nove the obstruction rpose of wringing his ort on the St. Maura tions as to the sale an tment of the rights sold to netual settler he Crown. ully,

rvant, A. J. Russell.

lls, Gatineau, to the

ting where otherwise cleared to the width

and stones are to be levelled up, and ia in the centre, above id timber, and other All stumps in the down even with the

grubbing has been

or person in charge, ve the sides, which water. They may Or where required nk along the upper the second clause; cepting where it is

ollows where water water-ways to be if required. They flatted; to be not ig to be supported eces. The top of d across the ends. me description of isions, resting oa ned to substantial est flood; or on of four each way, ly pinned at the dimensions and ect are to be not es thick may be

dry ground (which mstances admit of ful overseer and a om limited funds.

with handrails 4 feet high; the posts and caps of which are to be 6 inches square the braces 4 inches square and 3 feet long securely shouldered in and spiked to the posts of projecting pieces of the flooring every 10 feet. The flooring to be of 4 inches thick pine baks, or hewn cedar 5 inches thick, 18 feet in length, the projecting pieces to be 6 inches ick and 23 feet long boxed on the stringers. A binder 8 inches by 4 to be treesmiled on on each side to retain the flooring. The posts of the handrails to be tennened with us well as the cap above and well spiked. The abuttments and piers to be loaded with me to the depth of 2 feet laid on a flooring of sound round logs 8 inches in least thick-

s. The approaches to bridges to be raised so as not to be flooded in high water, and all sterials to be at all times subject to the inspection and approval of the superintendent or eson authorized by him. Chips, logs and rubbish, which might communicate fire, to be smoved a rod back all round bridges, and from the ends of causeways, and logging up side hills.

6. The water to be thoroughly drawn away from water-tables or side-ditches, by offate drains, 8 feet wide and 2 feet deep; or largor, if required to pass the water when

7. All swamps or boggy places to be causewayed or fascined. Causeways are to be sealy and closely laid, and hewn level on top and solidly bedded on the ground,-the samps being first cut below the surface, unless where stringers are necessary to give elentions over water. Stringers to be at least one foot thick and four to the width of the Md. The pieces to be of sound wood, 16 feet in length, and 8 inches at least in diameter, of cedar, where it can be had. Nine feet at least, in width, in the centre to be evenly overed, 3 inches in depth, over the highest logs, with earth from the side ditches, which we to be 3 feet wide and 2 feet deep, on one or both sides if required to draw off the water; sherwise, the earth to be obtained elsewhere. Where it may be found more suitable, (or be specially required at the time of letting the work,) in swampy ground, the stumps are be cut even with the surface, 16 feet in width; the centre evenly raised 6 inches,—the whole to be then covered with softwood brush and small trees, the tops towards and over the middle, to the depth of one foot in the centre, when compressed, and 6 inches at the ides. The surface to be closed with 3 inches of swamp earth, with 8 inches of hard earth over 9 feet in width of the centre, diminishing to 4 inches at the sides of the road, which may be made up with any earth obtainable. Causeways and fascining, and the grubbing previous to crowning, not to be covered up till inspected and approved of.

8. On steep sidelong hills the road is to be cut lower on the inside, and to be 12 feet wide; besides a ditch near the cutting, 18 inches wide and a foot deep. The face of all enttings to have slope back of one foot, for every one in height. The outside to be built up solidly, with stones, or sound timber not less than 10 inches at the small end, with cross-ties every 7 feet. Or the side may be made up with a layer of soft wood brush, laid

teps out, for every six inches of earth.

9. In forming the road, the earth is to be worked from the heights into the hollows; ad banks and ridges, where more excavation is not specified, are to be cut down 2 feet, if accessary, to equalize the road. In deeper cuttings, the roadway may be only 12 feet wide. In passing among rocks, or in very rocky ground, a passage of 10 feet in width will be sufficient, the points of the rock to be broken down, and the spaces between them solidly built up with stones, and the whole crowned with hard earth.

10. In descending hills, the water to be turned off every 50 or 150 yards, according

to the steepness, and at the head of all cuttings.

11. No earth work done later than 31st October will be accepted or paid for this

12. All trees that fall on the road till finally received, to be cleared out, as well as any overhanging or other timber, or trees that may be considered likely to fall into the

13. If the work be not commenced within 10 days after the day on which it is let, or should it be abandoned for 10 days, without sufficient reason being assigned to the satisfac-tion of the superintendent, or should the contractor, or any person employed by him, refuse to comply with the instructions of the superintendent, or person employed by him to oversee the work, the superintendent will be at liberty to annul the contract, or employ men to do the work at the contractor's expense; and should there be less than six men