IN THE WORLD.

LE OF 3.000 TONS.

RN & CO. LE AGENTS

y Rev. A. Robertson, Rob-Sarah B. Fraser. Sarah B. Fraver.
1. 29, by Rev. Oakar Gronh to Flora Risser.
Rev, Father Parker, Willary M. Murphy.
Cheb. 4, by Rev. M. Goady
Therese Lavendier. Lizie W. James A. Porter Lizzie W. Johnston. 7, by Rev. I. B. Colwell, Elizabeth C. Bishop.

ED. onghead, 66. d Miller, 21.

do Miller, 21.
yons Q. C., 43.
. Blakslee, 79.
es Spinney, 90.
.lfred Sarvante.
iane Griffiths, 76.
Bliza Cross, 85.
harles Esson, 59.
Robert Smith, 76.
Ioward Snow, 19.
John Proctor, 78.
John John Miller, 19.
Ioward Snow, 19.
John Proctor, 78.
John Louiss Sawyer.
29. J. H. Clarke, 83.
fe of Albert Roott, 36.
s. Mary J. Ferris, 90.

Mary, wife of Edward J

rett, C., son of William and Eva D. daughter of Mr. and , youngest daughter of John k, 22.

Mortimer, son of Martin and phy, 19.

k W., child of Albert and months.

Feb. 9, by drowning, Anspringhill N. S., 40. Feb. 9, by drowning, Laurhe late Loraine and Susan of Springhill, 37.

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Tobacconist

be pleased.

PROGRESS.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1896

VOL II. NO. 407.

DEFIES ALL TRADITION.

Important Decision by the Supreme Court of Canada in the Campbell Case—The City Not Liable For Failure to Keep the Streets in Good Order.

Very brief mention has been made by

the daily papers of the final judgment in favor of the city of St. John in the suit brought against it by Mrs. Jane Campbell, about eighteen months ago. It is, however, in many respects the most important decision that has been given for many years in regard to the liability of a city for

who have had an idea that if they injured over some obstruction which had no right to be in the way, they had but to prove the fact to be entitled to damages, yet the decision is not only that of the supreme court of Canada, but it is in line with decisions of the Privy Conncil of England. There is no doubt of it being sound law, though Judge Landry seems to have been the only one of the justices of the supreme court of New Brunswick who thought so from the first, with the exception of Chief Justice Allen, who took no part in the

hearing. On the 24th of August, 1894, Mrs. Jane Campbell in walking on an asphalt sidewalk at the corner of King street and Market Place, Carleton, fell and injured herselt. The sidewalk here had a slope, and rain and other action of the weather had caused an abrupt break, from six to nine inches deep, which break had existed for two years, growing deeper and more dangerous all the while. Mrs. Campbell struck her foot against this obstruction, and thus received the fall which caused the injury. She thereupon placed the matter in the hands of Mr. George A. Davis, who brought suit against the city, the case coming up at the November circuit 1894.

The trial was before Judge Landry. Recorder Jack being ill, Hon. Wm. Pugsley and Mr. Baxter appeared for the city. From first to last both sides have been well represented, for in addition to Mr. Davis, who is now in Honolulu, the

Messrs Currey and McKeown.

The plaintiff was nonsuited at the trial on the ground that the accident really occurred on private property, which the city had asphalted and thus invited the public to use as part of the street. There was a strip eighteen inches wide between the reet line and the house. The judge held that there was no evidence of the city's negligence to leave to the jury. While this was the ground of nonpoint at issue. That was that, even admitting the city to be liable for the property it had asphalted, it would not be liable for Robertson did not intend it as such, but

gone to the jury, and ordered a new trial. They were strongly pressed by Mr. Baxter, who appeared with Mr. Pugsley, to decide the point that the city was in no case liable for mere non-feasance, and each of them had something to say on this question.

Judge Barker said he did not feel called on to express an opinion on this point, or as to whether the Geldert case conflicted

which this court has acted in like cases for he last thirty years." He added that he could not overrule a long established doctrine unless it was shown to be in con flict with a decision of the Privy Council directly overruling the judgements of the supreme court of New Brunswick. Judge Landry, who dissented on other

grounds from the rule ordering a new trial, expressed his opinion that the rule should be refused on the authority of the Geldert case, "an authority which I believe this court is bound by."

He was right. The new trial ordered by the court never took place, for an appeal was made to Ottawa and the decision given accident regulting from alleged negligence.

It declares, in effect, that there is no such liability where streets and other public works are not kept in repair, provided that they have been properly constructed in the first instance.

This week is that the appeal of the city is allowed with costs. Mrs. Campbell, who is a nurse by occupation will hardly be in a position to pay the latter, but it is possible the city may feel satisfied with the decision and be very willing to pay its own bills.

In the future fewer claimants for damages from the city in consequence of accidents will send letters to the council. It must be borne in mind however, that there is none the less a liability for accident where a sidewalk, street, etc. has been defective in the first instance. Where there has been proper construction, the city is not liable for subsequent defect. It city is not liable for subsequent defect. It is responsible for the way the work is done, but not for what happens through no original detect at a later date.

Thus are the precedents and traditions of our supreme court for a generation past set aside as if they had never been.

St. John people who are interested in having an exhibition next year are beginning to inquire what preparations are being made for it. From what PROGRESS can learn there is no doubt but that the people expect an exhibition. The success of the last one, the re-election of the same energenic management and the fact that there is no lack of buildings and nothing to interfere with an exhibition naturally leads them to think that there would be no hitch in having one for another year. But it is understood that the management, while hopeful of success, and indeed, more than hopeful, almost confident, do not see their way clear to undertake it without some promise of assistance from the provincial and the city governments.. Whether they propose to ask that this shall take the form of grants or guarantees PROGRESS is not prepared to say, but it is not unlikely that they will ask for both a small grant and a small guarantee. Considering what a benefit the fair was last year, not only to St. John but to the whole province, the government will probably favorably entertain any reasonable request, and the city can hardly fail to do so

Give the Local Men a Chance. The decision of his Worship the Mayor to allow prize fighting exhibitions in the Mechanics' Institute again has occasioned however, it was by no means the great considerable surprise to those who have mere neglect to repair a defect which had not existed when the work was done. could come to St. John and secure permission over the heads of the local people hospital is its increased cost compared the appeal to the supreme court at Fredericton. The chief case on which reliance was placed was that of the Municipality of Picton against Geldert, where it was laid down that corporations were not liable for failure to keep roads and bridges in repair unless the legislature specially created a liability. This was the view of the Privy Council. On the other hand, however, and to give some evidence of their council. On the other hand, however, and to give some evidence of their case of the local people hospital is its increased cost compared was superintendent only a few years ago. Then the cost per patient was 96 cents per day and the service, it is claimed, is not so good. Such charges are made as this, that the quality of the food is inferior; that the butter, for instance, is rancid, and that, in fact, very little is as it should be. The increased cost compared was perintendent only a few years ago. Then the cost per patient was 96 cents per day and the service, it is claimed, is not so good. Such charges are made as this, that the quality of the food is inferior; that the butter, for instance, is rancid, and that, in fact, very little is as it should be. The increased cost per day just mentioned was great to government today, and consests of Francis with which and consests of Francis with the time when Dr. Jacques was superintendent only a few years ago. The the time when Dr. Jacques was perintendent only a few years ago. The the time when Dr. Jacques was the dealt of the time when Dr. Jacques was perintendent only a few years ago. The the time when Dr. Jacques was prevent to go home, and after such warning on the streets such child shall be taken by such constable to its home. Appeared to go home, and after such warning on the streets such child shall be taken by such constable to its home. Appeared to go home, and after such warning on the streets such child shall be taken by such consta mind that when our local people wish an exhibition of the same sort that His Worship the Mayor should be quite as willing

The annual meeting of the Women's Council will be held in the church of England Institute room, Germain street, at three o'clock Monday afternoon. Presidents are requested to notify delegates. The order of business is as follows, Read-

Grave Charges Against the Superintendent and Head Nurse-Financial Matters Somewhat Muddled—A Commission Ap-pointed by Premier Fielding.

HALIFAX, Feb. 20.—A year ago PROG-RESS let in some light on troubles that existed at the Victoria General Hospital, and in po other way could the public at that time became aware of what was going on. and people generally are talking of them.
The question has been partially threshed out in the house of assembly, and Premier Fielding has this day appointed a commission to thoroughly inquire into the whole matter.

The charges made are three-fold. First, that the superintendent Dr. Reid, is inefficient; secondly, that the superintendent of nurses, Miss Elliott, is tyrannical and arbitrary and injurious to the best interests of the hospital; thirdly, that the dispenser, bursar and steward, Mr. C. E. Puttner has been careless if not worse, in the dis-charge of his duties. Another way of summsny heads to the hospital, which is the way of saying there is no head to it. The medical administration of the hos-

pital is tested in a committee of physicians called the medical broad, composed of the following named: Doctors Fitch, Cowie, Tobin, Dodge, Ternan, Oliver, Wickwire, Farrell, Black, Mc-Kay, Almon, Campbell, Chisholm, Trenaman and Curry. These men serve without reward beyond the prestige which a position on the medical board gives them, and the small fee they receive out of the sick mariners' fund. Dr. Reid is superintendent of the hospital. He takes his orders in general from the board and is, or should be, the executive head of the hospital. The be, the executive head of the hospital. The board, however, have memorialized the government to make a change, alleging that Dr. Reid is inclinent and unqualified in every particulated old the position he occupies. The fact is pointed to that Dr. Reid was superintendent of Mount Hope insane asylum, where he proved a failure, and that the government removed him to and that the government removed him to what they considered a less responsible position at the Victoria hospital, in the hope that there he would give better satisfaction. Dr. Reid's opponents allege, besides, that his temper and habits unfit him for the superintendency of the hospital. At the insane asylum he had a more supreme command, with no medical board in charge and now, they say, in the hospital he is too much of an autocrat to make it possible for such a body of men as the medical board to get along with him. In addition to this the statement is made that Dr. Reid is too deeply interested in an invention on which he is at work, and in fruit farming, etc., to permit of his successfully discharging the duties of superintendent That the medical board is solidly against Dr. Reid, there is considerable surprise to those who have from time to time been urging that he give his consent to such affairs. Perhaps Mayor

One strong argument put forward against the present management of the hospital is its increased cost compared to the medical staff of the institution .should be raised from \$7 per week to \$9 the same or even a lower figure. The government institution, maintained at a large expenditure of public money, thus

AT HALIFAX HOSPITAL time ago graduated and promptly left was known to be in the city. COMPLAINTS THAT MATTERS ARE This lady and Miss Eliott had been opposing leaders in the battle of a year ago. But on one occasion recently Miss Elliott found herself so short-handed in nurses that she besought her old opponent to come to the hospital and help her tide over a pressing emergency, and with christian-like spirit she acceded to the request. An instance of Miss Elliott's arbitary dealing was furnished in the case of Miss Graham, graduating nurse. Like the others she would not stay in the Victoria hospital and asked Miss Elliott for a certificate to enable her to obtain a position in another ting the nurse's profession except force.

Their only object seems to be to put in the time, become qualified as nurses, and go elsewhere as quickly as possible, with the posed law is one not likely to pass, elsewhere as quickly as possible, with the consequence, as already stated, that on a recent occasion, there was only one qualified nurse in the building beside the superintendent.

The actual trouble which has brought

about the present crisis was caused through the present by C. E. Puttner, the hospital crepancies in the hospital accounts were pointed out and irregularaties generally were charged. Other alleged abuses it would not be fair to Mr. Puttner to mention would not be fair to Mr. Futther to mention till he has had a chance to set himself right. But one specific charge which Dr. Murphy lodged with the medical board was that truits and delicacies sent to patients by Puttner was blamed for this. Dr. Murphy says that to make certain of what he charges he himself sent some of these things to patients, which owing to Mr. Puttner' intervention, were never seen by the patients. There is much more in the same line, but this will give an idea of some of

the things the commission will be called upon a iquire into.

The mittee on humane institutions began an estigation, but they saw it was use'les for them, with the short time at their disposal, to go into the matter as thoroughly as the condition of a finise dethoroughly as the condition of affairs de-manded they should go. So they with-drew from the task, contenting themselves, in effect with reporting progress, and ssk-ing that one of the royal commission to be appointed should be a member of their

The recent order which permitted pay ing patients to avail themselves of the services of physicians outside the medical board gave members of the board an idea of its reality the other day. Dr. H. H. Read (homeopathlst) was the first surgeon to operate under the new rule, and he took up the hour, and the accommodation, hither-to at the sole disposal of the hospital surgeons accustomed to work. That mid-day hour was lost to the regular staff on this

Council. On the other hand, nower, there were St. John cases where the supreme court decisions in past years had been directly to the contrary.

The index of Fredericts beld that here not to be wondered at that the judges at the World's Fair gave it a first place in the large expenditure of public money, thus costs more than private hospitals that have no subsidy whatever. The medical board and those who are agitating for a reform point to Dr. Reid and ask, "Why should these things be p"

Another evidence that matters are not

THE WOMEN DIFFER IN REGARD

The dear women of St. John are not all of one mind in regard to the proposed Cur-few law. It will be remembered that the idea first came to the front through the medium of the Local Council of Women at the instance of the King's Daughters. As Progress understands, the Local Council of Women is a sort of grand lodge able her to obtain a position in another hospital. This, on some pretext, was reased, and Miss Graham therefore is said to have lost the position she aimed at. There is no bond of union between Miss filliott and the young ladies who are studying the nurse's profession except force.

As Progress has pointed out, the proposed law is one not likely to pass, and if it did pass the chances are it would raise questions which would subject the city to litigation. Very many of the ladies take the same the Local Council having been lead into committing itself to the project when a majority of the bodies represented when a majority of the bodies represented and the mention of whose very names inspired awe, will be slow to believe the state the calm, judicial mind that dispenser, bursar and steward, and Dr. J. N. Murphy the house surgeon.

There were complaints of the quality of the societies asked that body to reconsider official. Errors and dismenting that it should withdraw its endorsement and let the King's Daughters of spite and of petty jealousies.

The bodies asking this were the Women's Auxiliary of the S. P.

Comment that it should withdraw its endorsement and let the King's Daughters of spite and of petty jealousies.

It was at Fredericton during Hilary Term. Judgment was being delivered in Lee and Wallace, and one of the judges, C. A., the Women's Committee of the Pro-testant Orphan Asylum, the Girls' Alumnae and the Women's Home Missionary Society of St. John Presbyterian church.

When the request for reconsideration came before the Local Council, that body gave the matter a favorable consideration, but deferred dealing with it until a later date. The annual meeting will be next Monday, but it is understood it will not come up then, but whether it is ever reconsidered or not, enough has transpired trying to drown out the weaker voice of to show that the movement in favor of a curfew law is by no means as general among the far end of the bench, and whom he is

The petition which has been drawn up to be presented to the legislature purports to come from the local council, and it is a come from the local council, and it is a somewhat interesting document. It reads as follows: "We, the Local Council of extreme other end of the bench, was men-Women of St. John do hereby humbly petition the local legislature, now in session or decision in connection with his own, in Fredericton, to pass an act to be known as the Curfew Bell Act, whereby the municipal council of the city of St. John shall "Judge—," said he, stretching forth his arms and assuming his most sarcastic known as the Curfew Bell, the said bell to look, "of course I know all about it. But be rung at the hours of 7 p. m. in the months of December, January and Februa, and at the hours of nine p. m. March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October and November attentions.

November, after which all children under the age of 14 years, unaccompanied by parents or guardians, found habitually loitering, idling, or playing on the streets without any apparent purpose, shall be warned by a consable or peace officer to go, home shall after such reserve to go, home shall after such reserve to go, home shall after such reserve to go the such reserves to go the such reserve to go the such reserves to go the such reserves to go the suc The framers of this petitions put a good

deal of work on the brains of the police smp the Mayor should be quite as willing abound be raised from \$7 per week to \$9 to extend the privilege to them as he has been to the visitors from Boston.

Women's Council Meeting.

The annual meeting of the World's Fair gave it a first place in the per week. Dr. Slayter's private hospital would be impossible, but it has that which is lacking on all of the C. P. R. trains in this section of the country,—a smoking comthe of the police in asking that they section of the country,—a smoking compartment at each end of it. Perhaps if both of the smoking compartments were in both of the smoking compartments were in Bridge or even from Carleton Heights is the policeman will have a long walk to see

NOT ALL OF ONE BELIEF. | fun both for the police and the boys. The

PRICE FIVE CENTS

chief would be in his glory.

It will be seen that the law purposes to get at the parents by fining them, under certain conditions, and thus the time may come when we shall see the record of Mr. So-snd-so charged with allowing a boy to run at large, just as there is now an occasional charge against a citizen for allow ing a horse or a cow to run at large.

The law has not been passed yet, however, and when it does they will be time enough to tremble for its results.

JUDGES SPOKE PLAINLY.

One Had an Opinion of Another and that One Had an Opinion as Well.

A little incident. and it is only one of many occurring every day, that Lappened that is fair and just and above reproach among men, has become the home of much small mindedness, petty jealousies and bitterness of feeling. Those of us who to the judges of the land as something should rule the bench is often ruffled and disturbed by the open and apparently un-

who took no part, had left the Bench and retired to the judges' room which is situated right across the narrow passage-way. He neglected to shut the door sound of his voice arose on the air and was wafted into the court room. He was talk-ing loudly. He no doubt acquired this habit from his strenuous endeavors to keep up his end of the talking and questioning and running comment and ruling, with the learned judge who sits to his right, or in said to look upon through inverted glasses. He was talking with, or rather at, some legal gentleman, who had taken advantage of his being off the bench to get some absurd and deeply amusing.

into a man of war, or of coming on the bench with my face covered over with scabs and sticking plaster."

looking grave over the affair, just as fancy suggests or feelings dictate. But what about

ment of opinion in favor of the city's liability. He hold in Mirr. Campbell's lavor in course in the opinion of algabact question of the colorus plants question of the grants question of the colorus plants question to the colorus plants question of the colorus plants question pl An old legislator speaking in Fredericton a few days ago remarked how eager