

PREMIUMS! The True Witness For 1879.

PRIZES FOR EVERYBODY

The TRUE WITNESS is the weekly edition of the EVENING POST. It is now in its twenty-eighth year, and has been recently enlarged...

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3rd—A COPY OF THE TRINKETS, TRINKETS, metal like Silver, and being solid cannot wear down to brass like a silver-plated spoon.

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ACQUAINTANCE and ESCORT CARDS. DR. A. C. MACDONELL, 90 CATHEDRAL STREET, MONTREAL.

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The Loretto Convent of Lindsay, Ontario. Classes will be RESUMED on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2nd.

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PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. Superior Court, Montreal. No. 720. Dame Lucie Robert dite Lamouche, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Auguste Bourget.

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BUCKER BELL FOUNDRY. Superior Bells of Copper and Tin, mounted on Cast Iron, for Steam Engines, Mills, Factories, Churches, Schools, Farms, etc.

NOTICE—AN APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Parliament of the Province of Quebec, at the next Session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "La Societe de Secours Mutuels des Freres de Montreal." J. HIRTZ, President.

FIRST PRIZE DIPLOMA. QUEBEC PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, SEPTEMBER 1876. THE IMPERIAL FRENCH COOKING RANGE, FOR HOTEL AND FAMILY USE.

JOHN BURNS, 675 CRAIG ST. IMPERIAL FRENCH COOKING RANGE. HENCHELY, 18-2-g.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, O., February 25.—Archbishop Purcell publishes a card denying the statement that German Catholics are disaffected towards him in his present troubles.

NEW YORK, February 26.—David Pender, who recently tore a diamond ring from the ear of a lady on 5th Avenue, was found guilty of robbery in the first degree and condemned to the most severe punishment possible under the law—20 years hard labor.

NEW YORK, February 26.—The lady physicians, in a card published to-day, condemn female tramps, and say a few miles a day, moderate walking, is the most any woman should ever attempt.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 26.—The sale of the Gelas on the streets has been prohibited, the authorities declaring that its plague news was false and exaggerated.

MADRID, February 26.—Work has been commenced on buildings for the International Exhibition of 1880.

DUBLIN, February 26.—The condition of Dr. Butt is decidedly improved.

LONDON, February 26.—Mail advices from Cape Town explain the recent disasters to the British forces: The Zulus attacked Durban, who Pulleine commanded; Pulleine went to the assistance of Durban, and was himself cut off by the Zulus.

VIENNA, February 26.—The Political Correspondence states that there is some excitement at Adrianople on account of the arrival of a number of Bulgarian refugees, and the recent attack on the Greek Archbishop. The Russian authorities have adopted special precautions against outbreaks.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 26.—The Bulgarians at Demotica sacked the residence of the Greek Metropolitan, where the Ottoman Governor was residing.

CAIRO, February 26.—The Khedive's son, Prince Hassan, commander of the army, publicly apologized to the English Consul for insults to Mr. Rivers-Wilson.

PARIS, February 26.—The "Soir" professes to have private information that the Khedive has asked England and France what civil list will be guaranteed him if he abdicates in favor of his son.

BERLIN, February 26.—The Emperor is slightly indisposed with affection of the larynx and cough.

LORD DUFFRIN remains here some days. He will have an interview with Bismarck.

LONDON, February 26.—A Berlin despatch says: Bismarck's official correspondence is progressing between Germany and Denmark.

BISMARCK, replying to a deputation of Alsatian members of the Reichstag, who presented a petition for extension of self-government, admitted the justice of their claim, and intimated that further concessions may soon be expected.

NEW YORK, February 26.—The Herald's Turkish despatch says there is conflicting evidence concerning Shere Ali's condition. Afghan ambassadors pretend that they have received news of the emperor's convalescence.

GENERAL KAUFMANN has decided to await instructions from St. Petersburg before receiving the Afghan ambassadors, as, in the event of Shere Ali's death, the visitors lose all their quality of ambassadors.

LONDON, February 26.—Nearly all Ashmole-Under-Lyne weavers have resumed work.

BLACKBURN, Eng., February 26.—Operatives in Marriage and Pincock's mill have struck against 10 per cent reduction. The masters are acting in concert to enforce a general reduction.

special to the Herald says Potter's committee will claim that the evidence shows that Florida and Louisiana were carried by the Democrats.

At the White House reception last evening a sumptuous collation was set; coffee, chocolate and liqueurs were served abundantly, but no wines.

The Sun says—There was a promiscuous crowd and shabby supper at the White House last night, and Ewart's dispensed punch and wines in a small room in the State Department.

The Times says—It was intended that none but the higher officers of the Government should attend the reception at the White House last night, but in consequence of the blundering or ignorance of those charged with the management, many invitations were secured by professional parties, and in some instances by people of questionable reputation.

For the first time in the history of the country, newspaper representatives were excluded from the public reception at the White House; they were given tickets of admission to the vestibule only.

LONDON, February 26.—A despatch from Cape Town says that latest advices from the Interior are to January 23rd, at which date communication had been established between all the British forces.

PARIS, February 27.—The "Soir" says that the Khedive of Egypt contemplates resigning.

BERLIN, February 27.—The funeral of Field Marshal von Roon took place to-day with great pomp. The Emperor was unavoidably absent, as he is suffering with a severe cold.

NEW YORK, February 27.—Miss Kate Parmham, a beautiful and accomplished lady, of Oswego, came here troubled with malformation of the feet.

NEW YORK, February 27.—In Sussex Co., yesterday afternoon, Anderson Mason, a negro man, assaulted Richard Hale, aged 17. The boy ran, and the man pursued and killed him with a butcher's knife.

WILMINGTON, Del., February 27.—In Hartford Co., on Monday evening, Thos. Lomas, an Englishman, quarrelled with his wife and smashed her skull with a hammer. The police are looking for him now.

NEW YORK, February 27.—James Fields, in his lecture on fiction last night, recently paid a visit to the Pomeroys, he was sentenced to be hanged for killing their children, but afterwards commuted to imprisonment for life.

LONDON, February 26.—An estimate will be submitted to Parliament for an advance of £1,500,000 for expenses of the Zulu war. This does not purport to represent any exact proportion of the expenses of the war.

PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON has written a letter announcing his intention of joining the British forces. He says—"For the last eight years I have been the guest of England. My education completed in an English military school, I have strengthened my ties of friendship with the English army by taking part in its annual manoeuvres.

CHARLES PEACE, the notorious burglar and murderer, executed at Leeds yesterday, died forgiving all his enemies. Some days before the execution he confessed he was the murderer of the Manchester policeman at Whalley Range in 1876, for which a man named Harbon was sentenced to death.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 26.—Chinese agitation in Australia is subsiding; nevertheless the Government proposes to introduce a bill restricting Chinese immigration.

CHICAGO, February 28.—Dr. Detmors, Government Inspector of Cattle, has written to Mr. Hickson, of the Grand Trunk Railway, stating most positively that there is no trace or suspicion of pleuro-pneumonia in any section of the Western States.

TRENTON, N.J., February 26.—The Supreme Court heard arguments yesterday as to whether the State was not bound to release Graham, the accomplice of Hunter, the murderer, in return for testimony on the trial.

NEW YORK, February 26.—The World says the scandalous conduct of several senators during the session of the Senate on Monday night is the occasion of much gossip.

ST. LOUIS, February 26.—A sensation in the United States Circuit Court yesterday was caused in the Great Middlesburg Purifier suit against St. Louis millers, for infringement of patents involving \$45,000,000.

king, Governor of Charkoff, Russia, who was shot by an unknown assassin, while returning from a ball on the 21st inst., has died.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 27.—The footman supposed to have been attacked with the plague, and who, with 48 associates, was isolated, proves to be afflicted with a very ordinary disease.

THE GRAND DUKE WITACHELAV, youngest child of the Grand Duke Constantine, and nephew of the Czar, is dead, aged 17.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 27.—Ex-Empress Eugenie accompanied her son, Prince Louis Napoleon, to this city, and witnessed his departure to-day for the seat of war in South Africa.

LONDON, February 27.—In the House of Commons, Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in submitting a supplementary credit for £1,500,000 which he proposed to obtain by Exchequer Bonds, said he anticipated an excess of expenditure over revenue of £2,000,000, two million of which are provided for.

ALTHOUGH the House of Commons voted the credit asked for, considerable opposition was manifested to the Government's proceedings against the Zulus, especially by the Home Rulers. Chamberlain, a Radical member, also declared that the war was unjust and iniquitous.

Waddington told a deputation of Protectionists, yesterday, that it would be difficult to resist the result of the debates in the Chambers upon the economic regime.

PARIS, February 27.—The "Soir" says that the United States, as a producing country, should play a great role in the crisis, from the reaction of which France is now suffering.

VERSAILLES, February 27.—In the statement of the Commission on the Amnesties Bill presented to-day, it is reported that the Commission thought that they had reason to be indulgent, but they would not have accepted any proposal for a complete amnesty until the debate on the Bill on Friday.

LONDON, February 28.—It is announced that Prince Napoleon has been recommended to Lord Chelmsford, Commander-in-Chief of the South African forces, as an extra-aid-de-camp. He will shortly be gazetted with the local rank of captain unattached.

PARIS, February 28.—A Paris despatch announces that France has consented to act with England for the reinstatement of Nubar Pasha. The Khedive has been semi-officially advised of England's intention, and will be officially notified of the decision of the two powers to-morrow.

NEW YORK, February 27.—Mr. Cyrus W. Field has issued invitations to a reception, to be given at his house in Grammercy Park, on the 10th of next month, the occasion being the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the first cable company.

PARIS, February 28.—Major Labarodere, who, in December, 1877, refused to obey orders which he considered indicative of a coup d'etat, and who was consequently superseded for disobedience, has just been gazetted to the command of a battalion. General Brocailles, who gave the objectionable order, remains unattached.

BERLIN, February 28.—The Reichstag to-day commenced a debate on the budget. The President of the Imperial Chancellery stated that the deficit would be only \$2,750,000. He pointed out that a resort to indirect taxation was indispensable, in order to render the Empire financially independent and relieve individual States from heavy contributions.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—Public Printer Deffes writes to Senator Anthony, protesting against the amendment to the sundry civil bill, turning over to private parties the Government printing office at a rent of \$50,000, reduction of 10 per cent in the public printing. Deffes claims that such arrangement would cause a 30 per cent reduction in wages of workmen and increased hours of labor.

NEW ORLEANS, February 28.—A rum commenced on Monday on the New Orleans Savings Institution. Half a million has been paid out to-day. The Managers decided to pay 15 per cent to depositors, and the balance after 90 days. The officers report the bank solvent.

LONDON, February 28.—It is reported that efforts had been made by English agents to bribe one of the Amier's Ambassadors, to prevent Russia from intervening, offering \$80,000 as the wage of treason to his master.

NEW YORK, February 27.—It is reported that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company are offering to carry freight to New York from Chicago, on a basis of 25¢ per 100 lbs from Chicago. It is understood to be in reprisal for the combination recently effected whereby the B. & O. Company secured the through outlet to this city.

BERLIN, February 27.—It is reported that Bismarck has given it to be understood that, in the event of a decrease of the powers of the Speaker of the Reichstag over the members thereof, it has been proposed that the Parliamentary Discipline Bill may be ultimately withdrawn.

VIENNA, February 27.—An avalanche near Marburg killed 21 persons and destroyed nine houses.

takes place at Windsor on March 13. She gave a farewell concert in Berlin on Thursday night.

NEW YORK, February 28.—There are a number of places in New York now where tolerable lodging for males or females can be had for ten or even five cents, and meals at the same rate; but it is asked, how is the following for low—The proprietor of the lodging house into which the old church at Prince and Marion streets has been metamorphosed, appeared before the Health Board recently to request permission to extend his accommodations.

NEW YORK, February 28.—Mrs. McKerus yesterday gave birth to two female children, and being a stranger in the house and too poor to hire a nurse, she had to do without the help of any one after the birth of the children. She was found some hours after her death by the neighbors, who went to see how she fared. The babes were nearly dead from exposure, being but poorly covered, their unfortunate mother not having had strength to wrap them up, nor to call for the help she so badly needed.

NEW YORK, February 28.—James Lattée, the man of many schemes and head of the Wyoming Mining Company, charged with the crime of misusing the Post Office Department, was arrested and bailed in the sum of \$2,500. Lattée was first heard of in 1870 in connection with the Temple lottery of Omaha. He subsequently appeared in Laramie, Wyoming Territory, where he established himself on terms of intimacy with the members of the Legislature, and was enabled to get a charter for a lottery known as the Wyoming Improvement Company. This was succeeded by the American Gold and Silver Mining Co., whose prospectus announced that it owned rich mines in the Black Hills, but had no money for machinery to develop them.

LONDON, February 28.—A Russian circular is shortly expected, pointing out the advisability of an early settlement of certain questions which are still pending in connection with the execution of the Treaty of Berlin. Russia will ask the Powers to devise some means to obviate the difficulties attending Turkish military occupation of the Balkans after the evacuation of the Russian troops.

OTTAWA, February 28.—The Letellier-Chaplain papers were laid on the table of the House of Commons yesterday, in the form of communications from officials. The correspondence proper commencing with a petition, dated Montreal, Nov. 28, 1878, addressed to Sir Patrick MacDonnell, Administrator of the Dominion of Canada, from Messrs. Chaplain, Church and Angers, with copies of the document presented heretofore in this session, are set forth; and a long commentary on the conduct of Lieutenant-Governor Letellier close follows.

PARIS, February 28.—The Political Correspondence says that the Russians have taken measures to frustrate the designs of the Bulgarians to burn Adrianople.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 28.—The Russian occupied Arabatia the second day after the Romanian evacuation, and are dismantling it.

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CHARKOFF, February 27.—Prince Larapat... The Dismal Swamp.—The "Dismal Swamp" in Virginia is said to be an entire miasma. There is nothing dismal about it except its general solitude. It is described by recent visitors as a capital resort for sportsmen, game being abundant, and fat being ready to rise to the fly. The most curious feature of the swamp are the sweetest and the most poisonous character of the water, and the entire freedom of its few inhabitants from malarial diseases. This purity is ascribed to the influence of the juniper tree, which certainly colours it if it does not improve the water, and possibly contributes an antiseptic property to the air.