means to have it before they were discharged by Mr. Coursel, but since believing that his decision would be maintained, they had given up the effort. If they were deuied delay and their defence failed they thereby would be handed ever to certain death, while to grant delay would be consistent with justice and hymanity. ith justice and humanity.

Mr. Devlin resisted the application.

thirty days had already been granted, and if there were any witnesses they would have been forthcoming. Since the 20th October they had been in custody, and aware of the importance of evidence. More indugence had been given to them than is usually given to any one charged with criminal coffences. They don't mantion a single fact fences. They don't mention a single fact they wish to prove, which it is usual to state in such cases. The affidavits were defective, and merely atuaive of the States. He opposed the application, first on the ground that they did not etablish the right to examine witnesses in defence; and, se-condly, if they had that they had failed in using due diligence in producing evidence. The Court would have to wait until some successful blockade-runner brought the Confederate Secretary of War to prove the raid justifiable.

Mr. Johnson rebuked Mr. Abbett for saying that the counsel of the States and d (frown thirsted for the prisoner's blood. He maintained that the evidence which delay was asked to enable them to bring could only be produced at the trial. This Was a mere preliminary investigation now. It was merely to determine whether there was ground for suspicion. It was not the duty of the Judge in this case to ascertain the guilt or innocence of the prisoners. The affidavit did not disclose what the evidence to be produced was, but on the contrary, and in contempt of the authority of the Court, declared that they would not disclose the nature of this evidence. In applica-tions of this nature the rule of law inexorably demanded that the nature of the evidence ing to foreigners privileges not enjoyed by British subjects, and he could not see cause to complain if the prisoners were treated the same as British subjects. No man had a right to produce evidence to define acts in such cases. He cited authorities to establish that the defendents were restricted to evidence as to whether the act had been committed. A practice had crept into the courts of allowing additional evidence, when at hand. They were not debarred from producing such evidence when the case of the Gerrity, on board of which persons for Washington. What information or asat hand. They were not debarred from evidence tending to establish the belligerent

other, or he could not judge of the case. If has directed agents to insert the proper the act were an act of war, the prisoners description for the future, and to issue new could not be given up.

case was simply one of robbery. They acdelay was wanted to prove this. This was more stringently. the defence, which he contended his Honor had no right to take up. The simplest prima facis case was sufficient for extradition, otherwise the treaty was nugatory. He referred to Muller's case, where evidence of an alibi was not allowed in the States. As to guilt, that was to be tried where the offence was committed. Judge Draper, in the Anderson case, said if the question or fact is to be tried, then the prisoner must be delivered up, as that only bould be tried when it happened.

Mr. Abbott is to reply to-morrow During the discussion to-day, Mr. Ker challenged Mr. Johnson to what was understood by the audience as "pistols and coffee," amidst great laughter. "All serene" after-

Montreal, Jan. 11. bir. Devlin asked the Judge if he in tended to decide as to the admissibility of

Judge Smith replied that it would be premature to express an opinion. The question of crime was first to be determined. and he was bound to see whether this was a erime within the treaty. Suppose the care of an arrest for murder, It might be if the accused could prove that a man came behind him with an axe threatening murder, and he killed him in self-defence, the case would be very much altered, It was plain that the prisoners should not go upon defence here; but it was necessary to as certain whether there was a crime or not.

going to urge the point.

Judge Smith remarked that the verbal timony was insufficient. As to delay, he had nothing to do with that granted previous to his investigation: His impression was to grant that which was now asked. He did not wish to give reasons therefor, as there was a discretion to withold them. Mr. Bethune asked why the spplication

was not made the first day. Mr. Devlin protested against delay, and very much doubted if he would be instructstead of making application the first day,

thing to change the opinion of the Court, surely it was but fair to hear what they had to say. Every one knew the difficulty

stravagant. Mr. Bethune said it would be understood

Mr. Bethune said it would be understood that the delay was for the express purpose of obtaining evidence.

Mr. Abbott replied that the evidence would be produced in the usual way. The delay was not unprecedented. Judges Short, Coursel, and Duggan gave it. The principle was admitted in the States. isoners in such ease might show that ac-

be resumed at once. The Western mails, du in to-day, In the streets there are an immense snow-drifts. The day is fine. The river is covered, but none are crossing. 700 hogs were sold to Americans to-day by

THE BURLEY EXTRADITION Bennet G. Burley, whose extradition is demanded by the United States Govern-ment, was brought before Recorder Duggan in Toronto en Tuesday, the time given to enable him to produce evidence having expired. Mr. Stephen Richards and Mr. R. A. Harrison appeared for the Crown, and Mr. Russell, District Attorney, Detroit, for the United States Government, Cameron speared for the prisoner. Mr prove, by an original document, signed by President Davis, and countersigned by J. P. Benjamin, and another document signed by S. R. Mallory, Secretary of War for the Confederate States, that prisoner was a commissioned Acting Master in the Confed erate Navy. A good deal of difficulty had been experienced in getting these documents from Richmond, and they appear as if they had passed through the dangers of fire and water, but they were not the less valuable on that account. Mr. Richards said it would have to be shown that the documents were genuine, and that they could be received from the so-called Confederate States in this country. Several witnesses were then called, and proved the signatures to the documents produced to be genuine. Mr. Cameron then submitted them as evidence. They demanded that the nature of the evidence should be stated. He knew of no law giving to foreigners privileges not enjoyed by Commission in the Confederate Navy, and were sent to Toronto by a special messenge from Richmond. Mr. Richards asked fo

shipped themselves as passengers, who sub-sequently took possession of the vessel. In this case all the judges but one held that more than it has done. The Washington character of the prisoners demanded under Cabinet adopted the passport system withvestigation under the treaty.

Judge Smith said the question as to whether there existed a commission or instructions—whether this act was the act of the prisoners or that of their Government —must be made known in some way or an authorities without this description.

I understand that the Provincial Secretary paseports free of charge to persons who ap-Mr. Devlin said the object of the delay asked was not stated. There was nothing to show that it was to procure evidence as to the belligerent character of the act, and his Honour was not bound to enquire into their nature.

Mr. Bethume said there was no special application before the Court. From the application before the Court. From the affidavits submitted the procedution could be application before the procedution could be application where and the procedution could be application where a special application was not special application before the Court. From the affidavits submitted the procedution could be application where a special application was not special application before the Court. From the affidavits submitted the procedution could be application where a special application was not special application was not special application was not special application before the Court. From the affidavits submitted the procedution could be application where a special application was not special application was not special application was not special application before the Court. From the application was not special application was not been directly in this new policy of non-intercourse, which is anything but friendly. If se, a little time will perhaps to submitted the procedution was not special application was not been directly in this new policy of non-intercourse, which is anything but friendly. If se, a little time will perhaps to submitted the procedution was not been directly in this new policy of non-intercourse, which is anything but that there is some ulterior object in this new policy in this new policy of non-intercourse, which is anything but that the Society, unless a united that the annual School Meeting, held in this place, on Wednesday last, a resolution was place, on Wednesday last, a resolution was place, on Wednesday last, a resolution was place to submit the first that the Society, unless a united that the society, unless a united that the society was so small much apprehension that there get no application upon which to go into monstate otherwise than it has done? Min- Secretary, Mr. Richard Davie, who deserves worse is that there is no other building in argument. He gathered that one of the isters have adopted every lawful measure points his Honor would have to determine possible to prevent any breach of our neuwas whether the prisoners should be allow-trality, and have kept the Washington Coved to enter into their defence or not. The ernment informed of whatever transpires bearing upon its interests in that matter knowledged the facts of the robbery, yet It expresses satisfaction, and then sends pretended that it was an act of war, and files of soldiers to enforce the obnexious order and decided loss to the Township, should the consequence is that the drill will have

> The Berald CARLETON PLACE. Wednesday, Jan. 18th, 1865.

The circulation of the C.P. Herald now very large and constantly increasing business men and all who desir o communicate with the public will secure a wide publication for their notices, by ad- may have confidence to carry out, faithvertising in its columns. Charges as low as fully, the duties devolving on them. circulation. No charge for publishing births, marriages and deaths.

Parliament will meet on the 19th inst... Thursday next, at Quebec, for the despatch | Secretary, Mr. R. H. Davie. The By-laws of business. Already the members are on their way to that city, and it is expected the session will be more than usually interesting in consequence of the discussion thought that a crime was committed. But which will take place on the proposed constitutional changes in the Government of the British North American colonies. Mr Brown has arrived out from the old country in time to attend his duties in Parliament adoption by the House. It is not expected the United States. that this motion will be carried without long debates continuing over many days, and a number of amendments of various kinds. ed to appear again if it were granted, In- Mr. J. H. Cameron, it is believed, will be prepared with several amendments on the the prisoners allowed the case to proceed, and became parties to the investigation. If delay were granted, the treaty, so far as we were concerned, might be considered a cleetien of a new Parliament, chosen with express reference to the question. Mr. Doremarks, asked what possible denial of justice could arise? The prisoners would be ments holdly antagonistic to the prisoners. in custody; and, if they could not produce the evidence spoken of, they must be delivered up. If they could produce anyothers designed to secure the appointment of of the central Presbyterian Church, Hammembers of the Upper House of the Federal alton, was held on the 9th inst, In the of communicating with Richmond. The prisoners were placed at a great disadvantage, and he did not think the delay asked

Judge Smith said he was prepared to ed at the inquest.

The excitement consequent on the Fenian fover is subsiding, and people are beginning to think that, in Canada, there is no real cause for any fears. It appears plain to everybody, that if trouble does arise it must body of Joha Alexander Daniels, before to be some fire. The Richard Countries in sensationalism. come from the United States; and so far as we can see, we cannot help thinking with the Peterberough Review, that it is fully man shot and hanged himself in the barn of may arise from various motives. They time the authorities of the United States Mr. Richard Dulmage. From letters found should call the Benians to order. The ap- on his person, written on morning of his parent designs and utterances of that body death, it appears to have been cooly preare not at all in harmony with good feeling. meditated. In the letters to Mr. and Mrs. It does not speak well for the Washington Dulmage, their sone Richard and John, Government that at a time when the people Lawrence Dulmage-a neighbour, and his of Canada are earnestly bestirring them- father in the United States, all speak in the selves, at a sacrifice of both time and mon- plainest terms of the deed he was about to must have altered the views of some of the ey, to maintain relations of peace and amity commit. He appears to have sat down and Southern people very materially in regard to risdiction of the United States alone. between the two countries, that organiza- cooly dictated his own doesn; even to the tions presumed to be armed, should be al inscription on his tombstens; but in all the is dead. The organs of the Richmond Gov lowed in open day, to plot and avow hostile testimonies of the bloody deed he was about ernment openly advocate abolition as a words:invasions and insurrectionary designs to- to commit no definite cause is assigned. He other insurable recommendation as a invasions and insurrectionary designs toto commit no definite cause is assigned. He other journals recommend the armin wards an empire with which they are at writes thus—"Helen will know when she the slaves, which involves emancing wards an empire with which they are at peace. What would be thought in the United States were similar threats to be proclaimed from open-meuthed demagogues in the tewns and cities of Canada towards that country? And why is not Gen. Dix and other military commanders, having in charge the peace and order of the Northern and other military commanders, having in charge the peace and order of the Northern States, instructed to suppress and put down these unlawful and villainous combinations against the peace and security of a neighbouring power? The ravings of a few bouring power? The ravings of a few collect his debts, and pay certain claims and recommends Richard, jr., to be his in the last ditch," as they have been so fond a few recommends Richard, jr., to be his in the last ditch," as they have been so fond a fixed recommends Richard, jr., to be his in the last ditch," as they have been so fond a fixed recommends Richard, jr., to be his in the last ditch," as they have been so fond a fixed recommends Richard, jr., to be his in the last ditch," a point beyond which forbearance ceases to be a virtue," and surely enough has been morning of his death, in the presence of Mr. done by those fanaties to call forth a remon. Dulmage's family, without betraying any strance from our own Government to the emotion, nor could those who were with him and prepare an argument as to whether they were sufficient to justify the act of the accused. The Court then adjourned until Thursday at three o'clock.

Thursday at three o'clock. side. We are nobly doing our duty in this adjusts the noose with the skill of an experi-

for our acceptance. Let them see to it that their duties to us are also faithfully performcharacter of the prisoners demanded under the extradition treaty could not be received in a preliminary proceeding of the nature of those under the treaty—that while it might be a good defence against the charge made of piracy against the specific jurisdiction of the country aggrieved at the trial of the prisoners, it could not be received in the intheir nefarious designs in this country, we shall be the first to invoke for them a shor rope and a speedy one.

demands, or the most polite in urging them

PAKENHAM AGBICULTURAL SOCIETY. The annual meeting of this Society was held on Saturday last. The annual report was oredit and the cordial thanks of the com- the village sufficiently large for the purpose munity, for the trouble and interest he has or that can be obtained without hire. It is taken, hitherte, in prometing the objects of impossible to parade during the winter in the Society. It would be a source of regret, the deep snow or without some shelter, and ousy or feeling of distrust that fair-play will not be given in awarding prizes, or other matters connected with the Society, members would only attend the annual meeting and appoint out of their own num ber, men to act as directors, in whom they

It is to be hoped, then, that all the el members, and many new ones, will join the Seciety before the 1st of April, up to which time subscriptions will be received by the have recently been revised and altered to meet the riews of many that considered some change has necessary.—Com.

We understand that the following report of passport regulations may be relied on as correct :- It is said that American born subjects can obtain passperts in Teronto, Montreal, Prescott, Kingston, Suspension Bridge

The latest New Brunswick papers bring us the report that Mr. Hathaway has retired from the New Brunswick Government, on the ground, as alleged, that he is hostile to the Confederation scheme. It is not pretended, even by the journals unfriendly to Confederation and to the Administration, that Mr. Hathaway's retirement will seriously embarrass the Government, and cause of his threatened resignation is still doubtful.

The annual meeting of the congregation Managers' report was a recommendation to nounced that not only had Mr. Blair gone raise Dr. Orminston's salary from \$1,600 to Richmond, but the 10bel Government had

a stone through the cars on the B. & O. R. by the fire-eaters, and some are said to be last fall, is now under arrest in Smith's already on their way to Washington.

If there is no truth in this story—if Mr. Blair has started for Richmond without

per heard before a jury as that elict. Burglars robbed a London banking house of \$160,000 recently.

Suicida

An inquest was held in the house of Mr. successor in business. He occupied about three hours in writing these letters on the to the last hour perceive anything unusual enced executioner. This done he stands on good cause, and have done much towards the verge of his platform, places the pistol to his head, nor fails in his aim but lodges the contents in the centre of his forehead are not always the most reasonably in their His body drops. Should the pistol fail in accomplishing his purpose, the well adjusted rope completes his ignomiaious death. The verdict was in accordance with the

> foregoing:
>
> "John Alexander Daniels not having the fear of God before his eyes, committed selfdestruction by hanging himself in the barn of Richard Dulmage on the 11th day of January, 1865.

inteers in our village. Some months ago an attempt was made to get up a Drill Shed. and although it would not have cost any of

military discipline. ANOTHER SLAVE STATE IN FAVOUR OF EMANCIPATION.—Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, who had hitherto been looked on as a very warm friend of the President of the Republican party, in his message to the Legislature on the 4th of January recomthe Republican party, in his message to the Legislature on the 4th of January recommends the gradual emancipation of the slaves. Kentucky has been the slowest of the border States to move in this great work; but the vote of more than 27,000 electors for Mr. Lincoln, and since that implications the slaves with the British. In lact, the purpose intended is so silly that the most obtuse can see at a glance that Seward's hatred of the British nation is at the bottom of it. I am glad, however, to be able to say that he receives no unction in such feelings from intelligent people living along the American side of the River St. Clair, but is universally denounced for eausing an interruption to the friendly intended the slowest of the same of the purpose intended is so silly that the most obtuse can see at a glance that Seward's hatred of the British nation is and, through you, the ledies of the congregation, for the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gift you have presented me. In wearing it, while I feel, pair deems fit to visit us. On the handsome gif in the public mind. A largely attended us, and by the time navigation begins Mrs. Lindsay your bound mishes for her Emancipation Convention met on the same things will have become so obnoxious as to fare, and I trust the more and more at she, like myself, will Emancipation Convention met on the same cause the Americans themselves to demand be more and more at she, like myself, will have said before, the Governor has declared ard's obnoxious order. in favour of the policy of freedom.

The "Globe" in an article on peace rumors We have no doubt that the Government and Windsor, and Canadian passports can says; that for some days the air has been troops are under orders to leave England Mr. Abbott said this was the way he was will be strongly supported in the House, be vise at those places. No American Confull of rumours of an approaching peace for this Province. The rumors of military although it is expected that a vigorous on sutar Agent has power either to issue or between the American combatants. Let- preparations which have prevailed lately position will have to be met. The Quebec vise a passport; but full Consuls only. The ters from the army on the James prognos- appear to cause some uneasiness in correspondent of the 'Leader' says :- The price of passports for American citizens, as ticate a peace movement from Richmond, Washington. In a despetch to a New government will lay the resolutions of the decided by the Consul General for Canada, letters from New York prophecy a "caving York paper it is stated that "England has Conference on the table, and move for their is \$5 in greenbacks and \$1 in the cein of in" of the rebellion, telegrams from Wash- for some time been quietly organizing a ington cry peace ! peace ! and Mr. Horace military force in Caneda, and that an Greely declares that a cossation of hostili- order peremptorily refusing leave of absence ies is at least possible. Mr. Blair started to officers in the best regiments of the Britfor Richmond, but turned back from Gen- ish army has been issued." In the opinion eral Grant's headquarters, not because that of the correspondent these preparations officer refused to allow him to pass, but be-cause a permit to go to Richmond asked from Mr. Jefferson Davis, had not arrived. It followed Mr. Blair to Washington, however, and now that gentleman has started again for Richmond. There can be no doubt that Mr. Blair and others at Washington think the moment faverable for opening negotiations, and have been, perhaps, informed that fair propositions for peace will be entertained at Richmond.

Yesterday the rumours and prognetions took a more definite form.

Washington correspondents of the York World and Times simultaneous that amendments with respect to the school law of Lower Canada are now being preto \$2,400, which was unanimously sustained.

Taise Dr. Orminston's salary from \$1,000 appointed a number of Commissioners for the purpose of treating for peace. The names of those Commissioners are mentioned—leading men of the South of a conserva tive cast, who were driven into the rebellion

> knowing anything of the feelings of the Richmond authorities—if the Confederate and, par consequence, if none of the South- were consum

ern gentlemen named are now on their way to Washington, then the American peblic has once more been egregiously sold, and the World and the Times have rather putmay desire to show the discontented about them that Mr. Lincoln will viell no other terms than unconditional sub and the abolition of slavery, and found therefrom a fresh movement in support of the war. Or they may be convinced that

property can be preserved It is obvious, however, that recent event the question of peace or war. Slavery was the cause of the rebellion, and now alsvery

The present passport system is going be a regular nuisance. Reports from all parts of the Province bordering on the fron tier, say that much annoyance and incon veniance is experienced by travellers. correspondent of the "Globe" writing from Sarnia, on date of the 12th instant, says :-Mr. Seward's vindictive passport order was strictly enforced here on Friday last, and neither man, woman nor child was per mitted to land at Port Huron without the

proper document duly certified. It is almost unnecessary to say that intercourse and business between the twe sides of the riverimmediately came to an end, and has so continued up to the present

The ferry-boat Sarmia (an American craft) continues to make occasional trips, but might much better be laid up, as her re

of Richard Dulmage on the 11th day of January, 1865."

ONE WHO HEARD THE EVIDENCE,

There is not much encouragement for Vol. vided with passes, were turned back on the American side, and came down here looking for the United States Consul, but as no issued until instructions are received from Washington, so that hereafter American vided with passes, will have to go back, or go down to with full authority to issue such passes. Strong indignation is freely expressed on

time know that there exists no real cause strength. for such a measure. I think the Americans feel the effects of the order worse than lowing effect: the Society be allowed to become defunct. to be suspended until summer. We can we do on the Canada side, because they

> It is reported in Quebec-we know not on what authority-that fourteen thousand point to an early recognition of the South ern Confederacy by England and France. In connection with this subject the London "Times", in an article on the present ated if forced upon a reluctant Gorrand nation. The first result of war be the immediate and irrevocable establish ment of Southern independence.

For the Township of Beckwith, Patrick Struthers, Esq., of Carleton Place has been

In Ramsay, Daniel Galbraith, Isq:, ha been elected Reeve, and Abial Marnal, Esq.

city of Ottawa, during last week, at each which several hou

We publish, to-day, some accounts of the trial of the St. Alban's raiders before Judge Smith, in Montreal. It will be seen that he decided against the raiders on the first and second points of objection raised by their

The first was in reference to the validity of the warrants, and the second rested on the ground that the offence charged is not covered by the Ashburton Treaty, and that it is an offence against the State of Vermont and as the State Jurisdiction of Vermont is subjugation is fast approaching, and that it separate from, and independent of the Juris-would be wiser to submit now, while life and diction of the United States, it is not covered by the 24th Victoria, Chapter 6, which speaks of offences committed within the Ju-

On this point his henor gave a lengthy judgment, and concluded by the following

"The offence charged against the prisone "is an offence committed within the juris-"diction of the United States, and clearly "within the provisions of the treaty and the

"The warrant charging the prisoner with "having committed a crime against the laws "of the State of Vermont, within the juris-"diction of the United States, is properly "stated, and is necessarily within my juris "diction. The jurisdiction over the offence "that is the crime, is the State jurisdiction "of Vermont, but the jurisdiction over the "subject of the treaty is in the Federal "Legislature of the United States. The "officers must be designated as against the "State of Vermont, and so it is in the war-"rant. The objection is, therefore, over-

The prisoners asked for a delay of thirty days before proceeding with the trial to allow them to procure evidence from Rich-

We notice with much pleasure, that the prospects of peace are brightening; and it is hoped in well informed circles, that the denly at the residence of contending elements of the North and the Lynch, of Otonabee, who om he had come South will soon come to terms. The VVash ington correspondents of the New York his chair saying that he World and Times simultaneously an nounced that not only had Mr. Blair gone to found to be quite des Richmond, but the rebel Government had appointed a number of Commissioners for vative cast, who were driven into the re bellion by the fire eaters, and some are said to be already on their way to Wash.

Presbyterian Congregation. Arnprior.

On the afternoon of Saturday, the last full consul or other person legally authorized to issue passes to American citizens resides Mrs. Burwash, Mrs. Blair, Mrs. Dowswell, the inhabitants of the township more than a here, they were in a diemma for some time. Mrs. H. M. McLachlin and Mrs. Milne— out his plan unaided by part few shillings, and would have been a most However, Mr. Hendrich, the Consul Agent here, came to the resour, and illegally issued manse, and in the name of the ladies of the THE ATLANTIC sengers to proceed on their journey. But I some pulpit Gown, with the following adunderstand that no more such passes will be dress, which was read by Mrs. Burwash:— Washington, so that hereafter American passengers arriving at Point Edward unprovided with passes, will have to go back, or or down to Windsor, the nearest point us, and our earnest prayer will be that God may bless you in the future, as He has in the past, and that He may make you eminently successful in winning souls to Christ.

Be pleased to carry to Mrs. Lindsay our both sides of the line at the enforcement of the passport system along this frontier, because those who have lived here for a leng be restored to her wonted health and

To this Mr. Lindsay replied to the fol-LADIES,-To me it is a source The farmers should not, by any means, per. mit an institution so peculiarly their own to go down, for their benefit, more especially, encouragement for the time and trouble they was it ofganized—there need be no jeal
was it ofganized—there need be no jeal
only hope that our volunteers will not be trade going. Being a lumbering people, they have generally used our market in winter to precure the coarse grains used to please my Heavenly Master, and not man, and I trust that I have not shrunk from the course of the pork to feed their with in the woods.

In the farmers should not, by any means, per.

only hope that our volunteers will not be trade going. Being a lumbering people, they have generally used our market in winter to precure the coarse grains used to please my Heavenly Master, and not man, and I trust that I have not shrunk from declaring, faithfully, the truth as it is in the coarse of death but no The farmers should not, by any means, per. only hope that our volunteers will not be have always had the lion's share of any high satisfaction that my labors in the conpork to feed their with in the woods.

Consequently this order of Mr. Seward's Jesus, and God is my witness that my high-ANOTHER SLAVE STATE IN FAVOUR OF deranges all their plans, and puts them in a est ambition is to win souls to Christ, but,

electors for Mr. Lincoln, and since that time the adhesion of the most influential incomposition policy, journal of the State to the abolition policy, journal o

following are the officers of St Lodge No. 24 A. F. A. M., Smith's for the present Masonic year James Ballantyne, Wershipful M

J. Coombs, Senie Warden, E. B. Read, Junior Warden Rev. J. B. Worrell, Chaplain, John White, Treasurer, Stewart Moag, Secretary, Rev. Thos. Stanton, Senior Deac Thos. Ballantyne, Junior Deacen, L. Gordon, Director of cereme Hon. James Shaw, } Stewards, J. T. Frost, J. F. Jenkins, Inner Guard, Edward Chalmers, Tyler.

THE ST. ALBAN'S RAIDERS .-- A good deal of interest continues to attatch to trial of the St. Alban's raiders. The detrial of the St. Alban's raiders. The discovery was made over two days after the discovery was made over four hundred ounces in gold was secured by titude of the North to Canada says—"In the present state of Northern feeling there is too much reason to apprehend some outrage which may render a rupture inevitaVermont, and did not come under the Col. Haultain in a letter to the Globe estible. Americans neither approciate the strength of England, nor understand the stated in the warrant. Judge Smith has likewise over-ruled this legal quibble; but that mentioned by us some days ago. He an adjournment of a month has again been says it will cost Canada not far short of

Aldershot camp is to be lighted with gas. A single express line recently brought 80 tons of poultry into London in a single

John Leech left more than two thousand sketches, some finshed in water colors. Between 760,000 and 800,000 people en-

ter the city of London every morning to their daily occupations. An English nobleman has issued a notice o his maid servants not to wear erinoline

upon pain of dismissal. Mr. Gladstone has enrolled himself as a member of the London Working Men's Club and Institute Union, and subscribed £10 towards it's funds.

The colliers of South Staffordshire, after emaining out on strike for five mouths. have had to submit to their masters' terms. It is said the expenses of the Muller trial incurred by government were about £700, and by the German Defence Association £300:

Mr. Cobden's health has again broken down. It is said that the ho norable ge atleman over-exerted himself at Rochdale.

The Prince of Wales has signified his wish to place a stained windo w in the chancel of the church at Shireeak s, near Workso p. Notts, in memory of the late Duke of Newcastle,

The Ottawa Union says That Robert Davidson of Osgoode, and M ich iel O'Burn, were fined fined lately \$200 erich by the County Magistrates for illici t di stillation of

The premises of Mr. E. Vincent. St. Mary street, Quebec, were e at ered one night lately by robbers, who abstr ae ted a box containg \$400 in gold, paper and silver and a promissory note.

Three hundred and sixty- two vessels are laid up at the Chicago whar wes for the winter. They are classified as follows: steamers, 4; propellers, 13; bar rks, 45; brigs, 19; schooners, 194; scow a, 27; tugs and canal boats, 60.

The Peterboro' Review states that a man named John Lynch died secently very sudhis brother, James from the United States to visit. Deceased remarked that he was leepy, and slipped off would take a little sleep on the floor, and his friends attempting some time after on ; to arouse him he was

The Guelph Adver ctiser states that the boot and shoe st. ore of Mr. Qt tinlan, Salem. the purpose of treating for peace. The names of those Commissioners are mentioned—leading men of the South of a consered—leading men of the south of a conserance. Both fires ar attribu ted to incen-

> J. H. Rathbone, a c lerk in the Surgeon General's office, was arre sted on Wednesday and committed to the O. Capitel, charged with is suing circulars o. fering to procure furloughs, discharges and tr hospital to another, for a consideration. Prominent officers are repoi collusion with him, from the

fact that his him to carry THE ATLANTIC CABLE. Was

morning the new Atlantic cable menced being coiled from the Comping's d the " Ameveyanc e to the 'Great Eastern,' at Sheer cable will be said across the A Messrs, Canning and Clifford in tlantic June The 'Great Eastern' will have 500) hane beard, with a weight of 15,000 ton us, incing 4,400 tons of cable and 8,00 (0 tons coal.—London Express. A French Canadian was shot

the fishing cabanes near Quebec morning. He died next ni on Sun ght. Tl men were seen attacking his opicees of ice; he sallied forth him. I doctors have been examined at the inque the cause of death, but no one ullet a been found disposed to tell one the fatal shot.

SUDDEN DEATY painful duty to . .- It has and mysterior record one of has no cop 48 occurrences over his infini Wedne apoplexy was the cause of his death .- S

NEWS FROM OIL SPRINGS .- Mr. W Harrison, Post Master at Oil Springs, a rived in this city last evening. This gentle man, who is an old resident in Enniskillen states that business matters in the region of the Springs is brisk, and speculation rife. He felt quite pleased to be able to state that a new flowing well was recently discovered and that this circumstance has given quite a stimulus to business operations. He states however that the heavy fall of snow, which took place last week, has somewhat impeded operations—the snow being deep in the bush, and many of the stills capped with the fleecy element, - Hamilton Times.

In the Province of San Juna, which is situated almost at the foot of the Cordilleras, gold has been discovered in almost in-credibly large quantities. The full par-ticulars of this discovery are hushed up and kept from the masses for obvious reasons, but authentic intelligence has been received by some English residents of Beunos Ayres, which leaves no doubt that the treasures of the Andes are at last about

granted, to enable the prisoners to procure \$400,000 for maintaining some two thousevidence from Richmond. The editor of the Berlin Punch has been whether such a service can be dispensed with, at the end of that period, or whether so The editor of the Berlin Punch has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for publishing an article which reflected on a sovereign with whom the King is on good terms. Press prosecutions are carried on in that country with much vigour.

A grand house and establishment in Philadelphia, costing about \$50,000, have been presented to Mrs. Grant, wife of the Lieut. General, by the citizens of Philadelphia. The same liberal people have given the widew of Gen Birney a house worth \$10,000, and have invested \$20,000 for her