

NOTATION AND NUMERATION

Numbers are expressed either in symbols or in words.

The expression of numbers by symbols is called **notation**.

The expression of numbers in words is called **numeration**.

The symbols generally used are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 0. These symbols are also called **numerals**, **digits**, or **figures**. Each of the first 9 digits has a value of its own, while 0, which is called zero, or naught, or the cipher, has no value, but is used merely to keep other digits in their proper places.

EXERCISE 2

(Review of Numbers from 1,000 to 999,999)

1. Write in figures to dictation:

Thirty-five, one hundred and thirty-five, seventy-eight, one hundred and seventy-eight, ninety-six, one hundred and ninety-six, eighty-three, one hundred and eighty-three, fifty-four, two hundred and fifty-four, sixty-five, two hundred and sixty-five, three hundred and forty-seven, four hundred and twenty-nine, five hundred and seventeen, seven hundred and eighty-one, eight hundred and eighty-eight, nine hundred and forty-three, nine hundred and seven.

2. Read the following numbers:

268, 350, 489, 605, 782, 948, 108, 600, 930, 755, 400, 801.

3. Place in order from the least to the greatest the following numbers:

(a) 489, 627, 268, 307.

(b) 608, 900, 57, 169, 475.

(c) 768, 982, 750, 87, 408.

(d) 490, 925, 363, 704, 682, 800, 78.