12.

after he had estaolved upon making nderfully preserved, him at the begin-he chief, knowing father, determined , she had prepared 's enemy, Mocoso. of her father's vilto on his way, and ed to the residence a fast as he could, borders of the river al chiefs. He was not proceed farther eing then fishing in iend, yet he had no retanding their lan-scover his character ns, which they had ce where they then acceeding in his enir arms to prevent they fied with all them for some dis-igns to make them with them, but all waited quietly the erty came running hed, he was obliged bir arrows. Neverd certain, and that ned, that there was ed him, who under-

he hands of the Inl to carry the tidings and to the disposition y any word of direcis. When he came im, and made every Ortis, however, had ainst a too implicit added in me small stiay, was this very

CAPTIVITY OF JOHN ORTIZ.

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extraordinary circumstance. Immediately after the preliminary congratulations were over, the chief made him take an oath, " after the manner of Christians," that he would not run away from him to seek out another master; to which he very readily assented. At the same time Mocoso, on his part, promised Ortis that he would not only treat him with due kindness, but, that if ever an opportunity offered by which he could return to his own people, he would do all in his power to assist him in it; and, to keep his word inviolate, he swore to what he had promised, " after the manner of the Indians." Neverthelees, our captive looked upon all this in no other light than as a piece of cunning, resorted to by the chief, to make him only a contented slave; but we shall see by the sequel, that this Indian chief dealt not in European guile, and that he was actuated only by benevolence of heart.

only by benevolence of heart. Three years more soon passed ever the head of Ortis, and he experienced nothing but kindness and liberty. He spont his time in wandering over the delightful extennahe of Florida, and through the masses of the palmatta, and beneath the sefreshing shades of the wide-spreading magnelis—pursuing the deer in the twilight of morning, and the scaly fry in the silver lakes in the cool of the evening. In all this time we hear of nothing remarkable that happened to Ortis, so to the chief or his people. When war or famine dese not disturb the quiet of Indiane they enjoy themselves to the full extent of their matures—perfectly at leisure, and ready to devote days together to the entertainment of themselves, and any travellere or friends that may sejourn with them.

together to the entertainment of themselves, and any travellers or friends that may sojourn with them. About the close of the first three years of Ortis's sojourning with the tribe of Indians under Moceso, there came startling intelligence into their village, and alarm and anxiety set impatiently upon the brow of all the inhabitants. This win occasioned by the arsival of a runner, who gave information that as some of Mocoso's men were in their cances a great way out at see fishing, they had discovered ships of the white men approaching their ceast. Moceso, after communing with himoelf a short time, went to Ortis with the information, which, when he had imparted it to him, caused pscular sensations in his breast, and a brief straggle with conflicting feeling's for one cannot forget his country and kindred, nor can be forget his eavier and protector. In abort, Mocose urged him to ge to the senst and ess if he could make a discovery of the ships. This preceding on the part of the choir disensed the faces of Ortis, and he set our upon the discovery; but when he had spant extend days of watchfulnees and eagur expectation, witheast and are guining may other intelligence of ships, he wat