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FIRST FALL GOODS!

PER THE "CASPIAN."

5 BALES MEDIUM DARK PRINTS; 5 bales GREY COTTONS; 1 bale COAT CANVAS; 1 case TOWELS; 2 bales FLANNELS; 2 cases Harrock's COTTONS.

These are the purchases of our Mr. EVERITT, and will be found splendid value. Wholesale only.

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CANADIAN WOOLLENS.

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28 Cases Ribbed SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

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55 and 57 KING STREET.

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The Daily Tribune.

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUG. 12, 1872.

A Novel Hustings Address.

Mr. Domville's hustings speech on Friday was something new in political oratory. In some respects it resembled Mr. Burpee's nomination address to the electors of St. John. Mr. Burpee intimated as much as that all his past life had *not* been directed wholly to the interests of the electors; he was so candid as to say that he had endeavored to do something for *self!* Strange to tell, the electors did not resent the confession. Mr. Domville was equally frank on Friday. He met the petty fabrications which constituted the canvass against him with a boldness and squareness which left his opponents no standing ground, and immediately turned enemies into friends. He did not once declare that his thoughts for a lifetime had never wandered from King's County; on the contrary, he gave the constituency to understand that he has been looking well after his own interests, and he believed that, per consequence, he was just the person to care for their interests. He had been instrumental in bringing Banking capital to St. John. He had one or two factories in operation and working profitably, and he was prepared to assist others when the schemes were shown to be feasible. He appealed directly to the material interests of the County, and as all electors, whether rich or poor, are striving to advance their interests in this direction, —as all are agreed in desiring to see their village or town or County making rapid strides in the path of Progress, Mr. Domville's argument went straight to the popular heart and formed a pleasing contrast to the petty electioneering squabble which arose between the other candidates and in which the electors had really no interest. Mr. Domville disdained to employ the little tricks of oratory or speech; he did not insinuate that those who voted for him should all be rewarded with Government offices; he did not even hint that if elected he would engage to plough new land, pitch hay or make compost, for ever after, as the manner of farmers is. He took the electors into his confidence with a candor and ease that was truly refreshing, spoke to them in a conversational way of their interests in common, and satisfied all who heard him that he meant exactly what he said; that he had concealed nothing from them, having nothing to conceal; and that, for once at least, they were being addressed by a candidate who was laying bare for their scrutiny the inmost thoughts of his mind. A speech so entirely frank and unpremeditated could scarcely fail to be appreciated by a body of intelligent people, the majority of whom were unprejudiced and who desired to vote for the candidate that might seem to be at once the most capable and the most candid. That Mr. Domville's address on this occasion was eminently successful is the testimony of all non-partisan listeners present at Hampton on Friday.

The Kent Election.

The English have carried the day in Kent. The French, though a majority of the voters, have been defeated by superior generalship.

It is a noticeable fact that the candidate selected by the English was fixed upon at a late hour. Robert Hutchinson, Esq., a clever, clear-headed lawyer and an eloquent speaker, had been expected to take the field, and others had hoped that A. T. Smith, Esq., of Carman & Smith, would be the coming man. But at a Convention held at Buctouche, the leading English electors, believing that R.B. Cutler, Esq., would, from local causes, make the greatest inroad into the French vote, decided to concentrate on this gentleman, and the result has justified the wisdom of their course. The following is the vote:—

	Cutler.	Renaud.
Richibucto	227	87
Village	78	104
Buctouche	151	278
St. Mary's	85	185
St. Louis	18	275
Carleton	66	55
Dundas	253	161
Wedford, (North)	75	15
" (South)	323	66
	1276	1226

A telegram from Sheriff Raymond says: Cutler's majority will probably be one hundred and fifty.

The French parishes, St. Louis, St. Mary's and Buctouche, threw a heavy majority for Mr. Renaud, while North and South Weldford, almost exclusively English, went nearly unanimously for Mr. Cutler. Richibucto and "The Village," which were "mixed," were about equally divided. It was in Dundas (Cocaigne), where Mr. Cutler resides, that the greatest break was made into the French vote, that Parish, which is overwhelmingly French, having given Mr. Cutler a handsome majority, and he must have obtained French votes both in St. Mary's and Buctouche. A striking feature of the returns is the heavy vote polled in North and South Weldford, where Mr. Cutler's majority alone was 417.

Had the French electors of Kent not attempted to deprive the English of all County representation, both in the Commons and the Assembly, this bitter humiliation might not have overtaken them. But when they combined five years ago to send Mr. Renaud to Parliament, and three years ago put up two Frenchmen for the "Local," they committed a blunder, for which they have suffered severely. By judicious management, their candidates for the Assembly were defeated, and now they have lost their Commoner. Henceforth, perhaps they will agree to divide the honors with the English population, who nearly equal them in voting strength and exceed them in wealth, enterprise and commercial activity.

New Brunswick's Representation in the Commons.

Hon. Mr. Tilley for St. John City; Isaac Burpee and A. L. Palmer, Esqrs., for St. John "City and County;" Charles Burpee, Esq., for Sunbury; John Pickard, Esq., for York; John Ferris, Esq., for Queen's; Charles Connell, Esq., for Carleton; Hon. Peter Mitchell for Northumberland; Hon. A. J. Smith for Westmoreland; R. B. Cutler, Esq., for Kent Six elections remain to be run, and these will probably send the following gentlemen:—Restigouche, Robert Moffatt, Esq., the former member; Charlotte, Hon. John McAdam; Gloucester, Hon. T. W. Anglin; King's, James Domville, Esq; Albert, John Wallace, Esq.; Victoria, John Costigan, Esq.

Rev. Dr. Irvine, D. D.

The Rev. Dr. Irvine left our city this morning by the steamer *New York*, after a sojourn of ten days, during which time he met many of his old friends. He preached three times on the 4th inst. at the dedication of Calvin Church, and three times yesterday, namely, at 11 a.m. in his old Church (St. John's); at 3 p.m. in Saint Stephen's (Rev. Mr. Cate's), and in the evening in the Reformed Presbyterian Church (Rev. Mr. Stavely's.

During a ministry of some nine years after his arrival in America, Dr. Irvine built up a powerful Church in this city, and greatly endeared himself to thousands of our fellow citizens of all religious persuasions throughout the Province. From our venerable and respected Governor (Wilmot) down to the humblest member of the social system, Dr. Irvine commanded the esteem of the entire community, and his translation to a wider field in Canada, and thence to a field still wider in the United States, has been deplored by multitudes of all denominations throughout the Dominion.

All of the services at which he officiated during his present visit were attended by crowded audiences. Many had to leave the Churches in which he preached, unable to find either an entrance or standing room. His visit will long be remembered with delight by the Protestant Churches of St. John; and no living minister will ever be more cordially welcomed to our city than Dr. Irvine. We wish him a safe journey back to his distant home and many years of great usefulness in his present charge.

☞ Our Newfoundland correspondent writes a good letter, but we would rather not discuss the local differences of Newfoundlanders at this great distance from the theatre of war, where the smallest amount of interest is taken in purely local disputes. Anything bearing upon the trade of Newfoundland and calculated to lead to commercial intercourse between Canada and that colony, will have a preference with THE TRIBUNE.

The New York "Clipper" has the following:—

Mr. Sancton, of this city, received a dispatch from the Paris Crew, of St. Jehn, N. B., on the 2nd inst., requesting information concerning "the Potomac regatta." An answer was returned to the effect that the project had been abandoned. The telegram was suggested by a report current at St. John, that a very rich prize was offered for four-oared crews at such a prospective affair, and that the Taylor-Winship (champion) crew, of England, intended taking part therein. The St. Johners desired to enter.

The English Cricketers.

The English Cricketers left England on the 8th inst. for Canada. As they are extraordinarily good players, the Lower Provinces should endeavor to make up a team to try their hand with them. They will make a tour of the Dominion, after which they will go to the United States.

OUR NEWFOUNDLAND LETTER.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., Aug. 3

A very graphic and felicitous letter appeared in the TRIBUNE some time since, portraying some alleged lawlessness, and, indeed, piracy, practiced by the people of Bonavista. This letter came from St. John's, and, upon its finding its way back here, it became the subject of much severe criticism upon the part of the *Morning Chronicle*, Mr. Bennett's paper. Now, as a rule, the fact that the *Morning Chronicle* abuses any man or any thing, is in itself the strongest possible testimony to the reputation of the man abused and to the intrinsic value of the thing. The *Morning Chronicle* has established no reputation for scrupulous veracity. In fact, it is regarded as a journal which cultivates persistently the art of compromising truth wherever and whenever, and as to whatsoever the political expediencies of the hour might suggest the success of falsehood. The only substantial truth to which the *Chronicle* has ever committed itself has been mingled inseparably with a welt of falsehood. Truth occasionally serves the *Chronicle* as the major premise of a syllogism, which, with a mendacious or sophistical minor, leads necessarily to a conclusion of lies. We had a distinguished example of this position in the observations of this interesting journal as to the falsification of the records of the House of Assembly. A *reductio ad absurdum* was attempted to be demonstrated. First of all it was broadly denied that any falsification had taken place. Then, to clinch the matter, it was laid down by the *Chronicle* that "If such a piece of rascality" had been perpetrated, the odium would, first of all, rest upon Mr. Bennett and the Government, and after that, upon the members of the Government party who were not all such "a pack of scoundrels" as to carry out such a "fraud." (The words in inverted commas are the *ipsissima verba* of the *Chronicle*.) When the matter came before the Supreme Court, the Clerk and Solicitor of the House were compelled to swear that the journals had been falsified and the "piece of rascality" had been perpetrated. The conclusion as to the character of the *Chronicle*, of Mr. Bennett, and of the Government supporters was sufficiently palpable and apparent.

But in the recent animadversions of the *Chronicle*, there is some germ of truth. Far be it from me to impeach the veracity of your correspondent. From internal evidence and from other facts within my knowledge, I am persuaded that he had reason to believe that his account of these transactions was unvarnished. But, until recently, the most exaggerated report of these outrages was in circulaton, and it is now sufficiently apparent that though there were undoubtedly indications of a certain amount of lawlessness displayed by the people of Bonavista Bay, the charges of overt violence and pillage which were made against them could not be fully sustained by legal evidence. Under these circumstances it would have been more desirable had your correspondent's condemnation of them been less sweeping. Ideas of the distinction between *meum* and *tuum*, when the subject of property is a dead seal with no apparent owner near, are apt to be vague and misty. The law says that it belongs to the killer, but the salvor is entitled to a reward. The salvor argues in his own mind that the property was hopelessly lost to the original captor, and there is no claim upon it equal to his own. Lawyers and judges differ as to the application of the strict principles of common law to the sealing enterprise, and when this is so, it is not surprising that men whose interests are most concerned should have strong opinions,—carried into practice too,—as to the view of the matter which most favors their pockets for the time being.

The *Chronicle*, moreover, takes exception to that portion of your correspondent's letter which depicts the action of the Government in reference to Job Bros.' claim for compensation on account of bringing a shipwrecked seaman into port in the "Nimrod," thus losing completely the second trip of that vessel. In this matter your correspondent was strictly accurate, not only as to his facts but as to his conclusions. There can be no doubt but that a political supporter of the Government would have had substantial compensation from them.

THE FISHERY.

since last I wrote has been somewhat more promising in its prospects. The long succession of westerly winds and dry bright weather which prevailed along this coast was not, according to the experience of "old hands," favorable to the catch of fish. The fish were glutted with squids and capelin and driven off shore. But with a return of Easterly wind and what the fishermen call a "stirring-up" of the water the fish become bolder, more active and more inclined to put themselves in the way of being taken. From the Labrador good accounts have been received and there is a prospect of a fair average fishery along that coast. But everything is dull and torpid just now. An occasional crickot match or regatta breaks in upon our monotony, but unless something of this kind stirs us up we are too lazy even to fight. Like the Irishman we are now in that state of mind that we would "rather do anything than do anything."

St. John's has taken a sort of start in the matter of public improvements. The office of the *Patriot* newspaper has been burnt down, and a great portion of the stock for a new Athenæum building has been taken up. The capital is fixed for the present at $28,000, but the building will probably cost over $30,000. The site is immediately adjoining that of the Union Bank. The building contemplated will be a handsome and imposing structure, and it will, in the jargon of the prospectus, "supply a want long experienced in this community." The new Wesleyan church is making rapid progress, and if one can gather from its present promise and from the plan of the erection, it will be an ornament to the city, which is at present distinguished for the repulsiveness of its public buildings. The estimated cost of the building is from $12,000 to $15,000. While private enterprise and liberality has thus been contemplating local improvement, our wise rulers have not been lying idle. They too have been adding to our public institutions. By a strange fatality their additions have been singularly emblematic of the destiny which would seem to be marked out not only for their supporters but for themselves. At the conclusion of their ministry they will leave the country enriched by two improvements—a new wing to the Lunatic Asylum and an elegant and substantial gallows. How beautifully appropriate, and how symbolic of that poetical justice which should be dealt out to their friends and themselves. To their friends the Asylum; to themselves—well, sufficient rope, let us say. It is stated that Mr. Bennett, having effectually "rolled his log," is not coming back to Newfoundland. There is many a fervent prayer that, without detriment to to his life or health, he may never come out again. Some affect to believe that the old man, having "bluffed" the whole country, is going to "pass out" of the game. But the great majority consider that this is "too good news to be true." However it be, he will not have a friend to miss him while he is absent or to welcome him back when he returns. When old age is thus unlovable and repulsive, it is time for a man to give up the world, to purge himself of his faults, to exorcise his evil spirit, and to spend at least the closing days of his life "clothed and in his right mind."

—Seaside loiterers are now enjoying what is called "the heighth of the season," and enjoying it to the utmost, too, if there is any reliance to be placed in the letters of the correspondents. It is true that matrimonially the season is rather a failure, and there is much more flirtation than formal engagements going on in the dim, shady walks, and more bouquets than solitaire rings exchanged on the gravelly beach. But the season is very gay and jolly, the assemblages are sufficiently fashionable and cosmopolitan, and the weather is not too hot for comfort. At Long Branch there is a vast gathering of turfites, and the racing mania seems to be the favorite diversion, even among the ladies, who lay the most reckless wagers on whatever pieces of horseflesh they happen to admire. At the last race one fair creature won eighteen pairs of gloves in six bets of three pairs each; another lucky lady won four boxes of gloves; a third won a gold watch from her betrothed; while a fourth lady lost a champagne supper. Saratoga is a little more sedate in its way, and not quite as lively, perhaps, as usual. The guests seem to be taking exceptionally good care of their health, and visit the Springs with religious devotion. The dressing, as a rule, is not on so grand a scale as it has been in former seasons. Quiet colors prevail. Black is generally worn; and, while the dresses are elaborately made, there is nothing striking about them, except their unobtrusiveness. Of course this remark does not apply to the costumes worn at the "hops," which saltatory entertainments are neither few nor far between at the Springs.

—The accounts from Quebec show that a fearful load of culpability rests upon Mr. Cauchon—no less than the death of one of his fellow citizens and the wounding of many more; some of them, it is feared, fatally. The infamous and mendacious language of his journal, stirring up the worst passions of his followers and hounding them on to deeds of blood, deserves the strongest reprobation; and we trust Canada may never more be disgraced by having such a reckless man in any official position. Of course the election, carried by violence and murder, cannot stand: and well would it be for Canada if, as in the case of the Galway election, the candidate who had the next largest number of votes were declared elected when the one who resorts to violence is unseated. Men who have private interests to serve in Government contracts are most dangerous candidates; they are often willing to go any lengths to retain their influence, Dominion or Local All Government contractors, whether to feed the insane, or for any other purpose, should therefore be ineligible. We are sorry to see that some men on the other side are wreaking a criminal vengeance on individuals. Thus does violence produce violence, till society is endangered.—[Montreal Witness.

LOCALS.

Special Train.—King's County Election.

It will be seen by advertisement in another column that Mr. Domville's friends have arranged for a special train to leave St. John for Hampton at 9 a. m. on Wednesday, 14th inst., (polling day), calling at Rothesay, Quispamsis and Nauwidgewauk. The train will carry only parties in Mr. Domville's interest. This is a good arrangement, as many non residents who desire to vote will find it inconvenient leaving in the 7 a. m. train.

Personal.

Hon Peter Mitchell, *Minister of Marine*, Hon. E. M. McDonald, of Halifax, E. R. Burpee, Esq., Hon. B. Beveridge, and J. L. Carvill, Esq., of Charlottetown, are in the city.

The Horse

advertised as for sale at the Fountain House has many good qualities. Parties wanting a good animal will do well to examine him.

Fire.

About 7 o'clock last evening, an alarm of fire was given, from box 32. The fire was in Mr. Manson's house, corner of Duke and Sydney streets. Only a blind was burnt.

Boating.

There were several boats out practicing in the harbor yesterday, but there was no racing.

New Place of Amusement.

Messrs. Hogan and Mudge will open the Lyceum, it is expected, next week with a full and first class Minstrel Troupe.

Fish Market.

This morning, salmon were selling at $1.30 to $1.50. Bass $1.50 each. There were no other fish in the market. Mr. Tole had a salmon weighing 20 lbs. for which he asked $5.

The "Weldon House," Shediac,

offers to the tourist and traveller all the comforts of a home. It is situated opposite the Railway Depot and in the most central part of the town. Facilities for deep sea bathing are within two minutes walk of the hotel.

Notice.

Miss Bella Gordon, the great song and dance artist, will make her first appearance in St. John, at Bishop's Opera House, to-night.

Perilous Escape from Drowning.

On Friday last, at noon, as the boats were preparing for the regatta, which took place in the harbor, a "young gaffer" named Cummin, a "typo" on the *Daily News*, became so excited that he stood on the gunwale of the boat and began to wave his hat, when suddenly the boat gave a lurch and precipitated him head foremost into the water. Fortunately, however, there being a few spectators on the North Wharf, he was thrown a *tarry rope*, to which he clung until pulled ashore. We hope this will prove a warning to venturesome youths.

Sacred Concert in Carleton.

Last evening, a large audience, probably a thousand persons, filled the Catholic Church in Carleton to hear M'lle. D'Erina and the associate artists of the Cathedral and Carleton Catholic Choirs. The night being fine, a large number from the city attended. The Concert opened with the first movement of Mozart's No. 12 "Gloria," by the Cathedral Choir, the vocal rendering of which was fair. "With Verdure Clad," from the "Creation," was given in brilliant style by M'lle. D'Erina, but lacking the finish and sweetness with which Mrs. Weston rendered it on Friday evening. The third piece, Haydn's "Kyrie," was sung by the Carleton Choir. The solo parts were sung by M'lle D'Erina, and were not so effective as if rendered by a tenor voice, as intended by the composer.

The first piece of the second part was not specially well rendered, the tenor having a fair voice, but apparently not having it under proper control. "Angels ever Bright and Fair" was decidedly the best piece of the evening, and M'lle. D'Erina did ample justice to the beautiful air. "O Cor Amoris Victima," by the Carleton Choir, followed, and the fearless manner in which the Soprano disposed of some difficult passages would have done credit to Parepa Rosa. The Grand Trio, "La Charite," was sung by *five*, M'lle. D'Erina taking the principal part, and receiving but inefficient assistance from the quartette.

The Concert was financially a success, but the parties assisting M'lle. E'Erina should, for such handsome patronage as they received, have given more attention to rehearsing the difficult pieces on the programme.

Runaway in Carleton.

While a boy was holding a horse attached to a carriage in Carleton, on Saturday afternoon, between four and five o'clock, the animal started off and ran through Carleton around to the Suspension Bridge. He dragged the boy some distance and hurt him considerably. Mrs. S. T. King and two ladies driving on the Suspension Bridge, saw him tearing along towards them, and they got out of their carriage and left it. The runaway carriage struck Mrs. King's carriage and tore it away from the horse, breaking both shafts. A party of ladies in another carriage were at the toll gate, and one of them jumped out and got considerably hurt The horse was secured without doing further damage.

Bishop's Opera House.

The Opera House was well filled on Saturday, both afternoon and evening. The evening performance was very good. Miss Kimball did not sing her usual songs as she was suffering from a cold, but in the Arrival of Nilsson she sung and was encored six times, and that hardly satisfied the audience. Miss Kimball appears next week in Cinderella and the Grand Dutchess in which, no doubt, she will be a great favorite. H. Talbot's Tamborine Solos, F. Budworth's and J Hope's songs were all well received. There will be an entire change of programme this week.

Shipping Disaster.

The brigt. "New Zealand," Captain Lindgren, belonging to J. & F. Robinson, left here on Friday last for Sydney with a cargo of ballast, and when about twenty miles out, the schooner "Mary Jane," from Shefferce with a cargo of plaster, ran into her and stove her bow in, smashing rails and stancheons, masts and yards, and all the rigging attached, and tore the sails. The "Mary Jane" is as badly, if not worse, hurt than the "New Zealand. The latter vessel arrived in this port on Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock, in a bad condition.

Choral Festival.

Another great musical treat is in store for St. John. Mr. L. A. Torrens, whose name is well known in this city, has projected another festival of music, and for the last three or four days has been in St. John perfecting his arrangements, making engagements and preparing for rehearsals, it being his intention that this convention shall far outstrip the one held last Spring. Miss Annie Louise Cary, of the Nilsson Opera Troupe, whose name need only be mentioned, has been engaged. Mrs H. M. Smith, of Boston; Mrs. Crowell and Mrs. Wasgatt, of Bangor, both of whom our citizens have had the pleasure of hearing before; Mrs. Perley; Mr. H. C. Barnabee and Mr. James Whitney, also of Boston, will appear. The Germania Band has been engaged as Orchestra. Prof. T. Martens, of this city, is the pianist, and will be assisted by Mr. J. A. Howard, of Boston, who will play the accompaniments.—The festival will open on Monday the 26th inst. in the Academy, and close on Friday, the 30th.

Rehearsals for the Choral Festival will be held on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, the 14th and 17th inst., at Messrs. Landry & McCarthy's Music Store, King street, under the direction of Prof. Martens, to commence at 8 o'clock. All who wish to take part in the choruses are cordially invited to attend.

A Tragic Spectacle.

Even the goat partakes of that perversity which so often brings to grief those who seek to reach tremendous heights of fame, only to be overwhelmed and covered with the stains of inglorious defeat. No disappointed election candidate ever met with such a disastrous defeat as did a long bearded goat on Saturday afternoon which stood on the railway track near Fairville, and prepared to buck against the engine as it came thundering along. As the locomotive approached within a few feet of where the goat was standing on the middle of the track, the animal made a dash at it, only to be pitched into fragments over the bank. The goat was killed.

Polling Places in King's County.

The following is a list of the localities at which the poll will be held:—

KINGSTON.—At the old Registry office, instead of at Samuel Foster's.

WESTFIELD—District No. 1, at or near Jacob Watters'. No. 2, at or near H. Morrison's, head of Milkish.

GREENWICH—At or near Oak Point.

KARS—At or near John McIntyre's.

SPRINGFIELD.—At or near White's.

HAMPTON—At the Court House.

ROTHSAY—At the Court House in Hampton.

NORTON—at or near Hayes'.

STUDHOLM—At or near J. H. Ryan's.

SUSSEX—At Hugh McMonagle's Hotel.

UPHAM—At or near the residence of Cutler Upham.

HAMMOND—At or near David Forsyth's.

HAVELOCK—At or near the School House near Thomas Leonard's.

Polling on Wednesday next. Friday is declaration day.

Choral Society's Concert.

The third concert under the auspices of the Choral Society was given on Saturday night. The Germania Band played several brilliant pieces, and gave the audience a fine instrumental treat. Several of the pieces were very long, but the performances were highly meritorious, and the Band will be remembered as being one of the best organizations of the kind that has visited St. John.

Mrs. C. A. Barry sung two songs and was favorably received in both. "Blue Eyes" was given with greet expression and vivacity. "Oh, to be a sportive fairy," by Mrs. Perley, was rendered in an easy, natural and sweet voice. Mr. H. K. White's Baritone Solo did not come up to the expectations of the audience. Mr. Martens' Piano Solo was executed in a brilliant manner. Three little girls from the Wanderers Home, Boston, sung very nicely and received a regular storm of applause.

The first and third concerts of the present series were not as highly appreciated by the public as it was thought they would have been, the high priced artists from abroad, with the exception of Mr. Winch, not coming up to the general expectation; but the second concert, when the "Creation" was given, was very ably rendered. Great credit is due to the painstaking Conductor of the Society, Mr. E. Peiler, and the associate members for their assiduous efforts to render a refined class of music to the people of our City.

Wife Beating.

Monday morning is always a field day at the Police Court: wife beaters, fighters, drunkards and that class, always have to pay more for amusing themselves between Saturday and Monday morning than any other time during the week. Wm. Seabury in his leisure moments is accustomed to beat his wife and daughter and turn them out of the house. He is not a sweet William by any means, and though his wife and daughter earn their own subsistence, and a good deal of his too, he is not satisfied. This morning, on being asked by the Magistrate what he had to say about it, he answered, "guilty," but said his wife wouldn't wash his shirt, and he had to do it himself. The Magistrate told him that it served him right if he had to do it. Mrs. Seabury and daughter both earn their living by washing and working for people generally, and in order that they may be undisturbed for the next two months, their legal and unreasonable guardian will work in gaol, as hard as he can, for that time, with a promise of the penitentiary if he don't do better when he comes out.

The Little Wanderers.

The Rev. R. G. Toles delivered addresses in the Leinster street Baptist Church yesterday morning, in the Centenary Methodist in the afternoon, and at the Rev. James Bennet's in the evening. On each occasion the church was filled to overflowing The children sung at intervals through the services, two of them displaying rare vocal talents and bid fair to become great singers in the course of a few years. To-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock, they appear at the Institute. No charge will be made for admisaion. Each of the children is asked to take with him or her the price of a loaf of bread.

The Bay State Party.

Quite a number of the Bay State Excursionists left for home in the steamer *New York* this morning. The rest of the party left at noon to-day in the *Granite State*. having held a meeting this morning and arranged matters for the romainder of the excursion in a satisfactory manner. Mr. Peckman ascribes to the loss of the *New England*, most of the ill fortune which has overtaken him. Up to the time of the loss of that steamer tickets were being rapidly disposed of, and the affair would have been a success, but on hearing of this disaster the sale of tickets stopped. Mr. Peckham was, however, urged to go ahead by the committee, and he chartered the *Granite State* for $4,000 for the trip, $2,000 to be paid when starting, and $2,00 on the completition of the excursion. Here his calamities commenced. A few hours before his departure, the owners of the boat sent a despatch to the captain to collect the whole amount previous to startiug. Mr. Peckham paid the $4,000, and hadn't time to get any money from his home in Worcester previous to the boat leaving Boston. About a hundred of the party also backed out at the last moment, probably the look of the boat not being inviting. Mr. Peckham says the great mistake was in leaving at all. The party have had a nice time here, some having gone up to Fredericton on Saturday and came down Saturday night by special train. Those who stopped here bought kid gloves, silks and other articles of luxury, which are cheaper here than in Boston.

Merchants' Exchange.

The following despatches were received at the Exchange to-day:—

Montreal, Aug. 10th.—Liverpool Flour 27s. 6d. a 28s.; Red Wheat 11s. 3d a 11s. 5d. Breadstuffs quiet.

New York Flour Market advancing. Common to good Extra State $6.90 a $7 90.

Pork shade firmer, $13.75 a $13.80 new

Grain freights 8½d. a 9d.

Montreal Flour Market quiet, firm, in sellers favor, 15 to 20 cents higher Western State and Welland Canal $6.40 a $6,45.

Seats for the Opera.

Seats for the Opera, to open a week from to-night, at the Academy, are now being sold freely. The first class reputation of the company which precedes them will insure them good houses here.

Charlotte County Nomination.

The following has just been received by telegraph:—

Sheriff opened Court at eleven o'clock. McAdam and Gillmor were nominated.

McAdam made a short speech; referred to his past record in the Local Legislature; pledged himself to support the Dominion Government.

Gillmor made a long, rambling speech, denouncing the Press of New Brunswick as venal. He said he could have got as much as others did get, had he accepted Confederation. Said the Press never puffed him up. He felt that he was Mr. Tilley's equal in many respects. He accepted Confederation; always yielded to the majority; would support all measures he thought for the good of the Dominion generally and New Brunswick in particular.

He told how much money was in the Provincial Treasury when he was appointed Provincial Secretary; how he put on his best clothes and a white hat and went down to St. John to borrow money, and the interview he had with the Bank.

Main, of the *Courier*, challenged Gilmor to prove his assertion in reference to the Press, and stated that the Press of New Brunswick was above purchase.

The St. Stephen Band came with an excursion party from St. Stephen, and a large party came from St. George in a tug. Whole proceedings were characterized by good order.

New School Buildings.

In Carleton the frame of the Rev. Mr. Dunphy's new school building is up and boarded and roofed in. When completed it will be the largest school structure in the city.

City Police Court.

This morning, Francis McBrine, 30, lying drunk on Brussels street; let go.

James McWatters, 22, drunk on King street; let go.

Peter Donovan, 60, drunk on the Market Square; fined $8 or 20 days gaol.

Patrick Kennedy, 45, drunk and shouting on Waterloo street; fined $8.

William Lee, 23, fighting on King St.; fined $10.

Eliza McNealy, 36, arrested in a house on George's street for being drunk, disorderly and annoying the neighborhood; fined $8.

Wm. Seaberry, 32, given in charge by his wife and daughter for beating and abusing them and turning them out of their house; sent to gaol for 2 months.

James Bradley, 36, drunk at Reed's Point Wharf: fined $8.

Patrick Clancy, 29, lying drunk on King Square; fined $8 or 2 months Penitentiary.

Portland Police Court.

This morning, Margaret Montague, charged with abusive and insulting language to Frances A. Irvine, was fined $5.50.

John Wilson was charged with begging on the streets; it being his first offence, he was excused.

Henry E. Day, assault and battery on Wm. J. Murphy. The case was dismissed on Day paying the costs.

Wm. J. Murphy, assaulting and beating Henry E. Day, and using abusive language to him; withdrawn on payment of costs.

John Irvine and Maggie Irvine, abusive and insulting language to Margaret Montague; adjourned until to-morrow morning.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

We issue to-day the first number of the WEEKLY EDITION of the DAILY TRIBUNE. It will be published every Tuesday, and will carry to all parts of the country the Latest news from the City and the latest received by Mail, Rail and Telegraph.

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St. John, N. B., July 16, 1872.

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