure on this building, $13,914.19.

The following reference is made to the post office and custom house at Newcastle:—

At the session of 1885 the sum of $20,000.00 was voted towards the construction of the building to accomodate the postal, customs and other offices, mentioned in last year's report as being under contract, and a full description of which will be found in that report. On 4th January, 1886, a contract for heating apparatus was entered into with Mr. C. B. Thompson, for the sum of $1,495.00 and on the 28th January 1886, a contract for fittings was entered into with Messrs. McDonald & Treen for the sum of $1,960.00. At the close of the fiscal year construction was nearly completed and it was expected that the building would be occupied before the end of the calendar year. Expenditure, $21,532.55. Total expenditure on this building, $36,547.67.

On harbors and rivers there was expended in this province last year $38,232.09, of which there was paid out on improvement of St. John, between Fredericton and Bear Island, $1,000. The operations on the river between Bear Island and River des Chutes cost $2,000. The dredging in the rivers and harbors cost $14,874.63. Of this, $3,758.05 were expended on work off the railway wharf at Gibson, where 25,190 cubic yards of clay and gravel were removed, making a channel with a depth of 13 feet at low water, and a breadth of 50 feet.

Among the appendices to the report is a statement compiled from the trade and navigation returns, giving the number and tonnage of vessels constructed at the principal ship building ports of Canada from 1868 to 1885, which statement shows a lamentable decline in the shipbuilding industry, not only in New Brunswick but throughout Canada, since the adoption of the national policy. In the city and county of St. John the decline is remarkable as showing the evil effects of the tory financial policy. A comparison between the years of '77 and '85 shows a falling off in tonnage of over one hundred per cent.

	No. of Vessels Built.	Tonnage.
1877	41	22,731
1885	25	11,120

On pages 273-4 is the following information about the area and population of the globe, which will [illegible] be of interest to some of [illegible] where no census has been made the figures are taken from the most reliable estimates:

	Area English square miles.	Population
EUROPE.		
Austro-Hungary	240,940	37,741,434
Belgium	11,373	5,519,844
British isles and Gibraltar, Malta, &c	121,237	35,422,407
Bulgaria	27,538	2,000,000
Denmark & Iceland	55,260	2,096,410
France	204,096	37,672,048
German Empire	208,744	45,194,177
Greece	19,353	1,979,775
Holland	13,679	4,270,098
Italy	114,408	28,459,451
Montenegro	1,710	245,380
Portugal	35,812	4,745,124
Roumania	49,262	5,376,000
Russia, in Europe	2,074,686	84,851,886
Servia	18,767	1,670,000
Spain	195,775	16,623,389
Sweden and Norway	293,849	6,391,398
Switzerland	15,991	2,846,102
Turkey, in Europe	80,000	5,275,000
Total	3,782,480	328,379,923
ASIA.		
Afghanistan	278,600	2,500,000
Arabia (Ind.)	1,500,000	3,265,000
Beluchistan	140,000	1,000,000
British India	1,473,687	253,382,186
Chinese Empire	4,539 750	434,880,000
East India Islands	786,500	34,500,000
Farther India	813,151	36,504,250
Independent Turkistan	194,345	3,000,000
Japan	147,629	35,925,313
Persia	636,000	5,000,000
Portuguese Settlements	7,134	877,500
Russia, in Asia	6,250,707	15,186,456
Turkey do	729,981	17,536,465
Total	17,557,484	843,257,170
AFRICA.		
Abyssinia	158,000	3,000,000
Algeria	123.000	2,870,000
British South Africa	546,230	1,890,500
Central Africa, including Somach & Gallas	4,000,000	50,000,000
Egypt	870,000	17,400,000
Gold Coast, Sierra Leone, &c	17,609	669,966
Liberia	50,000	1,500,000
Lower Guinea	280,000	2,000,000
Madagascar	228,570	3,000,000
Morocco	260,000	6,000,000
Orange Free State	42,470	50,000
Portuguese Settlements	697,365	2,410,000
Sahara	2,500,000	5,000,000
Senegambia	147,000	4.000,000
Soudan	1,250,000	30,000,000
Transvaal	114,360	700,000
Tripoli	314,400	1,200,000
Tunis	45,716	5,000,000
Zanzibar	100,000	5,000,000
Total	11,774,720	138,190,466
AMERICA.		
Dominion of Canada	3,470.391	4 324,810
Greenland	750,000	14,000
Mexico	741,820	9,650,000
Newfoundland	40,200	161,389
United States	3,603,884	50,152,866
	8,606.296	64 303,065
Central America	164.900	2,600,000
West Indies	150.000	4 500,000
Argentine Republic	1,357,896	2.540,000
Bolivia	500,870	2,325,000
Brazil	3,288,000	10,200,000
Chili	182,790	2,234,000
Columbia	320,750	3.100.000
Ecuador	348,380	1,066.000
Guiana	178,370	341 800
Patagonia	375,000	200,000
Paraguay	56.700	293.844
Peru	503.380	3,374.000
Uruguay	69,800	450,000
Venezuela	403,276	2,075,245
Total	16,406,408	99,602,954
AUSTRALASIA.		
Australia	2,946,555	2,235,730
New Zealand	106,260	489,980
Tasmania	26,215	115,700
Total	3,079,030	2,841,4300
Polynesia	350,000	30,000,000

It is to be regretted that the speaker of the dominion parliament should, thus early in the session, have given any cause for the suspicion that he has carried with him to the chair a feeling of partizanship. His action on Wednesday last is certainly open to the construction of unfairness. When Mr. Blake was speaking to the motion then before the house, asking for details concerning alleged delay in returning officers forwarding their returns to Ottawa, he was called to order by the speaker for producing evidence that strong partizans had been appointed returning officers in the late elections. Mr. Blake, it is understood, yielded with dignity to the decision of the chair, but expressed surprise at the ruling, and scored a point by stating that many other instances than those he was relating would yet be laid before the house. In the course of the debate a government supporter—the member for Argenteuil—spoke for some time on the effect of the Riel agitation in that county, but the speaker did not seek to interfere.

Mr. Temple has at last been found. Our Ottawa correspondent telegraphs us that when Mr. Temple was in a barber shop yesterday morning he was served with the election protest he has for days been in hiding to avoid. We had thought that his long experience in the shrievalty of York would have told him that in the description of bearded fugitives from justice there is generally to be found the warning clause—"but may have shaved off."

The Queens county case will be referred to the committee on privileges and elections which is composed of 17 liberals and 23 conservatives. The returns of the deputy returning officers were read before the commons on Monday. The ballot papers have not been destroyed.

President Cleveland has, it appears, become weary of the presidency, and is looking forward with pleasure and satisfaction, to the time that will release him from the anxiety and responsibilities of a position he has filled with a spirit of justice and with exceptional ability.

From the close of the last fiscal year, June 30th, to the 1st of April of this year, the net public debt of Canada has been increased about $2,700,000, or about $9,854 per day. The ordinary expenditure is likewise on the increase.

In the University of Edinburgh, agriculture has been added to the departments in which degrees in science are conferred.

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefitted the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with *Green's August Flower* and *Boschee's German Syrup*, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The *August Flower* for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the *German Syrup* for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottle will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottle for 10 cents remain the same size.

Torpid liver, the cause of untold suffering misery, restored to its normal condition [illegible]

NEWS CONDENSED.

Cable.

The islands of Guernsey and Jersey were shaken by earthquakes on Thursday.

Russia has issued a 4 per cent. internal loan of 100,000,000 roubles at 84 per cent.

Police at Kieff and Odessa have discovered plots to kill the Czar by blowing up the imperial train in the event of the Czar's visiting Southern Russia.

Advices from Allahabad state that a battle has taken place in Maruf between the Ameer's troops and the rebel forces. The Ameer's loss was fifty and the rebels 500.

A despatch from Vienna says the Queen of Servia has separated from her husband, King Milan, and returned to her family in Russia. Political and domestic differences are the grounds given for the separation.

The London News says Major Saunderson has allowed it to become known that he will be at home during certain hours of the day should any one desire to communicate with him in a hostile spirit in respect of the accusations made by him against members of the National League.

Italy, Denmark and Roumania have decided not to take part in the Paris exhibition. Belgium will abide by the decision of England. The manufacturers of France are joining in a petition to the government to postpone the International exhibition to a more favorable date than 1889.

The Homeward Bound, the little boat only twenty-four feet long, built in the Transvaal and transported in a wagon to the sea, has made her way via the Cape of Good Hope, St. Helena and the Azores, to Dover, England, landing her crew of three all well. She commenced her voyage in May of 1886.

Capt O'Shea, addressing the Limerick branch of the National league, said he had compared the Times' letter with thirty-seven of Mr. Parnell's letters and concluded that the Times' letter was a forgery and that the body and signature were written by the same person. Mr. Sexton has received an anonymous letter which, it is thought, will lead to the identification of the author of the Parnell letter published by the Times.

Mr. Gladstone writes that he does not desire a general election to parliament until the English mind is ripe on the Irish question as the Welsh and Scotch minds are, but that time is rapidly advancing. "Anyhow," he says, "I am prepared to face anything to defeat coercion. I continue to hope for much on the part of the constituencies whose representatives in parliament have the decisive votes on the issue."

American.

Major John E. Blaine, paymaster, brother of J. G. Blaine, died at Hot Springs, Ark., on Thursday.

James Russell Lowell sailed from Boston for Europe on Thursday. He declines to be a candidate for overseer of Harvard University.

Benjamin Bisson, of Sessionville, West Virginia, on Thursday, while under the influence of liquor, chopped his wife to death with a hatchet.

A band of Kiowa Comanche Indians killed W A Stinson and two of his men near his ranche in Green County, Tex., Tuesday week. It is feared a general outbreak is imminent.

Six hundred employes of the Victoria Manufacturing Co., at Schuylerville, have been thrown out of employment by the action of a few mule boys who struck for an advance of wages.

Three policemen of Patzcuoro, Mex, entered the house of Juan Ramierez, a prominent citizen, and after murdering Ramierez in his bed, dragged his insensible wife off and horribly outraged her. Two of the fiends have been captured, the third will be.

George Miller, a New York piano maker, killed himself Thursday morning in an extraordinary manner. He lived in a basement in 24th street, and has been confined to his bed for some weeks with pneumonia. He slashed both wrists with a knife and then plunged the weapon twice into his breast in the region of the heart. He then climbed a ladder running outside the building, and on reaching the second story threw himself into the yard. The fall caused a fracture of the skull and instant death.

Canadian.

Lumber shippers at Ottawa have already commenced to load barges for the States.

A motion granting manhood suffrage is to be introduced in the Manitoba legislature.

The public school board of Toronto on Thursday night decided to spend about $130,000 this year in erecting new school buildings and enlarging others.

The Governor-General will leave Ottawa on Monday night, May 2, or the following morning, for Toronto, to take up his residence at government house for about three weeks.

Six thousand pounds of Northern Russia wheat, grown north of latitude 56, has been received at the Central Experimental farm near Ottawa. Twelve hundred pounds will be sent to the Indian reserve in the northwest.

The Lieut Governor of Manitoba has given his assent to the railway bills recently passed by the Manitoba legislature and in transmitting them early action on the part of the Dominion government will be urged.

On Friday afternoon, Mr. Josiah Dougherty, of Toronto, picked up some parsnips that a farmer had thrown over the fence, and brought them home for his wife to eat. As she had formerly asked him to do so, Mrs. Dougherty and a neighbour's daughter, Christina McKay, ate some of the parsnips, which immediately made them sick. Dougherty, suspecting they were poisonous, went for medical assistance, but it proved unavailing, as Miss Mackay died within a few minutes, and Mrs. Dougherty on Sunday morning at 3.45.

Provincial.

Wm. Robertson, market clerk of Moncton, died in a fit of apoplexy Sunday.

David Johnstone, of St. John, fell between the engine and a loaded car on the I C R, last night, and two wheels passed over one of his legs severing it from the body.

Mr. George L. Holyoke, of the Woodstock Press, occupied the Methodist pulpit in Jacksonville, on Sunday 17th inst.

A measure is inaugurated by the various agricultural societies of Carleton Co., for the holding of a county exhibition in September

The M[illegible]

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Proceedings of Monday—The Queen's County Case.

A Comparatively Dull Session for the Second Week.

OTTAWA, April 25.—In the house of commons, this afternoon in obedience to a motion by Mr. Skinner, St. John, Mr. Pope, clerk of the crown in chancery, attended and laid on the table all the additional papers received in connexion with the Queens county election. These, excepting the poll books and ballots, were ordered to be read and will consequently appear in the votes and proceedings for future action and reference.

Sir Charles Tupper, replying to Sir Richard Cartwright, said he was afraid the budget speech could not be made this week.

Bills were introduced by Hon Mr. Thompson, minister of justice, to prevent appeals to the imperial privy council in criminal cases; by Hon. Mr. Pope, minister of railways, respecting certain stores in use on government railways; by the minister of justice, respecting public stores which provides a special brand and mark for dominion government property, the use of counterfeiting of which will be a criminal offence; by Mr. Charlton (North Norfolk) amending the act known as the law of seduction, the effect of which is to make it a criminal offence for keepers and others in public asylums and institutions to seduce females under their charge, and also to reduce the age of responsibility of men to 18 years under the operations of this law.

Questions were then in order, and some 18 (few of which possessed general public interest) were put.

Minister of Customs Bowell, replying to the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, said the order in council recently issued respecting the examination of baggage of passengers coming into Canada had been rescinded.

The minister of railways, replying to Sir Richard Cartwright, said the amount charged to capital account of the Intercolonial railway, on April 20, was $44,197-451.

The minister of the interior, replying to Mr. Gordon, said that the dominion government would despatch an expedition, under Dr. C M Dawson, to explore for gold in Yukon river districts.

A number of returns for public papers were ordered without debate; among them being one by Hon Mr Mills, of Bothwell, for a complete statement of election returns for each constituency at general elections, showing the names of candidates, number of votes, ballots cast, rejected, etc.

The debate on the home rule resolution and amendment was resumed by Mr Davin, West Assiniboia, who, in a long speech, followed somewhat in the footsteps of Dalton McCarthy, and appeared as an apologist for the British tory coercive policy.

Dr McDonald, East Huron, who followed, made a warm appeal for the resolutions, and argued that benefits attending upon home rule in Canada showed conclusively that a similar system would equally benefit Ireland.

Mr Freeman, of Queens, N S, then rose to speak, but Sir John Macdonald, to the surprise of everybody, offered some trumpery excuse, and suggested that Mr Freeman move the adjournment of the debate. The latter did so, and Hon Mr Blake said he was surprised at the premier's course in now advising adjournments whereas he was, the other night, eager to push the debate to a close.

The motion for adjournment was carried, and the house rose at a quarter to six.

FROM OTTAWA.

Mr. Skinner to Move that Mr. King be Given the Seat for Queens.

A Number of Petitions against Liberal Members.

Mr. Jeremiah Travis Out of a Position.

Special to Gleaner.

OTTAWA, April 26.—Mr. Skinner, M. P. of St. John, will to-day give notice of motion that the writ for Queen's County election as returned by Dunn be amended by striking out Baird's name and inserting that of King. This motion will come on to-morrow. Rumors says that the government will move as an amendment that the matter be referred to the committee on privileges and elections, the object of the government is believed to be to avoid expressing any opinion pro or con on Dunn's action as returning officer and to bring about a new election if possible.

The body of Mr Moffatt, deceased, member for Restigouche, will leave Teeswater to-day on route for Dalhousie, and will be accompanied from Toronto to Point Lois by Mr Birmingham, of Toronto, who will transfer the remains to the care of Mr Moffatt's friends who will be in waiting. No wreath or any floral tribute was sent by Moffatt's late associates.

Election petitions were yesterday filed against Andrew Temple, Centre Wellington; W. C. Edwards, Russell county; John Waldie, Balton county; Cooke, of East Simcoe, and Purcell, of Glengary. All are liberal members. Cross petitions are filed against defeated conservative candidates as follows:—Orton, in Centre Wellington; Mackintosh in Russell; Henderson, in Halton. In Quebec province new petitions have been filed for Laprairie, Berthier, and L'Assomption.

T H McGuire, Q C, and contributing editor for Kingston News (tory) has been appointed to the vacant position in the supreme court, North West Territories. This appointment leaves Jeremiah Travis, well known in New Brunswick without any position, his former appointment as stipendiary magistrate at Calgary being annulled by the creation of this judgeship.

Should McCarthy's home rule amendment to amendment be defeated to-day, Davine, of West Assiniboia, will move another expressing regret that the coercion bill for Ireland is necessary and favoring a limited measure of local government for Ireland.

A COMMON OCCURRENCE.—Many bad joints [illegible] crippled for life, are [illegible] or bad [illegible] cated rheumatism of Strati[illegible] ism in [illegible]

The Disallowance Issue.

OTTAWA, April 24.—The Manitoba disallowance issue still looms to the front, and the Northwest conservatives have actually informed their members that they are in earnest about the matter. In Winnipeg it is reported that if disallowance be not abandoned, the conservative association will demand that Scarth resign his seat and let the constituency show what it thinks of the government's policy. When Scarth, the tory member for Winnipeg, sent to that city some excuse for the government continuing the policy of disallowance, he received an answer signed by leading conservatives setting forth that "the telegram is most unsatisfactory; we cannot admit the possibility of any obligation which effects old Manitoba or the necessity of any inquiries. The premier (Sir John) requires to answer yes or no. If you find answer likely to be 'no,' we wish the opportunity to send a delegation of the local government pledged with the unanimous support of the legislature to build a road this year, under the general act not disallowed, with provincial funds, unless private charter allowed."

A Doubly Fatal Duel.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 24.—The war department makes known the facts of a doubly fatal duel. Lieut. Col. Tunox, of the 8th battalion, and M. M. Savalla, musical director attached to the command, quarreled in a saloon in San Luis Potosi, where they were stationed, and a challenge was accepted at once. The officers, accompanied only by the captain of the regiment, were driven to an out of the way place, and at the word both shot at once, and both fell dead.

HOUSEHOLD.

Useful Receipts.

PICKLED EGGS.—Boil some four or six dozen in a capacious saucepan until they become quite hard. Then after carefully removing the shells, lay them in large mouthed jars and pour over them scalding vinegar, well seasoned with whole pepper, allspice, a few races of ginger and a few cloves of garlic. When cold, bung down closely, and in a month they are fit for use. Where eggs are plentiful the above pickle is by no means expensive and is a relishing accompaniment to cold meat.

BUBBLE AND SPEAK.—Take from a round of beef which has been well boiled and cold, two or three slices amounting to about one pound to one and a half in weight, two carrots which have been boiled with the joint, in a cold state, as also the hearts of two boiled cabbage that are cold. Cut the meat into small dice formed pieces, and chop up the vegetables together; pepper and salt the latter and fry them with the meat in the pan, with a quarter of a pound of sweet butter. When fully done add to the pan in which the ingredients are fried, half a gill of fresh catsup, and serve with mashed potatoes.

OYSTER SOUP.—Strain the liquor of 100 oysters; boil and skim the liquor of the oysters; work four spoonfulls of flour into half a cup of butter, steam the flour and butter over the teakettle until soft enough to beat to a froth. It must be in a cup or vessel to sit over the top of the kettle. Then stir it to the liquid while boiling; after which add one quart of new milk (the least sourness in the milk will make a whey); flavor with one teaspoonful of salt and a little cayenne pepper, or black pepper if prefered, and throw in the oysters, allowing them merely to scald.

The Appetite

May be increased, the Digestive organs strengthened, and the Bowels regulated, by taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills are purely vegetable in their composition. They contain neither calomel nor any other dangerous drug, and may be taken with perfect safety by persons of all ages.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, became greatly debilitated, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted our family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally commenced taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite

IMPROVED

my bowels were regulated, and, by the time I finished two boxes of these Pills my tendency to headaches had disappeared, and I became strong and well.—Darius M. Logan, Wilmington, Del.

I was troubled, for over a year, with Loss of Appetite, and General Debility. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and, before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite and strength were restored.—C. O. Clark, Danbury, Conn.

Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver. I suffered for over three years with Headache, Indigestion, and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time.

BY USING

three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and, at the same time dieting myself, I was completely cured. My digestive organs are now in good order, and I am in perfect health.—Philip Lockwood, Topeka, Kans.

Ayer's Pills have benefited me wonderfully. For months I suffered from Indigestion and Headache, was restless at night, and had a bad taste in my mouth every morning. After taking one box of Ayer's Pills, all these troubles disappeared, my food digested well, and my sleep was refreshing.—Henry C. Hemenway, Rockport, Mass.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They not only relieved me of that painful disorder, but gave me increased vigor, and restored my health.—John Lazarus, St. John, N. B.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

FRESH FISH !

—AT—

NO. 40 REGENT STREET.

CASH PRICES AT PRESENT.

FRESH COD FISH & HADDOCK,	4 cts. per lb.,
HALIBUT,	10 to 12 " " "
FINNEN HADDIE,	7 " " "
GASPEREAUX, per doz.,	15 "
LOBSTERS,	6 to 8 " each.

J. A. LYNCH.

Apr. 26

FOUND.

A POCKET BOOK, containing a small sum of money. Can be had by applying at WILEY'S DRUG STORE.

Apr. 26

VENDUE SALE.

I AM INSTRUCTED BY GEO. J. BLISS, Esq., to hold a Vendue at his Residence,

Corner St. John & Brunswick Streets,

—ON—

THURSDAY MORNING,

April 28th, commencing at 10 o'clock, when there will be offered for sale the following Household Effects:—

1 Handsome Dinner Set, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Close Stoves, Kitchen Stove and Utensils, Kitchen Utensils, Crocks, Crockery, etc.

TERMS CASH.

H. G. C. WETMORE, Auctioneer.

Apr. 26—1i

Nails ! Nails !

CAR LOADS, containing 400 Kegs Steel [illegible] Nails. Wi[illegible]

FIRE INSURANCE

Old and MOST RELIABLE Companies
Representing in Capital and Assets
Upwards of
ONE HUNDRED AND TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS,
($110,000,000.00.)

LOW RATES. FAIR SETTLEMENT and PROMPT PAYMENT OF LOSSES.

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Money to Loan,

ON REAL ESTATE and PERSONAL SECURITY in sums to suit at LOWEST RATES.

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JUST OPENED:

10,000 ROLLS ROOM PAPER

All New Designs, from 5 cts. to $1.00 per roll.

GILT AND BRONZE PAPERS, WITH BORDERS TO MATCH, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

—ALSO, A FULL LINE OF—

Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods.

W. T. H. FENETY,
286 Queen Street.

Fredericton, March 5, 1887.

McLEOD'S Tonic Cough Cure !

IS A SPEEDY AND EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR ALL THE VARIOUS AFFECTIONS OF THE

THROAT AND LUNGS.

This Syrup will be found free from the enervating action of most Cure Mixtures, and, while it will speedily relieve most obstinate Coughs, without inducing Constipation, its Tonic effect on the patient is most marvelous.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

M. McLeod, 36 Dock St., St. John, N. B.

March 31, '87

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that HENRY BRAITHWAITE, of the City of Fredericton, in the Province of New Brunswick, Lumberer and Trader, has this day made an Assignment of all his Estate and effects to William W. Street, of Fredericton aforesaid, Esquire, in trust, for such Creditors as shall execute the said Assignment within sixty days from the date thereof, and that the said Trust Deed lies at the Office of the undersigned, in the said City, for inspection and executions.

Dated this 16th day of April, A. D. 1887.

HENRY B. RAINSFORD, Solicitor.

2m w

DR. SMITH,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN,

ALBION HOTEL, FREDERICTON, N. B

Patients unable to attend personally, can have look of their Hair brought in or sent by letter (with fee) $2.00 and get an examination and prescription, or examination 50 cents. His description of the physical condition of a patient from a lock of hair is wonderfully correct.

His success in many cases in this city which baffled the best Physicians can be attested to by parties relieved under his treatment.

Creamers !
Creamers ! !

Just Received: 100 CREAMERS for sale at NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE, $1.25 Each.

A. LIMERICK & Co.

YORK STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B.

PLUMBERS & GASFITTERS,

Tin Plate and Sheet Iron Workers, &c., &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to return their sincere thanks to their numerous friends who have so liberally patronized them during the last fourteen years, and beg to inform them and the public generally that they intend to make an ENTIRE CHANGE IN THEIR PRESENT BUSINESS on the first day of May next, and request all parties indebted to them to make payment of the same immediately. Persons having accounts against the firm will please render them for adjustment.

We have now on hand an extensive and first-class

LOT OF IRON WARE

and other goods which we are offering at extreme low rates.

Parties requiring anything in our line will do well to give us a call. Call early and often.

CREAMERS at $1.25.

Gasfitting and Plumbing in all its branches promptly attended to by first-class workmen.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

April 2, 1887.

NEW GOODS !

JUST TO HAND AT THE

"IMPERIAL HALL,"

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

HATS, Latest Styles,

TWEEDS, FANCY SUITINGS,

TROWSERINGS, DIAGONALS.

Etc., in latest patterns.

All goods made up in first-class style, at shortest notice and at lowest prices.

A Good Fit Guaranteed. Inspection Invited.

Thomas Stanger,

"IMPERIAL HALL,"

March 15 280 Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B

JACKSON ADAMS,

PRINCIPAL

UNDERTAKER,

COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE,

(OPP. QUEEN HOTEL)

FREDERICTON.

$50 If you think of expending fifty or one hundred dollars in advertising send us a copy of your advertisement and we will tell you (free of charge), what will be the best possible investment for you to make. Send 10 cents for our 176 page pamphlet. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, 10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK

THE MAN
Who Spends Money

For advertising in newspapers in these hard times, without first obtaining an estimate of the cost from GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce Street, New York, is likely to be obtained

A Public Convenience.

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MONEY ORDERS

Are sold payable at over 10,000 places in Canada and the United States, and in the Principal Cities of Europe.

The CHEAPEST and SAFEST Way to Send Money.

RATES FOR ORDERS

PAYABLE IN Canada and in the United States:

Up to $ 5		5 cents
Over 5 to $ 10		8 cents
" 10 to 20		10 cents
" 20 to 40		20 cents
" 40 to 60		30 cents
" 60 to 80		40 cents
" 80 to 100		50 cents

PAYABLE IN EUROPE.

Up to $10		1 cents
Over 10 to 20		18 cents
" 20 to 30		25 cents
" 30 to 40		35 cents
" 40 to 50		45 cents
" 50		Proportionately.

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TO LET !

THE COTTAGE on Regent Street, known as the Woodford Cottage. Apply to W. H. SCULLY, Corner King and Regent Streets

April 23

For Sale or to Rent

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THAT desirable property below residence of George P. G